UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM N-2 REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 4 Post-Effective Amendment No.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor New York, New York (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(212) 419-3000 (Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Alan Kirshenbaum c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation 399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor New York, New York 10022 (Name and Address of Agent for Service)

WITH COPIES TO:

Cynthia M. Krus, Esq. Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP 700 Sixth Street, NW Washington, DC 20004 Tel: (202) 383-0100 Fax: (202) 637-3593 Paul D. Tropp, Esq. Christopher J. Capuzzi, Esq. Ropes & Gray LLP 1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036 Tel: (212) 596-9000 Fax: (212) 596-9090

Approximate date of proposed public offering: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement. If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box.

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

 \Box when declared effective pursuant to section 8(c)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee(2)
Primary Offering			
% Notes due	\$300,000,000	\$300,000,000	\$37,350

(1) Estimated pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933 solely for the purpose of determining the registration fee.

(2) A filing fee of \$37,350 was previously paid in connection with the initial filing of this Registration Statement regarding \$300,000,000 principal amount of notes on June 1, 2018.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED APRIL 2, 2019

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

Owl Rock Capital Corporation

% Notes Due 20

We are offering \$ million in aggregate principal amount of % notes due 20 , which we refer to as the Notes. The Notes will mature on , 20 . We will pay interest on the Notes on and of each year, beginning , 20 . We may redeem the Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the redemption price discussed under the caption "*Description of the Notes*—*Optional Redemption*" in this prospectus. In addition, holders of the Notes can require us to repurchase the Notes at 100% of their principal amount upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event (as defined herein). The Notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$2,2000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

The Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and rank *pari passu*, or equal, in right of payment with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$2.6 billion of debt outstanding of which \$150.0 million is unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness outstanding and \$2.4 billion of indebtedness outstanding that was secured by our assets, assets of our subsidiaries, or the capital commitments of our investors and, therefore, will be effectively and/or structurally senior to the Notes.

We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to U.S. middle-market companies. We define "middle market companies" to generally mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$10 million and \$250 million annually, and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment. We may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an attractive opportunity presents itself, especially when there are dislocations in the capital markets, including the high yield and syndicated loan markets.

We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. While we believe that current market conditions favor extending credit to middle market companies in the United States, our investment strategy is intended to generate favorable returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital.

We are an externally managed, closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a BDC and a RIC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and will be subject to reduced public company reporting requirements.

Investing in the Notes involves a high degree of risk. Before buying any Notes, you should read the discussion of the material risks of investing in the Notes, including the risk of leverage, in "<u>Risk Factors</u>" beginning on page 21 of this prospectus.

This prospectus contains important information you should know before investing in the Notes. Please read this prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. We also file periodic and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, NY 10022, calling us at (212) 419-3000 or visiting our corporate website located at <u>www.owlrock.com</u>. Information on our website is not incorporated into or a part of this prospectus. The SEC also maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov that contains this information.

THE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Note	Total
Public offering price(1)		
Underwriting discount (sales load)		
Proceeds to us, before expenses (2)		

(1) The public offering price set forth above does not include accrued interest, if any. Interest on the Notes must be paid by the purchaser if the Notes are delivered after

(2) We estimate that we will incur offering expenses of approximately \$850 thousand in connection with this offering.

Delivery of the Notes in book-entry only form through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about

	Joint Book-Running Managers	
BofA Merrill Lynch	Credit Suisse	Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC
RBC Capital Markets	SOCIETE GENERALE	SunTrust Robinson Humphrey
Deutsche Bank Securities	ING	Wells Fargo Securities

. 2019.

The date of this prospectus is

We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to give you any information other than in this prospectus, and we take no responsibility for any other information that others may give you. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date. We will update these documents to reflect material changes only as required by law.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider before investing in the Notes. You should read our entire prospectus before investing in the Notes. Throughout this prospectus we refer to Owl Rock Capital Corporation as "we," "us," "our" or the "Company," and to "Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC," our investment adviser, as "Owl Rock Capital Advisors" "ORCA" or the "Adviser."

Owl Rock Capital Corporation

We were formed on October 15, 2015 as a corporation under the laws of the State of Maryland. We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to U.S. middle-market companies. Since we began investment activities in April 2016 through December 31, 2018, our Adviser and its affiliates have originated \$11.1 billion aggregate principal amount of investments, of which \$9.8 billion of aggregate principal amount of investments, prior to any subsequent exits or repayments, was retained by either us or a fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates.

Our capital will be used by our portfolio companies to support growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion, refinancings and/or recapitalizations. We define "middle market companies" to generally mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$10 million and \$250 million annually, and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment. We may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an attractive opportunity presents itself, especially when there are dislocations in the capital markets, including the high yield and syndicated loan markets. Our target credit investments will typically have maturities between three and ten years and generally range in size between \$20 million and \$250 million. The investment size will vary with the size of our capital base. The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3), which is often referred to as "high yield" or "junk". As of December 31, 2018, excluding the investment in Sebago Lake LLC, a joint venture between us and The Regents of the University of California, and certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile, our portfolio companies representing 99.6% of our total portfolio based on fair value had weighted average annual EBITDA of \$81 million.

We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. While we believe that current market conditions favor extending credit to middle market companies in the United States, our investment strategy is intended to generate favorable returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital.

From March 3, 2016 (the "Initial Closing") through March 2, 2018, we conducted private offerings (each, a "Private Offering") of our common shares to accredited investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). At the closing of each Private Offering, each investor made a capital commitment (a "Capital Commitment") to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into with us. Investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of our common stock up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time we deliver a drawdown notice to our investors. As a result of the Private Offerings we have \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors of which \$3.6 billion has been drawn as of March 15, 2019. The Adviser has determined not to accept additional Capital Commitments.

If we have not listed our common stock on a national securities exchange (an "Exchange Listing") by the five-year anniversary of the Initial Closing, subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, in the sole discretion of our board of directors (the "Board"), the Board (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act")) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to wind down and/or liquidate and dissolve the Company in an orderly manner.

We are an externally managed, closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the 1940 Act. We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a BDC and a RIC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. As a BDC, at least 70% of our assets must be assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, as described herein. We will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States. See "*Regulation*" and "*Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*".

We generally intend to distribute, out of assets legally available for distribution, substantially all of our available earnings, on a quarterly basis, as determined by our Board in its sole discretion.

To achieve our investment objective, we will leverage the Adviser's investment team's extensive network of relationships with other sophisticated institutions to source, evaluate and, as appropriate, partner with on transactions. There are no assurances that we will achieve our investment objective.

We may borrow money from time to time within the levels permitted by the 1940 Act which generally prohibits us from incurring indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200% (i.e., the amount of our outstanding indebtedness may not exceed 50% of the value of our total consolidated assets) or 150% if certain conditions are met. We have entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), a subscription line revolving credit facility (the "SPV Asset Facility II,", and three special purpose vehicle asset credit facilities (the "SPV Asset Facility II," and the "SPV Asset Facility III,", respectively), and in the future may enter into additional credit facilities. In addition, we have issued unsecured notes maturing in 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), in a private placement, and may issue additional unsecured offerings and the proceeds of the Notes issued hereby to finance our investment objectives. See "*Regulation*" for discussion of BDC regulation and other regulatory considerations. See "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Debt.*"

Investment Portfolio

As of December 31, 2018, based on fair value, our portfolio consisted of 78.7% first lien debt investments, 19.2% second-lien debt investments, 0.4% unsecured debt investments, 1.5% investment funds and vehicles, and 0.2% equity investments. Approximately 99.6% of our debt investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 are floating rate in nature, all of which are subject to an interest rate floor. As of December 31, 2018 we had investments in 73 portfolio companies, with an average investment size in each of our portfolio companies of approximately \$79.2 million based on fair value.

As of December 31, 2018, our portfolio was invested across 26 different industries. The largest industries in our portfolio as of December 31, 2018 were professional services and distribution, which represented, as a percentage of our portfolio, 11.4% and 10.6%, respectively, based on fair value.

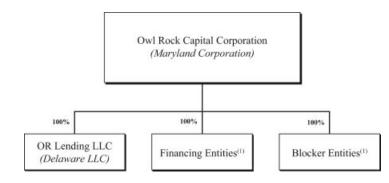
As of December 31, 2018, our weighted average total yield of the portfolio at fair value and amortized cost was 9.4% and 9.4%, respectively, and our weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value and amortized cost was 9.4% and 9.4%, respectively.

Corporate Structure

On April 27, 2016, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lenders license. OR Lending LLC originates loans to borrowers headquartered in California. From time to time we may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate our normal course of business.

Our portfolio is subject to diversification and other requirements because we have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We made our BDC election on March 3, 2016. We intend to maintain these elections. See "*Regulation*" for more information on these requirements.

The following chart depicts our ownership structure:



(1) From time to time the Company may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate the normal course of business.

The Adviser — Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC

The Adviser serves as our investment adviser pursuant to an investment advisory agreement between us and the Adviser. The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). The Adviser is an indirect subsidiary of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP ("Owl Rock Capital Partners"). Owl Rock Capital Partners is led by its three co-founders, Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. The Adviser's investment team (the "Investment Team") is also led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser's senior executive team and the investment committee (the "Investment Committee"). The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer and Alexis Maged. The Adviser has limited operating history. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland that, like us, has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's investment objective is similar to ours, which is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II had raised gross proceeds of approximately \$449.0 million, including seed capital contributed by the Adviser in September 2016 and approximately \$10.0 million in gross proceeds raised from certain individuals and entities affiliated with the Adviser.

The Adviser is affiliated with Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC ("ORTA") and Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC ("ORCPFA"), which also are investment advisers and subsidiaries of Owl Rock

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Capital Partners. The Adviser, ORTA, ORCPFA and Owl Rock Capital Partners are referred to, collectively, as "Owl Rock." ORTA's and ORCPFA's investment teams are led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. ORTA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and ORCPFA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. is a BDC and its investment objective is to maximize total return by generating current income from its debt investments and other income producing securities, and capital appreciation from its equity and equity-linked investments. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. has adopted a policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in technology-related companies.

Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. conducts private offerings of its common stock to investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the 1933 Act. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. had approximately \$1.8 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors of which approximately \$0.3 billion had been drawn.

Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund intends to originate and make loans to, and make debt investments in, U.S. middle market companies.

In addition to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P., the Adviser and its affiliates may provide management or investment advisory services to entities that have overlapping objectives with us. The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities to us and others. In order to address these conflicts, Owl Rock has put in place an investment allocation policy that addresses the allocation of investment opportunities as well as co-investment restrictions under the 1940 Act.

In addition, we, the Adviser and certain of its affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC toco-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief. See "*Risk Factors — Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting the Adviser to certain conflicts of interest"*.

The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. See *Risk* Factors — Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — The Adviser may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we invest".

Investment Advisory Agreement

On March 1, 2016, we entered into an investment advisory agreement (the "Original Investment Advisory Agreement") with the Adviser, which with the approval of the Board, including a majority of our independent directors, was amended and restated on February 27, 2019 (as amended and restated, the "Investment Advisory Agreement") to reduce the fees that the Company will pay the Adviser following an Exchange Listing. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for managing our business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential

investments, structuring its investments, and monitoring our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals. See "Management and Other Agreements — Investment Advisory Agreement" for further information.

Administration Agreement

On March 1, 2016, we entered into an Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees, the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Administration Agreement also provides that we reimburse the Adviser for certain organization costs incurred prior to the commencement of our operations, and for certain offering costs. We reimburse the Adviser for services performed for it pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for it by such affiliate or third party. See "Management and Other Agreements — Administration Agreement" for further information.

Market Trends

We believe the middle-market lending environment provides opportunities for us to meet our goal of making investments that generate attractive risk-adjusted returns based on a combination of the following factors:

Limited Availability of Capital for Middle-Market Companies. We believe that regulatory and structural changes in the market have reduced the amount of capital available to U.S. middle-market companies. In particular, we believe there are currently fewer providers of capital to middle market companies. We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. We also believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold its loans without having to syndicate them, coupled with reduced capacity of traditional lenders to serve the middle-market, present an attractive opportunity to invest in middle-market companies.

Capital Markets Have Been Unable to Fill the Void in U.S. Middle Market Finance Left by Banks While underwritten bond and syndicated loan markets have been robust in recent years, middle market companies are less able to access these markets for reasons including the following:

High Yield Market — Middle market companies generally are not issuing debt in an amount large enough to be an attractively sized bond. High yield bonds are generally purchased by institutional investors who, among other things, are focused on the liquidity characteristics of the bond being issued. For example, mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") are significant buyers of underwritten bonds. However, mutual funds and ETFs generally require the ability to liquidate their investments quickly in order to fund investor redemptions and/or comply with regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the existence of an active secondary market for bonds is an important consideration in these entities' initial investment decision. Because there is typically little or no active secondary market for the debt of U.S. middle market companies, mutual funds and ETFs generally do not provide debt capital to U.S. middle market companies. We believe this is likely to be a persistent problem and creates an advantage for those like us who have a more stable capital base and have the ability to invest in illiquid assets.

Syndicated Loan Market — While the syndicated loan market is modestly more accommodating to middle market issuers, as with bonds, loan issue size and liquidity are key drivers of institutional appetite and, correspondingly, underwriters' willingness to underwrite the loans. Loans arranged through a bank are done either on a "best efforts" basis or are underwritten with terms plus provisions that permit the underwriters to change certain terms, including pricing, structure, yield and tenor, otherwise known as "flex", to successfully syndicate the loan, in the event the terms initially marketed are insufficiently attractive to investors. Furthermore, banks are generally reluctant to underwrite middle market loans because the arrangement fees they may earn on the placement of the debt generally are not sufficient to meet the banks' return hurdles. Loans provided by companies such as ours provide certainty to issuers in that we can commit to a given amount of debt on specific terms, at stated coupons and with agreed upon fees. As we are the ultimate holder of the loans, we do not require market "flex" or other arrangements that banks may require when acting on an agency basis.

Robust Demand for Debt Capital. We believe U.S. middle market companies will continue to require access to debt capital to refinance existing debt, support growth and finance acquisitions. In addition, we believe the large amount of uninvested capital held by funds of private equity firms, estimated by Preqin Ltd., an alternative assets industry data and research company, to be \$1.2 trillion as of December 2018, will continue to drive deal activity. We expect that private equity sponsors will continue to pursue acquisitions and leverage their equity investments with secured loans provided by companies such as us.

The Middle Market is a Large Addressable Market. According to GE Capital's National Center for the Middle Market 4th quarter 2018 Middle Market Indicator, there are approximately 200,000 U.S. middle market companies, which have approximately 47.9 million aggregate employees. Moreover, the U.S. middle market accounts for one-third of private sector gross domestic product ("GDP"). GE defines U.S. middle market companies as those between \$10 million and \$1 billion in annual revenue, which we believe has significant overlap with our definition of U.S. middle market companies.

Attractive Investment Dynamics. An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics. We believe the directly negotiated nature of middle market financings also generally provides more favorable terms to the lender, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection, and lender-protective change of control provisions. Additionally, we believe BDC managers' expertise in credit selection and ability to manage through credit cycles has generally resulted in BDCs experiencing lower loss rates than U.S. commercial banks through credit cycles. Further, we believe that historical middle market default rates have been lower, and recovery rates have been higher, as compared to the larger market capitalization, broadly distributed market, leading to lower cumulative losses.

Conservative Capital Structures. Following the credit crisis, which we define broadly as occurring between mid-2007 and mid-2009, lenders have generally required borrowers to maintain more equity as a percentage of their total capitalization, specifically to protect lenders during economic downturns. With more conservative capital structures, U.S. middle market companies have exhibited higher levels of cash flows available to service their debt. In addition, U.S. middle market companies often are characterized by simpler capital structures than larger borrowers, which facilitates a streamlined underwriting process and, when necessary, restructuring process.

Attractive Opportunities in Investments in Loans. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities. We believe that opportunities in senior secured loans are significant because of the floating rate structure of most senior secured debt issuances and because of the strong defensive characteristics of these types of investments. Given the current low interest rate environment, we believe that debt issues with floating interest rates offer a superior return profile as compared with fixed-rate investments, since floating rate structures are generally less susceptible to declines in value experienced by fixed-rate securities in a rising interest rate environment. Senior secured debt

also provides strong defensive characteristics. Senior secured debt has priority in payment among an issuer's security holders whereby holders are due to receive payment before junior creditors and equity holders. Further, these investments are secured by the issuer's assets, which may provide protection in the event of a default.

Potential Competitive Advantages

We believe that the Adviser's disciplined approach to origination, fundamental credit analysis, portfolio construction and risk management should allow us to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns while preserving our capital. We believe that we represent an attractive investment opportunity for the following reasons:

Experienced Team with Expertise Across all Levels of the Corporate Capital Structure. The members of the Investment Committee have over 25 years of experience in private lending and investing at all levels of a company's capital structure, particularly in high yield securities, leveraged loans, high yield credit derivatives and distressed securities, as well as experience in operations, corporate finance and mergers and acquisitions. The members of the Investment Committee have diverse backgrounds with investing experience through multiple business and credit cycles. Moreover, certain members of the Investment Committee and other executives and employees of the Adviser and its affiliates have operating and/or investing experience on behalf of business development companies. We believe this experience provides the Adviser with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of middle market companies and will afford it numerous tools to manage risk while preserving the opportunity for attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investments.

Distinctive Origination Platform. We anticipate that a substantial majority of our investments will be sourced directly and that our origination platform provides us the ability to originate investments without the assistance of investment banks or other traditional Wall Street intermediaries. The Investment Team is responsible for originating, underwriting, executing and managing the assets of our direct lending transactions and for sourcing and executing opportunities directly. The Investment Team has significant experience as transaction originators and building and maintaining strong relationships with private equity sponsors and companies.

The Investment Team also maintains direct contact with banks, corporate advisory firms, industry consultants, attorneys, investment banks, "club" investors and other potential sources of lending opportunities. We believe the Adviser's ability to source through multiple channels allows us to generate investment opportunities that have more attractive risk-adjusted return characteristics than by relying solely on origination flow from investment banks or other intermediaries and to be more selective investors.

Since its inception through December 31, 2018, the Adviser and its affiliates have sourced potential investment opportunities from over 320 private equity sponsors and venture capital firms. We believe that the Adviser receives "early looks" and "last looks" based on its relationships, allowing it to be highly selective in the transactions it pursues.

Potential Long-Term Investment Horizon. We believe our potential long-term investment horizon gives us flexibility, allowing us to maximize returns on our investments. We invest using a long-term focus, which we believe provides us with the opportunity to increase total returns on invested capital, as compared to other private company investment vehicles or investment vehicles with daily liquidity requirements (e.g., open-ended mutual funds and ETFs).

Defensive, Income-Orientated Investment Philosophy. The Adviser employs a defensive investment approach focused on long-term credit performance and principal protection. This investment approach involves a multi-stage selection process for each investment opportunity as well as ongoing monitoring of each investment made, with particular emphasis on early detection of credit deterioration. This strategy is designed to minimize potential losses and achieve attractive risk adjusted returns.

Active Portfolio Monitoring. The Adviser closely monitors the investments in our portfolio and takes a proactive approach to identifying and addressing sector- or company-specific risks. The Adviser receives and reviews detailed financial information from portfolio companies no less than quarterly and seeks to maintain regular dialogue with portfolio company management teams regarding current and forecasted performance. We anticipate that many of our investments will have financial covenants that we believe will provide an early warning of potential problems facing our borrowers, allowing lenders, including us, to identify and carefully manage risk. Further, we anticipate that many of our equity investments will provide us the opportunity to nominate a member or observer to the board of directors of the portfolio company, which we believe will allow us to closely monitor the performance of our portfolio companies.

Structure of Investments

Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include "covenant-lite" loans (as defined below), with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our shareholders. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

Debt Investments. The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each transaction. The Adviser negotiates the structure of each investment to protect our rights and manage our risk. We intend to invest in the following types of debt:

- *First-lien debt.* First-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to other liabilities in the issuer's capital structure and has the benefit of a first-priority security interest in assets of the issuer. The security interest ranks above the security interest of any second-lien lenders in those assets. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans, "last out" first lien loans, "unitranche" loans and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans.
 - Stand-alone first lien loans. Stand-alone first-lien loans are traditional first-lien loans. All lenders in the facility have equal rights
 to the collateral that is subject to the first-priority security interest.
 - "Last out" first-lien / unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position. In many cases, we may provide the issuer most, if not all, of the capital structure above their equity. The primary advantages to the issuer are the ability to negotiate the entire debt financing with one lender and the elimination of intercreditor issues. "Last out" first-lien loans have a secondary priority behind super-senior "first-out" first-lien

loans in the collateral securing the loans in certain circumstances. The arrangements for a "last out" first-lien loan are set forth in an "agreement among lenders," which provides lenders with "first out" and "last out" payment streams based on a single lien on the collateral. Since the "first out" lenders generally have priority over the "last out" lenders for receiving payment under certain specified events of default, or upon the occurrence of other triggering events under intercreditor agreements or agreements among lenders, the "last out" lenders bear a greater risk and, in exchange, receive a higher effective interest rate, through arrangements among the lenders, than the "first out" lenders or lenders in stand-alone first-lien loans. Agreements among lenders also typically provide greater voting rights to the "last out" lenders than the intercreditor agreements to which second-lien lenders often are subject. Among the types of first-lien debt in which we may invest, "last out" first-lien loans generally have higher effective interest rates than other types of first-lien loans, since "last out" first-lien loans rank below standalone first lien loans.

- Second-lien debt. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary
 priority behind first-lien debt. Second-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to unsecured liabilities in the issuer's capital structure
 and has the benefit of a security interest over assets of the issuer, though ranking junior to first-lien debt secured by those assets. First-lien
 lenders and second-lien lenders typically have separate liens on the collateral, and an intercreditor agreement provides the first-lien
 lenders with priority over the second-lien lenders' liens on the collateral.
- Mezzanine debt. Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to first-lien and second-lien debt, is often
 unsecured, and may not have the benefit of financial covenants common in first-lien and second-lien debt. However, mezzanine debt
 ranks senior to common and preferred equity in an issuer's capital structure. Mezzanine debt investments generally offer lenders fixed
 returns in the form of interest payments and may provide lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation, if any, of an
 issuer through an equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of an equity co-investment or warrants. Due to its higher
 risk profile and often less restrictive covenants compared to senior secured loans, mezzanine debt generally bears a higher stated interest
 rate than first-lien and second-lien debt.

Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. The Adviser seeks to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

- · requiring a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk;
- negotiating covenants in connection with our investments consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include
 affirmative covenants (including reporting requirements), negative covenants (including financial covenants), lien protection, change of
 control provisions and board rights, including either observation rights or rights to a seat on the board under some circumstances; and
- including debt amortization requirements, where appropriate, to require the timely repayment of principal of the loan, as well as appropriate maturity dates.

Within our portfolio, the Adviser aims to maintain the appropriate proportion among the various types of first-lien loans, as well as second-lien debt and mezzanine debt, to allow us to achieve our target returns while maintaining our targeted amount of credit risk.

Equity Investments. Our investment in a portfolio company may include an equity-linked interest, such as a warrant or profit participation right. In certain instances, we will also make direct equity investments, although

those situations are generally limited to those cases where we are making an investment in a more senior part of the capital structure of the issuer. We anticipate that generally any equity or equity-linked securities we hold will be minority positions.

Operating and Regulatory Structure

We are an externally-managed closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, for tax purposes we have elected to be treated and intend to qualify each year as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "*Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*". Our investment activities are managed by Owl Rock Capital Advisors and supervised by the Board, a majority of whom are independent of Owl Rock Capital Advisors and its affiliates. As a BDC, we will be required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. See "*Regulation*".

Use of Leverage

The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions. Generally, our total borrowings are limited so that we cannot incur additional borrowings, including through the issuance of additional debt securities, if such additional indebtedness would cause our asset coverage ratio to fall below 200%, as defined in the 1940 Act; however, legislation enacted in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. We are permitted to increase our leverage capacity if shareholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive such shareholder approval, we would be permitted to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, we may increase the maximum amount of leverage we may incur to an asset coverage ratio of 150% if the "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the independent members of the Board approve such increase with such approval becoming effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to extend to our shareholders, as of the date of such approval the opportunity to sell the shares of common stock that they hold and make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage, our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. For shareholders accepting such an offer, the Company would be required to repurchase 25% of such shareholders' eligible shares in each of the four calendar quarters following the calendar quarter in which the approval occurs. In addition, before incurring any such additional leverage, we would have to renegotiate or receive a waiver from the contractual leverage limitations under our existing credit facilities and notes. See "Regulation — Senior Securities".

In any period, our interest expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing and we expect interest expense will increase as we increase our leverage over time subject to the limits of the 1940 Act. In addition, we may dedicate assets to financing facilities.

We have entered into the Revolving Credit Facility, the Subscription Credit Facility, the SPV Asset Facility I, the SPV Asset Facility II and the SPV Asset Facility III and in the future may enter into additional credit facilities. In addition, we have issued the 2023 Notes. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$2.6 billion of debt outstanding, with \$495.8 million available under our existing credit facilities. As of December 31, 2018, our asset coverage ratio was 225%.

See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Business — To the extent that we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us will be magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us. Borrowed money may also adversely affect the return on our assets, reduce cash available to service our debt or for

distribution to our shareholders, and result in losses"; "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Business Development Companies — Regulations governing our operation as a business development company and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a BDC, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage"; "The Company — General"; and "Regulation".

Conflicts of Interests

We have entered into both the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, we will pay the Adviser a base management fee and an incentive fee. See "*Management and Other Agreements* — *Compensation of the Adviser*" for a description of how the fees payable to the Adviser will be determined. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, we will reimburse the Adviser for expenses necessary to perform services related to our administration and operations. In addition, the Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees.

Our executive officers, certain of our directors and certain other finance professionals of Owl Rock Capital Partners also serve as executives of the Adviser, ORTA and ORCPFA (which we refer to collectively together with Owl Rock Capital Partners as "Owl Rock") and officers and directors of the Company and certain professionals of Owl Rock Capital Partners and the Adviser are officers of Owl Rock Capital Securities LLC. In addition, our executive officers and directors and the members of Owl Rock Capital Advisors and members of its investment committee serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same, or a related, line of business as we do or of investment funds, accounts or other investment vehicles managed by our affiliates. These investment funds, accounts or other investment vehicles may have investment objectives similar to our investment objective. We may compete with entities managed by the Adviser and its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, for capital and investment opportunities. As a result, we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds, accounts or other investment vehicles managed by the Adviser or its affiliates or by members of the investment committee. However, in order to fulfill its fiduciary duties to each of its clients, the Adviser intends to allocate investment opportunities in a manner that is fair and equitable over time and is consistent with Owl Rock's allocation policy, so that we are not disadvantaged in relation to any other client, taking into account such factors as the relative amounts of capital available for new investments, cash on hand, existing commitments and reserves, the investment programs and portfolio positions of the participating investment accounts, the clients for which participation is appropriate, targeted leverage level, targeted asset mix and any other factors deemed appropri

The Adviser and its affiliates have policies and procedures in place designed to manage the potential conflicts of interest between the Adviser's fiduciary obligations to us and its or its affiliates' similar fiduciary obligations to other clients, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund. An investment opportunity that is suitable for multiple clients of the Adviser and its affiliates may not be capable of being shared among some or all of such clients and affiliates due to the limited scale of the opportunity or other factors, including regulatory restrictions imposed by the 1940 Act. There can be no assurance that the Adviser's or its affiliates' efforts to allocate any particular investment opportunity fairly among all clients for whom such opportunity is appropriate will result in an allocation of all or part of such opportunity to us. Not all conflicts of interest can be expected to be resolved in our favor.

The principals of the Adviser may manage investment vehicles with similar or overlapping investment strategies, such as Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, which the Adviser manages, and whose investment strategy is similar to ours, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., which ORTA manages and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, which ORCPFA manages. In order to address these issues, Owl Rock has put in place an investment

allocation policy that seeks to ensure the equitable allocation of investment opportunities and addresses the co-investment restrictions set forth under the 1940 Act. When we engage in co-investments as permitted by the exemptive relief described below, we will do so in a manner consistent with Owl Rock's allocation policy. In situations where co-investment with other entities managed by Owl Rock Capital Advisors or its affiliates is not permitted or appropriate, such as when there is an opportunity to invest in different securities of the same issuer, Owl Rock Capital Advisors will need to decide whether we or such other entity or entities will proceed with the investment. Owl Rock Capital Advisors will make these determinations based on its policies and procedures, which generally require that such opportunities be offered to eligible accounts in a manner that will be fair and equitable over time.

The Adviser's allocation of investment opportunities among us and any of the other investment funds sponsored or accounts managed by the Adviser or its affiliates may not always, and often will not, be proportional. In general, the Adviser's and its affiliates process for making an allocation determination includes an assessment by the Adviser or its affiliates, as applicable, as to whether a particular investment opportunity (including any follow-on investment in, or disposition from, an existing portfolio company held by the Company or another investment fund or account) is suitable for us or another investment fund or account including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund. In making this assessment, the Adviser may consider a variety of factors, including, without limitation: the investment objectives, guidelines and strategies applicable to the investment fund or account; the nature of the investment, including its risk-return profile and expected holding period; portfolio diversification and concentration concerns; the liquidity needs of the investment fund or account; the ability of the investment fund or account to accommodate structural, timing and other aspects of the investment process; the life cycle of the investment fund or account; legal, tax and regulatory requirements and restrictions, including, as applicable, compliance with the 1940 Act (including requirements and restrictions pertaining to co-investment opportunities discussed below); compliance with existing agreements of the investment fund or account; the available capital of the investment fund or account; diversification requirements for BDCs or RICs; the gross asset value and net asset value of the investment fund or account; the current and targeted leverage levels for the investment fund or account; and portfolio construction considerations. The relevance of each of these criteria will vary from investment opportunity to investment opportunity. In circumstances where the investment objectives of multiple investment funds or accounts regularly overlap, while the specific facts and circumstances of each allocation decision will be determinative, the Adviser may afford prior decisions precedential value.

If, through the foregoing analysis, the Adviser and its affiliates determine an investment opportunity to be appropriate for multiple investment funds or accounts, the Adviser and its affiliates generally will determine the appropriate size of the opportunity for each such investment fund or account. If an investment opportunity falls within the mandate of two or more investment funds or accounts, and there are no restrictions on such funds or accounts investing with each other, then each investment fund or account will receive the amount of the investment that it is seeking, as determined based on the criteria set forth above.

Certain allocations may be more advantageous to us relative to one or all of the other investment funds, or vice versa. While the Adviser will seek to allocate investment opportunities in a way that it believes in good faith is fair and equitable to us, there can be no assurance that our actual allocation of an investment opportunity, if any, or terms on which the allocation is made, will be as favorable as they would be if the conflicts of interest to which the Adviser may be subject did not exist.

Exemptive Relief

We, the Adviser and certain of our affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC toco-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors.

Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief. See "*Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships*".

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, NY 10022 and our telephone number is (212) 419-3000. Our corporate website is located at <u>www.owlrock.com</u>. Information on our website is not incorporated into or a part of this prospectus.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We are an emerging growth company as defined in the JOBS Act and we are eligible to take advantage of certain specified reduced disclosure and other requirements that are otherwise generally applicable to public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"). We expect to remain an emerging growth company for up to five years following the completion of our initial public offering of common equity securities or until the earliest of (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1.07 billion, (ii) December 31 of the fiscal year that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act"), which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700.0 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter and we have been publicly reporting for at least 12 months or (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the preceding three-year period. In addition, we will take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards.

Recent Developments

On January 30, 2019, we delivered a capital drawdown notice to our investors relating to the sale of approximately 29,411,765 shares of our common stock, which closed on February 12, 2019, for an aggregate offering price of \$450.0 million.

On March 8, 2019 we delivered a capital drawdown notice to our investors relating to the sale of approximately 19,292,605 shares of our common stock, which closed on March 21, 2019 for an aggregate purchase price of \$300 million.

On April 2, 2019, we entered into the Fourth Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement (the "Amendment" and the facility as amended, the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which amended our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated February 1, 2017, as amended by the First Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of July 17, 2017, the First Omnibus Amendment, dated as of March 29, 2018 and the third Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of June 21,

2018. Among other changes, the Amendment (a) increased the aggregate commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility from \$600 million to \$925 million; (b) increased the accordion feature, which allows the Company, under certain circumstance, to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility, from \$1.25 billion to \$1.5 billion and (c) (i) extended the stated maturity date from March 29, 2023 to April 2, 2024 and (ii) extended the commitment termination date from March 29, 2022 to March 31, 2023.

Risk Factors

An investment in the Notes involves a high degree of risk and may be considered speculative. You should carefully consider the information found in "Risk Factors" before deciding to purchase the Notes. Risks involved in purchasing the Notes include:

- the Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future;
- · the Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries;
- our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt;
- a downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the Notes, if any, or change in the debt
 markets, could cause the liquidity or market value of the Notes to decline significantly;
- · the indenture will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes;
- · the optional redemption provision may materially adversely affect your return on the Notes;
- · if we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Notes;
- we may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event;
- if an active trading market does not develop for the Notes, you may not be able to resell them;
- we have a limited operating history;
- price declines in the corporate leveraged loan market may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation and the incurrence of realized losses;
- economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our Adviser's ability to manage and support our investment process. If our Adviser were to lose a significant number of its key professionals, or terminate the Advisory Agreement, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- regulations governing our operation as a BDC and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital
 or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth;
- legislation enacted in March 2018 allows a BDC to potentially incur more leverage;
- to the extent that we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us will be magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us;
- we may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses;

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- because our business model depends to a significant extent upon the Adviser's relationships with corporations, financial institutions and
 investment firms, the inability of our Adviser to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate
 investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business;
- we may be obligated to pay our Adviser incentive fees even if we incur a net loss due to a decline in the value of our portfolio and even if our earned interest income is not payable in cash;
- we will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries;
- we may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting our Adviser to certain conflicts of interest;
- the Adviser and its affiliates, including our officers and some of our directors, may face conflicts of interest caused by compensation arrangements with us and our affiliates which could result in increased risk taken by us;
- our Board may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or shareholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to our shareholders;
- · changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy;
- our investment portfolio is recorded at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with procedures established by our Board and, as a result, there is and will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments;
- · the lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- we generally will not control the business operations of our portfolio companies and, due to the illiquid nature of our holdings in our
 portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interest in our portfolio companies;
- · we will be exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates;
- defaults by our portfolio companies could jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity investment that we hold which could harm our operating results;
- subordinated liens on collateral securing debt investments that we may make to portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us;
- · our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates will be restricted; and
- international investments create additional risks.

SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES AND THE OFFERING This section outlines certain legal and financial terms of the Notes. You should read this section together with the more detailed description of the Notes under the heading "Description of the Notes" in this prospectus before investing in the Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the indenture governing the Notes, as amended from time to time, the "indenture". Issuer Owl Rock Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation Title of the Securities % Notes due , 20 Initial Aggregate Principal Amount Being Offered \$ million Initial Public Offering Price % of the aggregate principal amount of Notes Interest Rate % Yield to Maturity % Trade Date , 2019 Issue Date , 2019 Maturity Date , 20 Interest Payment Dates and , commencing , 20 Ranking of Notes The Notes will be our direct, general unsecured obligations and will rank: · senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness or other obligations that are expressly subordinated, or junior, in right of payment to the Notes; pari passu, or equal, in right of payment with all of our existing and future indebtedness or other obligations that are not so subordinated, or junior, including, without limitation, our 2023 Notes, of which \$150.0 million in aggregate principal amount was outstanding as of December 31, 2018; effectively subordinated, or junior, to any of our secured indebtedness or other obligations (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including, without limitation, borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$308.6 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018, and our Subscription Credit Facility, of which \$883.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018; and structurally subordinated, or junior, to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations (including trade payables)

	incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities including, without limitation, borrowings under our SPV Asset Facility I, SPV Asset Facility II and SPV Asset Facility III, of which \$1,250.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018.
	As of December 31, 2018, our total indebtedness was approximately \$2.6 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding, of which approximately \$2.4 billion was secured indebtedness. See " <i>Capitalization</i> ."
Denominations	We will issue the Notes in denominations of $2,000$ and integral multiples of $1,000$ in excess thereof.
Optional Redemption	We may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; <i>provided</i> , however, that if we redeem any Notes on or after, 20 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the Notes), the redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. Any exercise of our option to redeem the Notes will be done in compliance with the 1940 Act.
Sinking Fund	The Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund. A sinking fund is a reserve fund accumulated over a period of time for the retirement of debt.
Offer to Purchase upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event	E If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs prior to maturity, unless we have exercised our right to redeem the Notes in full, holders will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase for cash some or all of the Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase date.
Legal Defeasance	If there is a change in U.S. tax law or we obtain an Internal Revenue Service ruling described herein, the Notes will be subject to legal defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including, but not limited to, (i) depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates and (ii) delivering

	to the Trustee an opinion of counsel as described herein under "Description of the Notes — Defeasance — Legal Defeasance", we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the Notes.
Covenant Defeasance	Under current U.S. tax law and the indenture, the Notes are subject to covenant defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including, but not limited to, (i) depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates and (ii) delivering to the Trustee an opinion of counsel as described herein under "Description of the Notes — Defeasance — Covenant Defeasance", we will be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture.
Form of Notes	The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in DTC.
Trustee, Paying Agent and Registrar	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association
Events of Default	If an event of default (as described under "Description of the Notes") on the Notes occurs, the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to conditions set forth in the indenture. These amounts automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us.
Other Covenants	In addition to the covenants described in this prospectus, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes:
	• We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate, whether or not we are subject thereto, Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC.
	• If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the Trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited

	interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end (other than our fourth fiscal quarter). All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable United States generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP.
No Established Trading Market	The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any automated dealer quotation system. Although certain of the underwriters have informed us that they currently intend to make a market in the Notes, as permitted by applicable laws and regulations, they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue any such market making activities at any time without notice. See <i>"Underwriting."</i> Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid market for the Notes will develop or be maintained.
Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures	Interests in the Notes will trade in DTC's Same Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such Notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. None of the Company, the Trustee or the paying agent will have any responsibility or liability for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.
Governing Law	The Notes and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA AND OTHER INFORMATION

The following table below sets forth our selected consolidated historical financial data for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. The selected consolidated historical financial data has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, which is included elsewhere in this prospectus and our SEC filings.

The selected consolidated financial information and other data presented below should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which are included elsewhere in this prospectus.

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)			Ye	For the ar Ended ember 31, 2017	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016	
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data		2018		2017		2010
Income						
Total investment income	\$	388.7	\$	159.9	\$	28.8
Expenses	+		Ŧ		+	
Total expenses		142.2		65.9		19.4
Net investment income before income taxes		246.5		94.0		9,4
Excise tax expense		1.1		0.2		0.4
Net investment income after income taxes		245.4		93.8		9.0
Total change in net unrealized gain (loss)		(43.6)		9.2		9.0 7.6
Total change in realized gain (loss)		0.4		0.7		7.0
5 5 7	\$	202.2	\$	103.7	\$	16.6
Increase in net assets resulting from operations					<u> </u>	
Earnings per common share – basic and diluted	\$	1.38	\$	1.55	\$	0.78
(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	December 31, December 31, 2018 2017		,	December 31, 2016		
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data						
Cash and restricted cash	\$	127.6	\$	20.1	\$	209.4
Investments at fair value		5,784.1		2,389.8		967.4
Total assets		5,951.0		2,443.5		1,180.8
Total debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs)		2,567.7		919.4		491.9
Total liabilities		2,686.2		971.0		500.3
Total net assets	\$	3,264.8	\$	1,472.6	\$	680.5
Net asset value per share	\$	15.10	\$	15.03	\$	14.85
Other Data:						
Number of portfolio companies		73		40		21
Distributions Declared Per Share	\$	1.42	\$	1.35	\$	0.06
Total return based on net asset value ⁽¹⁾		10.2%		10.6%		(0.6)%
Weighted average total yield of portfolio at fair value		9.4%		8.8%		9.0%
Weighted average total yield of portfolio at amortized cost		9.4%		8.9%		9.0%
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value		9.4%		8.8%		9.0%
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at amortized						
cost		9.4%		8.9%		9.0%
Fair value of debt investments as a percentage of principal		97.9%		98.9%		98.8%

(1) Total return is calculated as the change in NAV per share during the period, plus distributions per share, if any, divided by the beginning NAV per share.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Notes involves a number of significant risks. Before you purchase the Notes, you should be aware of various risks associated with the investment, including those described below. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in the Notes. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to the Notes

The Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future.

The Notes will not be secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries. As a result, the Notes will be effectively subordinated, or junior, to any secured indebtedness or other obligations we or our subsidiaries have currently incurred and may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. Substantially all of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under the Revolving Credit Facility, the SPV Asset Facility I, the SPV Asset Facility II or the SPV Asset Facility III. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Notes. In this regard, we note that our Board of Directors will use its commercially reasonable efforts to wind down and/or liquidate and dissolve the Company in an orderly manner (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the 1940 Act) if we have not listed our common stock on a national securities exchange by the fiveyear anniversary of the Initial Closing (March 3, 2016), subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, in the sole discretion of our Board of Directors. If such a liquidation were to commence prior to the maturity or redemption of the Notes, the value of the Notes and our ability to repay the Notes in such a liquidation may be adversely affected, as the holders of our secured indebtedness would be entitled to full repayment of their indebtedness before our assets could be used in liquidation to pay holders of the Notes. As of December 31, 2018 our total indebtedness was approximately \$2.6 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding, of which approximately \$2.4 billion was secured by our assets, assets of our subsidiaries, or the capital commitments of our investors and, therefore, will be effectively senior to the Notes. Secured indebtedness is effectively senior to the Notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

The Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The Notes are obligations exclusively of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries are a guarantor of the Notes and the Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. Except to the extent we are a creditor with recognized claims against our subsidiaries, all claims of creditors (including trade creditors) and holders of preferred stock, if any, of our subsidiaries will have priority over our equity interests in such subsidiaries (and therefore the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes) with respect to the assets of such subsidiaries. Even if we are recognized as a creditor of one or more of our subsidiaries, our claims would still be effectively subordinated to any security interests in the assets of any such subsidiary and to any indebtedness or other liabilities of any such subsidiary senior to our claims. Consequently, the Notes will be structurally subordinated, or junior, to the SPV Asset Facility II or the SPV Asset Facility II or the SPV Asset Facility III and all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations (including trade payables) incurred by any of our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities that we may in the future acquire or

establish. As of December 31, 2018, our subsidiaries had \$1,250.0 million indebtedness outstanding under the SPV Asset Facility I, the SPV Asset Facility II and the SPV Asset Facility III; in addition, our subsidiaries may incur additional indebtedness in the future, all of which would be structurally senior to the Notes.

Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

As of December 31, 2018, our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$2.6 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding, of which approximately \$2.4 billion was indebtedness secured by our assets or the capital commitments of our investors, of which our subsidiaries had \$1,250 million indebtedness outstanding under the SPV Asset Facility I, the SPV Asset Facility II and the SPV Asset Facility III, and of which approximately \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount was unsecured indebtedness.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

- making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the Notes and our other outstanding indebtedness;
- resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in substantially all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;
- reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to
 obtain additional financing for these purposes;
- · subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates; and
- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we
 operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under our financing arrangements or otherwise in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness, including the Notes, or to fund our other liquidity needs. We may need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness, including the Notes, on or before its maturity. The conditions of the financial markets and prevailing interest rates have fluctuated in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the future. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all. If we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as selling assets or seeking additional equity. We cannot assure you that any such actions, if necessary, could be effected on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or on terms that would not be disadvantageous to our shareholders or on terms that would not require us to breach the terms and conditions of our existing or future debt agreements, including our payment obligations under the Notes.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the Notes, if any, or change in the debt markets, could cause the liquidity or market value of the Notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the Notes.

These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the Notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor any underwriter undertakes any obligation to maintain our credit ratings or to advise holders of Notes of any changes in our credit ratings.

The indenture will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.

The indenture offers limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the indenture and the Notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the Notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

- issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be pari passu, or equal, in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, (3) indebtedness or other obligations of ours that are guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore are structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or other obligations incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of those subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligations that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions of the 1940 Act, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC. Currently, these provisions generally prohibit us from incurring additional borrowings, including through the issuance of additional debt securities, unless our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% (or 150% if certain conditions are met) after such borrowings;
- pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes;
- sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);
- create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- make investments; or
- · create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow or liquidity.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the Notes. In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than

the indenture and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Notes.

The optional redemption provision may materially adversely affect your return on the Notes.

The Notes are redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option. We may choose to redeem the Notes at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on the Notes. In this circumstance, you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as that of the Notes being redeemed.

If we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Notes.

Any default under the agreements governing our indebtedness or under other indebtedness to which we may be a party, that is not waived by the required lenders or holders and the remedies sought by the holders of such indebtedness could make us unable to pay principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes and substantially decrease the market value of the Notes.

If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow and are otherwise unable to obtain funds necessary to meet required payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness, or if we otherwise fail to comply with the various covenants, including financial and operating covenants, in the instruments governing our indebtedness, we could be in default under the terms of the agreements governing such indebtedness. In the event of such default, the holders of such indebtedness could elect to declare all the funds borrowed thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest, the lenders under our current indebtedness or other debt we may incur in the future could elect to terminate their commitments, cease making further loans and institute foreclosure proceedings against our assets, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation.

If our operating performance declines, we may in the future need to seek to obtain waivers from the required lenders or holders under the agreements governing our indebtedness, or other indebtedness that we may incur in the future, to avoid being in default. If we breach our covenants under the agreements governing our indebtedness and seek a waiver, we may not be able to obtain a waiver from the required lenders or holders. If this occurs, we would be in default and our lenders or debt holders could exercise their rights as described above, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation.

If we are unable to repay debt, lenders having secured obligations, including the lenders under certain of our credit facilities, could proceed against the collateral securing the debt. Because our credit facilities and the 2023 Notes have, the indenture will have, and any future debt will likely have, customary cross-default provisions, if the indebtedness thereunder, hereunder or under any future credit facility is accelerated, we may be unable to repay or finance the amounts due. See "Description of the Notes" in this prospectus.

We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event, as defined in the indenture that governs the Notes, as supplemented, subject to certain conditions, we will be required to offer to repurchase all outstanding Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The source of funds for that purchase of Notes will be our available cash or cash generated from our operations or other potential sources, including borrowings, investment repayments, sales of assets or sales of equity. We cannot assure you that sufficient funds from such sources will be available at the time of any Change of Control Repurchase Event to make required repurchases of Notes tendered. Before making any such repurchase of Notes, we would also have to comply with certain requirements under our Revolving Credit Facility, to the extent such requirements remain in effect at such time, or otherwise obtain consent from the lenders under the Revolving Credit Facility. Our future debt instruments also may contain similar restrictions and provisions. If the holders of the Notes exercise their right to

require us to repurchase all the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, the financial effect of this repurchase could cause a default under our existing or future debt instruments, even if the Change of Control Repurchase Event itself would not cause a default. It is possible that we will not have sufficient funds at the time of the Change of Control Repurchase Event to make the required repurchase of the Notes or our other debt. See "Description of the Notes — Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event".

If an active trading market does not develop for the Notes, you may not be able to resell them.

The Notes are a new issue of debt securities and there currently is no trading market for the Notes. We do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. If no active trading market develops, you may not be able to resell the Notes at their fair market value or at all. If the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our credit ratings, general economic conditions, our financial condition, performance and prospects and other factors. Certain of the underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to make a market in the Notes after the offering, but they are not obligated to do so. Such underwriters may discontinue any market-making in the Notes at any time at their sole discretion. In addition, any market-making activity will be subject to limits imposed by law. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid trading market will develop for the Notes, that you will be able to sell the Notes at a particular time or that the price you receive when you sell will be favorable. To the extent an active trading market does not develop, the liquidity and trading price for the Notes may be harmed. Accordingly, you may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Notes for an indefinite period of time.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a limited operating history.

We were formed on October 15, 2015 and are subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business, including the risk that we will not achieve or sustain our investment objective and that we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and other debt.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We may acquire a significant percentage of our portfolio company investments from privately held companies in directly negotiated transactions. Substantially all of these investments are subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or are otherwise less liquid than exchange-listed securities or other securities for which there is an active trading market. We typically would be unable to exit these investments unless and until the portfolio company has a liquidity event such as a sale, refinancing, or initial public offering.

The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult or impossible for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded our investments, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Moreover, investments purchased by us that are liquid at the time of purchase may subsequently become illiquid due to events relating to the issuer, market events, economic conditions or investor perceptions.

Defaults under our borrowings or any future borrowing facility or notes may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Our borrowings may include customary covenants, including certain limitations on our incurrence of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or

retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events and certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default. In the event we default under the terms of our current or future borrowings, our business could be adversely affected as we may be forced to sell a portion of our investments quickly and prematurely at what may be disadvantageous prices to us in order to meet our outstanding payment obligations and/or support working capital requirements under the terms of our current or future borrowings, any of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. An event of default under the terms of our current or any future borrowings could result in an accelerated maturity date for all amounts outstanding thereunder, and in some instances, lead to a cross-default under other borrowings. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to grow our business. Collectively, substantially all of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under our credit facilities. If we were to default on our obligations under the terms of our assets securing such debt, including the selection of such assets to be disposed and the timing of such disposition, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, to be disposed and the timing of such disposition, which would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Defaults under the Subscription Credit Facility could require shareholders to fund their remaining Capital Commitments without regard to the underlying value of their investment.

The Subscription Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in our right, title, and interest in and to the Capital Commitments of our investors, including our right to make capital calls, receive and apply capital contributions, enforce remedies and claims related thereto together with capital call proceeds and related rights, and a pledge of the collateral account into which capital call proceeds are deposited. To the extent an event of default under the Subscription Credit Facility does occur, shareholders could be required to fund any shortfall up to their remaining Capital Commitments, without regard to the underlying value of their investment.

Provisions in our borrowings or any other future borrowings may limit discretion in operating our business.

Any security interests and/or negative covenants required by a credit facility we enter into or notes we issue may limit our ability to create liens on assets to secure additional debt and may make it difficult for us to restructure or refinance indebtedness at or prior to maturity or obtain additional debt or equity financing.

A credit facility may be backed by all or a portion of our loans and securities on which the lenders will have a security interest. We may pledge up to 100% of our assets and may grant a security interest in all of our assets under the terms of any debt instrument we enter into with lenders. We expect that any security interests we grant will be set forth in a pledge and security agreement and evidenced by the filing of financing statements by the agent for the lenders. In addition, we expect that the custodian for our securities serving as collateral for such loan would include in its electronic systems notices indicating the existence of such security interests and, following notice of occurrence of an event of default, if any, and during its continuance, will only accept transfer instructions with respect to any such securites from the lender or its designee. If we were to default under the terms of any debt instrument, the agent for the applicable lenders would be able to assume control of the timing of disposition of any or all of our assets securing such debt, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In addition, any security interests and/or negative covenants required by a credit facility may limit our ability to create liens on assets to secure additional debt and may make it difficult for us to restructure or refinance indebtedness at or prior to maturity or obtain additional debt or equity financing. In addition, if our borrowing base under a credit facility were to decrease, we may be required to secure additional assets in an amount sufficient to cure any borrowing base deficiency. In the event that all of our assets are secured at the time of such a borrowing base deficiency, we could be required to repay advances under a credit facility or make deposits to a collection account, either of which could have a material adverse impact on our ability to fund future investments and to make distributions.

In addition, we may be subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used, which may include restrictions on geographic and industry concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life, collateral interests and investment ratings, as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of funding that may be obtained. There may also be certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, a violation of which could limit further advances and, in some cases, result in an event of default. An event of default under a credit facility could result in an accelerated maturity date for all amounts outstanding theremeder, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition and could lead to cross default under other credit facilities. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to manage our business.

Under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility, we have agreed not to incur any additional secured indebtedness other than in certain limited circumstances in which the incurrence is permitted under the Revolving Credit Facility. In addition, if our borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility were to decrease, we would be required to secure additional assets or repay advances under the Revolving Credit Facility which could have a material adverse impact on our ability to fund future investments and to make distributions.

In addition, under the terms of our credit facilities we are subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used, as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of funding that we may obtain. There may also be certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, a violation of which could limit further advances and, in some cases, result in an event of default. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to grow our business.

The Note Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the 2023 Notes were issued, includes prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at the Company or any subsidiary guarantor.

We borrow money, which may magnify the potential for gain or loss and may increase the risk of investing in us.

As part of our business strategy, we may borrow from and issue senior debt securities to banks, insurance companies and other lenders or investors. Holders of these senior securities will have fixed-dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our common shareholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leverage would cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have if we did not employ leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments.

Our ability to service any borrowings that we incur will depend largely on our financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. Moreover, the management fee will be payable based on our average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, which may give our Investment Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. See "*Our fee structure may create incentives for our Adviser to make speculative investments or use substantial leverage.*" The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Investment Adviser's and our Board's assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain credit at all or on terms acceptable to us, which could affect our return on capital.

In addition to having fixed-dollar claims on our assets that superior to the claims of our common shareholders, obligations to lenders may be secured by a first priority security interest in our portfolio of investments and cash.

The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns on our portfolio, net of expenses. Leverage generally magnifies the return of

shareholders when the portfolio return is positive and magnifies their losses when the portfolio return is negative. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical, and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing in the table below.

	Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (Net of Expenses)					
	-10% -5% 0% 5% 10					
Corresponding return to common shareholder(1)	-21.62%	-12.51%	-3.39%	5.72%	14.84%	

(1) Assumes, as of December 31, 2018, (i) \$5.9 billion in total assets, (ii) \$2.6 billion in outstanding indebtedness, (iii) \$3.3 billion in net assets and (iv) weighted average interest rate, excluding fees (such as fees on undrawn amounts and amortization of financing costs), of 4.3%.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources" for more information regarding our borrowings.

Price declines in the corporate leveraged loan market may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation and the incurrence of realized losses.

Conditions in the U.S. corporate debt market may experience disruption or deterioration in the future, which may cause pricing levels to decline or be volatile. As a result, our net asset value could decline through an increase in unrealized depreciation and incurrence of realized losses in connection with the sale or other disposition of our investments, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we are unable to obtain additional debt financing, or if our borrowing capacity is materially reduced, our business could be materially adversely affected.

We may want to obtain additional debt financing, or need to do so upon maturity of our credit facilities, in order to obtain funds which may be made available for investments. The revolving period under the Revolving Credit Facility ends on January 31, 2020, and the Revolving Credit Facility matures on March 29, 2023. The Subscription Credit Facility, the SPV Asset Facility I, the 2023 Notes, the SPV Asset Facility II, and the SPV Asset Facility III mature on August 1, 2019, December 21, 2022, June 21, 2023, October 10, 2026 and December 14, 2023, respectively. If we are unable to renew or replace any such facilities and enter into new debt financing facilities or other debt financing on commercially reasonable terms, our liquidity may be reduced significantly. In addition, if we are unable to repay amounts outstanding under any such facilities and are declared in default or are unable to renew or refinance these facilities, we may not be able to make new investments or operate our business in the normal course. These situations may arise due to circumstances that we may be unable to control, such as lack of access to the credit markets, a severe decline in the value of the U.S. dollar, an economic downturn or an operational problem that affects us or third parties, and could materially damage our business operations, results of operations and financial condition.

To the extent that we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us will be magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us. Borrowed money may also adversely affect the return on our assets, reduce cash available to service our debt or for distribution to our shareholders, and result in losses.

The use of borrowings, also known as leverage, increases the volatility of investments by magnifying the potential for gain or loss on invested equity capital. To the extent that we use leverage to partially finance our investments through borrowing from banks and other lenders, you will experience increased risks of investing in our securities. If the value of our assets decreases, leverage would cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would if we had not borrowed and employed leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our

income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have if we had not borrowed and employed leverage. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to service our debt or make distributions to our shareholders. In addition, our shareholders will bear the burden of any increase in our expenses as a result of our use of leverage, including interest expenses.

The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Adviser's and our Board's assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. There can be no assurance that leveraged financing will be available to us on favorable terms or at all. Moreover, we may not be able to meet our financing obligations and, to the extent that we cannot, we risk the loss of some or all of our assets to liquidation or sale to satisfy the obligations. In such an event, we may be forced to sell assets at significantly depressed prices due to market conditions or otherwise, which may result in losses.

As a business development company, generally, we are currently required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total borrowings and other senior securities, which include all of our borrowings and any preferred stock that we may issue in the future, of at least 200%; however, legislation enacted in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. For additional information about the asset coverage requirements, see "*Regulation — Senior Securities*". If this ratio declines below 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met), we cannot incur additional debt and could be required to sell a portion of our investments to repay some indebtedness when it may be disadvantageous to do so. This could have a material adverse effect on our operations, and we may not be able to service our debt or make distributions.

Global economic, political and market conditions may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations, including our revenue growth and profitability.

The current worldwide financial market situation, as well as various social and political tensions in the United States and around the world, may contribute to increased market volatility, may have long-term effects on the United States and worldwide financial markets, and may cause economic uncertainties or deterioration in the United States and worldwide. We monitor developments and seek to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so.

In August 2011 and then affirmed in August 2013, Standard & Poor's Rating Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the U.S. from "AAA" to "AA+". Additionally, in January of 2012, Standard & Poor's Rating Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating for several large European countries. These ratings negatively impacted global markets and economic conditions. Although U.S. lawmakers have taken steps to avoid further downgrades, U.S. budget deficit concerns and similar conditions in Europe, China and elsewhere have increased the possibility of additional credit-rating downgrades and worsening global economic and market conditions. There can be no assurance that current or future governmental measures to mitigate these conditions will be effective. These conditions, government actions and future developments may cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may adversely affect our ability to access debt financing on favorable terms and may increase the interest costs of our borrowers, hampering their ability to repay us. Continued or future adverse economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In October 2014, the Federal Reserve announced that it was concluding its bond-buying program, or quantitative easing, which was designed to stimulate the economy and expand the Federal Reserve's holdings of long-term securities, suggesting that key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, had showed signs of improvement since the inception of the program. It is possible that, without quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, these developments, along with the United States government's credit and deficit concerns and other global economic conditions, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact

our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. Additionally, in December 2016, the Federal Reserve raised its federal funds target rate. However, if key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate or inflation, do not progress at a rate consistent with the Federal Reserve's objectives, the target range for the federal funds rate may further increase and cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms and may also increase the costs of our borrowers, hampering their ability to repay us.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay our debt investments during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets may increase, and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during these periods. Adverse economic conditions may also decrease the value of any collateral securing our loans. A severe recession may further decrease the value of such collateral and result in losses of value in our portfolio and a decrease in our revenues, net income, assets and net worth.

Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us on terms we deem acceptable. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

The occurrence of recessionary conditions and/or negative developments in the domestic and international credit markets may significantly affect the markets in which we do business, the value of our investments, and our ongoing operations, costs and profitability. Any such unfavorable economic conditions, including rising interest rates, may also increase our funding costs, limit our access to capital markets or negatively impact our ability to obtain financing, particularly from the debt markets. In addition, any future financial market uncertainty could lead to financial market disruptions and could further impact our ability to obtain financing. These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results and financial condition.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our Adviser's ability to manage and support our investment process. If our Adviser were to lose a significant number of its key professionals, or terminate the Advisory Agreement, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.

We do not have any employees. Additionally, we have no internal management capacity other than our appointed executive officers and will be dependent upon the investment expertise, skill and network of business contacts of our Adviser to achieve our investment objective. Our Adviser will evaluate, negotiate, structure, execute, monitor, and service our investments. Our success will depend to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of our Adviser, including its key professionals. The departure of a significant number of key professionals from our Adviser could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective also depends on the ability of our Adviser to identify, analyze, invest in, finance, and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Our Adviser's capabilities in structuring the investment process, providing competent, attentive and efficient services to us, and facilitating access to financing on acceptable terms depend on the involvement of investment professionals of adequate number and sophistication to match the corresponding flow of transactions. To achieve our investment objective, our Adviser may need to retain, hire, train, supervise, and manage new investment professionals to participate in our investment selection and monitoring process. Our Adviser may not be able to find qualified investment professionals in a timely manner or at all. Any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, the Investment Advisory Agreement has a termination provision that allows the agreement to be terminated by us on 60 days' notice without penalty by the vote of a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock or by the vote of our independent directors. Furthermore, the Investment Advisory Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment, as defined in the 1940 Act, by the Adviser. If the Adviser resigns or is terminated, or if we do not obtain the requisite approvals of shareholders and our Board to approve an agreement with the Adviser after an assignment, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms prior to the termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, or at all. If we are unable to do so quickly, our operations are likely to experience a disruption and costs under any new agreements that we enter into could increase. Our financial condition, business and results of operations, as well as our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and other indebtedness may decline.

Because our business model depends to a significant extent upon the Adviser's relationships with corporations, financial institutions and investment firms, the inability of our Adviser to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.

Our Adviser depends on its relationships with corporations, financial institutions and investment firms, and we will rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. If our Adviser fails to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships or sources of investment opportunities, we may not be able to grow our investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom our Adviser has relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that such relationships will generate investment opportunities for us.

We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses.

We may compete for investments with other business development companies and investment funds (including registered investment companies, private equity funds and mezzanine funds), including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P. and other clients of the Adviser or its affiliates, as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Moreover, alternative investment vehicles, such as hedge funds, continue to increase their investment focus in our target market of privately owned U.S. companies. We may experience increased competition from banks and investment vehicles who may continue to lend to the middle market. Additionally, the Federal Reserve and other bank regulators may periodically provide incentives to U.S. commercial banks to originate more loans to U.S. middle market private companies. As a result of these market participants and regulatory incentives, competition for investment opportunities in privately owned U.S. companies is strong and may intensify. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than us. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do.

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms, and investment structure criteria. If we are forced to match these competitors' investment terms criteria, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in our target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. Furthermore, many competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a business development company or the source of income, asset diversification and distribution requirements we must satisfy to maintain our RIC tax treatment. The competitive pressures we face, and the manner in which we react or adjust to competitive pressures, may have a material adverse effect on our business,

financial condition, results of operations, effective yield on investments, investment returns, leverage ratio, and cash flows. As a result of this competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time. Also, we may not be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objective.

Our investment portfolio will be recorded at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with procedures established by our Board and, as a result, there is and will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined in accordance with procedures established by our Board. There is not a public market or active secondary market for many of the types of investments in privately held companies that we hold and intend to make. Our investments may not be publicly traded or actively traded on a secondary market but, instead, may be traded on a privately negotiated over-the-counter secondary market for institutional investors, if at all. As a result, we will value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with valuation policy and procedures approved by our Board.

The determination of fair value, and thus the amount of unrealized appreciation or depreciation we may recognize in any reporting period, is to a degree subjective, and our Adviser has a conflict of interest in making recommendations of fair value. We will value our investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board, based on, among other things, input of the Adviser, our Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Board. The types of factors that may be considered in determining the fair values of our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow, current market interest rates and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, the valuations may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time due to changes in current market conditions. The determinations of fair value in accordance with procedures established by our Board may differ materially from the values that would have been used if an active market and market quotations existed for such investments. Our net asset value could be adversely affected if the determinations regarding the fair value of the investments were materially higher than the values that we ultimately realize upon the disposal of such investments.

Our Board may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or shareholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to holders of our debt.

Our Board has the authority to modify or waive current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies without prior notice and without shareholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies would have on our business, net asset value, operating results and the value of our securities. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay you distributions and cause you to lose all or part of your investment. Moreover, we will have significant flexibility in investing the net proceeds of our private offering and may use the net proceeds from our private offering in ways with which our investors may not agree.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.

We and our portfolio companies will be subject to regulation at the local, state, and federal levels. Changes to the laws and regulations governing our permitted investments may require a change to our investment strategy. Such changes could differ materially from our strategies and plans as set forth in this prospectus and may shift our investment focus from the areas of expertise of our Adviser. Thus, any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and other debt.

Changes to United States tariff and import/export regulations may have a negative effect on our portfolio companies and, in turn, harm us.

Significant changes to U.S. trade policy, including changes to current legislation and trade agreements and the imposition of tariffs have been discussed by the current U.S. presidential administration and certain members of Congress. Recently, the administration has imposed tariffs on a range of goods imported into the U.S., and a few countries have retaliated with tariffs against the United States. These retaliatory actions could trigger extended "trade wars" between the U.S. and its trading partners, resulting in additional barriers to the international market, inclusive of customers, vendors, and potential investors. Under these circumstances, the cost of goods for some portfolio companies could increase, resulting in lower consumer demand for their goods and reduced cash flows. While it is unknown whether and to what extent new legislation will be enacted into law, the enactment or amendment of trade legislation and/or renegotiation of trade agreements may impose additional compliance costs on portfolio companies, restrict their ability to participate in international markets and otherwise disrupt their current operations.

We are an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act, and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are and we will remain an "emerging growth company" as defined in the JOBS Act until the earlier of (a) the last day of the fiscal year (i) following the fifth anniversary of the completion of our initial public offering of common equity securities, (ii) in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion, or (iii) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the prior June 30th, and (b) the date on which we have issued more than\$1.0 billion innon-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period. For so long as we remain an "emerging growth company" we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock and debt less attractive because we will rely on some or all of these exemptions.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We intend to take advantage of such extended transition periods.

Our status as an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act may make it more difficult to raise capital as and when we need it.

Because of the exemptions from various reporting requirements provided to us as an "emerging growth company" and because we will have an extended transition period for complying with new or revised financial accounting standards, we may be less attractive to investors and it may be difficult for us to raise additional capital as and when we need it. Investors may be unable to compare our business with other companies in our industry if they believe that our financial accounting is not as transparent as other companies in our industry. If we are unable to raise additional capital as and when we need it, our financial condition and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

We expend significant financial and other resources to comply with the requirements of being a public entity.

As a public entity, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the 1934 Act and requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The 1934 Act requires that we file annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our

business and financial condition. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting, which are discussed below. In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls, significant resources and management oversight are required. We have implemented procedures, processes, policies and practices for the purpose of addressing the standards and requirements applicable to public companies. These activities may divert management's attention from other business concerns, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The systems and resources necessary to comply with public company reporting requirements will increase further once we cease to be an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act. As long as we remain an emerging growth company, we intend to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies, including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We expect to remain an emerging growth company for up to five years following the completion of our initial public offering of common equity securities or until the earliest of (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1.07 billion, (ii) December 31 of the fiscal year that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the 1934 Act which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700.0 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter and we have been publicly reporting for at least 12 months or (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the preceding three-year period.

We may experience fluctuations in our operating results.

We may experience fluctuations in our operating results due to a number of factors, including our ability or inability to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, interest rates and default rates on the debt investments we make, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized gains or losses, unrealized appreciation or depreciation, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets, and general economic conditions. These occurrences could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, the value of the Notes in us and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and other debt.

Any unrealized depreciation we experience on our portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available for distribution.

As a business development company, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with procedures established by our Board. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments relative to amortized cost will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized losses in our portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations to us with respect to the affected loans. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available for distribution in future periods. In addition, decreases in the market value or fair value of our investments will reduce our net asset value. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies — Investments at Fair Value."

We are only subject to certain limitations with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in a single issuer.

We intend to operate as a non-diversified management investment company; however, we are currently and may, from time to time, in the future, be considered a diversified management investment company pursuant to the definitions set forth in the Investment Company Act. In addition, we are subject to the asset diversification requirements associated with our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While we are not targeting any specific industries, our investments may be focused on relatively few industries. To the extent that

we hold large positions in a small number of issuers, or within a particular industry, our net asset value may be subject to greater fluctuation. We may also be more susceptible to any single economic or regulatory occurrence or a downturn in particular industry.

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, portfolio monitoring, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. There could be:

- · sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- disease pandemics;
- events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts;
- · outages due to idiosyncratic issues at specific service providers; and
- cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the value of the Notes and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Notes and other debt.

Internal and external cyber threats, as well as other disasters, could impair our ability to conduct business effectively.

The occurrence of a disaster, such as a cyber-attack against us or against a third-party that has access to our data or networks, a natural catastrophe, an industrial accident, failure of our disaster recovery systems, or consequential employee error, could have an adverse effect on our ability to communicate or conduct business, negatively impacting our operations and financial condition. This adverse effect can become particularly acute if those events affect our electronic data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems, or impact the availability, integrity, or confidentiality of our data.

We depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. Despite our implementation of a variety of security measures, our computer systems, networks, and data, like those of other companies, could be subject to cyber-attacks and unauthorized access, use, alteration, or destruction, such as from physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering. If one or more of these events occurs, it could potentially jeopardize the confidential, proprietary, and other information processed, stored in, and transmitted through our computer systems and networks. Such an attack could cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations, which could result in financial losses, litigation, regulatory penalties, client dissatisfaction or loss, reputational damage, and increased costs associated with mitigation of damages and remediation.

Third parties with which we do business may also be sources of cybersecurity or other technological risk. We outsource certain functions and these relationships allow for the storage and processing of our information, as well as client, counterparty, employee, and borrower information. While we engage in actions to reduce our exposure resulting from outsourcing, ongoing threats may result in unauthorized access, loss, exposure, destruction, or other cybersecurity incidents that adversely affects our data, resulting in increased costs and other consequences as described above.

Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies by causing a disruption to our operations or the operations of our portfolio companies, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information or the confidential information of our portfolio companies and/or damage to our business relationships or the business relationships of our portfolio companies, all of which could negatively impact the business, financial condition and operating results of us or our portfolio companies.

A cyber incident is considered to be any adverse event that threatens the confidentiality, integrity or availability of the information resources of us or our portfolio companies. These incidents may be an intentional attack or an unintentional event and could involve gaining unauthorized access to our information systems or those of our portfolio companies for purposes of misappropriating assets, stealing confidential information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. The result of these incidents may include disrupted operations, misstated or unreliable financial data, liability for stolen assets or information, increased cybersecurity protection and insurance costs, litigation and damage to business relationships. As our and our portfolio companies increased, so have the risks posed to our information systems, both internal and those provided by third-party service providers, and the information systems of our portfolio companies. We have implemented processes, procedures and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, but these measures, as well as our increased awareness of the nature and extent of a risk of a cyber-incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident.

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income will depend, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, we can offer no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could have an adverse impact on our net investment income. However, an increase in interest rates could decrease the value of any investments we hold which earn fixed interest rates and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock. Further, rising interest rates could also adversely affect our performance if such increases cause our borrowing costs to rise at a rate in excess of the rate that our investments yield.

In periods of rising interest rates, to the extent we borrow money subject to a floating interest rate, our cost of funds would increase, which could reduce our net investment income. Further, rising interest rates could also adversely affect our performance if we hold investments with floating interest rates, subject to specified minimum interest rates (such as a LIBOR floor), while at the same time engaging in borrowings subject to floating interest rates not subject to such minimums. In such a scenario, rising interest rates may increase our interest expense, even though our interest income from investments is not increasing in a corresponding manner as a result of such minimum interest rates.

If general interest rates rise, there is a risk that the portfolio companies in which we hold floating rate securities will be unable to pay escalating interest amounts, which could result in a default under their loan documents with us. Rising interest rates could also cause portfolio companies to shift cash from other productive uses to the payment of interest, which may have a material adverse effect on their business and operations and could, over time, lead to increased defaults. In addition, rising interest rates may increase pressure on us to provide fixed rate loans to our portfolio companies, which could adversely affect our net investment income, as increases in our cost of borrowed funds would not be accompanied by increased interest income from such fixed-rate investments.

The interest rates of our term loans to our portfolio companies that extend beyond 2021 might be subject to change based on recent regulatory changes

LIBOR, the London Interbank Offered Rate, is the basic rate of interest used in lending transactions between banks on the London interbank market and is widely used as a reference for setting the interest rate on loans globally. We typically use LIBOR as a reference rate in term loans we extend to portfolio companies such that the interest due to us pursuant to a term loan extended to a portfolio company is calculated using LIBOR. The terms of our debt investments generally include minimum interest rate floors which are calculated based on LIBOR.

On July 27, 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that it intends to phase out LIBOR by the end of 2021. It is unclear if at that time whether LIBOR will cease to exist or if new methods of calculating LIBOR will be established such that it continues to exist after 2021. The U.S. Federal Reserve, in conjunction with the Alternative Reference Rates Committee, a steering committee comprised of large U.S. financial institutions, is considering replacing U.S. dollar LIBOR with a new index calculated by short term repurchase agreements, backed by Treasury securities. The future of LIBOR at this time is uncertain. If LIBOR ceases to exist, we may need to renegotiate the credit agreements extending beyond 2021 with our portfolio companies that utilize LIBOR as a factor in determining the interest rate to replace LIBOR with the new standard that is established, which may have an adverse effect on our ability to receive attractive returns.

The United Kingdom referendum decision to leave the European Union may create significant risks and uncertainty for global markets and our investments.

The decision made in the United Kingdom referendum to leave the European Union has led to volatility in global financial markets, and in particular in the markets of the United Kingdom and across Europe, and may also lead to weakening in consumer, corporate and financial confidence in the United Kingdom and Europe. The extent and process by which the United Kingdom will exit the European Union, and the longer term economic, legal, political and social framework to be put in place between the United Kingdom and the European Union are unclear at this stage and are likely to lead to ongoing political and economic uncertainty and periods of exacerbated volatility in both the United Kingdom and in wider European markets for some time. In particular, the decision made in the United Kingdom referendum may lead to a call for similar referenda in other European jurisdictions which may cause increased economic volatility and uncertainty in the European and global markets. This volatility and uncertainty may have an adverse effect on the economy generally and on our ability, and the ability of our portfolio companies, to execute our respective strategies and to receive attractive returns.

In particular, currency volatility may mean that our returns and the returns of our portfolio companies will be adversely affected by market movements and may make it more difficult, or more expensive, for us to implement appropriate currency hedging. Potential declines in the value of the British Pound and/or the euro against other currencies, along with the potential downgrading of the United Kingdom's sovereign credit rating, may also have an impact on the performance of any of our portfolio companies located in the United Kingdom or Europe.

Risks Related to Our Adviser and Its Affiliates

The Adviser and its affiliates have limited experience managing a business development company.

Our Adviser and its affiliates have limited experience managing a vehicle regulated as a business development company and may not be able to operate our business successfully or achieve our investment objective. As a result, an investment in our securities may entail more risk than the securities of a comparable company with a substantial operating history.

The 1940 Act and the Code impose numerous constraints on the operations of business development companies and RICs that do not apply to the other types of investment vehicles previously managed by the personnel of our Adviser and its affiliates. For example, under the 1940 Act, business development companies are generally required to invest at least 70% of their total assets primarily in securities of qualifying U.S. private or thinly traded companies. Moreover, qualification for RIC tax treatment under Subchapter M of the Code requires satisfaction of source-of-income, asset diversification and other requirements. Any failure by us to comply with these provisions could prevent us from maintaining our qualification as a business development company or tax treatment as a RIC or could force us to pay unexpected taxes and penalties, which could be material. Our Adviser's and its affiliates' limited experience in managing a portfolio of assets under such constraints may hinder their ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and, as a result, make it more difficult for us to achieve our investment objective.

The Adviser and its affiliates, including our officers and some of our directors, may face conflicts of interest caused by compensation arrangements with us and our affiliates, which could result in increased risk-taking by us.

The Adviser and its affiliates will receive substantial fees from us in return for their services. In the event of an Exchange Listing, these fees may include certain incentive fees based on the amount of appreciation of our investments. These fees could influence the advice provided to us. Generally, the more equity we sell in public offerings and the greater the risk assumed by us with respect to our investments, including through the use of leverage, the greater the potential for growth in our assets and profits, and, correlatively, the fees payable by us to our Adviser. These compensation arrangements could affect our Adviser's or its affiliates' judgment with respect to public offerings of equity and investments made by us, which allow our Adviser to earn increased asset management fees.

The time and resources that individuals associated with our Adviser devote to us may be diverted, and we may face additional competition due to the fact that neither our Adviser nor its affiliates is prohibited from raising money for or managing another entity that makes the same types of investments that we target.

The Adviser and its affiliates currently manage Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund and are not prohibited from raising money for and managing future investment entities that make the same or similar types of investments as those we target. As a result, the time and resources that our Adviser devotes to us may be diverted, and during times of intense activity in other investment programs they may devote less time and resources to our business than is necessary or appropriate. In addition, we may compete with any such investment entity also managed by the Adviser or its affiliates for the same investors and investment opportunities.

The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we invest.

Our Adviser and its affiliates may provide a broad range of financial services to companies in which we invest, including providing arrangement, syndication, origination structuring and other services to our borrowers, in compliance with applicable law, and will generally be paid fees for such services. In addition, affiliates of our Adviser may act as placement agents or in similar capacities in connection with an offering of securities by one of the companies in our portfolio. Any compensation received by our Adviser or its affiliates for providing these services will not be shared with us and may be received before we realize a return on our investment. Our Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for these companies, on the one hand, and investments recommended to us, on the other hand.

The Adviser or its affiliates may have incentives to favor their respective other accounts and clients over us, which may result in conflicts of interest that could be harmful to us.

Because our Adviser and its affiliates manage assets for, or may in the future manage assets for, other investment companies, pooled investment vehicles and/or other accounts (including institutional clients, pension plans, co-invest vehicles and certain high net worth individuals), certain conflicts of interest are present. For instance, the Adviser and its affiliates may receive asset management performance-based, or other fees from certain accounts that are higher than the fees received by our Adviser from us. In those instances, a portfolio manager for our Adviser has an incentive to favor the higher fee and/or performance-based fee accounts over us.

In addition, a conflict of interest exists to the extent our Adviser, its affiliates, or any of their respective executives, portfolio managers or employees have proprietary or personal investments in other investment companies or accounts or when certain other investment companies or accounts are investment options in our Adviser's or its affiliates' employee benefit plans. In these circumstances, our Adviser has an incentive to favor these other investment companies or accounts over us. Our Board will seek to monitor these conflicts but there can be no assurances that such monitoring will fully mitigate any such conflicts.

Our fee structure may create incentives for our Adviser to make speculative investments or use substantial leverage.

The incentive fee payable by us to our Adviser after an Exchange Listing may create an incentive for our Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangements. The way in which the incentive fee is determined may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to increase the leveraged return on our investment portfolio.

In addition, the fact that our base management fee is payable based upon our average gross assets (which includes any borrowings for investment purposes) may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to make additional investments. Such a practice could make such investments more risky than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns. Under certain circumstances, the use of substantial leverage (up to the limits prescribed by the 1940 Act) may increase the likelihood of our defaulting on our borrowings, which would be detrimental to holders of our securities.

We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting our Adviser to certain conflicts of interests.

Our Adviser will experience conflicts of interest in connection with the management of our business affairs relating to and arising from a number of matters, including: the allocation of investment opportunities by our Adviser and its affiliates; compensation to our Adviser; services that may be provided by our Adviser and its affiliates to issuers in which we invest; investments by us and other clients of our Adviser, subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act; the formation of additional investment funds managed by our Adviser; differing recommendations given by our Adviser to us versus other clients; our Adviser's use of information gained from issuers in our portfolio for investments by other clients, subject to applicable law; and restrictions on our Adviser's use of "inside information" with respect to potential investments by us.

Specifically, we may compete for investments with affiliated business development companies or funds that are also advised by our Adviser, such as Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., subjecting our Adviser and its affiliates to certain conflicts of interest in evaluating the suitability of investment opportunities and making or recommending investments on our behalf. To mitigate these conflicts, our Adviser and its affiliates will seek to execute such transactions for all of the participating investment accounts, including us, on a fair and equitable basis and in accordance with Owl Rock's allocation policy, taking into account such factors as the relative amounts of capital available for new investments; cash on hand; existing commitments and reserves; the investment programs and portfolio positions of the participating investment accounts, including portfolio construction, diversification and concentration considerations; the investment

objectives, guidelines and strategies of each client; the clients for which participation is appropriate' each client's life cycle; targeted leverage level; targeted asset mix and any other factors deemed appropriate.

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, our Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to permit us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or certain of its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between us, and/or other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief.

We may co-invest with investment funds, accounts and vehicles managed by the Adviser, where doing so is consistent with our investment strategy as well as applicable law and SEC staff interpretations. We generally will be permitted to co-invest with such investment funds, accounts and vehicles where the only term that is negotiated is price. However, we, the Adviser and certain of our affiliates have applied for and been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or certain of its affiliates in transactions in which terms other than price are negotiated in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we are generally permitted to co invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors makes certain conclusions in connection with a co investment transactions, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investments by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing.

Actions by the Adviser or its affiliates on behalf of their other accounts and clients may be adverse to us and our investments and harmful to us.

Our Adviser and its affiliates manage assets for accounts other than us, including private funds (for purposes of this section, "Adviser Funds") including, but not limited to, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund. Actions taken by our Adviser or its affiliates on behalf of its Adviser Funds may be adverse to us and our investments, which could harm our performance. For example, we may invest in the same credit obligations as other Adviser Funds, although, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, our investments may include different obligations of the same issuer. Decisions made with respect to the securities held by one Adviser Fund may cause (or have the potential to cause) harm to the different class of securities of the issuer held by other Adviser Funds (including us).

Our access to confidential information may restrict our ability to take action with respect to some investments, which, in turn, may negatively affect our results of operations.

We, directly or through our Adviser, may obtain confidential information about the companies in which we have invested or may invest or be deemed to have such confidential information. Our Adviser may come into possession of material, non-public information through its members, officers, directors, employees, principals or affiliates. The possession of such information may, to our detriment, limit the ability of us and our Adviser to buy or sell a security or otherwise to participate in an investment opportunity. In certain circumstances, employees of our Adviser may serve as board members or in other capacities for portfolio or potential portfolio companies, which could restrict our ability to trade in the securities of such companies. For example, if personnel of our Adviser come into possession of material non-public information with respect to our investments, such personnel will be restricted by our Adviser's information would be in our best interests or would otherwise influence decisions taken by the members of the management team with respect to that investment. This conflict and these procedures and practices may limit the freedom of our Adviser to enter into or exit from potentially profitable investments for us, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that we will be able to fully leverage the resources and industry expertise of our Adviser in the course of its duties. Additionally, there may be circumstances in which one or more individuals associated with our Adviser.

We may be obligated to pay our Adviser incentive fees even if we incur a net loss due to a decline in the value of our portfolio and even if our earned interest income is not payable in cash.

Upon an Exchange Listing, the Investment Advisory Agreement entitles our Adviser to receive an incentive fee based on ourpre-incentive fee net investment income regardless of any capital losses. In such case, we may be required to pay our Adviser an incentive fee for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or if we incur a net loss for that quarter.

Any incentive fee payable by us that relates to the pre-incentive fee net investment income may be computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received or interest in the form of securities received rather than cash ("payment-in-kind" or "PIK" income"). PIK income will be included in the pre-incentive fee net investment income used to calculate the incentive fee to our Adviser even though we do not receive the income in the form of cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest income, it is possible that accrued interest income previously included in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. Our Adviser is not obligated to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued interest income that we never receive as a result of a subsequent default.

The quarterly incentive fee on income is recognized and paid without regard to: (i) the trend of pre-incentive fee net investment income as a percent of adjusted capital over multiple quarters in arrears which may in fact be consistently less than the quarterly preferred return, or (ii) the net income or net loss in the current calendar quarter, the current year or any combination of prior periods.

For federal income tax purposes, we may be required to recognize taxable income in some circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash and to make distributions with respect to such income to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC and/or minimize excise tax. Under such circumstances, we may have difficulty distributing to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses (the "Annual Distribution Requirement") necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. This difficulty in making the required distribution may be amplified to the extent that we are required to pay the incentive fee on income with respect to such accrued income. As a result, we may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise

additional debt or equity capital, or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with certain of our affiliates without the prior approval of a majority of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities will be our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act, and we will generally be prohibited from buying or selling any securities from or to such affiliate on a principal basis, absent the prior approval of our Board and, in some cases, the SEC. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain "joint" transactions with certain of our affiliates, including other funds or clients advised by the Adviser or its affiliates, which in certain circumstances could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times to the extent the transaction involves a joint investment), without prior approval of our Board and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25% of our voting securities, we will be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such person or certain of that person's affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with such persons, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates to prohibit certain joint transactions involving entities that share a common investment adviser. As a result of these restrictions, we may be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to any portfolio company that is controlled by a fund managed by either of our Adviser or its affiliates without the prior approval of the SEC, which may limit the scope of investment or disposition opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

On February 7, 2017, we, the Adviser and certain of our affiliates received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us too-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing.

In situations when co-investment with the Adviser's or its affiliates' other clients is not permitted under the 1940 Act and related rules, existing or future staff guidance, or the terms and conditions of the exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC, our Adviser will need to decide which client or clients will proceed with the investment. Generally, we will not be entitled to make a co-investment in these circumstances and, to the extent that another client elects to proceed with the investment, we will not be permitted to participate. Moreover, except in certain circumstances, we will not invest in any issuer in which an affiliate's other client holds a controlling interest.

We may make investments that could give rise to a conflict of interest.

We do not expect to invest in, or hold securities of, companies that are controlled by an affiliate's other clients. However, our Adviser or an affiliate's other clients may invest in, and gain control over, one of our portfolio companies. If our Adviser or an affiliate's other client, or clients, gains control over one of our portfolio companies, it may create conflicts of interest and may subject us to certain restrictions under the 1940 Act. As a result of these conflicts and restrictions our Adviser may be unable to implement our investment strategies as effectively as they could have in the absence of such conflicts or restrictions. For example, as a result of a conflict or restriction, our Adviser may be unable to engage in certain transactions that it would otherwise

pursue. In order to avoid these conflicts and restrictions, our Adviser may choose to exit such investments prematurely and, as a result, we may forego any positive returns associated with such investments. In addition, to the extent that an affiliate's other client holds a different class of securities than us as a result of such transactions, our interests may not be aligned.

The recommendations given to us by our Adviser may differ from those rendered to their other clients.

Our Adviser and its affiliates may give advice and recommend securities to other clients which may differ from advice given to, or securities recommended or bought for, us even though such other clients' investment objectives may be similar to ours, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify our Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our Adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Our Adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the Investment Advisory Agreement (and, separately, under the Administration Agreement), and it will not be responsible for any action of our Board in declining to follow our Adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Adviser and its directors, officers, shareholders, members, agents, employees, controlling persons, and any other person or entity affiliated with, or acting on behalf of our Adviser will not be liable to us for their acts under the Investment Advisory Agreement, adviser, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. We have also agreed to indemnify, defend and protect our Adviser and its directors, officers, shareholders, members, agents, employees, controlling persons or entity affiliated with, or acting on behalf of our Adviser with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses resulting from acts of our Adviser not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. These protections may lead our Adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

The Adviser's failure to comply with pay-to-play laws, regulations and policies could have an adverse effect on the Adviser, and thus, us.

A number of U.S. states and municipal pension plans have adopted so-called "pay-to-play" laws, regulations or policies which prohibit, restrict or require disclosure of payments to (and/or certain contacts with) state officials by individuals and entities seeking to do business with state entities, including those seeking investments by public retirement funds. The SEC has adopted a rule that, among other things, prohibits an investment adviser from providing advisory services for compensation to a government client for two years after the adviser or certain of its executives or employees makes a contribution to certain elected officials or candidates. If the Adviser, any of its employees or affiliates or any service provider acting on its behalf, fails to comply with such laws, regulations or policies, such non-compliance could have an adverse effect on the Adviser, and thus, us.

Risks Related to Business Development Companies

The requirement that we invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could preclude us from investing in accordance with our current business strategy; conversely, the failure to invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could result in our failure to maintain our status as a business development company.

As a business development company, the 1940 Act prohibits us from acquiring any assets other than certain qualifying assets unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets. Therefore, we may be precluded from investing in what we believe are attractive investments if such investments are not qualifying assets. Conversely, if we fail to invest a sufficient portion of

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our assets in qualifying assets, we could lose our status as a business development company, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making additional investments in existing portfolio companies, which could result in the dilution of our position, or could require us to dispose of investments at an inopportune time to comply with the 1940 Act. If we were forced to sell non-qualifying investments in the portfolio for compliance purposes, the proceeds from such sale could be significantly less than the current value of such investments.

Failure to maintain our status as a business development company would reduce our operating flexibility.

If we do not remain a business development company, we might be regulated as aclosed-end investment company under the 1940 Act, which would subject us to substantially more regulatory restrictions and correspondingly decrease our operating flexibility.

Regulations governing our operation as a business development company and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a business development company, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage.

As a result of the Annual Distribution Requirement to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we may need to access the capital markets periodically to raise cash to fund new investments in portfolio companies. Currently, we may issue "senior securities," including borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met) after such incurrence or issuance. If we issue senior securities, we will be exposed to risks associated with leverage, including an increased risk of loss. Our ability to issue different types of securities is also limited. Compliance with RIC distribution requirements may unfavorably limit our investment opportunities and reduce our ability in comparison to other companies to profit from favorable spreads between the rates at which we can borrow and the rates at which we can lend. Therefore, we intend to seek to continuously issue equity securities, which may lead to shareholder dilution.

We may borrow to fund investments. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy the asset coverage test under the 1940 Act, which would prohibit us from paying distributions and could prevent us from qualifying for tax treatment as a RIC, which would generally result in a corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any income and net gains. If we cannot satisfy the asset coverage test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our debt financing, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous.

In addition, we anticipate that as market conditions permit, we may securitize our loans to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize loans, we may create a wholly owned subsidiary, contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary and have the subsidiary issue primarily investment grade debt securities to purchasers who would be expected to be willing to accept a substantially lower interest rate than the loans earn. We would retain all or a portion of the equity in the securitized pool of loans. Our retained equity would be exposed to any losses on the portfolio of loans before any of the debt securities would be exposed to such losses.

Risks Related to Our Investments

Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investments.

Our strategy focuses primarily on originating and making loans to, and making debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies, with a focus on originated transactions sourced through the networks of our Adviser. Short transaction closing timeframes associated with originated transactions coupled with added tax or accounting structuring complexity and international transactions may result in higher risk in comparison to non-originated transactions.

First-Lien Debt. When we make a first-lien loan, we generally take a security interest in the available assets of the portfolio company, including the equity interests of its subsidiaries, which we expect to help mitigate the risk that we will not be repaid. However, there is a risk that the collateral securing our loans may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise, and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the business and market conditions, including as a result of the inability of the portfolio company to raise additional capital. In some circumstances, our lien is, or could become, subordinated to claims of other creditors. Consequently, the fact that a loan is secured does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the loan's terms, or at all, or that we will be able to collect on the loan should we need to enforce our remedies. In addition, in connection with any "last out" first-lien loans may rank junior to those of other lenders in the loan under certain circumstances. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal on these loans.

Second-Lien and Mezzanine Debt. Our investments in second-lien and mezzanine debt generally are subordinated to senior loans and will either have junior security interests or be unsecured. As such, other creditors may rank senior to us in the event of insolvency. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal.

Equity Investments. When we invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt or mezzanine debt, we may acquire equity securities, such as warrants, options and convertible instruments, as well. In addition, we may invest directly in the equity securities of portfolio companies. We seek to dispose of these equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of these interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

Most debt securities in which we intend to invest will not be rated by any rating agency and, if they were rated, they would be rated as below investment grade quality and are commonly referred to as "high yield" or "junk". Debt securities rated below investment grade quality are generally regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics and may carry a greater risk with respect to a borrower's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. In addition, some of the loans in which we may invest may be "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" loans to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

We may invest through joint ventures, partnerships or other special purpose vehicles and our investments through these vehicles may entail greater risks, or risks that we otherwise would not incur, if we otherwise made such investments directly.

We may make indirect investments in portfolio companies through joint ventures, partnerships or other special purpose vehicles ("Investment Vehicles") including Sebago Lake LLC. In general, the risks associated with indirect investments in portfolio companies through a joint venture, partnership or other special purpose vehicle are similar to those associated with a direct investment in a portfolio company. While we intend to analyze the credit and business of a potential portfolio company in determining whether to make an investment in an Investment Vehicle, we will nonetheless be exposed to the creditworthiness of the Investment Vehicle. In the event of a bankruptcy proceeding against the portfolio company, the assets of the portfolio company may be used to satisfy its obligations prior to the satisfaction of our investment in the Investment Vehicle (i.e., our investment in the Investment Vehicle could be structurally subordinated to the other obligations of the portfolio company). In addition, if we are to invest in an Investment Vehicle, we may be required to rely on our partners in the

Investment Vehicle when making decisions regarding such Investment Vehicle's investments, accordingly, the value of the investment could be adversely affected if our interests diverge from those of our partners in the Investment Vehicle.

If the assets securing the loans that we make decrease in value, then we may lack sufficient collateral to cover losses.

To attempt to mitigate credit risks, we intend to take a security interest in the available assets of our portfolio companies. There is no assurance that we will obtain or properly perfect our liens.

There is a risk that the collateral securing our loans may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the business and market conditions, including as a result of the inability of a portfolio company to raise additional capital. In some circumstances, our lien could be subordinated to claims of other creditors. Consequently, the fact that a loan is secured does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the loan's terms, or that we will be able to collect on the loan should we be forced to enforce our remedies.

We may suffer a loss if a portfolio company defaults on a loan and the underlying collateral is not sufficient.

In the event of a default by a portfolio company on a secured loan, we will only have recourse to the assets collateralizing the loan. If the underlying collateral value is less than the loan amount, we will suffer a loss. In addition, we may make loans that are unsecured, which are subject to the risk that other lenders may be directly secured by the assets of the portfolio company. In the event of a default, those collateralized lenders would have priority over us with respect to the proceeds of a sale of the underlying assets. In cases described above, we may lack control over the underlying asset collateralizing our loan or the underlying assets of the portfolio company prior to a default, and as a result the value of the collateral may be reduced by acts or omissions by owners or managers of the assets.

In the event of bankruptcy of a portfolio company, we may not have full recourse to its assets in order to satisfy our loan, or our loan may be subject to "equitable subordination." This means that depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided significant "managerial assistance," if any, to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, certain of our loans are subordinate to other debt of the portfolio company. If a portfolio company defaults on our loan or on debt senior to our loan, or in the event of a portfolio company bankruptcy, our loan will be satisfied only after the senior debt receives payment. Where debt senior to our loan exists, the presence of intercreditor arrangements may limit our ability to amend our loan documents, assign our loans, accept prepayments, exercise our remedies (through "standstill" periods) and control decisions made in bankruptcy proceedings relating to the portfolio company. Bankruptcy and portfolio company litigation can significantly increase collection losses and the time needed for us to acquire the underlying collateral in the event of a default, during which time the collateral may decline in value, causing us to suffer losses.

If the value of collateral underlying our loan declines or interest rates increase during the term of our loan, a portfolio company may not be able to obtain the necessary funds to repay our loan at maturity through refinancing. Decreasing collateral value and/or increasing interest rates may hinder a portfolio company's ability to refinance our loan because the underlying collateral cannot satisfy the debt service coverage requirements necessary to obtain new financing. If a borrower is unable to repay our loan at maturity, we could suffer a loss which may adversely impact our financial performance.

The credit ratings of certain of our investments may not be indicative of the actual credit risk of such rated instruments.

Rating agencies rate debt securities based upon their assessment of the likelihood of the receipt of principal and interest payments. Rating agencies do not consider the risks of fluctuations in market value or other factors that may influence the value of debt securities. Therefore, the credit rating assigned to a particular instrument may not fully reflect the true risks of an investment in such instrument. Credit rating agencies may change their methods of evaluating credit risk and determining ratings. These changes may occur quickly and often. While we may give some consideration to ratings, ratings may not be indicative of the actual credit risk of our investments in rated instruments.

Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments, net of prepayment fees, could negatively impact our return on equity. This risk will be more acute when interest rates decrease, as we may be unable to reinvest at rates as favorable as when we made our initial investment.

A redemption of convertible securities held by us could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

A convertible security may be subject to redemption at the option of the issuer at a price established in the convertible security's governing instrument. If a convertible security held by us is called for redemption, we will be required to permit the issuer to redeem the security, convert it into the underlying common stock or sell it to a third party. Any of these actions could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

To the extent original issue discount (OID) and payment-in-kind (PIK) interest income constitute a portion of our income, we will be exposed to risks associated with the deferred receipt of cash representing such income.

Our investments may include OID and PIK instruments. To the extent OID and PIK constitute a portion of our income, we will be exposed to risks associated with such income being required to be included in income for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") and taxable income prior to receipt of cash, including the following:

- Original issue discount instruments may have unreliable valuations because the accruals require judgments about collectability or deferred payments and the value of any associated collateral;
- Original issue discount instruments may create heightened credit risks because the inducement to the borrower to accept higher interest rates in exchange for the deferral of cash payments typically represents, to some extent, speculation on the part of the borrower;
- For U.S. GAAP purposes, cash distributions to shareholders that include a component of OID income do not come frompaid-in capital, although they may be paid from the offering proceeds. Thus, although a distribution of OID income may come from the cash invested by the shareholders, the 1940 Act does not require that shareholders be given notice of this fact;
- The presence of OID and PIK creates the risk ofnon-refundable cash payments to our Adviser in the form of incentive fees on income based on non-cash OID and PIK accruals that may never be realized; and

• In the case of PIK, "toggle" debt, which gives the issuer the option to defer an interest payment in exchange for an increased interest rate in the future, the PIK election has the simultaneous effect of increasing the investment income, thus increasing the potential for realizing incentive fees.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

Our strategy focuses on investing primarily in the debt of privately owned U.S. companies with a focus on originated transactions sourced through the networks of our Adviser. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, such debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, any holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying such senior creditors, such portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company and our portfolio company may not have sufficient assets to pay all equally ranking credit even if we hold senior, first-lien debt.

If we cannot obtain debt financing or equity capital on acceptable terms, our ability to acquire investments and to expand our operations will be adversely affected.

The net proceeds from the sale of our shares will be used for our investment opportunities, and, if necessary, the payment of operating expenses and the payment of various fees and expenses such as base management fees, incentive fees, other fees and distributions. Any working capital reserves we maintain may not be sufficient for investment purposes, and we may require additional debt financing or equity capital to operate. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our net ordinary income and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our shareholders to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC. Accordingly, in the event that we need additional capital in the future for investments or for any other reason we may need to access the capital markets periodically to issue debt or equity securities or borrow from financial institutions in order to obtain such additional capital. These sources of funding may not be available to us due to unfavorable economic conditions, which could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. Consequently, if we cannot obtain further debt or equity financing on acceptable terms, our ability to acquire additional investments and to expand our operations will be adversely affected. As a result, we would be less able to diversify our portfolio and achieve our investment objective, which may negatively impact our results of operations and reduce our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

Subordinated liens on collateral securing debt investments that we may make to portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain debt investments that we will make in portfolio companies will be secured on a second priority lien basis by the same collateral securing senior debt of such companies. We also make debt investments in portfolio companies secured on a first priority basis. The first priority liens on the collateral will secure the portfolio company's obligations under any outstanding senior debt and may secure certain other future debt that may be permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under the agreements governing the debt. In the event of a default, the holders of obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral will generally control the liquidation of and be entitled to receive proceeds from any realization of the collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of the collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if

any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the debt obligations secured by the first priority or second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the debt obligations secured by the first priority or second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

We may also make unsecured debt investments in portfolio companies, meaning that such investments will not benefit from any interest in collateral of such companies. Liens on any such portfolio company's collateral, if any, will secure the portfolio company's obligations under its outstanding secured debt and may secure certain future debt that is permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under its secured debt agreements. The holders of obligations secured by such liens will generally control the liquidation of, and be entitled to receive proceeds from, any realization of such collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of such collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from sales of such collateral would be sufficient to satisfy our unsecured debt obligations, then our unsecured claims would rank equally with the unpaid portion of such secured creditors' claims against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing the debt investments we make in our portfolio companies with senior debt outstanding may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more inter-creditor agreements that we enter into with the holders of senior debt. Under such an intercreditor agreement, at any time obligations that have the benefit of the first priority liens are outstanding, any of the following actions that may be taken in respect of the collateral will be at the direction of the holders of the obligations secured by the first priority liens: the ability to cause the commencement of enforcement proceedings against the collateral; the ability to control the conduct of such proceedings; the approval of amendments to collateral documents; releases of liens on the collateral; and waivers of past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if our rights are adversely affected.

Certain of our investments may be adversely affected by laws relating to fraudulent conveyance or voidable preferences.

Certain of our investments could be subject to federal bankruptcy law and state fraudulent transfer laws, which vary from state to state, if the debt obligations relating to certain investments were issued with the intent of hindering, delaying or defrauding creditors or, in certain circumstances, if the issuer receives less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration in return for issuing such debt obligations. If the debt proceeds are used for a buyout of shareholders, this risk is greater than if the debt proceeds are used for day-to-day operations or organic growth. If a court were to find that the issuance of the debt obligations was a fraudulent transfer or conveyance, the court could void or otherwise refuse to recognize the payment obligations under the debt obligations or the collateral supporting such obligations, further subordinate the debt obligations or the liens supporting such obligations to other existing and future indebtedness of the issuer or require us to repay any amounts received by us with respect to the debt obligations or collateral. In the event of a finding that a fraudulent transfer or conveyance occurred, we may not receive any repayment on such debt obligations.

Under certain circumstances, payments to us and distributions by us to our shareholders may be reclaimed if any such payment or distribution is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance, preferential payment or similar transaction under applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws. Furthermore, investments in restructurings may be adversely affected by statutes relating to, among other things, fraudulent conveyances, voidable preferences, lender liability and the court's discretionary power to disallow, subordinate or disenfranchise particular claims or recharacterize investments made in the form of debt as equity contributions.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Although we intend to structure certain of our investments as senior debt, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company or a representative of us or our Adviser sat on the board of directors of such portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In situations where a bankruptcy carries a high degree of political significance, our legal rights may be subordinated to other creditors.

In addition, a number of U.S. judicial decisions have upheld judgments obtained by borrowers against lending institutions on the basis of various evolving legal theories, collectively termed "lender liability." Generally, lender liability is founded on the premise that a lender has violated a duty (whether implied or contractual) of good faith, commercial reasonableness and fair dealing, or a similar duty owed to the borrower or has assumed an excessive degree of control over the borrower resulting in the creation of a fiduciary duty owed to the borrower or its other creditors or shareholders. Because of the nature of our investments in portfolio companies (including that, as a business development company, we may be required to provide managerial assistance to those portfolio companies if they so request upon our offer), we may be subject to allegations of lender liability.

We generally will not control the business operations of our portfolio companies and, due to the illiquid nature of our holdings in our portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies.

We do not currently, and do not expect in the future to control most of our portfolio companies, although we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may impose certain restrictive covenants on our borrowers. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company in which we invest may make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company, as representatives of the holders of their common equity, may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as a debt investor. Due to the lack of liquidity for our investments in private companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies as readily as we would like or at a favorable value. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

We will be exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective and the rate of return on invested capital. Because we may borrow money to make investments, our net investment income will depend, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

Many of our debt investments are based on floating interest rates, such as LIBOR, EURIBOR, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate, that reset on a periodic basis, and that many of our investments will be subject to interest rate floors. A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could have an adverse impact on our net investment income, which also could be negatively impacted by our borrowers making prepayments on their loans. On the other hand, an increase in interest rates could increase the interest repayment obligations of our borrowers and result in challenges to their financial performance and ability to repay their obligations. In addition, our cost of funds likely will increase because the interest rates on the majority of amounts we may borrow are likely to be floating, which could reduce our net investment income to the extent any debt investments have fixed interest rates, and the interest rate on investments with an interest rate floor will not increase until interest rates exceed the applicable floor.

Trading prices for debt that pays a fixed rate of return tend to fall as interest rates rise. Trading prices tend to fluctuate more for fixed-rate securities that have longer maturities. Moreover, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock. Federal Reserve policy, including with respect to certain interest rates and the decision to end its quantitative easing policy, may also adversely affect the value, volatility and liquidity of dividend- and interest-paying securities. Market volatility, rising interest rates and/or a return to unfavorable economic conditions could adversely affect our business.

We may enter into certain hedging transactions, such as interest rate swap agreements, in an effort to mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates and we may increase our floating rate investments to position the portfolio for rate increases. However, we cannot assure you that such transactions will be successful in mitigating our exposure to interest rate risk or if we will enter into such interest rate hedges. Hedging transactions may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

We will not have a policy governing the maturities of our investments. This means that we are subject to greater risk (other things being equal) than a fund invested solely in shorter-term securities. A decline in the prices of the debt we own could adversely affect our net asset value. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate.

To the extent that we make floating rate debt investments, a rise in the general level of interest rates would lead to higher interest rates applicable to our debt investments. Accordingly, an increase in interest rates may result in an increase in the amount of the Incentive Fee payable to the Adviser.

International investments create additional risks.

We may make investments in portfolio companies that are domiciled outside of the United States. Pursuant to our investment policies, we will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States. Our investments in foreign portfolio companies are deemed "non-qualifying assets", which means that, as required by the 1940 Act, such investments, along with other investments in non-qualifying assets, may not constitute more than 30% of our total assets at the time of our acquisition of any such asset, after giving effect to the acquisition. Notwithstanding the limitation on our ownership of foreign portfolio companies, such investments subject us to many of the same risks as our domestic investments, as well as certain additional risks, including the following:

- foreign governmental laws, rules and policies, including those relating to taxation and bankruptcy and restricting the ownership of assets in the foreign country or the repatriation of profits from the foreign country to the United States and any adverse changes in these laws;
- · foreign currency devaluations that reduce the value of and returns on our foreign investments;
- adverse changes in the availability, cost and terms of investments due to the varying economic policies of a foreign country in which we invest;
- adverse changes in tax rates, the tax treatment of transaction structures and other changes in operating expenses of a particular foreign country in which we invest;
- the assessment of foreign-country taxes (including withholding taxes, transfer taxes and value added taxes, any or all of which could be significant) on income or gains from our investments in the foreign country;
- · changes that adversely affect the social, political and/or economic stability of a foreign country in which we invest;
- · high inflation in the foreign countries in which we invest, which could increase the costs to us of investing in those countries;

- deflationary periods in the foreign countries in which we invest, which could reduce demand for our assets in those countries and diminish the value of such investments and the related investment returns to us; and
- legal and logistical barriers in the foreign countries in which we invest that materially and adversely limit our ability to enforce our contractual rights with respect to those investments.

In addition, we may make investments in countries whose governments or economies may prove unstable. Certain of the countries in which we may invest may have political, economic and legal systems that are unpredictable, unreliable or otherwise inadequate with respect to the implementation, interpretation and enforcement of laws protecting asset ownership and economic interests. In some of the countries in which we may invest, there may be a risk of nationalization, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, which may have an adverse effect on our portfolio companies in those countries and the rates of return that we are able to achieve on such investments. We may also lose the total value of any investment which is nationalized, expropriated or confiscated. The financial results and investment opportunities available to us, particularly in developing countries and emerging markets, may be materially and adversely affected by any or all of these political, economic and legal risks.

We may acquire various structured financial instruments for purposes of "hedging" or reducing our risks, which may be costly and ineffective and could reduce the cash available to service our debt or for distribution to our shareholders.

We may seek to hedge against interest rate and currency exchange rate fluctuations and credit risk by using structured financial instruments such as futures, options, swaps and forward contracts, subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. Use of structured financial instruments for hedging purposes may present significant risks, including the risk of loss of the amounts invested. Defaults by the other party to a hedging transaction can result in losses in the hedging transaction. Hedging activities also involve the risk of an imperfect correlation between the hedging activities may not prevent significant losses and could increase our losses. Further, hedging transactions may reduce cash available to service our debt or pay distributions to our shareholders.

We may enter into total return swaps that would expose us to certain risks, including market risk, liquidity risk and other risks similar to those associated with the use of leverage.

A total return swap is a contract in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to another party based on the change in the market value of the assets underlying the total return swap, which may include a specified security or loan, basket of securities or loans or securities or loan indices during the specified period, in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate. A total return swap is typically used to obtain exposure to a security, loan or market without owning or taking physical custody of such security or loan or investing directly in such market. A total return swap may effectively add leverage to our portfolio because, in addition to our total net assets, we would be subject to investment exposure on the amount of securities or loans subject to the total return swap. A total return swap is also subject to the risk that a counterparty will default on its payment obligations thereunder or that we will not be able to meet our obligations to the counterparty. In addition, because a total return swap is a form of synthetic leverage, such arrangements are subject to risks similar to those associated with the use of leverage.

Defaults by our portfolio companies could jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity investments that we hold which could harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its debt financing and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet

its obligations under the debt or equity investments that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, some of the loans in which we may invest may be "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" loans to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

As part of our lending activities, we may in certain opportunistic circumstances originate loans to companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization and liquidation proceedings. Any such investment would involve a substantial degree of risk. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a company that we fund, we may lose all or part of the amounts advanced to the borrower or may be required to accept collateral with a value less than the amount of the loan advanced by us to the borrower.

Our portfolio may be focused on a limited number of portfolio companies or industries, which will subject us to a risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations under any of its debt instruments or if there is a downturn in a particular industry.

Beyond the asset diversification requirements associated with our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification. While we are not targeting any specific industries, our investments may be focused on relatively few industries. As a result, the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if a small number of investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one investment. Additionally, a downturn in any particular industry in which we are invested could significantly affect our aggregate returns.

We cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain various required licenses in U.S. states or in any other jurisdiction where they may be required in the future.

We are required to have and may be required in the future to obtain various state licenses to, among other things, originate commercial loans, and may be required to obtain similar licenses from other authorities, including outside of the United States, in the future in connection with one or more investments. Applying for and obtaining required licenses can be costly and take several months. We cannot assure you that we will maintain or obtain all of the licenses that we need on a timely basis. We also are and will be subject to various information and other requirements to maintain and obtain these licenses, and we cannot assure you that we will satisfy those requirements. Our failure to maintain or obtain licenses that we require, now or in the future, might restrict investment options and have other adverse consequences.

An investment strategy focused primarily on privately held companies presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies.

We invest primarily in privately held companies. Investments in private companies pose certain incremental risks as compared to investments in public companies including that they:

- have reduced access to the capital markets, resulting in diminished capital resources and ability to withstand financial distress;
- may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt obligations that we hold, which may be
 accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of our realizing any guarantees we may have
 obtained in connection with our investment;

- may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more
 vulnerable to competitors' actions and changing market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;
- are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons and, therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on the company and, in turn, on us; and
- generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses
 with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance
 expansion or maintain their competitive position.

In addition, investments in private companies tend to be less liquid. The securities of private companies are not publicly traded or actively traded on the secondary market and are, instead, traded on a privately negotiated over-the-counter secondary market for institutional investors. These over-the-counter secondary markets may be inactive during an economic downturn or a credit crisis and in any event often have lower volumes than publicly traded securities even in normal market conditions. In addition, the securities in these companies will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. If there is no readily available market for these investments, we are required to carry these investments at fair value as determined by our Board. As a result, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. We may also face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we, our Adviser or any of its affiliates have material nonpublic information regarding such portfolio company or where the sale would be an impermissible joint transaction under the 1940 Act. The reduced liquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to dispose of them at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

Finally, little public information generally exists about private companies and these companies may not have third-party credit ratings or audited financial statements. We must therefore rely on the ability of our Adviser to obtain adequate information through due diligence to evaluate the creditworthiness and potential returns from investing in these companies, and to monitor the activities and performance of these investments. To the extent that we (or other clients of the Adviser) may hold a larger number of investments, greater demands will be placed on the Adviser's time, resources and personnel in monitoring such investments, which may result in less attention being paid to any individual investment and greater risk that our investment decisions may not be fully informed. Additionally, these companies and their financial information will not generally be subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other rules that govern public companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments.

Certain investment analyses and decisions by the Adviser may be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis.

Investment analyses and decisions by the Adviser may be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of certain investment opportunities. While we generally will not seek to make an investment until the Adviser has conducted sufficient due diligence to make a determination as to the acceptability of the credit quality of the investment and the underlying issuer, in such cases, the information available to the Adviser at the time of making an investment decision may be limited. Therefore, no assurance can be given that the Adviser will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect an investment. In addition, the Adviser may rely upon independent consultants in connection with its evaluation of proposed investments. No assurance can be given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by such independent consultants and we may incur liability as a result of such consultants' actions, many of whom we will have limited recourse against in the event of any such inaccuracies.

We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies or to fund our unfunded commitments.

After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company or have the opportunity to increase our investment through the exercise of a warrant or other right to purchase common stock. There is no assurance that we will make, or will have sufficient funds to make, follow-on investments. Even if we do have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our level of risk, we prefer other opportunities, we are limited in our ability to do so by compliance with business development company requirements or in order to maintain our RIC status. Our ability to make follow-on investment or any requirements or to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful investment or may reduce the expected return to us on the investment.

Recent legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.

The 1940 Act generally prohibits us from incurring indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200% (i.e., the amount of our outstanding indebtedness may not exceed 50% of the value of our total consolidated assets). However, legislation enacted in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. Under the legislation, we are allowed to increase our leverage capacity if shareholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive shareholder approval, we would be allowed to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, the legislation allows the majority of our independent directors to approve an increase in our leverage capacity, and such approval would become effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to extend to our shareholders, as of the date of such approval the opportunity to sell the shares of common stock that they hold and to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. For shareholders accepting such an offer, the Company would be required to repurchase 25% of such shareholders' eligible shares in each of the four calendar quarters following the calendar quarter in which the approval occurs. In addition, before incurring any such additional leverage, we would have to renegotiate or receive a waiver from the contractual leverage limitations under our existing credit facilities and notes. We cannot assure you that we will be able to negotiate a change to our credit facilities or notes to allow us to

As a result of this legislation, we may be able to increase our leverage up to an amount that reduces our asset coverage ratio from 200% to 150%. Leverage magnifies the potential for loss on investments in our indebtedness and on invested equity capital. As we use leverage to partially finance our investments, you will experience increased risks of investing in our securities. If the value of our assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value attributable to our common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged our business. Similarly, any increase in our income in excess of interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net investment income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged to use the a decline could negatively affect our ability to pay common stock dividends, scheduled debt payments or other payments related to our securities. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. See "— *Risks Related to Our Business* — *To the extent that we borrowe money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us will be magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us. Borrowed money may also adversely affect the return on our assets, reduce cash available to service our debt or for distribution to our shareholders, and result in losses"*

Our ability to enter into transactions involving derivatives and financial commitment transactions may be limited.

The SEC has proposed a new rule under the 1940 Act that would govern the use of derivatives (defined to include any swap, security-based swap, futures contract, forward contract, option or any similar instrument) as well as financial commitment transactions (defined to include reverse repurchase agreements, short sale borrowings and any firm or standby commitment agreement or similar agreement) by BDCs. Under the proposed rule, a BDC would be required to comply with one of two alternative portfolio limitations and manage the risks associated with derivatives transactions and financial commitment transactions by segregating certain assets. Furthermore, a BDC that engages in more than a limited amount of derivatives transactions or that uses complex derivatives would be required to establish a formalized derivatives risk management program. If the SEC adopts this rule in the form proposed, we may incur greater and indirect costs to engage in derivatives transactions or financial commitment transactions, and our ability to enter into transactions involving such instruments may be hindered, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Risks

We cannot predict how tax reform legislation will affect us, our investments, or our shareholders, and any such legislation could adversely affect our business.

Legislative or other actions relating to taxes could have a negative effect on us. The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. In December 2017, the U.S. House of Representatives and U.S. Senate passed tax reform legislation, which the President signed into law. Such legislation made many changes to the Internal Revenue Code, including significant changes to the taxation of business entities, the deductibility of interest expense, and the tax treatment of capital investment. We cannot predict with certainty how any changes in the tax laws might affect us, our shareholders, or our portfolio investments. New legislation and any U.S. Treasury regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions interpreting such legislation could significantly and negatively affect our ability to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC or the U.S. federal income tax advisor regarding tax legislative, regulatory, or administrative developments and proposals and their potential effect on an investment in the Notes.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries.

To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following minimum annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements. See "*Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*".

The minimum Annual Distribution Requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our shareholders on an annual basis at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess, if any, of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses. In addition, a RIC may, in certain cases, satisfy the 90% distribution requirement by distributing dividends relating to a taxable year after the close of such taxable year under the "spillback dividend" provisions of Subchapter M. We would be taxed, at regular corporate rates, on retained income and/or gains, including any short-term capital gains or long-term capital gains. We also must satisfy an additional Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement with respect to each calendar year in order to avoid a 4% excise tax on the amount of the under-distribution. Because we may use debt financing, we are subject to (i) an asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act and may, in the future, be subject to (ii) certain financial covenants under loan and credit agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the distribution requirements. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, or choose or are required

to retain a portion of our taxable income or gains, we could (1) be required to pay excise taxes and (2) fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment, and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax on our taxable income (including gains).

The income source requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90% of our annual income from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of stock or securities, or other income derived from the business of investing in stock or securities.

The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. Specifically, at least 50% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash-equivalents (including receivables), U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities if such securities or any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships." Failure to meet these requirements will be in private companies, and therefore will be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to qualify for or maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and are subject to corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution, and the amount of our distributions.

We may invest in certain debt and equity investments through taxable subsidiaries and the net taxable income of these taxable subsidiaries will be subject to federal and state corporate income taxes. We may invest in certain foreign debt and equity investments which could be subject to foreign taxes (such as income tax, withholding, and value added taxes).

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash. For example, since we will likely hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having OID (such as debt instruments with PIK, secondary market purchases of debt securities at a discount to par, interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or debt instruments that were issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the OID that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as unrealized appreciation for foreign currency forward contracts and deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan or are paid in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. Furthermore, we may invest innon-U.S. corporations (or other non-U.S. entities treated as corporations for U.S. federal income tax purposes) that could be treated under the Code and U.S. Treasury regulations as "passive foreign investment companies" and/or "controlled foreign corporations." The rules relating to investment in these types of non-U.S. entities are designed to ensure that U.S. taxpayers are either, in effect, taxed currently (or on an accelerated basis with respect to corporate-level events) or taxed at increased tax rates at distribution or disposition. In certain circumstances this could require us to recognize income where we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash.

Unrealized appreciation on derivatives, such as foreign currency forward contracts, may be included in taxable income while the receipt of cash may occur in a subsequent period when the related contract expires. Any

unrealized depreciation on investments that the foreign currency forward contracts are designed to hedge are not currently deductible for tax purposes. This can result in increased taxable income whereby we may not have sufficient cash to pay distributions or we may opt to retain such taxable income and pay a 4% excise tax. In such cases we could still rely upon the "spillback provisions" to maintain RIC tax treatment.

We anticipate that a portion of our income may constitute OID or other income required to be included in taxable income prior to receipt of cash. Further, we may elect to amortize market discounts with respect to debt securities acquired in the secondary market and include such amounts in our taxable income in the current year, instead of upon disposition, as an election not to do so would limit our ability to deduct interest expenses for tax purposes. Because any OID or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of the accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even if we will not have received any corresponding cash amount. As a result, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. We may have to sell some of our investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, and choose not to make a qualifying share distribution, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors and undue reliance should not be placed thereon. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company," "we" or "our"), our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs and opinions, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "will," "may," continue," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "could," "should," "targets," "projects," "outlook," "potential," "predicts" and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- an economic downturn could disproportionately impact the companies that we intend to target for investment, potentially causing us to
 experience a decrease in investment opportunities and diminished demand for capital from these companies;
- · an economic downturn could also impact availability and pricing of our financing;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- · interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive
 payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars;
- our future operating results;
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · competition with other entities and our affiliates for investment opportunities;
- the speculative and illiquid nature of our investments;
- the use of borrowed money to finance a portion of our investments as well as any expectations regarding potential use of leverage;
- the adequacy of our financing sources and working capital;
- the loss of key personnel;
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
- · the ability of the Adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments;
- the ability of the Adviser to attract and retain highly talented professionals;
- our ability to maintain our tax treatment as a regulated investment company RIC under the Code, and as a BDC;

- the effect of legal, tax and regulatory changes; and
- other risks, uncertainties and other factors previously identified in the reports and other documents Owl Rock Capital Corporation has filed with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These forward-looking statements apply only as of the date of this prospectus. Moreover, we assume no duty and do not undertake to update the forward-looking statements. Because we are an investment company, the forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 21E of the 1934 Act.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from this offering will be approximately \$ million, based on an offering price of \$ per Note, after deducting the fee paid to the underwriters and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$850 thousand payable by us. Such estimate is subject to change and no assurances can be given that actual expenses will not exceed such amount. We expect to use proceeds from this offering to pay down a portion of our existing indebtedness under the Subscription Credit Facility which matures on August 1, 2019 and bears interest at a rate of 4.1% per annum. As of April 3, 2019, we had \$701 million outstanding under the Subscription Credit Facility.

Affiliates of certain underwriters are lenders under the Subscription Credit Facility. Accordingly, affiliates of certain of the underwriters may receive more than 5% of the proceeds of this offering to the extent the proceeds are used to pay down a portion of the outstanding indebtedness under the the Subscription Credit Facility.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth:

- the actual consolidated capitalization of the Company at December 31, 2018; and
- the consolidated capitalization of the Company at December 31, 2018, as adjusted to reflect the assumed sale of \$ aggregate principal amount of Notes in this offering at an assumed public offering price of \$ per Note after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$850 thousand payable by us and application of the net proceeds as discussed in more detail under "Use of Proceeds".

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	December 31, 2018		As A	As Adjusted for this Offering	
Assets					
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433)	\$	5,784,069	\$	5,784,069	
Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013)		127,603		127,603	
Interest receivable		29,680		29,680	
Receivable from a controlled affiliate		8,100		8,100	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,590	. <u></u>	1,590	
Total Assets	\$	5,951,042	\$	5,951,042	
Liabilities					
Debt					
Subscription Credit Facility (net of unamortized debt issuance					
costs of \$1,205)	\$	881,795			
Revolving Credit Facility (net of unamortized debt issuance					
costs of \$4,414)		304,229		304,229	
SPV Asset Facility I (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of					
\$3,648)		396,352		396,352	
SPV Asset Facility II (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of					
\$6,287)		543,713		543,713	
SPV Asset Facility III (net of unamortized debt issuance costs					
of \$5,005)		294,995		294,995	
2023 Notes (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$1,776)		146,633		146,633	
The Notes (net of unamortized debt issuance costs)					
Total Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335)		2,567,717		2,567,717	
Management fee payable		14,049		14,049	
Distribution payable		78,350		78,350	
Payables to affiliates		2,847		2,847	
Payable for investments purchased		3,180		3,180	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		20,054		20,054	
Total Liabilities		2,686,197		2,686,197	

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(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	December 31, 2018		As Adjusted for this Offering	
Net Assets				
Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized;				
216,204,837 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	\$	2,162	\$	2,162
Additional paid-in-capital		3,271,162		3,271,162
Total distributable earnings (losses)		(8,479)		(8,479)
Total Net Assets		3,264,845		3,264,845
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	5,951,042	\$	5,951,042
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$	15.10	\$	15.10

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with "Selected Financial Data and Other Information" and our consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. The information in this section contains forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or the future performance or financial condition of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and involves numerous risks and uncertainties. Please see "Risk Factors" and "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" for a discussion of uncertainties, risk and assumptions associated with these statements.

Overview

Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company", "we", "us" or "our") is a Maryland corporation formed on October 15, 2015. We were formed primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

We are managed by Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC ("the Adviser" or "our Adviser"). The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors (the "Board"), the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us. The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. The Adviser is responsible for managing our business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring our investments, and monitoring our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals. The Board consists of seven directors, four of whom are independent.

From March 3, 2016 (the "Initial Closing") through March 2, 2018, we conducted private offerings (each, a "Private Offering") of our common stock to accredited investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. At the closing of each Private Offering, each investor made a capital commitment (a "Capital Commitment") to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into with the Company. Investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of our common stock up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time we deliver a drawdown notice to our investors. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors and have drawn \$3.1 billion. If we have not consummated a listing of our common stock on a national securities exchange (an "Exchange Listing") by March 3, 2021, the five-year anniversary of the Initial Closing, subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, in the sole discretion of the Board (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act")) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to wind down and/or liquidate and dissolve the Company in an orderly manner.

Placement activities were conducted by our officers and the Adviser. In addition, we entered into agreements with placement agents or brokerdealers to solicit investor Capital Commitments. Fees paid pursuant to these agreements are paid by our Adviser.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland that, like us, has elected to be treated as a business development company ("BDC") under the 1940 Act. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's

investment objective is similar to ours, which is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II had raised gross proceeds of approximately \$449.0 million, including seed capital contributed by the Adviser in September 2016 and approximately \$10.0 million in gross proceeds raised from certain individuals and entities affiliated with the Adviser.

The Adviser is under common control with Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC ("ORTA") and Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC ("ORCPFA"), which also are investment advisers and subsidiaries of Owl Rock Capital Partners. The Adviser, ORTA, ORCPFA and Owl Rock Capital Partners are referred to, collectively, as "Owl Rock."

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, our Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to permit us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or certain of its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transactions, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between us and/or other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief.

On April 27, 2016, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lenders license. OR Lending LLC loans to borrowers headquartered in California. For time to time we may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate our normal course of business.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a regulated investment company ("RIC") for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, we are required to comply with various statutory and regulatory requirements, such as:

- the requirement to invest at least 70% of our assets in "qualifying assets", as such term is defined in the 1940 Act;
- source of income limitations;
- asset diversification requirements; and
- the requirement to distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and tax-exempt interest for that taxable year.

Our Investment Framework

We are a Maryland corporation organized primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. Our investment objective is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted

returns. Since our Adviser and its affiliates began investment activities in April 2016 through December 31, 2018, our Adviser and its affiliates have originated \$11.1 billion aggregate principal amount of investments, of which \$9.8 billion of aggregate principal amount of investments prior to any subsequent exits or repayments, was retained by either us or a corporation or fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S. middle market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans or originations of unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, investments in equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity.

We define "middle market companies" generally to mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, or "EBITDA," between \$10 million and \$250 million annually and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment, although we may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an opportunity presents itself.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include "covenant-lite" loans (as defined below), with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our Shareholders. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans. In addition, we generally do not intend to invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States, although we do not generally intend to invest in companies whose principal place of business is in an emerging market. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

As of December 31, 2018, our average investment size in each of our portfolio companies was approximately \$79.2 million based on fair value. As of December 31, 2018, our portfolio companies, excluding the investment in Sebago Lake and certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile and represent 99.6% of our total portfolio based on fair value, had weighted average annual revenue of \$468 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$81 million.

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support their growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion, refinancings and/or recapitalizations. The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3), which is often referred to as "high yield" or "junk".

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Investments

We focus primarily on the direct origination of loans to middle market companies domiciled in the United States.

Our level of investment activity (both the number of investments and the size of each investment) can and will vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital available to middle market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

In addition, as part of our risk strategy on investments, we may reduce the levels of certain investments through partial sales or syndication to additional lenders.

Revenues

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we may generate income from dividends on either direct equity investments or equity interests obtained in connection with originating loans, such as options, warrants or conversion rights. Our debt investments typically have a term of three to ten years. As of December 31, 2018, 99.6% of our debt investments based on fair value bear interest at a floating rate, subject to interest rate floors, in certain cases. Interest on our debt investments is generally payable either monthly or quarterly.

Our investment portfolio consists primarily of floating rate loans, and our credit facilities bear interest at floating rates. Macro trends in base interest rates like London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") may affect our net investment income over the long term. However, because we generally originate loans to a small number of portfolio companies each quarter, and those investments vary in size, our results in any given period, including the interest rate on investments that were sold or repaid in a period compared to the interest rate of new investments made during that period, often are idiosyncratic, and reflect the characteristics of the particular portfolio companies that we invested in or exited during the period and not necessarily any trends in our business or macro trends.

Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we accrete or amortize such amounts under U.S. GAAP as interest income using the effective yield method for term instruments and the straight-line method for revolving or delayed draw instruments. Repayments of our debt investments can reduce interest income from period to period. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly. We record prepayment premiums on loans as interest income. We may also generate revenue in the form of commitment, loan origination, structuring, or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and possibly consulting fees.

Dividend income on equity investments is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on thex-dividend date for publicly traded companies.

Our portfolio activity also reflects the proceeds from sales of investments. We recognize realized gains or losses on investments based on the difference between the net proceeds from the disposition and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized. We record current period changes in fair value of investments that are measured at fair value as a component of the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments in the consolidated statement of operations.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of the management fee and, in the event of the future quotation or listing of our securities on a national securities exchange, the incentive fee, and expenses reimbursable under the Administration Agreement and Investment Advisory Agreement. The management fee and incentive fee compensate our Adviser for work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing, monitoring and realizing our investments.

Except as specifically provided below, all investment professionals and staff of the Adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing investment advisory and management services to us, the base compensation, bonus and benefits, and the routine overhead expenses of such personnel allocable to such services, are provided and paid for by the Adviser. We bear our allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Financial Officer and their respective staffs (based on a percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business affairs). We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including, but not limited to (i) investment advisory fees, including management fees and incentive fees, to the Adviser, pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement; (ii) our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses of its operations including, without limitation, those relating to:

- the cost of our organization and offerings;
- the cost of calculating our net asset value, including the cost of any third-party valuation services;
- · the cost of effecting any sales and repurchases of our common stock and other securities;
- · fees and expenses payable under any dealer manager agreements, if any;
- · debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- costs of hedging;
- expenses, including travel expense, incurred by the Adviser, or members of the investment team, or payable to third parties, performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, enforcing our rights;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- · fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts;
- federal and state registration fees, any stock exchange listing fees and fees payable to rating agencies;
- · federal, state and local taxes;
- · independent directors' fees and expenses including certain travel expenses;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, including registration and listing fees, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to our shareholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any shareholder or director meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- research and market data;
- fidelity bond, directors' and officers' errors and omissions liability insurance and other insurance premiums;
- · direct costs and expenses of administration, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone and staff;
- · fees and expenses associated with independent audits, outside legal and consulting costs;
- costs of winding up;
- · costs incurred in connection with the formation or maintenance of entities or vehicles to hold our assets for tax or other purposes;

- extraordinary expenses (such as litigation or indemnification); and
- costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws.

We expect, but cannot assure, that our general and administrative expenses will increase in dollar terms during periods of asset growth, but will decline as a percentage of total assets during such periods.

Leverage

The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions. Generally, our total borrowings are limited so that we cannot incur additional borrowings, including through the issuance of additional debt securities, if such additional indebtedness would cause our asset coverage ratio to fall below 200%, as defined in the 1940 Act; however, recent legislation has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. We are permitted to increase our leverage capacity if shareholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive such shareholder approval, we would be permitted to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, we may increase the maximum amount of leverage we may incur to an asset coverage ratio of 150% if the required majority (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the independent members of our Board approves such increase with such approval becoming effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to extend to our shareholders, as of the date of such approval, the opportunity to sell the shares of common stock that they hold and we would be required to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. For shareholders accepting such an offer, the Company would be required to repurchase 25% of such shareholders' eligible shares in each of the four calendar quarters following the calendar quarter in which the approval occurs. In addition, before incurring any such

In any period, our interest expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing, and we expect interest expense will increase as we increase our debt outstanding. In addition, we may dedicate assets to financing facilities.

Market Trends

We believe the middle-market lending environment provides opportunities for us to meet our goal of making investments that generate attractive risk-adjusted returns based on a combination of the following factors:

Limited Availability of Capital for Middle-Market Companies. We believe that regulatory and structural changes in the market have reduced the amount of capital available to U.S. middle-market companies. In particular, we believe there are currently fewer providers of capital to middle market companies. We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. We also believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold its loans without having to syndicate them, coupled with reduced capacity of traditional lenders to serve the middle-market, present an attractive opportunity to invest in middle-market companies.

Capital Markets Have Been Unable to Fill the Void in U.S. Middle Market Finance Left by Banks While underwritten bond and syndicated loan markets have been robust in recent years, middle market companies are less able to access these markets for reasons including the following:

High Yield Market – Middle market companies generally are not issuing debt in an amount large enough to be an attractively sized bond. High yield bonds are generally purchased by institutional investors who, among other things, are focused on the liquidity characteristics of the bond being issued. For example, mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") are significant buyers of underwritten bonds. However, mutual funds and ETFs generally require the ability to liquidate their investments quickly in order to fund investor redemptions and/or comply with regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the existence of an active secondary market for bonds is an important consideration in these entities' initial investment decision. Because there is typically little or no active secondary market for the debt of U.S. middle market companies, mutual funds and ETFs generally do not provide debt capital to U.S. middle market companies and and ereates an advantage for those like us who have a more stable capital base and have the ability to invest in illiquid assets.

Syndicated Loan Market – While the syndicated loan market is modestly more accommodating to middle market issuers, as with bonds, loan issue size and liquidity are key drivers of institutional appetite and, correspondingly, underwriters' willingness to underwrite the loans. Loans arranged through a bank are done either on a "best efforts" basis or are underwritten with terms plus provisions that permit the underwriters to change certain terms, including pricing, structure, yield and tenor, otherwise known as "flex", to successfully syndicate the loan, in the event the terms initially marketed are insufficiently attractive to investors. Furthermore, banks are generally reluctant to underwrite middle market loans because the arrangement fees they may earn on the placement of the debt generally are not sufficient to meet the banks' return hurdles. Loans provided by companies such as ours provide certainty to issuers in that we can commit to a given amount of debt on specific terms, at stated coupons and with agreed upon fees. As we are the ultimate holder of the loans, we do not require market "flex" or other arrangements that banks may require when acting on an agency basis.

Robust Demand for Debt Capital. We believe U.S. middle market companies will continue to require access to debt capital to refinance existing debt, support growth and finance acquisitions. In addition, we believe the large amount of uninvested capital held by funds of private equity firms, estimated by Preqin Ltd., an alternative assets industry data and research company, to be \$1.2 trillion as of December 2018, will continue to drive deal activity. We expect that private equity sponsors will continue to pursue acquisitions and leverage their equity investments with secured loans provided by companies such as us.

The Middle Market is a Large Addressable Market. According to GE Capital's National Center for the Middle Market 4th quarter 2018 Middle Market Indicator, there are approximately 200,000 U.S. middle market companies, which have approximately 47.9 million aggregate employees. Moreover, the U.S. middle market accounts for one-third of private sector gross domestic product ("GDP"). GE defines U.S. middle market companies as those between \$10 million and \$1 billion in annual revenue, which we believe has significant overlap with our definition of U.S. middle market companies.

Attractive Investment Dynamics. An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics. We believe the directly negotiated nature of middle market financings also generally provides more favorable terms to the lender, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection, and lender-protective change of control provisions. Additionally, we believe BDC managers' expertise in credit selection and ability to manage through credit cycles has generally resulted in BDCs experiencing lower loss rates than U.S. commercial banks through credit cycles. Further, we believe that historical middle market default rates have been lower, and recovery rates have been higher, as compared to the larger market capitalization, broadly distributed market, leading to lower cumulative losses.

Conservative Capital Structures. Following the credit crisis, which we define broadly as occurring betweenmid-2007 and mid-2009, lenders have generally required borrowers to maintain more equity as a percentage of their total capitalization, specifically to protect lenders during economic downturns. With more conservative capital structures, U.S. middle market companies have exhibited higher levels of cash flows available to service their debt. In addition, U.S. middle market companies often are characterized by simpler capital structures than larger borrowers, which facilitates a streamlined underwriting process and, when necessary, restructuring process.

Attractive Opportunities in Investments in Loans. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities. We believe that opportunities in senior secured loans are significant because of the floating rate structure of most senior secured debt issuances and because of the strong defensive characteristics of these types of investments. Given the current low interest rate environment, we believe that debt issues with floating interest rates offer a superior return profile as compared with fixed-rate investments, since floating rate structures are generally less susceptible to declines in value experienced by fixed-rate securities in a rising interest rate environment. Senior secured debt has priority in payment among an issuer's security holders whereby holders are due to receive payment before junior creditors and equity holders. Further, these investments are secured by the issuer's assets, which may provide protection in the event of a default.

Portfolio and Investment Activity

As of December 31, 2018, based on fair value, our portfolio consisted of 78.7% first lien senior secured debt investments, 19.2% second lien senior secured debt investments, 0.4% unsecured debt investments, 1.5% investment funds and vehicles, and less than 1% equity investments.

As of December 31, 2018, our weighted average total yield of the portfolio at fair value and amortized cost was 9.4% and 9.4%, respectively, and our weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value and amortized cost was 9.4% and 9.4%, respectively.

As of December 31, 2018 we had investments in 73 portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of \$5.8 billion.

Our investment activity for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 is presented below (information presented herein is at par value unless otherwise indicated).

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017	2016
New investment commitments			
Gross originations	\$5,814,181	\$ 2,277,528	\$ 1,173,032
Less: Sell downs	(618,040)	(396,375)	(172,500)
Total new investment commitments	\$ 5,196,141	\$ 1,881,153	\$ 1,000,532
Principal amount of investments funded:			
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$3,388,527	\$ 1,242,944	\$ 584,660
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	799,701	434,750	395,500
Equity investments	11,215	2,760	
Investment funds and vehicles	26,110	65,028	_
Unsecured debt investments	23,000		
Total principal amount of investments funded	\$4,248,553	<u>\$1,745,482</u>	\$ 980,160

	For the Years Ended December 31,		er 31,
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2018 2017 2016	
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:			
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$(536,715)	\$(187,351)	\$ —
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	(341,600)	(138,500)	_
Equity investments	(2,760)	_	_
Investment funds and vehicles	—	_	_
Unsecured debt investments			
Total principal amount of investments sold or repaid	\$(881,075)	\$(325,851)	\$ —
Number of new investment commitments in new portfolio companies(1)	44	25	21
Average new investment commitment amount	\$ 105,689	\$ 72,566	\$47,644
Weighted average term for new investment commitments (in years)	6.2	6.0	6.4
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at floating rates	99.6%	98.1%	98.0
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at fixed rates	0.4%	1.9%	2.0
Weighted average interest rate of new investment commitments ⁽²⁾	8.8%	8.3%	8.5
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of new floating rate investment			
commitments	6.0%	6.5%	7.3

(1) Number of new investment commitments represents commitments to a particular portfolio company.

(2) Assumes each floating rate commitment is subject to the greater of the interest rate floor (if applicable) or3-month LIBOR, which was 2.81%, 1.69% and 1.00% as of December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, our investments consisted of the following:

	Decembe	December 31, 2018		r 31, 2017
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 4,566,573	\$ 4,554,835	\$ 1,640,301	\$ 1,652,021
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,119,507	1,109,366	664,825	669,376
Unsecured debt investments	23,000	22,183		
Equity investments	11,215	11,063	2,760	2,760
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽¹⁾	91,138	86,622	65,028	65,599
Total Investments	\$ 5,811,433	\$ 5,784,069	\$ 2,372,914	\$ 2,389,756

(1) Includes investment in Sebago Lake.

The table below describes investments by industry composition based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Advertising and media	4.2%	3.3%
Aerospace and defense	—	2.1
Automotive	2.6	_
Buildings and real estate	5.2	5.2

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	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Business services	7.6%	8.8%
Chemicals	1.7	_
Consumer products	1.8	4.7
Containers and packaging	0.7	2.3
Distribution	10.6	13.3
Education	3.0	—
Energy equipment and services	1.6	6.1
Financial services	1.9	3.6
Food and beverage	8.4	5.5
Healthcare providers and services	6.5	7.6
Healthcare technology	0.7	
Household products	0.9	3.0
Human resource support services	_	1.9
nfrastructure and environmental services	3.4	3.1
nsurance	0.6	1.4
Internet software and services	9.5	7.4
Investment funds and vehicles (1)	1.5	2.7
Leisure and entertainment	3.8	7.6
Manufacturing	1.8	3.3
Oil and gas	4.9	1.6
Professional services	11.4	2.4
Specialty retail	2.8	1.6
Telecommunications	0.6	_
Transportation	2.3	1.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%

(1) Includes investment in Sebago Lake.

The table below describes investments by geographic composition based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
United States:		
Midwest	17.3%	16.9%
Northeast	22.0	15.7
South	36.7	42.1
West	20.1	17.9
Belgium	1.6	2.5
Canada	0.9	3.3
United Kingdom	1.4	1.6
Total	100.0%	100.0%

The weighted average yields and interest rates of our investments at fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Weighted average total yield of portfolio	9.4%	8.8%
Weighted average total yield of debt and income producing		
securities	9.4%	8.8%
Weighted average interest rate of debt securities	9.0%	8.5%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of all floating rate		
investments	6.3%	7.1%

The weighted average yield of our debt and income producing securities is not the same as a return on investment for our shareholders but, rather, relates to our investment portfolio and is calculated before the payment of all of our and our subsidiaries' fees and expenses. The weighted average yield was computed using the effective interest rates as of each respective date, including accretion of original issue discount and loan origination fees, but excluding investments on non-accrual status, if any. There can be no assurance that the weighted average yield will remain at its current level.

Our Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. It monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if they are meeting their respective business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action with respect to each portfolio company. Our Adviser has several methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- · comparisons to other companies in the portfolio company's industry; and
- · review of monthly or quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

As part of the monitoring process, our Adviser employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, our Adviser rates the credit risk of all investments on a scale of 1 to 5. This system is intended primarily to reflect the underlying risk of a portfolio investment relative to our initial cost basis in respect of such portfolio investment (i.e., at the time of origination or acquisition), although it may also take into account the performance of the portfolio company's business, the collateral coverage of the investment and other relevant factors. The rating system is as follows:

Investment Rating	Description
1	Investments rated 1 involve the least amount of risk to our initial cost basis. The borrower is performing above expectations, and the trends and risk factors for this investment since origination or acquisition are generally favorable;
2	Investments rated 2 involve an acceptable level of risk that is similar to the risk at the time of origination or acquisition. The borrower is generally performing as expected and the risk factors are neutral to favorable. All investments or acquired investments in new portfolio companies are initially assessed a rating of 2;
3	Investments rated 3 involve a borrower performing below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased somewhat since origination or acquisition;

Investment Rating	Description
4	Investments rated 4 involve a borrower performing materially below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased materially since origination or acquisition. In addition to the borrower being generally out of compliance with debt covenants, loan payments may be past due (but generally not more than 120 days past due); and
5	Investments rated 5 involve a borrower performing substantially below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased substantially since origination or acquisition. Most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. Loans rated 5 are not anticipated to be repaid in full and we will reduce the fair market value of the loan to the amount we anticipate will be recovered.

Our Adviser rates the investments in our portfolio at least quarterly and it is possible that the rating of a portfolio investment may be reduced or increased over time. For investments rated 3, 4 or 5, our Adviser enhances its level of scrutiny over the monitoring of such portfolio company.

The following table shows the composition of our portfolio on the 1 to 5 rating scale as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Decembe	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		
Investment Rating	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio		
(\$ in thousands)						
1	\$ 748,877	12.9%	\$ 152,773	6.4%		
2	4,665,758	80.7	2,142,023	89.6		
3	369,434	6.4	94,960	4.0		
4	_	_	_	_		
5	—	_	_			
Total	\$ 5,784,069	100.0%	\$ 2,389,756	100.0%		

The following table shows the amortized cost of our performing and non-accrual debt investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December 3	December 31, 2018		1, 2017
(\$ in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Percentage	Amortized Cost	Percentage
Performing	\$ 5,709,080	100.0%	\$ 2,305,126	100.0%
Non-accrual				
Total	\$ 5,709,080	100.0%	\$ 2,305,126	100.0%

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Sebago Lake LLC

Sebago Lake, a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between us and The Regents of the University of California ("Regents") and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. Sebago Lake's

principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Both we and Regents (the "Members") have a 50% economic ownership in Sebago Lake. Except under certain circumstances, contributions to Sebago Lake cannot be redeemed. Each of the Members initially agreed to contribute up to \$100 million to Sebago Lake. On July 26, 2018, each of the Members increased their contribution to Sebago Lake up to an aggregate of \$125 million. As of December 31, 2018, each Member has funded \$91.1 million of their respective \$125 million commitments. Sebago Lake is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members.

We have determined that Sebago Lake is an investment company under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, we will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Accordingly, we do not consolidate our non-controlling interest in Sebago Lake.

During the period ended December 31, 2018, we acquired one investment from Sebago Lake at fair market value. The transaction generated a realized gain of \$0.1 million for Sebago Lake. During the period ended December 31, 2017, we sold our investment in three portfolio companies at fair market value to Sebago Lake generating a realized gain of \$0.5 million.

As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Sebago Lake had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value of \$531.5 million and \$330.0 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with ASC 820; however, such fair value is not included in our Board's valuation process. The following table is a summary of Sebago Lake's portfolio as well as a listing of the portfolio investments in Sebago Lake's portfolio as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December 31,	Dec	cember 31,
(\$ in thousands)	2018		2017
Total senior secured debt investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 545,553	\$	332,499
Weighted average spread over LIBOR(1)	4.66%		4.71%
Number of portfolio companies	16		12
Largest funded investment to a single borrower(1)	\$ 49,768	\$	46,646

(1) At par.

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 (\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5) Debt Investments	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A	First lien senior secured						
Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)	loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2023	\$ 35,547	\$ 34,936	\$ 34,765	20.1%
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A	First lien senior secured						
Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(11)(12)(14)	revolving loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2022	_	(48)	(66)	— %
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.(6)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.25%	11/21/2025	25,000	24,751	24,750	14.3%
				60,547	59,639	59,449	34.4%
Education							
SSH Group Holdings, Inc. (dba Stratford School)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	7/30/2025	34,913	34,812	34,383	19.8%

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 (\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Food and beverage	Investment	Interest	Date	Units	Cost(3)	value	Equity
DecoPac, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.25%	9/30/2024	21,161	21,074	20,949	12.1%
DecoPac, Inc.(11)(12)(14)	First lien senior secured					,	
	revolving loan	L+4.25%	9/29/2023	_	(14)	(32)	— %
FQSR, LLC (dba KBP Investments) (8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 5.50%	5/14/2023	24,756	24,426	24,202	14.0%
FQSR, LLC (dba KBP Investments) (8)(11)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	5/14/2020	3,305	3,224	3,168	1.8%
Give & Go Prepared Foods Corp. (8)	First lien senior secured	T + 4.250/	5/20/2022	24 (00	24 (20)	21 525	10.5%
\mathbf{C}_{1} , \mathbf{D}_{2} , \mathbf{L}_{1} , \mathbf{L}_{2} , \mathbf{L}_{2} , (0)	loan	L+4.25%	7/29/2023	24,688	24,638	21,725	12.5%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.00%	7/20/2025	45,000	44,556	44,550	25.7%
	Ioan	L + 5.00%	1/20/2025				
				118,910	117,904	114,562	66.1%
Healthcare equipment and services	Figure 1						
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%	8/19/2023	40,019	39,835	39,659	22.9%
Cadence, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured	L = 4.00%	8/19/2025	40,019	39,833	39,039	22.970
Cadence, Inc. (0)	loan	L+4.50%	5/21/2025	24,599	24,034	23,418	13.5%
Cadence, Inc. (11)(12)(14)	First lien senior secured	E 1.5070	5/21/2025	21,399	21,051	25,110	15.570
	revolving loan	L+4.50%	5/21/2025		(161)	(301)	(0.2)%
				64,618	63,708	62,776	36.2%
Infrastructure and environmental services				04,010	05,700	02,770	50.270
CHA Holding, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.50%	4/10/2025	24,875	24,772	24,601	14.2%
CHA Holding, Inc.(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured			,	, · · ·		
-	delayed draw term loan	L + 4.50%	10/10/2019	_	(24)	(60)	— %
				24,875	24,748	24,541	14.2%
Insurance					, · · ·		
Integro Parent Inc. (8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 5.75%	10/28/2022	44,655	44,456	43,749	25.3%
Integro Parent Inc. (8)(11)(14)	First lien senior secured						
-	revolving loan	L + 4.50%	10/30/2021	1,830	1,805	1,728	1.0%
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits	First lien senior secured						
Partners)(8)	loan	L+4.25%	3/29/2025	34,822	34,095	33,608	19.3%
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits	First lien senior secured						
Partners)(9)(11)(14)	revolving loan	P + 3.25%	3/29/2023	1,250	1,091	1,019	0.6%
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits	First lien senior secured						a 404
Partners)(8)(11)(13)	delayed draw term loan	L+4.25%	3/29/2020	6,147	5,953	5,843	3.4%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	8/7/2022	29,568	29,323	29,273	16.9%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured	L = 5.30%	8/7/2022	29,308	29,525	29,273	10.9%
woney claims services, LEC(11)(12)(13)(14)	delayed draw term loan	I + 5.50%	2/7/2019	_	(28)	_	— %
	doing ou draw term 10an	2 . 5.5070	2///2019	118,272		115,220	
Internet software and services				118,272	116,695	113,220	66.5%
	First lien senior secured						
DigiCert, Inc.(6)(10)	loan	L+4.00%	10/31/2024	49,768	49,505	48,623	28.1%
Manufacturing	IUali	L + 4.0070	10/31/2024	4 9,700	+9,505	40,023	20.1%
ACProducts, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured						
ACTIOUUCIS, IIIC.(0)	loan	L+4.75%	1/3/2022	48,750	48,320	47,726	27.5%
	ioan	L + 4./3/0	1/5/2022	40,750	40,520	47,720	21.370

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2018

(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5) Transportation	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
1							
Uber Technologies, Inc. (6)(10)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 4.00%	4/4/2025	24,900	24,745	24,235	14.0%
Total Debt Investments				\$545,553	\$ 540,076	\$531,515	306.8%
Total Investments				\$545,553	\$ 540,076	\$531,515	306.8%

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

- (2) Unless otherwise indicated, Sebago Lake's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under Sebago Lake's credit facility.
- (3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure, and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.50%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 2 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.61%.
- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.81%.
- (9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2018 was 5.50%.

(10) Level 2 investment.

- (11) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
- (12) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (13) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (14) Investment is not pledged as collateral under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017

(\$ in thousands)

			Maturity	Par /	Amortized	Fair	Percentage of Members'
Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Date	Units	Cost(3)	Value	Equity
Debt Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC(8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2023	\$ 31,695	\$ 31,062	\$ 31,061	23.7%
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2023	_	(42) (42)	— %
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2022		(60) (60)	%
				31,695	30,960	30,959	23.7%
Distribution							
FCX Holdings Corp.(6)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.25%	8/4/2020	26,626	26,501	26,493	20.2%
Sierra Acquisition, Inc(6)(13)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.25%	11/10/2024	20,000	19,912	20,160	15.4%
				46,626	46,413	46,653	35.6%
Education							
SSH Group Holdings, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+5.00%	10/2/2024	17,500	17,331	17,325	13.2%

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Food and beverage		<u> </u>					
DecoPac, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	9/30/2024	21,214	21,116	21,108	16.1%
DecoPac, Inc. (7)(9)(12)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.25%	9/29/2023	1,143	1,126	1,125	0.9%
Give & Go Prepared Foods Corp. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	7/29/2023	24,938	24,878	24,875	19.0%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	7/18/2024	43,135	41,899	41,927	32.0%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.50%	7/18/2022	_	(127)	(122)	(0.1)%
	0			90,430	88,892	88,913	67.9%
Healthcare equipment and services				,	,		
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.00%	8/21/2023	46,646	46,201	46,179	35.2%
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	10/4/2024	23,077	23,023	23,021	17.5%
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (7)(9)(12)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+4.75%	10/4/2024	1,277	1,260	1,260	1.0%
	-			71,000	70,484	70,460	53.7%
Insurance					, .	,	
Worley Claims Services, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured	L+5.50%	8/7/2022	17,248	17,098	17,095	13.0%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(9)(10)(11)(12)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	2/7/2019		(35)	(38)	— %
	-			17,248	17,063	17,057	13.0%
Internet software and services				,	.,		
DigiCert, Inc.(7)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	10/31/2024	43.000	42,799	43,516	33.2%
Manufacturing		<u> </u>	10/01/2021	10,000	,.))	.5,510	55.270
Blount International, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	4/12/2023	15,000	14,964	15,165	11.3%
Total Debt Investments				\$ 332,499	\$ 328,906	\$ 330,048	251.6%
Total Investments				\$ 332,499	\$ 328,906	\$ 330,048	251.6%

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, Sebago Lake's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

(3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

(4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

(5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure, and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

(6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.56%.

(7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.69%.

(8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.84%.

(9) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.

(10) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.

- (11) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (12) Investment is not pledged as collateral under Sebago Lake's credit facility.
- (13) Level 2 investment.

Below is selected balance sheet information for Sebago Lake as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	As of December 31,	
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017
Assets		
Investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$540,076 and \$328,906,		
respectively)	\$ 531,515	\$ 330,048
Cash	13,487	7,519
Interest receivable	1,925	1,300
Prepaid expenses and other assets	455	71
Total Assets	\$ 547,382	\$ 338,938
Liabilities		
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$5,368 and \$4,330,		
respectively)	\$ 356,611	\$ 201,419
Loan origination and structuring fees payable	4,871	3,378
Distributions payable	6,460	250
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,196	2,692
Total Liabilities	374,138	207,739
Vembers' Equity		
Members' Equity	173,244	131,199
Members' Equity	173,244	131,199
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 547,382	<u>\$ 338,938</u>

Below is selected statement of operations information for Sebago Lake for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Years Ended	December 31,
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017(1)
Investment Income		
Interest income	\$ 37,760	\$ 6,755
Other income	671	84
Total Investment Income	38,431	6,839
Expenses		
Initial organization	_	108
Loan origination and structuring fee	4,871	3,378
Interest expense	16,228	2,716
Professional fees	821	387
Total Expenses	21,920	6,589
Net Investment Income Before Taxes	16,511	250
Taxes	285	
Net Investment Income After Taxes	\$ 16,226	\$ 250

	Years Ended December 31,			
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017(1)		
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments				
Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	\$ (9,703)	\$ 1,142		
Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments	61	_		
Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(9,642)	1,142		
Net Increase in Members' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 6,584	\$ 1,392		

(1) Sebago Lake commenced operations on June 20, 2017.

On August 9, 2017, Sebago Lake Financing LLC and SL Lending LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Sebago Lake, entered into a credit facility with Goldman Sachs Bank USA. Goldman Sachs Bank USA serves as the sole lead arranger, syndication agent and administrative agent, and State Street Bank and Trust Company serves as the collateral administrator and agent. The credit facility includes a maximum borrowing capacity of \$400 million. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$362.0 million outstanding under the credit facility. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the components of interest expense were as follows:

	Years Ended De	s Ended December 31,		
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017(1)		
Interest expense	\$ 14,663	\$ 2,434		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,565	282		
Total Interest Expense	<u>\$ 16,228</u>	\$ 2,716		
Average interest rate	4.4%	3.6%		
Average daily borrowings	\$ 326,902	\$ 170,699		

(1) Averages reflect the period from August 9, 2017, the date of agreement, through December 31, 2017.

Loan Origination and Structuring Fees

If the loan origination and structuring fees earned by Sebago Lake during a fiscal period exceed Sebago Lake's expenses and other obligations (excluding financing costs), such excess is allocated to the Member(s) responsible for the origination of the loans pro rata in accordance with the total loan origination and structuring fees earned by Sebago Lake with respect to the loans originated by such Member; provided, that in no event will the amount allocated to a Member exceed 1% of the par value of the loans originated by such Member in any fiscal year. The loan origination and structuring fee is accrued quarterly and included in other income from controlled, affiliated investments on our Consolidated Statements of Operations and paid annually. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we accrued income based on loan origination and structuring fees of \$4.9 million and \$3.4 million, respectively. Subsequent to December 31, 2018, the Members agreed to amend the terms of Sebago Lake's operating agreement to eliminate the allocation of excess loan origination and structuring fees to the Members.

Results of Operations

The following table represents the operating results for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

	Year	er 31,	
(\$ in millions)	2018	2017	2016
Total Investment Income	\$ 388.7	\$ 159.9	\$ 28.8
Less: Expenses	142.2	65.9	19.4
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Taxes	\$ 246.5	\$ 94.0	\$ 9.4
Less: Income taxes, including excise taxes	1.1	0.2	0.4
Net Investment Income (Loss) After Taxes	\$ 245.4	\$ 93.8	\$ 9.0
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(43.6)	9.2	7.6
Net realized gain (loss)	0.4	0.7	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 202.2	\$ 103.7	\$ 16.6

Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations can vary from period to period as a result of various factors, including the level of new investment commitments, expenses, the recognition of realized gains and losses and changes in unrealized appreciation and depreciation on the investment portfolio.

Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Y	Years Ended December 31,					
(\$ in millions)	2018	2017	2016				
Interest income from investments	\$ 366.8	\$ 151.2	\$ 27.9				
Dividend income	8.4	0.1	_				
Other income	13.5	8.6	0.9				
Total investment income	<u>\$ 388.7</u>	\$ 159.9	\$ 28.8				

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Investment income increased to \$388.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 from \$159.9 million for the same period in prior year primarily due to an increase in interest income as a result of an increase in our investment portfolio. Our investment portfolio, at par, increased from \$2.4 billion as of December 31, 2017, to \$5.9 billion as of December 31, 2018. In addition to the growth in the portfolio, the incremental increase in investment income was due to an increase in dividend income earned from our investment in Sebago Lake of \$8.3 million year-over-year, and an increase of \$4.9 million in other income, primarily driven by incremental fee income.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

Investment income increased to \$159.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 from \$28.8 million for the same period in prior year due to increase in interest income as a result of an increase in our investment portfolio, dividend income and other income earned during the year ended December 31, 2017.

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Expenses

Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Yea	Years Ended December 31		
(\$ in millions)	2018	2017	2016	
Initial Organization	\$	\$ —	\$ 1.2	
Interest expense	76.8	24.6	2.8	
Management fee	52.1	31.1	9.2	
Professional fees	7.8	5.4	3.0	
Directors' fees	0.5	0.4	0.3	
Other general and administrative	5.0	4.4	2.9	
Total expenses	\$ 142.2	\$ 65.9	\$ 19.4	

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, we reimburse the Adviser for services performed for us. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for us by such affiliate or third party.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Total expenses increased to \$142.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2018 from \$65.9 million for the same period in the prior year primarily due to an increase in management fees and interest expense. The increase in interest expense of \$52.2 million is driven by both an increase in average daily borrowings to \$1.6 billion from \$0.7 billion period over period, and an increase in the average interest rate to 4.27% from 2.85% period over period. The increase in management fees of \$21.0 million is primarily due to an increase in gross assets and unfunded equity commitments.

For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

Total expenses increased to \$65.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 from \$19.4 million for the same period in prior year due to an increase in management fees, interest expense and other expenses of \$21.9 million, \$21.8 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, partially offset by initial organization expenses incurred during the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$1.2 million.

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our shareholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we, among other things, intend to make the requisite distributions to our shareholders, which generally relieves us from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we will accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 we recorded expenses of \$1.1 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for U.S. federal excise tax, respectively.

Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments

We fair value our portfolio investments quarterly and any changes in fair value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses. During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, net unrealized gains (losses) on our investment portfolio were comprised of the following:

	Year	Years Ended December 31,		
(\$ in millions)	2018	2017	2016	
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ (43.6)	\$ 9.2	\$ 7.6	
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments	<u>\$ (43.6)</u>	<u>\$ 9.2</u>	\$ 7.6	

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments

The realized gains and losses on fully exited and partially exited portfolio companies during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were comprised of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,		
(\$ in millions)	2018	2017	2016
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 0.4	0.7	\$ —
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.7	\$

Realized Gross Internal Rate of Return

Since we began investing in 2016 through December 31, 2018, our exited investments have resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return to us of 11.3% (based on total capital invested of \$1.2 billion and total proceeds from these exited investments of \$1.3 billion). Over 80% of these exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return ("IRR") to us of 10% or greater.

IRR is a measure of our discounted cash flows (inflows and outflows). Specifically, IRR is the discount rate at which the net present value of all cash flows is equal to zero. That is, IRR is the discount rate at which the present value of total capital invested in each of our investments is equal to the present value of all realized returns from that investment. Our IRR calculations are unaudited.

Capital invested, with respect to an investment, represents the aggregate cost basis allocable to the realized or unrealized portion of the investment, net of any upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of the investment.

Realized returns, with respect to an investment, represents the total cash received with respect to each investment, including all amortization payments, interest, dividends, prepayment fees, upfront fees (except upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of an investment), administrative fees, agent fees, amendment fees, accrued interest, and other fees and proceeds.

Gross IRR, with respect to an investment, is calculated based on the dates that we invested capital and dates we received distributions, regardless of when we made distributions to our shareholders. Initial investments are assumed to occur at time zero.

Gross IRR reflects historical results relating to our past performance and is not necessarily indicative of our future results. In addition, gross IRR does not reflect the effect of management fees, expenses, incentive fees or taxes borne, or to be borne, by us or our shareholders, and would be lower if it did.

Aggregate cash flow realized gross IRR on our exited investments reflects only invested and realized cash amounts as described above, and does not reflect any unrealized gains or losses in our portfolio.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources are generated primarily from the proceeds of capital drawdowns of our privately placed Capital Commitments, cash flows from interest, dividends and fees earned from our investments and principal repayments, our credit facilities and other debt. The primary uses of our cash are (i) investments in portfolio companies and other investments and to comply with certain portfolio diversification requirements, (ii) the cost of operations (including paying our Adviser), (iii) debt service, repayment and other financing costs of any borrowings and (iv) cash distributions to the holders of our shares.

We may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of our existing credit facilities or issue additional debt securities. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock, if immediately after the borrowing or issuance, the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200% (or 150% if certain conditions are met). As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, our asset coverage ratio was 225% and 258%, respectively. We seek to carefully consider our unfunded commitments for the purpose of planning our ongoing financial leverage. Further, we maintain sufficient borrowing capacity within the 200% (or 150% if certain conditions are met) asset coverage limitation to cover any outstanding unfunded commitments we are required to fund.

Cash and restricted cash as of December 31, 2018, taken together with our uncalled Capital Commitments of \$2.4 billion, is expected to be sufficient for our investing activities and to conduct our operations in the near term. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$495.8 million available under our credit facilities.

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$127.6 million in cash and restricted cash. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we used \$3.2 billion in cash for operating activities, primarily as a result of funding portfolio investments of \$4.7 billion, partially offset by sell downs of \$1.3 billion and other operating activity of \$0.2 billion. Lastly, cash provided by financing activities was \$3.3 billion during the period, which was the result of proceeds from net borrowings on our credit facilities, net of debt issuance costs, of \$1.6 billion and proceeds from the issuance of shares, net of offering costs paid, of \$1.7 billion.

As of December 31, 2017, we had \$20.1 million in cash and restricted cash. During the year ended December 31, 2017, we used \$1.3 billion in cash for operating activities, primarily as a result of funding portfolio investments of \$1.9 billion, partially offset by sell downs of \$542.8 million and other operating activity of \$67.1 million. Lastly, cash provided by financing activities was \$1.1 billion during the period, which was the result of proceeds from net borrowings on our credit facilities, net of debt issuance costs, of \$424.9 million and proceeds from the issuance of shares, net of offering costs paid, of \$748.6 million, partially offset by distributions paid of \$28.1 million.

As of December 31, 2016, we had \$209.4 million in cash. During the year ended December 31, 2016, we used \$945.0 million in cash for operating activities, primarily as a result of funding portfolio investments of \$1.1 billion, partially offset by sell downs and paydowns of \$158.5 million and other operating activity of \$13.9 million. Lastly, cash provided by financing activities was \$1.1 billion during the period, which was the

result of proceeds from net borrowings on our credit facilities, net of debt issuance costs, of \$491.5 million and proceeds from the issuance of shares, net of offering costs paid, of \$664.3 million, partially offset by distributions paid of \$1.4 million.

Equity

Subscriptions and Drawdowns

In connection with our formation, we have the authority to issue 500,000,000 common shares at \$0.01 per share par value.

On March 1, 2016, we issued 100 common shares for \$1,500 to the Adviser.

We have entered into subscription agreements (the "Subscription Agreements") with investors providing for the private placement of our common shares. Under the terms of the Subscription Agreements, investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase our common shares up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time we deliver a drawdown notice to our investors.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, we delivered the following capital call notices to our investors:

Capital Drawdown Notice Date	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Offe	ggregate ring Price millions)
November 28, 2018	December 11, 2018	22,446,698	\$	349.9
September 21, 2018	October 4, 2018	9,803,922		150.0
August 7, 2018	August 20, 2018	19,404,916		300.0
July 24, 2018	August 6, 2018	9,733,940		150.0
July 10, 2018	July 23, 2018	13,053,380		200.0
June 14, 2018	June 27, 2018	12,901,364		200.0
April 5, 2018	April 18, 2018	13,149,244		200.0
March 5, 2018	March 16, 2018	11,347,030		175.0
Total		\$ 111,840,494	\$	1,724.9

On January 30, 2019, the Company delivered a capital drawdown notice to its investors relating to the sale of approximately 29,411,765 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, expected to close on or about February 12, 2019, for an aggregate offering price of \$450.0 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, we delivered the following capital call notices to our investors:

Capital Drawdown Notice Date	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Offe	gregate ring Price millions)
November 1, 2017	November 15, 2017	11,527,619	\$	175.0
September 15, 2017	September 28, 2017	9,813,875		149.9
August 23, 2017	September 6, 2017	3,297,331		50.0
May 26, 2017	June 9, 2017	9,966,777		150.0
May 11, 2017	May 24, 2017	8,350,033		125.0
April 14, 2017	April 28, 2017	6,600,659		100.0
Total		49,556,294	\$	749.9

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we delivered the following capital call notices to our investors:

<u>Capital Drawdown Notice Date</u>	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Offe	gregate ring Price millions)
December 13, 2016	December 27, 2016	13,457,603	\$	200.0
September 16, 2016	September 29, 2016	2,751,029		40.0
June 16, 2016	June 29, 2016	5,244,760		75.0
May 26, 2016	June 10, 2016	20,979,021		300.0
March 30, 2016	April 12, 2016	17,214		0.3
March 17, 2016	March 30, 2016	3,333,344		50.0
Total		45,782,971	\$	665.3

Distributions

On February 27, 2019, our Board declared a distribution of 90% of estimated first quarter taxable income and net capital gains, if any, for shareholders of record on March 31, 2019, payable on or before May 15, 2019.

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2018:

		December 31, 2018			
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date		bution per Share	
November 6, 2018	December 31, 2018	January 31, 2019	\$	0.36	
August 7, 2018	September 30, 2018	November 15, 2018	\$	0.39	
June 22, 2018	June 30, 2018	August 15, 2018	\$	0.34	
March 2, 2018	March 31, 2018	April 30, 2018	\$	0.33	

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2017:

		December 31, 2017			
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date		bution per Share	
November 7, 2017	December 31, 2017	January 31, 2018	\$	0.34	
November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017	November 14, 2017	\$	0.32	
August 8, 2017	August 8, 2017	August 15, 2017	\$	0.26	
May 9, 2017	May 9, 2017	May 15, 2017	\$	0.24	
March 7, 2017	March 7, 2017	March 15, 2017	\$	0.19	

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2016:

		December 31, 2016		
			Distri	bution per
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	1	Share
November 8, 2016	November 15, 2016	November 30, 2016	\$	0.06

Dividend Reinvestment

With respect to distributions, we have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for common shareholders. As a result, in the event of a declared distribution, each shareholder that has not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash distributions. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2018:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 7, 2018	September 30, 2018	November 15, 2018	2,323,165
June 22, 2018	June 30, 2018	August 15, 2018	1,539,516
March 2, 2018	March 31, 2018	April 30, 2018	1,310,272
November 7, 2017	December 31, 2017	January 31, 2018	1,231,796

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2017:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017	November 14, 2017	1,018,085
August 8, 2017	August 8, 2017	August 15, 2017	776,833
May 9, 2017	May 9, 2017	May 15, 2017	504,892
March 7, 2017	March 7, 2017	March 15, 2017	270,178

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2016:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 8, 2016	November 15, 2016	November 30, 2016	50,242

Repurchase Offers

During the year ended December 31, 2018, we did not make an offer to repurchase issued and outstanding shares.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, we offered to repurchase up to \$50 million of issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$15.09 per share. The offer to repurchase expired on April 11, 2017 and no shares were repurchased. We will not affect any other repurchase prior to the earlier of (i) an Exchange Listing and (ii) such time as all of the Capital Commitments have been fully drawn down.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we did not make an offer to repurchase issued and outstanding shares.

Debt

Aggregate Borrowings

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		December 31, 2018			
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)	
Subscription Credit Facility(3)	\$ 900,000	\$ 883,000	\$ 4,487	\$ 881,795	
Revolving Credit Facility(4)	600,000	308,643	291,357	304,229	
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000	_	396,352	
SPV Asset Facility II	550,000	550,000	_	543,713	
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	300,000	200,000	294,995	
2023 Notes(5)	150,000	150,000		146,633	
Total Debt	<u>\$3,100,000</u>	\$ 2,591,643	\$ 495,844	\$ 2,567,717	

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of the Company's Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$1.2 million, \$4.4 million, \$3.6 million, \$6.3 million, \$5.0 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

(3) The amount available is reduced by \$12.5 million of outstanding letters of credit.

(4) Excludes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(5) Inclusive of change in fair value of effective hedge.

		December 31, 2017					
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)			
Subscription Credit Facility ⁽³⁾	\$ 900,000	\$ 393,500	\$ 502,711	\$ 390,415			
Revolving Credit Facility	400,000		400,000	(3,044)			
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000	_	395,463			
2023 Notes(4)	150,000	138,500	11,500	136,598			
Total Debt	\$1,850,000	\$ 932,000	\$ 914,211	\$ 919,432			

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of the Company's Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$3.1 million, \$3.0 million, \$4.6 million, and \$1.9 million, respectively.

(3) The amount available is reduced by \$3.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

(4) Amounts available were issued on January 30, 2018.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the components of interest expense were as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,					
(\$ in thousands)	201	2018 2017		6		
Interest expense	\$ 71	,441 \$ 21,964	\$ 2,3	342		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	5	,333 2,616	4	416		
Total Interest Expense	<u>\$</u> 76	,774 \$ 24,580	\$ 2,7	758		
Average interest rate		4.27% 2.85%		2.31%		
Average daily borrowings	\$1,649	,191 \$688,321	\$222,8	810		

Credit Facilities

Our credit facilities contain customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

Subscription Credit Facility

On August 1, 2016, we entered into a subscription credit facility (as amended, the "Subscription Credit Facility") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), as administrative agent (the "Subscription Credit Facility Administrative Agent") and letter of credit issuer, and Wells Fargo, State Street Bank and Trust Company and the banks and financial institutions from time to time party thereto, as lenders.

Initially the Subscription Credit Facility permitted us to borrow up to \$250 million, subject to availability under the borrowing base which is calculated based on the unused Capital Commitments of the investors meeting various eligibility requirements. Through a series of amendments, we increased the size of the Subscription Credit Facility to a total of \$900 million.

Borrowings under the Subscription Credit Facility bear interest, at our election at the time of drawdown, at a rate per annum equal to (i) in the case of LIBOR rate loans, an adjusted LIBOR rate for the applicable interest period plus 1.60% or (ii) in the case of reference rate loans, the greatest of (A) a prime rate plus 0.60%, (B) the federal funds rate plus 1.10%, and (C) one-month LIBOR plus 1.60%. Loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time at our election, subject to certain conditions. We also will pay an unused commitment fee of 0.25% per annum on the unused commitments.

The Subscription Credit Facility will mature upon the earliest of (i) the date three (3) years from August 1, 2016; (ii) the date upon which the Subscription Credit Facility Administrative Agent declares the obligations under the Subscription Credit Facility due and payable after the occurrence of an event of default; (iii) forty-five (45) days prior to the scheduled termination of the commitment period under our Subscription Agreements (as defined below); (iv) forty-five (45) days prior to the date of any listing of our common stock on a national securities exchange; (v) the termination of the commitment period under our Subscription Agreements (if earlier than the scheduled date); and (vi) the date we terminate the commitments pursuant to the Subscription Credit Facility. For further details, see *"Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."*

The Subscription Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in our right, title, and interest in and to the capital commitments of our private investors. including our right to make capital calls, receive and apply capital contributions, enforce remedies and claims related thereto together with capital call proceeds and related rights, and a pledge of the collateral account into which capital call proceeds are deposited.

Transfers of interests in the Company by investors must comply with certain sections of the Subscription Credit Facility and we shall notify the Administrative Agent before such transfers take place. Such transfers may trigger mandatory prepayment obligations.

Revolving Credit Facility

On February 1, 2017, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement (as amended, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The parties to the Revolving Credit Facility include the Company, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (each a "Lender" and collectively, the "Lenders") and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. and ING Capital LLC as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners, SunTrust Bank as Administrative Agent and ING Capital LLC as Syndication Agent.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by OR Lending LLC, our subsidiary, and will be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of us that are formed or acquired by us in the future (collectively, the "Guarantors"). Proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The maximum principal amount of the Revolving Credit Facility is \$600 million (increased from \$590 million on June 21, 2018), subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on our portfolio investments and other outstanding indebtedness. Maximum capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to \$1.25 billion (increased from \$750 million pursuant to the First Omnibus Amendment to the Revolving Credit Facility) through the exercise by the Borrower of an uncommitted accordion feature through which existing and new lenders may, at their option, agree to provide additional financing. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$50 million limit for swingline loans and is secured by a perfected first-priority interest in substantially all of the portfolio investments held by us and each Guarantor, subject to certain exceptions.

The availability period under the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on March 29, 2022 ("Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date") and the Revolving Credit Facility will mature on March 29, 2023 ("Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date"). During the period from the Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date to the Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date, we will be obligated to make mandatory prepayments under the Revolving Credit Facility out of the proceeds of certain asset sales and other recovery events and equity and debt issuances.

We may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility will bear interest at either LIBOR plus 2.00%, or the prime rate plus 1.00%. We will also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility. For further details, see *"Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."*

In addition to customary covenants, the Revolving Credit Facility includes certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants.

SPV Asset Facilities

Certain of our wholly owned subsidiaries are parties to credit facilities (the "SPV Asset Facilities"). Pursuant to the SPV Asset Facilities, we sell and contribute certain investments to these wholly owned subsidiaries pursuant to sale and contribution agreements by and between us and the wholly owned subsidiaries. No gain or loss is recognized as a result of these contributions. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facilities are used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by the wholly owned subsidiary, including the purchase of such assets from us. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired to the wholly owned subsidiary through our ownership of the wholly owned subsidiary.

The SPV Asset Facilities are secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of these wholly owned subsidiaries and on any payments received by such wholly owned subsidiaries in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to lenders under the SPV Asset Facilities will not be available to pay our debts.

The SPV Asset Facilities contain customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

SPV Asset Facility I

On December 21, 2017, ORCC Financing LLC ("ORCC Financing"), a Delaware limited liability company and our subsidiary, entered into a Loan and Servicing Agreement (as amended, the "SPV Asset Facility I"), with

ORCC Financing as Borrower, us as Transferor and Servicer, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc. as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Collateral Custodian.

The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I is \$400 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including certain concentration limits.

The SPV Asset Facility I provides for the ability to draw and redraw amounts under the SPV Asset Facility I for a period of up to three years after December 21, 2017 (the "SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date"). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility I will mature on December 21, 2022. Prior to December 21, 2022, proceeds received by ORCC Financing from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On December 21, 2022, ORCC Financing must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us.

Amounts drawn will bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.50% until the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. After the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date, amounts drawn will bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.75%, increasing to 3.00% on the first anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. After a ramp-up period, there is an unused fee of 0.75% per annum on the amount, if any, by which the undrawn amount under the SPV Asset Facility I exceeds 25% of the maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I. For further details, see *"Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."*

SPV Asset Facility II

On May 22, 2018, our subsidiary, ORCC Financing II LLC ("ORCC Financing II"), a Delaware limited liability company and our subsidiary, entered into a Credit Agreement (as amended, the "SPV Asset Facility II"), with ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility II increased from \$250 million to \$550 million; the availability of this amount is subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing II's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility II provides for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility II for a period of up to two years after October 10, 2018 unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility II (the "SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date"). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility II will mature on October 10, 2026. Prior to October 10, 2026, proceeds received by ORCC Financing II from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On October 10, 2026, ORCC Financing II must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us.

Amounts drawn bear interest at LIBOR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and LIBOR plus 0.25%) plus a spread ranging from 2.00% to 2.50%. From May 22, 2018 to the SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date, there is a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 1.00% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility II. For further details, see *"Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."*

SPV Asset Facility III

On December 14, 2018, ORCC Financing III LLC ("ORCC Financing III"), a Delaware limited liability company and our subsidiary, entered into a Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement (the "SPV Asset Facility III"), with ORCC Financing III, as borrower, ourselves, as equityholder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian.

The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility III is \$500 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing III's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including interest spread and weighted average coupon tests, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility III provides for the ability to borrow, reborrow, repay and prepay advances under the SPV Asset Facility III for a period of up to three years after December 14, 2018 unless such period is extended or accelerated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III (the "SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period"). Unless otherwise extended, accelerated or terminated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III, the SPV Asset Facility III will mature on the date that is two years after the last day of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period (the "Stated Maturity"). Prior to the Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing III from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On the Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing III must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to us.

Amounts drawn bear interest at LIBOR (or, in the case of certain SPV Lenders III that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of (a) their cost of funds and (b) LIBOR, such LIBOR not to be lower than zero) plus a spread equal to 2.20% per annum, which spread will increase (a) on and after the end of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period by 0.15% per annum if no event of default has occurred and (b) by 2.00% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default (such spread, the "Applicable Margin"). LIBOR may be replaced as a base rate under certain circumstances. During the Revolving Period, ORCC Financing III will pay an undrawn fee ranging from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility III. During the Revolving Period, if the undrawn commitments are in excess of a certain portion (initially 50% and increasing to 75%) of the total commitment to SPV Asset Facility III, ORCC Financing III will also pay a make-whole fee equal to the Applicable Margin multiplied by such excess undrawn commitment amount, reduced by the undrawn fee payable on such excess. For further details, see "*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt. "Unsecured Notes."*.

Unsecured Notes

2023 Notes

On December 21, 2017, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement governing the issuance of \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes (the "2023 Notes") to institutional investors in a private placement. The 2023 Notes have a fixed interest rate of 4.75% and are due on June 21, 2023. Interest on the 2023 Notes will be due semiannually. This interest rate is subject to increase (up to a maximum interest rate of 5.50%) in the event that, subject to certain exceptions, the 2023 Notes cease to have an investment grade rating. We are obligated to offer to repay the 2023 Notes at par if certain change in control events occur. The 2023 Notes are general unsecured obligations of us that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

The Note Purchase Agreement for the 2023 Notes contains customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act and a RIC under

the Code, minimum shareholders equity, minimum asset coverage ratio and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at us or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of us or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The 2023 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The 2023 Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

In connection with the offering of the 2023 Notes, on December 21, 2017 we entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists predominately of floating rate loans. The notional amount of the interest rate swap is \$150 million. We will receive fixed rate interest semi-annually at 4.75% and pay variable rate interest monthly based on 1-month LIBOR plus 2.545%. The interest rate swap matures on December 21, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, we made periodic payments of \$6.8 million. Pursuant to ASC 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, the interest expense related to the 2023 Notes is offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(1.6) million and is included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is equally offset by the change in fair value of the 2023 Notes. For further details, see "*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.*"

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, we may enter into commitments to fund investments. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, we had the following outstanding commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
(\$ in thousands)				
Accela, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	\$ 3,284	\$ 4,245	
AmSpec Services Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	12,084		
Aramsco, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,820		
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	37,226	_	
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,543		
Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	40,500	_	
Brigham Minerals, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	23,000		
Brigham Minerals, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,200	_	
Carolina Beverage Group (fka Cold Spring Brewing				
Company)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,684	_	
Cheese Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	111,740	_	
Cheese Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	16,364	_	
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	7,155		

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CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan \$ 2,003 \$ Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 75,000 Discovery Diservices, LLC (dba Discovery First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 75,000 Midstream Partners) First lien senior secured revolving loan 2,760 Discovery DI Services, LLC (dba Discovery First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 30,359 Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 9,083 Endries Acquisition, Inc. First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 20,250 Galls, LLC First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 31,718 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 18,019 7,782 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Genesia Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software) First lien senior secured revolving loan 10,346 1,946 Greesia Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software) First lien senior secured revolving loan 2,637	Portfolio Company	Investment 2018		December 31, 2017	
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NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)First lien senior secured revolving loan220646PetVet Care Centers, LLCFirst lien senior secured delayed draw term loan4,981	Motus, LLC and Runzheimer International LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5,481		
PetVet Care Centers, LLC First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan — 4,981				646	
				4,981	
	Professional Plumbing Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,200		

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olio Company Investment		De	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
(\$ in thousands)						
QC Supply, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	\$		\$	14,078	
QC Supply, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan		497		2,981	
SABA Software, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan				4,950	
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan		12,931		_	
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan		24,248		24,248	
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured revolving loan		4,194		5,034	
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions,						
LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan		6,387		5,769	
Troon Golf, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan		14,426		14,426	
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba Teaching Strategies, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan		4,239		_	
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan		5,082		_	
Total Unfunded Portfolio Company Commitments		\$	790,115	\$	130,075	

We maintain sufficient capacity to cover outstanding unfunded portfolio company commitments that we may be required to fund. We seek to carefully consider our unfunded portfolio company commitments for the purpose of planning our ongoing financial leverage. Further, we maintain sufficient borrowing capacity within the 200% asset coverage limitation along with undrawn Capital commitments from our investors to cover any outstanding portfolio company unfunded commitments we are required to fund.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors (\$2.4 billion undrawn), of which \$112.4 million is from executives of our Adviser (\$47.9 million undrawn).

As of December 31, 2017, we had \$5.1 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors (\$3.7 billion undrawn), of which \$112.4 million is from executives of the Adviser (\$63.5 million undrawn).

These undrawn Capital Commitments will no longer remain in effect following the completion of an initial public offering of our common stock.

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. At December 31, 2018, management was not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

2023 Notes

As of December 31, 2017, \$11.5 million of the 2023 Notes remained outstanding, which were subsequently issued in January 2018.

Contractual Obligations

A summary of our contractual payment obligations under our credit facilities as of December 31, 2018, is as follows:

		Payments Due by Period					
		Less than					
(\$ in millions)	Total	1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5	5 years	
Subscription Credit Facility	\$ 883.0	\$ 883.0	\$	\$	\$		
Revolving Credit Facility	308.6	_	_	308.6		—	
SPV Asset Facility I	400.0	_	_	400.0			
SPV Asset Facility II	550.0	_	_			550.0	
SPV Asset Facility III	300.0	_	_	300.0			
2023 Notes	150.0			150.0		—	
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,591.6	\$ 883.0	\$	\$1,158.6	\$	550.0	

Related-Party Transactions

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the Administration Agreement; and
- · the License Agreement.

In addition to the aforementioned agreements, we, our Adviser and certain of our Adviser's affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. See "Management and Other Agreements" for further details.

We invest together with Regents through Sebago Lake, a controlled affiliated investment as defined in the 1940 Act. See 'Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Portfolio and Investment Activity – Sebago Lake LLC' for further details.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. Our critical accounting policies should be read in connection with our risk factors as described in "*RISK FACTORS*."

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at the bid price of those market quotations. To validate market quotations, we utilize a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board, based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, our audit committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of our investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (i.e., the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- With respect to investments for which market quotations are readily available, those investments will typically be valued at the bid price of those market quotations;
- With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, the valuation process begins with the independent valuation firm(s) providing a preliminary valuation of each investment to the Adviser's valuation committee;
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with the Adviser's valuation committee. Agreed upon valuation
 recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee;
- · The Audit Committee reviews the valuation recommendations and recommends values for each investment to the Board; and
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment.

We conduct this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

We apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements* ("ASC 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, we consider its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfer occurred. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, we apply the valuation policy approved by our Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, we evaluate the source of the inputs, including any markets in which our investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When an investment is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), we subject those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, we, or the independent valuation firm(s), review pricing support provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes amortization of discounts or premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, if any. Upon prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment premiums, unamortized upfront loan origination fees and unamortized discounts are recorded as interest income in the current period.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Distributions

We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and qualify annually thereafter, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. To obtain and maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we must distribute (or be deemed to distribute) in each taxable year distributions for tax purposes equal to at least 90 percent of the sum of our:

- investment company taxable income (which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses), determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid, for such taxable year; and
- net tax-exempt interest income (which is the excess of our grosstax-exempt interest income over certain disallowed deductions) for such taxable year.

As a RIC, we (but not our shareholders) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal tax on investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to our shareholders.

We intend to distribute annually all or substantially all of such income. To the extent that we retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. We can be expected to carry forward our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions, and pay the U.S. federal excise tax as described below.

Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax payable by us. We may be subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax if we do not distribute (or are treated as distributing) during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income excluding certain ordinary gains or losses for that calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of that calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax, sufficient amounts of our taxable income and capital gains may not be distributed and as a result, in such cases, the excise tax will be imposed. In such an event, we will be liable for this tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our shareholders out of assets legally available for distribution. All distributions will be paid at the discretion of our Board and will depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our tax treatment as a RIC, compliance with applicable BDC regulations and such other factors as our Board may deem relevant from time to time.

To the extent our current taxable earnings for a year fall below the total amount of our distributions for that year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our shareholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our shareholders may be the original capital invested by the shareholder rather than our income or gains. Shareholders should read written disclosure carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or gains.

We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our common shareholders. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend or other distribution, each shareholder that has not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash distributions. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We have also elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code beginning with the taxable year ending December 31, 2016. So long as we maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute at least annually to our shareholders as distributions. Rather, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by us represents obligations of our investors and will not be reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certainsource-of-income and asset diversification requirements. In addition, to qualify for RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income" for that year, which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of our realized net short-term capital gains over our realized net long-term capital losses. In order for us to not be subject to U.S. federal excise taxes, we must distribute annually an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of our net ordinary income (taking into account certain deferrals and elections) for the calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (iii) any net ordinary income and capital gains in excess of capital losses for preceding years that were not distributed during such years. We, at our discretion, may carry forward taxable income in excess of calendar year dividends and pay a 4% nondeductible U.S. excise tax on this income.

We evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our consolidated financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. There were no material uncertain tax positions through December 31, 2018 and 2017. The 2015 through 2017 tax years remain subject to examination by U.S. federal, state and local tax authorities.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are subject to financial market risks, including valuation risk and interest rate risk.

Valuation Risk

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities of private companies. Most of our investments will not have a readily available market price, and we value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board, based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, our Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Board, and in accordance with our valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. We intend to fund portions of our investments with borrowings, and at such time, our net investment income will be affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

As of December 31, 2018, 99.6% of our debt investments based on fair value in our portfolio were at floating rates.

Based on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of December 31, 2018, the following table shows the annualized impact on net income of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates on our debt investments (considering interest rate floors for floating rate instruments) assuming each floating rate investment is subject to 3-month LIBOR and there are no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(\$ in millions)	Interest Income		Interest Expense		Net Income	
Up 300 basis points	\$	173.6	\$	77.7	\$	95.9
Up 200 basis points	\$	115.7	\$	51.8	\$	63.9
Up 100 basis points	\$	57.9	\$	25.9	\$	32.0
Down 100 basis points	\$	(57.9)	\$	(25.9)	\$	(32.0)
Down 200 basis points	\$	(105.6)	\$	(51.8)	\$	(53.8)

We may in the future hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as additional interest rate swaps, futures, options, and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Currency Risk

From time to time, we may make investments that are denominated in a foreign currency. These investments are translated into U.S. dollars at each balance sheet date, exposing us to movements in foreign exchange rates. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us. We may seek to utilize instruments such as, but not limited to, forward contracts to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates. We also have the ability to borrow in certain foreign currencies under our credit facilities. Instead of entering into a foreign currency forward contract in connection with loans or other investments we have made that are denominated in a foreign currency, we may borrow in that currency to establish a natural hedge against our loan or investment. To the extent the loan or investment is based on a floating rate other than a rate under which we can borrow under our credit facilities, we may seek to utilize interest rate derivatives to hedge our exposure to changes in the associated rate.

THE COMPANY

General

Owl Rock Capital Corporation was formed on October 15, 2015 as a corporation under the laws of the State of Maryland. We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to U.S. middle-market companies. Since we began investment activities in April 2016 through December 31, 2018, our Adviser and its affiliates have originated \$11.1 billion aggregate principal amount of investments, of which \$9.8 billion of aggregate principal amount of investments prior to any subsequent exits or repayments, was retained by either us or a fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates. Our capital will be used by our portfolio companies to support growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion, refinancings and/or recapitalizations. We define "middle market companies" to generally mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$10 million and \$250 million annually, and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment. We may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an attractive opportunity presents itself, especially when there are dislocations in the capital markets, including the high yield and syndicated loan markets. Our target credit investments will typically have maturities between \$1, 2018, excluding the investment in Sebago Lake and certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile, our portfolio companies representing 99.6% of our total portfolio based on fair value had weighted average annual revenue of \$468 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$81 million.

We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. While we believe that current market conditions favor extending credit to middle market companies in the United States, our investment strategy is intended to generate favorable returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital. As of December 31, 2018, based on fair value, our portfolio consisted of 78.7% first lien debt investments, 19.2% second-lien debt investments, 0.4% unsecured debt investments, 1.5% investment funds and vehicles, and 0.2% equity investments. Approximately 99.6% of our debt investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 are floating rate in nature, all of which are subject to an interest rate floor. As of December 31, 2018 we had investments in 73 portfolio companies, with an average investment size in each of our portfolio companies of approximately \$79.2 million based on fair value.

As of December 31, 2018, our portfolio was invested across 26 different industries. The largest industries in our portfolio as of December 31, 2018 were professional services and distribution, which represented, as a percentage of our portfolio, 11.4% and 10.6%, respectively, based on fair value.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include "covenant-lite" loans (as defined below), with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our Shareholders. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans. In addition, we generally do not intend to invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States, although we do not generally intend to invest in companies whose principal place of business is in an emerging market. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

From March 3, 2016 (the "Initial Closing") through March 2, 2018, we conducted private offerings (each, a "Private Offering") of our common shares to accredited investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. At the closing of each Private Offering, each investor made a capital commitment (a "Capital Commitment") to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to a

subscription agreement entered into with the Company. Investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of our common stock up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time we deliver a drawdown notice to our investors. As a result of the Private Offerings, we have \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors, of which \$3.6 billion has been drawn down as of March 15, 2019. The Adviser has determined not to accept additional Capital Commitments.

If we have not consummated an Exchange Listing by March 3, 2021, the five-year anniversary of the Initial Closing, subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, in the sole discretion of our board of directors (the "Board"), the Board (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act")) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to wind down and/or liquidate and dissolve the Company in an orderly manner.

We are an externally managed, closed-end, management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a BDC and a RIC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. As a BDC, at least 70% of our assets must be assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, as described herein. We will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States.

We generally intend to distribute, out of assets legally available for distribution, substantially all of our available earnings, on a quarterly basis, as determined by our Board in its sole discretion.

To achieve our investment objective, we will leverage the Adviser's investment team's extensive network of relationships with other sophisticated institutions to source, evaluate and, as appropriate, partner with on transactions. There are no assurances that we will achieve our investment objective.

We may borrow money from time to time within the levels permitted by the 1940 Act (which generally allows us to incur leverage up to one half of our assets or two-thirds of our assets if certain requirements are met). We have entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), a subscription line revolving credit facility (the "Subscription Credit Facility"), and three special purpose vehicle asset credit facilities (the "SPV Asset Facility II" and the "SPV Asset Facility III", respectively), and in the future may enter into additional credit facilities. In addition, we have issued unsecured notes maturing in 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), in a private placement and may issue additional unsecured notes. We expect to use our credit facilities and other borrowings, along with proceeds from the rotation of our portfolio, proceeds from the Private Offerings to finance our investment objectives. See "— Business Development Company Regulations" for discussion of BDC regulation and other regulatory considerations. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations— Debt."

Market Trends

We believe the middle-market lending environment provides opportunities for us to meet our goal of making investments that generate attractive risk-adjusted returns based on a combination of the following factors:

Limited Availability of Capital for Middle-Market Companies. We believe that regulatory and structural changes in the market have reduced the amount of capital available to U.S. middle-market companies. In particular, we believe there are currently fewer providers of capital to middle market companies. We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. We also believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a

company seeking financing by being able to hold its loans without having to syndicate them, coupled with reduced capacity of traditional lenders to serve the middle-market, present an attractive opportunity to invest in middle-market companies.

Capital Markets Have Been Unable to Fill the Void in U.S. Middle Market Finance Left by Banks While underwritten bond and syndicated loan markets have been robust in recent years, middle market companies are less able to access these markets for reasons including the following:

High Yield Market — Middle market companies generally are not issuing debt in an amount large enough to be an attractively sized bond. High yield bonds are generally purchased by institutional investors who, among other things, are focused on the liquidity characteristics of the bond being issued. For example, mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") are significant buyers of underwritten bonds. However, mutual funds and ETFs generally require the ability to liquidate their investments quickly in order to fund investor redemptions and/or comply with regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the existence of an active secondary market for bonds is an important consideration in these entities' initial investment decision. Because there is typically little or no active secondary market for the debt of U.S. middle market companies, mutual funds and ETFs generally do not provide debt capital to U.S. middle market companies. We believe this is likely to be a persistent problem and creates an advantage for those like us who have a more stable capital base and have the ability to invest in illiquid assets.

Syndicated Loan Market — While the syndicated loan market is modestly more accommodating to middle market issuers, as with bonds, loan issue size and liquidity are key drivers of institutional appetite and, correspondingly, underwriters' willingness to underwrite the loans. Loans arranged through a bank are done either on a "best efforts" basis or are underwritten with terms plus provisions that permit the underwriters to change certain terms, including pricing, structure, yield and tenor, otherwise known as "flex", to successfully syndicate the loan, in the event the terms initially marketed are insufficiently attractive to investors. Furthermore, banks are generally reluctant to underwrite middle market loans because the arrangement fees they may earn on the placement of the debt generally are not sufficient to meet the banks' return hurdles. Loans provided by companies such as ours provide certainty to issuers in that we can commit to a given amount of debt on specific terms, at stated coupons and with agreed upon fees. As we are the ultimate holder of the loans, we do not require market "flex" or other arrangements that banks may require when acting on an agency basis.

Robust Demand for Debt Capital. We believe U.S. middle market companies will continue to require access to debt capital to refinance existing debt, support growth and finance acquisitions. In addition, we believe the large amount of uninvested capital held by funds of private equity firms, estimated by Preqin Ltd., an alternative assets industry data and research company, to be \$1.2 trillion as of December 2018, will continue to drive deal activity. We expect that private equity sponsors will continue to pursue acquisitions and leverage their equity investments with secured loans provided by companies such as us.

The Middle Market is a Large Addressable Market. According to GE Capital's National Center for the Middle Market 4th quarter 2018 Middle Market Indicator, there are approximately 200,000 U.S. middle market companies, which have approximately 47.9 million aggregate employees. Moreover, the U.S. middle market accounts for one-third of private sector gross domestic product ("GDP"). GE defines U.S. middle market companies as those between \$10 million and \$1 billion in annual revenue, which we believe has significant overlap with our definition of U.S. middle market companies.

Attractive Investment Dynamics. An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics. We believe the directly negotiated nature of middle market financings also generally provides more favorable terms to the lender, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection, and lender-protective change of control provisions. Additionally, we believe BDC managers' expertise in credit selection and ability to manage through credit cycles has generally resulted in BDCs experiencing lower loss rates than U.S. commercial banks through credit cycles. Further, we believe that

historical middle market default rates have been lower, and recovery rates have been higher, as compared to the larger market capitalization, broadly distributed market, leading to lower cumulative losses.

Conservative Capital Structures. Following the credit crisis, which we define broadly as occurring betweenmid-2007 and mid-2009, lenders have generally required borrowers to maintain more equity as a percentage of their total capitalization, specifically to protect lenders during economic downturns. With more conservative capital structures, U.S. middle market companies have exhibited higher levels of cash flows available to service their debt. In addition, U.S. middle market companies often are characterized by simpler capital structures than larger borrowers, which facilitates a streamlined underwriting process and, when necessary, restructuring process.

Attractive Opportunities in Investments in Loans. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities. We believe that opportunities in senior secured loans are significant because of the floating rate structure of most senior secured debt issuances and because of the strong defensive characteristics of these types of investments. Given the current low interest rate environment, we believe that debt issues with floating interest rates offer a superior return profile as compared with fixed-rate investments, since floating rate structures are generally less susceptible to declines in value experienced by fixed-rate securities in a rising interest rate environment. Senior secured debt has priority in payment among an issuer's security holders whereby holders are due to receive payment before junior creditors and equity holders. Further, these investments are secured by the issuer's assets, which may provide protection in the event of a default.

The Adviser — Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC

Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC serves as our investment adviser pursuant to an investment advisory agreement between us and the Adviser. See "Investment Advisory Agreement" below. The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). The Adviser is an indirect subsidiary of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP ("Owl Rock Capital Partners"). Owl Rock Capital Partners is led by its three co-founders, Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. The Adviser's investment team (the "Investment Team") is also led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser's senior executive team and the investment committee (the "Investment Committee"). The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer and Alexis Maged. The Adviser has limited operating history. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland that, like us, has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's investment objective is similar to ours, which is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II had raised gross proceeds of approximately \$449.0 million, including seed capital contributed by the Adviser in September 2016 and approximately \$10.0 million in gross proceeds raised from certain individuals and entities affiliated with the Adviser.

The Adviser is affiliated with ORTA and ORCPFA, which also are investment advisers and subsidiaries of Owl Rock Capital Partners. ORTA's and ORCPFA's investment teams are led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. ORTA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and ORCPFA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. has elected to be treated as a BDC and its investment objective is to maximize total return by generating current income from its debt investments and other income producing securities, and capital

appreciation from its equity and equity-linked investments. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. has adopted a policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in technology-related companies.

Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. conducts private offerings of its common stock to investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the 1933 Act. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. had approximately \$1.8 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors of which approximately \$0.3 billion had been drawn.

Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund intends to originate and make loans to, and make debt investments in, U.S. middle market companies.

In addition to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, the Adviser and its affiliates may provide management or investment advisory services to entities that have overlapping objectives with us. The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities to us and others. In order to address these conflicts, Owl Rock has put in place an investment allocation policy that addresses the allocation of investment opportunities as well as co-investment restrictions under the 1940 Act.

In addition, we, the Adviser and certain of its affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to permit usco-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief. See "*Risk Factors* — *Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates* — *We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting the Adviser to certain conflicts of interest.*"

The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. See RISK FACTORS — Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — The Adviser may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we invest."

Potential Competitive Advantages

We believe that the Adviser's disciplined approach to origination, fundamental credit analysis, portfolio construction and risk management should allow us to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns while preserving our capital. We believe that we represent an attractive investment opportunity for the following reasons:

Experienced Team with Expertise Across all Levels of the Corporate Capital Structure. The members of the Investment Committee have over 25 years of experience in private lending and investing at all levels of a company's capital structure, particularly in high yield securities, leveraged loans, high yield credit derivatives and distressed securities, as well as experience in operations, corporate finance and mergers and acquisitions. The members of the Investment Committee have diverse backgrounds with investing experience through multiple business and credit cycles. Moreover, certain members of the Investment Committee and other executives and employees of the Adviser and its affiliates have operating and/or investing experience on behalf of business development companies. We believe this experience provides the Adviser with an in-depth understanding of the

strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of middle market companies and will afford it numerous tools to manage risk while preserving the opportunity for attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investments.

Distinctive Origination Platform. We anticipate that a substantial majority of our investments will be sourced directly and that our origination platform provides us the ability to originate investments without the assistance of investment banks or other traditional Wall Street intermediaries. The Investment Team is responsible for originating, underwriting, executing and managing the assets of our direct lending transactions and for sourcing and executing opportunities directly. The Investment Team has significant experience as transaction originators and building and maintaining strong relationships with private equity sponsors and companies.

The Investment Team also maintains direct contact with banks, corporate advisory firms, industry consultants, attorneys, investment banks, "club" investors and other potential sources of lending opportunities. We believe the Adviser's ability to source through multiple channels allows us to generate investment opportunities that have more attractive risk-adjusted return characteristics than by relying solely on origination flow from investment banks or other intermediaries and to be more selective investors.

Since its inception through December 31, 2018, the Adviser and its affiliates have sourced potential investment opportunities from over 320 private equity sponsors and venture capital firms. We believe that the Adviser receives "early looks" and "last looks" based on its relationships, allowing it to be highly selective in the transactions it pursues.

Potential Long-Term Investment Horizon. We believe our potential long-term investment horizon gives us flexibility, allowing us to maximize returns on our investments. We invest using a long-term focus, which we believe provides us with the opportunity to increase total returns on invested capital, as compared to other private company investment vehicles or investment vehicles with daily liquidity requirements (e.g., open-ended mutual funds and ETFs).

Defensive, Income-Orientated Investment Philosophy. The Adviser employs a defensive investment approach focused on long-term credit performance and principal protection. This investment approach involves a multi-stage selection process for each investment opportunity as well as ongoing monitoring of each investment made, with particular emphasis on early detection of credit deterioration. This strategy is designed to minimize potential losses and achieve attractive risk adjusted returns.

Active Portfolio Monitoring. The Adviser closely monitors the investments in our portfolio and takes a proactive approach to identifying and addressing sector- or company-specific risks. The Adviser receives and reviews detailed financial information from portfolio companies no less than quarterly and seeks to maintain regular dialogue with portfolio company management teams regarding current and forecasted performance. We anticipate that many of our investments will have financial covenants that we believe will provide an early warning of potential problems facing our borrowers, allowing lenders, including us, to identify and carefully manage risk. Further, we anticipate that many of our equity investments will provide us the opportunity to nominate a member or observer to the board of directors of the portfolio company, which we believe will allow us to closely monitor the performance of our portfolio companies.

Investment Selection

The Adviser has identified the following investment criteria and guidelines that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. However, not all of these criteria and guidelines will be met, or will be equally important, in connection with each of our investments.

Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow. We seek to invest in companies with sound historical financial performance which we believe tend to be well-positioned to maintain consistent cash flow to service and repay their obligations and maintain growth in their businesses or market share. The Adviser typically focuses on companies with a history of profitability on an operating cash flow basis. The Adviser does not intend to invest in start-up companies that have not achieved sustainable profitability and cash flow generation or companies with speculative business plans.

Strong Competitive Position in Industry. The Adviser analyzes the strengths and weaknesses of target companies relative to their competitors. The factors the Adviser considers include relative product pricing, product quality, customer loyalty, substitution risk, switching costs, patent protection, brand positioning and capitalization. We seek to invest in companies that have developed leading positions within their respective markets, are well positioned to capitalize on growth opportunities and operate businesses, exhibit the potential to maintain sufficient cash flows and profitability to service their obligations in a range of economic environments or are in industries with significant barriers to entry. We seek companies that demonstrate advantages in scale, scope, customer loyalty, product pricing or product quality versus their competitors that, when compared to their competitors, may help to protect their market position and profitability.

Experienced Management Team. We seek to invest in companies that have experienced management teams. We also seek to invest in companies that have proper incentives in place, including management teams having significant equity interests to motivate management to act in concert with our interests as an investor.

Diversified Customer and Supplier Base. We generally seek to invest in companies that have a diversified customer and supplier base. Companies with a diversified customer and supplier base are generally better able to endure economic downturns, industry consolidation, changing business preferences and other factors that may negatively impact their customers, suppliers and competitors.

Exit Strategy. While certain debt investments may be repaid through operating cash flows of the borrower, we expect that the primary means by which we exit our debt investments will be through methods such as strategic acquisitions by other industry participants, an initial public offering of common stock, a recapitalization, a refinancing or another transaction in the capital markets.

Prior to making an equity investment in a prospective portfolio company, we analyze the potential for that company to increase the liquidity of its equity through a future event that would enable us to realize appreciation in the value of our equity interest. Liquidity events may include an initial private offering, a private sale of our equity interest to a third party, a merger or an acquisition of the company or a purchase of our equity position by the company or one of its stockholders.

In addition, in connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to an investment in a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may sell a portion of such amount, such that we are left with a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment.

Financial Sponsorship. We seek to participate in transactions sponsored by what we believe to be high-quality private equity and venture capital firms. We believe that a financial sponsor's willingness to invest significant sums of equity capital into a company is an explicit endorsement of the quality of their investment. Further, financial sponsors of portfolio companies with significant investments at risk have the ability and a strong incentive to contribute additional capital in difficult economic times should operational issues arise.

Investments in Different Portfolio Companies and Industries. We seek to invest broadly among portfolio companies and industries, thereby potentially reducing the risk of any one company or industry having a disproportionate impact on the value of our portfolio; however, there can be no assurances in this regard.

Investment Process Overview

Origination and Sourcing. The Investment Team has an extensive network from which to source deal flow and referrals. Specifically, the Adviser sources portfolio investments from a variety of different investment sources, including among others, private equity sponsors, management teams, financial intermediaries and advisers, investment bankers, family offices, accounting firms and law firms. The Adviser believes that its experience across different industries and transaction types makes the Adviser particularly qualified to source, analyze and execute investment opportunities.

Due Diligence Process. The process through which an investment decision is made involves extensive research into the company, its industry, its growth prospects and its ability to withstand adverse conditions. If one or more members of the Investment Team responsible for the transaction determines that an investment opportunity should be pursued, the Adviser will engage in an intensive due diligence process. Though each transaction may involve a somewhat different approach, the Adviser's diligence of each opportunity could include:

- understanding the purpose of the loan, the key personnel, the sources and uses of the proceeds;
- meeting the company's management and key personnel, including top level executives, to get an insider's view of the business, and to probe for potential weaknesses in business prospects;
- checking management's backgrounds and references;
- performing a detailed review of historical financial performance, including performance through various economic cycles, and the quality of earnings;
- · contacting customers and vendors to assess both business prospects and standard practices;
- conducting a competitive analysis, and comparing the company to its main competitors on an operating, financial, market share and valuation basis;
- · researching the industry for historic growth trends and future prospects as well as to identify future exit alternatives;
- assessing asset value and the ability of physical infrastructure and information systems to handle anticipated growth;
- leveraging the Adviser's internal resources and network with institutional knowledge of the company's business;
- · assessing business valuation and corresponding recovery analysis; and
- investigating legal and regulatory risks and financial and accounting systems and practices.

Selective Investment Process. After an investment has been identified and preliminary diligence has been completed, an investment committee memorandum is prepared. This report is reviewed by the members of the Investment Team in charge of the potential investment. If these members of the Investment Team are in favor of the potential investment, then a more extensive due diligence process is employed. Additional due diligence with respect to any investment may be conducted on our behalf by attorneys, independent accountants, and other third-party consultants and research firms prior to the closing of the investment, as appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Structuring and Execution. Approval of an investment requires the unanimous approval of the Investment Committee. Once the Investment Committee has determined that a prospective portfolio company is suitable for investment, the Adviser works with the management team of that company and its other capital providers, including senior, junior and equity capital providers, if any, to finalize the structure and terms of the investment.

Inclusion of Covenants. Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial

maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

Portfolio Monitoring. The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Adviser monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if it is meeting its business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action with respect to our investment in each portfolio company. The Adviser has a number of methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- · assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- · comparisons to other companies in the portfolio company's industry;
- · attendance at, and participation in, board meetings; and
- review of periodic financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

Structure of Investments

Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include "covenant-lite" loans (as defined below), with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our Shareholders. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

Debt Investments. The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each transaction. The Adviser negotiates the structure of each investment to protect our rights and manage our risk. We intend to invest in the following types of debt:

- First-lien debt. First-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to other liabilities in the issuer's capital structure and has the benefit of a firstpriority security interest in assets of the issuer. The security interest ranks above the security interest of any second-lien lenders in those assets. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans, "last out" first lien loans, "Unitranche" loans and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans.
 - Stand-alone first lien loans. Stand-alone first-lien loans are traditional first-lien loans. All lenders in the facility have equal rights to
 the collateral that is subject to the first-priority security interest.
 - "Last out" first-lien / unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position. In many cases, we may provide the issuer most, if not all, of the capital structure above their equity. The primary advantages to the issuer are the ability to negotiate the entire debt financing with one lender and the elimination of intercreditor issues. "Last out" first-lien loans have a secondary priority behind super-senior "first out" first-lien loans in the collateral securing the loans in certain circumstances. The arrangements for a "last out" first-lien loan are set forth in an "agreement among lenders," which provides lenders with "first out" and "last out" payment streams based on a single lien on the collateral. Since the "first out" lenders generally have priority over the "last out" lenders for receiving payment under certain specified events of default, or upon the occurrence of other triggering events under intercreditor agreements among lenders, the "last out" lenders or lenders in stand-alone first-lien loans. Agreements among lenders also typically provide greater voting rights to the "last out" lenders than the intercreditor agreements to which second-lien lenders often are subject. Among the types of first-lien debt in which we may invest, "last out" first-lien loans generally have higher effective interest rates than other types of first-lien loans, since "last out" first-lien loans areak below standalone first lien loans.
- Second-lien debt. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority
 behind first-lien debt. Second-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to unsecured liabilities in the issuer's capital structure and has the
 benefit of a security interest over assets of the issuer, though ranking junior to first-lien debt secured by those assets. First-lien lenders and
 second-lien lenders typically have separate liens on the collateral, and an intercreditor agreement provides the first-lien lenders with priority
 over the second-lien lenders' liens on the collateral.
- Mezzanine debt. Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to first-lien and second-lien debt, is often
 unsecured, and may not have the benefit of financial covenants common in first-lien and second-lien debt. However, mezzanine debt ranks
 senior to common and preferred equity in an issuer's capital structure. Mezzanine debt investments generally offer lenders fixed returns in the
 form of interest payments and may provide lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation, if any, of an issuer through an
 equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of an equity co-investment or warrants. Due to its higher risk profile and often less
 restrictive covenants compared to senior secured loans, mezzanine debt generally bears a higher stated interest rate than first-lien and secondlien debt.

Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. The Adviser seeks to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

requiring a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk;

- negotiating covenants in connection with our investments consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include affirmative
 covenants (including reporting requirements), negative covenants (including financial covenants), lien protection, change of control provisions
 and board rights, including either observation rights to a seat on the board under some circumstances; and
- including debt amortization requirements, where appropriate, to require the timely repayment of principal of the loan, as well as appropriate maturity dates.

Within our portfolio, the Adviser aims to maintain the appropriate proportion among the various types of first-lien loans, as well as second-lien debt and mezzanine debt, to allow us to achieve our target returns while maintaining our targeted amount of credit risk.

Equity Investments. Our investment in a portfolio company may include an equity-linked interest, such as a warrant or profit participation right. In certain instances, we will also make direct equity investments, although those situations are generally limited to those cases where we are making an investment in a more senior part of the capital structure of the issuer.

Investment Portfolio

As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had made investments with an aggregate fair value of \$5.8 billion and \$2.4 billion, respectively, in 73 and 40 portfolio companies, respectively. Investments consisted of the following at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	De	cember 31, 2018		De	December 31, 2017			
			Net Unrealized Gain			Net Unrealized Gain		
(\$ in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	(Loss)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	(Loss)		
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 4,566,573	\$4,554,835	\$ (11,738)	\$ 1,640,301	\$1,652,021	\$ 11,720		
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,119,507	1,109,366	(10,141)	664,825	669,376	4,551		
Equity investments	11,215	11,063	(152)	2,760	2,760			
Unsecured debt investments	23,000	22,183	(817)	_	_	_		
Investment funds and vehicles(1)	91,138	86,622	(4,516)	65,028	65,599	571		
Total Investments	\$ 5,811,433	\$5,784,069	\$ (27,364)	\$ 2,372,914	\$ 2,389,756	\$ 16,842		

(1) Includes equity investment in Sebago Lake. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Portfolio and Investment Activity – Sebago Lake LLC" for more information regarding Sebago Lake.

As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had outstanding commitments to fund unfunded investments totaling \$790.1 million and \$130.1 million, respectively. We maintain sufficient capacity to cover outstanding unfunded portfolio company commitments that we may be required to fund.

The industry composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Advertising and media	4.2%	3.3%
Aerospace and defense	—	2.1
Automotive	2.6	_
Buildings and real estate	5.2	5.2
Business services	7.6	8.8
Chemicals	1.7	_
Consumer products	1.8	4.7
Containers and packaging	0.7	2.3
Distribution	10.6	13.3
Education	3.0	—
Energy equipment and services	1.6	6.1
Financial services	1.9	3.6
Food and beverage	8.4	5.5
Healthcare providers and services	6.5	7.6
Healthcare technology	0.7	
Household products	0.9	3.0
Human resource support services	—	1.9
Infrastructure and environmental services	3.4	3.1
Insurance	0.6	1.4
Internet software and services	9.5	7.4
Investment funds and vehicles (1)	1.5	2.7
Leisure and entertainment	3.8	7.6
Manufacturing	1.8	3.3
Oil and gas	4.9	1.6
Professional services	11.4	2.4
Specialty retail	2.8	1.6
Telecommunications	0.6	
Transportation	2.3	1.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%

(1) Includes investment in Sebago Lake. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Portfolio and Investment Activity – Sebago Lake LLC" for more information regarding Sebago Lake.

The geographic composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
United States:		
Midwest	17.3%	16.9%
Northeast	22.0	15.7
South	36.7	42.1
West	20.1	17.9
Belgium	1.6	2.5
Canada	0.9	3.3
United Kingdom	1.4	1.6
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Sebago Lake LLC

Sebago Lake, a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between us and The Regents of the University of California ("Regents") and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. Sebago Lake's principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Both we and Regents (the "Members") have a 50% economic ownership in Sebago Lake. It is anticipated that each of the Members will contribute up to \$125 million to Sebago Lake. As of December 31, 2018, each Member has funded \$91.1 million of their respective \$125 million subscriptions. Sebago Lake is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members.

We have determined that Sebago Lake is an investment company under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, we will generally not consolidate our investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Accordingly, we do not consolidate our non-controlling interest in Sebago Lake.

As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Sebago Lake had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value of \$531.5 million and \$330.0 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with ASC 820; however, such fair value is not included in our Board's valuation process. The following table is a summary of Sebago Lake's portfolio as well as a listing of the portfolio investments in Sebago Lake's portfolio as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	December 31,	December 31,
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017
Total senior secured debt investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 545,553	\$ 332,499
Weighted average spread over LIBOR(1)	4.66%	4.71%
Number of portfolio companies	16	12
Largest funded investment to a single borrower(1)	\$ 49,768	\$ 46,646

(1) At par.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Portfolio and Investment Activity – Sebago Lake LLC."

Capital Resources and Borrowings

We anticipate generating cash in the future from the issuance of common stock and cash flows from operations, including interest received on our debt investments.

Additionally, we are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of shares senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200% (or 150% if certain requirements are met) immediately after each such issuance. As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our asset coverage was 225% and 258%, respectively. See "*Regulation – Senior Securities*" below.

Furthermore, while any indebtedness and senior securities remain outstanding, we must take provisions to prohibit any distribution to our shareholders (which may cause us to fail to distribute amounts necessary to avoid entity-level taxation under the Code), or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. In addition, we must also comply with positive and negative covenants customary for these types of facilities.

Our debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		December 31, 2018						
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)				
Subscription Credit Facility ⁽³⁾	\$ 900,000	\$ 883,000	\$ 4,487	\$ 881,795				
Revolving Credit Facility(4)	600,000	308,643	291,357	304,229				
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000	_	396,352				
SPV Asset Facility II	550,000	550,000	_	543,713				
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	300,000	200,000	294,995				
2023 Notes(5)	150,000	150,000		146,633				
Total Debt	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 2,591,643	\$ 495,844	\$ 2,567,717				

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of the Company's Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$1.2 million, \$4.4 million, \$3.6 million, \$6.3 million, \$5.0 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

(3) The amount available is reduced by \$12.5 million of outstanding letters of credit.

(4) Excludes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(5) Inclusive of change in fair value of effective hedge.

		December 31, 2017						
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)				
Subscription Credit Facility(3)	\$ 900,000	\$ 393,500	\$ 502,711	\$390,415				
Revolving Credit Facility	400,000	_	400,000	(3,044)				
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000		395,463				
2023 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	150,000	138,500	11,500	136,598				
Total Debt	\$1,850,000	\$ 932,000	\$ 914,211	\$919,432				

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of our Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$3.1 million, \$3.0 million, \$4.6 million, and \$1.9 million, respectively.

(3) The amount available is reduced by \$3.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

(4) Amounts available were issued January 30, 2018.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources—Debt".

Dividend Policy

To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends of an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest, the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as well as other taxable income, excluding any net capital gains reduced by deductible expenses) and 90% of our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on our investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to

shareholders. We may be subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax if we do not distribute (or are treated as distributing) in each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income, excluding certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized during a calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of such calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

We have previously incurred, and can be expected to incur in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income and gains. While we intend to distribute income and capital gains to minimize exposure to the 4% excise tax, we may not be able to, or may not choose to, distribute amounts sufficient to avoid the imposition of the tax entirely. In that event, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement. See "Risk Factors — U.S. Federal Income Tax Risks — We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to qualify and maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries."

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2018:

		December 31, 2018					
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share				
November 6, 2018	December 31, 2018	January 31, 2019	\$0.36				
August 7, 2018	September 30, 2018	November 15, 2018	\$0.39				
June 22, 2018	June 30, 2018	August 15, 2018	\$0.34				
March 2, 2018	March 31, 2018	April 30, 2018	\$0.33				
Total Distributions Declared			\$1.42				

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2017:

		December 31, 2017						
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share					
November 7, 2017	December 31, 2017	January 31, 2018	\$0.34					
November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017	November 14, 2017	\$0.32					
August 8, 2017	August 8, 2017	August 15, 2017	\$0.26					
May 9, 2017	May 9, 2017	May 15, 2017	\$0.24					
March 7, 2017	March 7, 2017	March 15, 2017	\$0.19					
Total Distributions Declared			\$1.35					

The following table reflects the distribution declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2016:

		December 31, 2016						
			Distri	bution per				
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	5	Share				
November 8, 2016	November 15, 2016	November 30, 2016	\$	0.06				
Total Distributions Declared			\$	0.06				

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which we will reinvest all cash distributions declared by the Board on behalf of our shareholders who do not elect to receive their distribution in cash as

provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our shareholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock as described below, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution. Any fractional share otherwise issuable to a participant in the dividend reinvestment plan will instead be paid in cash. See "*Dividend Reinvestment Plan*" for further information.

Repurchase Offers

On March 15, 2017, the Company offered to repurchase up to \$50 million of issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$15.09 per share. The offer to repurchase expired on April 11, 2017 and no shares were repurchased. The Company has agreed that it will not conduct another repurchase offer prior to the earlier of (i) an Exchange Listing and (ii) such time all of the Capital Commitments have been drawn down.

Competition

Our primary competitors in providing financing to middle market companies include public and private funds, other BDCs, commercial and investment banks, commercial finance companies and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity and hedge funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we do. Some competitors may have access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Further, many of our competitors are out subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a business development company, or to the distribution and other requirements we must satisfy to qualify for RIC tax treatment. See *"Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business — We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses."*

Investment Advisory Agreement

On March 1, 2016, we entered into an investment advisory agreement with the Adviser (the "Original Investment Advisory Agreement") which, with the approval of the Board, including a majority of our independent directors, was amended and restated on February 27, 2019 (as amended and restated, the "Investment Advisory Agreement") to reduce the fees that the Company will pay the Adviser following an Exchange Listing. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for managing our business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring its investments, and monitoring its portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals. See "Management and Other Agreements — Investment Advisory Agreement" for further information.

Administration Agreement

On March 1, 2016, we entered into an Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees, the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Administration Agreement also provides that we reimburse the Adviser for certain organization costs incurred prior to the commencement of our operations, and for certain offering costs. We reimburse the Adviser for services performed for it pursuant to the

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terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for it by such affiliate or third party. See *"Management and Other Agreements — Administration Agreement"* for further information.

Affiliated Transactions

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from conducting certain transactions with our affiliates without prior approval of the directors who are not interested persons, and in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, the Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we are generally permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the Board make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief and seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avai

License Agreement

We have also entered into a license agreement (the "License Agreement") with an affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Partners, pursuant to which we were granted a non-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, we have a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo. See "Management and Other Agreements — License Agreement" for further information.

Emerging Growth Company

We are an emerging growth company as defined in the Jumpstart our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") and we are eligible to take advantage of certain specified reduced disclosure and other requirements that are otherwise generally applicable to public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"). We expect to remain an emerging growth company for up to five years following the completion of our initial public offering of common equity securities or until the earliest of (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1.07 billion, (ii) December 31 of the fiscal year that we become a "large accelerated filer" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the 1934 Act which would occur if the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700.0 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter and we have been publicly reporting for at least 12 months or (ii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the preceding three-year period. In addition, we will take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. See "*Risk Factors* — *Risks Related to Our Business* — *We are an "emerging growth*

company" under the JOBS Act, and we cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make our common stock less attractive to investors."

Employees

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of the Adviser or its affiliates, pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement. Each of our executive officers is employed by the Adviser or its affiliates. Our day-to-day investment operations are managed by the Adviser. The services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by the Adviser or its affiliates. The Investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by the Adviser or its affiliates. The Investment Team is focused on origination and transaction development and the ongoing monitoring of our investments. In addition, we reimburse the Adviser for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). See "— *Investment Advisory Agreement*" and "— *Administration Agreement*."

Regulation as a Business Development Company

We are an externally managed, closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a BDC and a RIC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. As a BDC, at least 70% of our assets must be assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, as described herein. We will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States. See *"Regulation"* for further information

Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our shareholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we, among other things, intend to make the requisite distributions to our shareholders, which generally relieves us from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we will accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income. See "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company" for further information

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of the end of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. The report of our independent registered public accounting firm on the senior securities table as of December 31, 2018, is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

	Out Exc Ti	l Amount standing clusive of reasury urities(1)	Asset Coverage	Involuntary Liquidating Preference	Average Market
Class and Period	<u>(\$ in t</u>	thousands)	per Unit(2)	per Unit(3)	Value per Unit(4)
Revolving Credit Facility					
December 31, 2018	\$	308.6	2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$	—	2,580	—	N/A
SPV Asset Facility I					
December 31, 2018	\$	400.0	2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$	400.0	2,580	_	N/A
SPV Asset Facility II					
December 31, 2018	\$	550.0	2,254	_	N/A
SPV Asset Facility III					
December 31, 2018	\$	300.0	2,254	_	N/A
Subscription Credit Facility					
December 31, 2018	\$	883.0	2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$	393.5	2,580	—	N/A
December 31, 2016	\$	495.0	2,375	_	N/A
2023 Notes					
December 31, 2018	\$	150.0	2,254	_	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$	138.5	2,580	—	N/A

(1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.

(2) Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total assets, less all liabilities excluding indebtedness represented by senior securities in this table, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness and is calculated on a consolidated basis.

(3) The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon our involuntary liquidation in preference to any security junior to it. The "—" in this column indicates information that the SEC expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

(4) Not applicable because the senior securities are not registered for public trading.

PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain information regarding each of the portfolio companies in which we had a debt or equity investment as of December 31, 2018. We offer to make available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. We may receive rights to observe the meetings of our portfolio companies' board of directors. Other than these investments, our only relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance we may separately provide to our portfolio companies, which services would be ancillary to our investments. As of December 31, 2018, other than Sebago Lake LLC, we did not "control" and are not an "affiliate" of any of our portfolio companies, each as defined in the 1940 Act. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "control" a portfolio company if we owned 25.0% or more of its voting securities and would be an "affiliate" of a portfolio company if we owned five percent or more of its voting securities.

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
	<u> </u>							
IRI Holdings, Inc.(1)(2) 150 North Clinton Street, Chicago, IL 60661-1416	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	11/28/2025	0.0%	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,852	\$ 14,588
PAK Acquisition Corporation (dba Valpak)(1)(3) 805 Executive Center Drive West #100 St. Petersburg, FL 33702	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	6/30/2022	0.0%	70,775	69,795	71,128
Swipe Acquisition Corporation(dba PLI)(1)(2) 1220 Trade Drive North Las Vegas, NV 89030	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	6/29/2024	0.0%	162,840	159,754	159,583
Swipe Acquisition Corporation(dba PLI)(1)(2)(7) 1220 Trade Drive North Las Vegas, NV 89030	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.75%	9/30/2019	0.0%	_	(178)	(65)
Mavis Tire Express Services Corp.(1)(2) 358 Saw Mill River Road Suite 17 Millwood, NY 10546	Automotive	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	3/20/2026	0.0%	155,000	151,793	151,125
Mavis Tire Express Services Corp.(1)(2)(7) 358 Saw Mill River Road Suite 17 Millwood, NY 10546	Automotive	Second lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.50%	3/20/2020	0.0%	1,449	1,181	1,090
Associations, Inc(1)(3) 5401 North Central Expressway, Suite 300 Dallas, TX 75205	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/30/2024	0.0%	231,957	229,234	229,057
Associations, Inc(1)(3)(7) 5401 North Central Expressway, Suite 300 Dallas, TX 75205	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	7/30/2021	0.0%	20,580	19,910	19,579
Associations, Inc(1)(7) 5401 North Central Expressway, Suite 300 Dallas, TX 75205	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	7/30/2024	0.0%	_	(134)	(231)
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(1)(3) 233 Peachtree Street NE Harris Tower, Suite 2600, Atlanta, GA 30303	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	11/28/2024	0.0%	51,896	51,256	51,247
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(1)(7) 233 Peachtree Street NE Harris Tower, Suite 2600, Atlanta, GA 30303	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+4.75%	4/19/2020	0.0%	_	(619)	(140)
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(1)(7) 233 Peachtree Street NE Harris Tower, Suite 2600, Atlanta, GA 30303	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.75%	11/28/2023	0.0%	_	(201)	(205)
Access CIG, LLC (1)(3) 6818 A Patterson Pass Road Livermore, CA 94550	Business services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/27/2026	0.0%	37,756	37,432	37,190

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
CIBT Global, Inc. (1)(3)	Business	Second lien senior	L + 7.75%	6/2/2025	0.0%	49,000	47,965	48,510
1600 International Drive, Suite 600	services	secured loan				,	,	
McLean, VA 22102								
Transperfect Global, Inc. (1)(2)	Business	First lien senior	L+6.75%	5/7/2024	0.0%	231,253	227,023	231,253
Three Park Avenue 39th Floor	services	secured loan						
New York, NY 10016 Vestcom Parent Holdings, Inc.(1)(2)	Business	Second lien senior	L+8.25%	12/19/2024	0.0%	78,987	78,067	78,592
2800 Cantrell Road Suite 400	services	secured loan	L + 8.2370	12/19/2024	0.070	/8,987	/8,007	78,392
Little Rock, AK 72202	50111005	Securea Ioun						
Vistage International, Inc.(1)(2)	Business	Second lien senior	L + 8.00%	2/8/2026	0.0%	43,500	43,162	42,848
11452 El Camino Real Suite 400	services	secured loan						
San Diego, CA 92130								
Douglas Products and Packaging	Chemicals	First lien senior	L+5.75%	10/19/2022	0.0%	99,947	99,092	98,447
Company LLC(1)(3)		secured loan						
1550 E. Old 210 Highway Liberty, MO 64068								
Douglas Products and Packaging	Chemicals	First lien senior	L+5.75%	10/19/2022	0.0%		(59)	(136)
Company LLC(1)(7)	chemieuro	secured revolving	2 01/0/0	10/19/2022	0.070		(0))	(150)
1550 E. Old 210 Highway		loan						
Liberty, MO 64068								
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC (1)(3)	Consumer	First lien senior	L+6.25%	5/25/2023	0.0%	113,767	112,695	105,804
1230 Poplar Avenue	products	secured loan						
Superior, WI 54880 Progic Holding I Composition (1)(3)	Containers	Second lien senior	L+7.25%	5/20/2022	0.0%	43,000	42,269	41 710
Pregis Holding I Corporation(1)(3) 1650 Lake Cook Road Suite 400	and	secured loan	L + 7.2370	3/20/2022	0.0%	43,000	42,209	41,710
Deerfield, IL 60015	packaging	Securea Ioun						
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group	Distribution	First lien senior	L + 5.00%	6/15/2023	0.0%	59,093	59,213	57,911
LLC(1)(2)		secured loan						
12301 NW 39th Street								
Coral Springs, FL 33065	D	a 11	T + 0.000/	(17/2024	0.00/	25.000		01.050
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(1)(2)	Distribution	Second lien senior secured loan	L+9.00%	6/17/2024	0.0%	25,000	24,424	24,250
12301 NW 39th Street		secured toan						
Coral Springs, FL 33065								
Aramsco, Inc.(1)(2)	Distribution	First lien senior	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	0.0%	55,717	54,388	53,767
PO Box 29		secured loan						
Thorofare, NJ 08086								
Aramsco, Inc.(1)(5)(7)	Distribution	First lien senior	L+5.25%	8/28/2024	0.0%	559	361	265
PO Box 29 Thorofare, NJ 08086		secured revolving loan						
Dade Paper & Bag, LLC (dba	Distribution	First lien senior	L+7.44%	6/10/2024	0.0%	37,207	36,641	36,814
Imperial-Dade)(1)(2)	Distribution	secured loan	E · /.11/0	0/10/2021	0.070	57,207	50,011	50,011
255 Route 1 & 9								
Jersey City, NJ 07306								
Dealer Tire, LLC(1)(2)	Distribution	First lien senior	L + 5.50%	12/15/2025	0.0%	114,750	109,037	109,013
7012 Euclid Ave,		secured loan						
Cleveland, OH 44103	D	D ' (1)	T + 6 250/	10/10/2025	0.00/	100.000	156.050	156.050
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(1)(2)	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.25%	12/10/2025	0.0%	180,000	176,870	176,850
714 West Ryan Street, P.O. Box 69, Brillion, Wisconsin 54110-0069		secured toan						
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(1)(2)(7)	Distribution	First lien senior	L+6.25%	12/10/2024	0.0%	6,750	6,282	6,278
714 West Ryan Street, P.O. Box 69		secured revolving			,.	-,	-,	-,
Brillion, Wisconsin 54110-0069		loan						
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(1)(7)	Distribution	First lien senior	L+6.25%	12/10/2020	0.0%	—	(1,085)	(1,095)
714 West Ryan Street, P.O. Box 69,		secured delayed						
Brillion, Wisconsin 54110-0069	D' d' l' d' a	draw term loan	1 . 7 500/	7/25/2022	0.00/	117 271	115 ((0	114 427
JM Swank, LLC (1)(3) 395 Herky Street	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	7/25/2022	0.0%	117,371	115,669	114,437
North Liberty, IA 52317		secureu 10ali						
QC Supply, LLC(1)(2)	Distribution	First lien senior	L+6.00%	12/29/2022	0.0%	25,970	25,508	24,801
QC Supply, LLC(1)(2) 574 Road 11	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/29/2022	0.0%	25,970	25,508	24,801

				Maturity /	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully	Principal Number of Shares /		
(\$ in thousands)		Type of	Interest	Dissolution	Diluted	Number of	Amortized	Fair
Company	Industry	Investment	Rate	Date	Basis	Units	Cost	Value
QC Supply, LLC(1)(2)(7)	Distribution	First lien senior	L+6.00%	12/29/2022	0.0%	8,624	8,465	8,236
574 Road 11		secured delayed						
Schuyler, NE 68661 QC Supply, LLC(1)(2)(7)	Distribution	draw term loan First lien senior	L+6.00%	12/29/2021	0.0%	4,472	4,398	4,248
574 Road 11	Distribution	secured revolving	L = 0.0070	12/29/2021	0.0%	4,472	4,598	4,240
Schuyler, NE 68661		loan						
Learning Care Group (US)	Education	Second lien	L+7.50%	3/13/2026	0.0%	25,000	24,535	24,375
No. 2 Inc.(1)(2)		senior secured						
21333 Haggerty Rd. Suite 100 Novi, MI 48375		loan						
Severin Acquisition, LLC (dba	Education	Second lien	L+6.75%	7/31/2026	0.0%	92,500	91,608	90,650
PowerSchool)(1)(2) 150 Parkshore Dr.		senior secured loan						
Folsom, CA 95630		Ioan						
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba	Education	First lien senior	L+6.00%	5/14/2024	0.0%	62,845	61,412	60,959
Teaching Strategies, Inc.)(1)(3)		secured loan						
4500 East-West Highway Suite 300								
Bethesda, MD 20814	E1	F ' (1'	T + C 000/	5/14/2024	0.00/		(05)	(127)
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba Teaching Strategies, Inc.)(1)(7)	Education	First lien senior secured revolving	L+6.00%	5/14/2024	0.0%	_	(95)	(127)
4500 East-West Highway Suite 300		loan						
Bethesda, MD 20814								
Hillstone Environmental Partners,	Energy	First lien senior	N/A	N/A	0.0%	71,333	70,367	71,333
LLC(1)(3)	equipment and	secured loan						
1515 Wazee, Suite 300	services							
Denver, Colorado 80202 Hillstone Environmental Partners,	Energy	First lien senior	N/A	N/A	0.0%	4,458	4,401	4,458
LLC(1)(3)	equipment and	secured revolving	11/71	18/74	0.070	4,438	4,401	4,450
1515 Wazee, Suite 300	services	loan						
Denver, Colorado 80202								
Liberty Oilfield Services LLC(1)(2)	Energy	First lien senior	L+7.63%	9/19/2022	0.0%	14,204	14,002	14,204
950 17th Street, Suite 2000, 20th Floor Denver, CO 80202	equipment and services	secured loan						
Blackhawk Network Holdings,	Financial	Second lien	L + 7.00%	6/15/2026	0.0%	75,998	75,113	74,098
Inc.(1)(2)	services	senior secured	L + 7.0070	0/15/2020	0.070	15,770	/5,115	/4,090
6220 Stoneridge Mall Road		loan						
Pleasanton, CA 94588								
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba	Financial	First lien senior	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	0.0%	28,481	27,927	27,485
Network Merchants)(1)(2) 201 Main St.	services	secured loan						
Roselle, IL 60172								
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba	Financial	First lien senior	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	0.0%	427	414	404
Network Merchants)(1)(2)(7)	services	secured revolving						
201 Main St.		loan						
Roselle, IL 60172								
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC	Food and	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	0.1%	340	340	188
18900 Dallas Parkway TX 75287	beverage							
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC(1)(2)	Food and	First lien senior	L+8.75%	5/22/2023	0.0%	36,490	35,884	34,848
18900 Dallas Parkway	beverage	secured loan	E · 0.7570	512212025	0.070	50,190	55,001	51,010
TX 75287	Ũ							
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC(1)(2)(7)	Food and	First lien senior	L+8.75%	5/21/2019	0.0%	859	843	768
18900 Dallas Parkway	beverage	secured delayed						
TX 75287 CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC(1)(7)	Food and	draw term loan First lien senior	L+8.75%	5/21/2019	0.0%			(184)
18900 Dallas Parkway	beverage	secured delayed	L T 0./3%	5/21/2019	0.0%	_	_	(184)
TX 75287	- storage	draw term loan						

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Cold Spring Brewing Company (fka	Food and	First lien senior	L+5.25%	5/15/2024	0.0%	37,658	36,979	36,717
Cold Spring Brewing Company) (1)(2)	beverage	secured loan						
110 Barley Park Ln								
Mooresville, NC 28115	E . 1 1	T' d'	T + 5 250/	5/15/2024	0.00/		(40)	((7))
Cold Spring Brewing Company (fka Cold Spring Brewing Company) (1)(7)	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving	L+5.25%	5/15/2024	0.0%		(48)	(67)
110 Barley Park Ln	beverage	loan						
Mooresville, NC 28115								
Give and Go Prepared Foods Corp. (1)(3)	Food and	Second lien	L+8.50%	1/29/2024	0.0%	42,000	41,647	35,910
6650 Finch Ave West	beverage	senior secured						
Etobicoke ON M9W 5Y6, Canada		loan						
H-Food Holdings, LLC	Food and	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	0.9%	10,875	10,875	10,875
3500 Lacey Road, Suite 300, Downers Grove IL 60515	beverage							
H-Food Holdings, LLC(1)(2)	Food and	First lien senior	L+4.00%	5/23/2025	0.0%	26,100	25,842	25,448
3500 Lacey Road, Suite 300,	beverage	secured loan	E · 1.0070	5/25/2025	0.070	20,100	25,012	25,110
Downers Grove IL 60515	e							
H-Food Holdings, LLC(1)(2)	Food and	Second lien	L + 7.00%	3/2/2026	0.0%	121,800	118,871	118,146
3500 Lacey Road, Suite 300,	beverage	senior secured						
Downers Grove IL 60515		loan			0.00/			
Hometown Food Company(1)(2) 1 Strawberry Lane	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.25%	8/31/2023	0.0%	29,735	29,180	28,843
Orrville, Ohio 44667-0280	bevelage	secured toall						
Hometown Food Company(1)(7)	Food and	First lien senior	L+5.25%	8/31/2023	0.0%	_	(79)	(127)
1 Strawberry Lane	beverage	secured revolving					()	()
Orrville, Ohio 44667-0280		loan						
KSLB Holdings, LLC (dba	Food and	First lien senior	L+4.50%	7/30/2025	0.0%	36,000	35,264	34,920
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery)(1)(2)	beverage	secured loan						
3500 Lacey Rd, Downers Grove, IL 60515								
KSLB Holdings, LLC (dba	Food and	First lien senior	L+4.50%	7/30/2023	0.0%	1,200	1,015	930
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery)(1)(2)(7)	beverage	secured revolving	2 10070	110012020	01070	1,200	1,010	,,,,,
3500 Lacey Rd	e	loan						
Downers Grove, IL 60515								
Manna Development Group, LLC (1)(2)	Food and	First lien senior	L+6.00%	10/24/2022	0.0%	57,232	56,488	56,087
2339 11th Street	beverage	secured loan						
Encinitas, CA 92024 Manna Development Group, LLC (1)(2)(7)	Food and	First lien senior	L+6.00%	10/24/2022	0.0%	867	720	780
2339 11th Street	beverage	secured revolving	L + 0.0070	10/24/2022	0.0%	807	720	/80
Encinitas, CA 92024	oorenage	loan						
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba	Food and	Second lien	L+8.00%	12/1/2022	0.0%	32,000	31,570	31,840
Roland Corporation)(1)(3)	beverage	senior secured						
71 West 23rd Street		loan						
New York, NY 10010	E . 1 1	T' d'	T + 7.050/	8/12/2022	0.00/	46.150	45 (04	44765
Tall Tree Foods, Inc. (1)(2) 1190 West Loop South	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L+7.25%	8/12/2022	0.0%	46,150	45,694	44,765
Houston, TX 77028	bevelage	secured toall						
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC (1)(2)	Food and	First lien senior	L+4.00%	8/11/2025	0.0%	27,000	26,422	26,190
828 Kasota Ave SE	beverage	secured loan						
Minneapolis, MN 55414								
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC (1)(7)	Food and	First lien senior	L+4.00%	8/9/2023	0.0%	—	(105)	(152)
828 Kasota Ave SE	beverage	secured revolving						
Minneapolis, MN 55414 Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (1)(3)	Healthcare	loan First lien senior	L+4.50%	10/4/2024	0.0%	29,722	29,722	29,574
401 Commerce Street, Suite 600,	providers	secured loan	2 · 7.5070	10/ 1/2024	0.070	29,122	29,122	27,577
Nashville, TN 37219	and services							
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (1)(7)	Healthcare	First lien senior	L + 4.50%	11/30/2020	0.0%	_	(734)	(750)
401 Commerce Street, Suite 600,	providers	secured delayed						
Nashville, TN 37219	and services	draw term loan						

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Geodigm Corporation (dba National Dentex)(1)(2) 11601 Kew Gardens Ave, Suite 200 Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.67%	12/1/2021	0.0%	124,720	123,736	123,473
GI Chill Acquisition (dba California Cryobank)(1)(3) 611 Gateway Blvd, Suite 820 South San Francisco, CA 94080	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%	8/6/2025	0.0%	31,920	31,768	31,441
GI Chill Acquisition (dba California Cryobank)(1)(3) 611 Gateway Blvd, Suite 820 South San Francisco, CA 94080	Healthcare providers and services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	8/6/2026	0.0%	135,400	134,092	132,692
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)(1)(3) 2250 Perimeter Park Dr #300, Morrisville, NC 27560	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	11/14/2023	0.0%	61,598	60,458	60,366
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)(1)(3)(7) 2250 Perimeter Park Dr #300,	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.50%	11/14/2022	0.0%	839	753	738
Morrisville, NC 27560 TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)(1)(7) 2250 Perimeter Park Dr #300,	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+4.50%	6/30/2019	0.0%	_	(434)	(194)
Morrisville, NC 27560 Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp.(1)(3) 575 East Swedesford Road, Suite 200	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	9/5/2025	0.0%	15,711	15,635	15,593
Wayne, PA 19087 Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp.(1)(3) 575 East Swedesford Road, Suite 200,	Healthcare technology	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.13%	9/5/2026	0.0%	26,250	25,739	25,659
Wayne, PA 19087 Hayward Industries, Inc.(1)(2) 620 Division Street Elizabeth, NJ 07201	Household products	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.25%	8/4/2025	0.0%	52,149	51,237	51,888
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.)(J)(3) 370690 East Old Highway 64 Cleveland, OK 74020	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	9/8/2022	0.0%	147,333	144,977	147,334
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(1)(3) 5391 Bay Oaks Dr. Pasadena, TX 77505	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	2/12/2024	0.0%	51,279	50,372	50,254
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(1)(7) 5391 Bay Oaks Dr. Pasadena, TX 77505	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.25%	8/12/2019	0.0%	_	(220)	(258)
CD&R TZ Purchaser, Inc. (dba Tranzact)(1)(3) 2200 Fletcher Avenue, 4th Floor Fort Lee, NJ 07024	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	7/21/2023	0.0%	34,194	32,718	33,852
Accela, Inc. (1)(3) 2633 Camino Ramon, Suite 500 San Ramon, CA 94583	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	9/28/2023	0.0%	48,630	47,624	47,171
Accela, Inc.(1)(5)(7) 2633 Camino Ramon, Suite 500 San Ramon, CA 94583	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 5.00%	9/28/2023	0.0%	2,716	2,597	2,536
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software)(1)(2) 1 West Main St., Ste 201 Medford, OR 97501	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/31/2024	0.0%	18,155	17,813	17,611

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba	Internet	First lien senior	L + 4.00%	7/31/2020	0.0%		(44)	(95)
Procare Software)(1)(7)	software and	secured delayed						
1 West Main St., Ste 201 Medford, OR 97501	services	draw term loan						
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba	Internet	First lien senior	L+4.00%	7/31/2024	0.0%	_	(49)	(79)
Procare Software)(1)(7)	software and	secured revolving						()
1 West Main St., Ste 201	services	loan						
Medford, OR 97501 Infoblox Inc.(1)(2)	Internet	Second lien	L+8.75%	11/7/2024	0.0%	30,000	29,526	30,000
3111 Coronado Drive	software and	senior secured	E · 0.7570	11/7/2021	0.070	50,000	29,520	50,000
Santa Clara, CA 95054	services	loan						
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline) (1)(3) 12724 Gran Bay Parkway West,	Internet software and	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	8/20/2024	0.0%	193,843	191,076	188,996
Suite 200	services	secured toall						
Jacksonville, FL 32258-4467								
IQN Holding Corp. (dba	Internet	First lien senior	L+5.50%	8/20/2023	0.0%	7,139	6,824	6,572
Beeline)(1)(3)(7) 12724 Gran Bay Parkway West,	software and services	secured revolving loan						
Suite 200	Services	Ioun						
Jacksonville, FL 32258-4467								
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions)(1)(3)	Internet software and	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	11/21/2025	0.0%	114,914	113,781	113,765
4890 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 300,	services	secured toan						
Tampa, FL 33609								
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba	Internet	First lien senior	P+4.50%	11/23/2020	0.0%	7,376	7,113	7,109
Vector Solutions)(1)(5)(7) 4890 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 300,	software and services	secured delayed draw term loan						
Tampa, FL 33609								
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba	Internet	First lien senior	L+5.50%	11/21/2023	0.0%	—	(131)	(134)
Vector Solutions)(1)(7) 4890 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 300,	software and services	secured revolving loan						
Tampa, FL 33609								
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka	Internet	First lien senior	L+6.50%	6/17/2024	0.0%	135,307	133,718	133,954
Dominion Web Solutions, LLC)(1)(2) 150 Granby Street	software and services	secured loan						
Norfolk, VA 23510-1604	Services							
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka	Internet	First lien senior	L+6.50%	6/15/2023	0.0%	_	(73)	(64)
Dominion Web Solutions, LLC)(1)(7) 150 Granby Street	software and services	secured revolving loan						
Norfolk, VA 23510-1604	services	Ioan						
Sebago Lake LLC (8)	Investment funds	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	50.0%	91,138	91,138	86,622
399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor	and vehicles							
New York, NY 10022 Capital Sports Holdings Inc. (dba	Leisure and	First lien senior	C+5.25%	6/22/2024	0.0%	14,642	15,062	14,204
Ottawa Senators)(1)(6)	entertainment	secured loan				,=	,	,
1000 Palladium Drive								
Ottawa, ON, K2V 1A5 Troon Golf, L.L.C.(1)(3)	Leisure and	First lien senior	L+6.38%	9/29/2023	0.0%	169,395	167,273	169.395
15044 N. Scottsdale Road Suite 300	entertainment	secured term loan	L + 0.5670	1212025	0.070	107,575	107,275	107,575
Scottsdale, AZ 85254		A and B						
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(1)(7) 15044 N. Scottsdale Road Suite 300	Leisure and entertainment	First lien senior secured revolving	L+6.38%	9/29/2023	0.0%	—	(171)	_
Scottsdale, AZ 85254	ementamment	loan						
UFC Holdings, LLC (1)(2)	Leisure and	Second lien	L + 7.50%	8/18/2024	0.0%	35,000	34,739	34,493
2960 W. Sahara Avenue	entertainment	senior secured						
Las Vegas, NV 89102 Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. (1)(3)	Manufacturing	loan First lien senior	L+6.50%	7/31/2023	0.0%	46,577	45,852	45,878
8100 Tridon Drive	wanutacturing	secured loan	L · 0.30/0	113112023	0.070	-0,577	75,052	-1,070
Smyrna, TN USA 37167-6603								
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. (1)(3)(7)	Manufacturing	First lien senior	L+6.50%	7/31/2022	0.0%	3,568	3,499	3,496
8100 Tridon Drive		secured revolving						

Professional Plumbing Group, Lee, (00)ManufacturingFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 6.75\%$ $4/16/2024$ 0.0% $52,744$ $52,026$ 2951 E HWY 501 Conway, SC 29525Professional Plumbing Group, Lee, (0007)Manufacturing baaFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 6.75\%$ $4/16/2024$ 0.0% $2,657$ $2,543$ 2951 E HWY 501 Comway, SC 29525Oil and gasFirst lien serior secured dayed draw term loan $L + 8.25\%$ $6/30/2019$ 0.0% $45,973$ $45,001$ Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC(0007) 5914 W, Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730Oil and gasFirst lien serior secured dayed draw term loan $L + 5.50\%$ $7/27/2024$ 0.0% $45,973$ $45,001$ Brigham Mineras, LLC(0107) 5914 W, Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730Oil and gasFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 5.50\%$ $7/27/2024$ 0.0% $45,360$ Brigham Mineras, LLC(0107) 5914 W, Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730Oil and gasFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 5.50\%$ $1/2/21/2024$ 0.0% $45,365$ Brigham Mineras, LLC(0107) Sourd D, Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730Oil and gasFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 5.50\%$ $1/2/21/2024$ 0.0% $45,265$ Amsper Holdings, Corp(108) Crabury, NO 08512Professional servicesFirst lien serior secured loan $L + 5.0\%$ $7/2/2024$ 0.0% $2,277$ $2,145$ Amsper Holdings, Corp(108) Crabury, NO 08512Professional servicesFirst lien s	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Interest Rate	Type of Investment	Industry	(\$ in thousands) Company
Inc. (03) secured loan Secured loan secured loan Conway, SC 25326 Professional Purklopia L + 6.75% 4/16/2024 0.0% 2,637 2,543 Inc. (030/0) Secured revolving Isonor Secured revolving 0.0% 45,973 45,001 Conway, SC 25326 Black Mountinstand Eagle Ford Oil and gas First lien senior L + 8.25% 6/30/2019 0.0% 45,973 45,001 LLC(UAOr) Secured leaved arv term loan First lien senior L + 5.5% 7/27/2024 0.0% 45,000 113,917 Solit W Couryard Dr., Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior L + 5.5% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solit W Couryard Dr., Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior L + 5.5% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Soliti M Couryard Dr., Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior L + 5.5% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Soliti M Couryard Dr., Suite 100 Secured leaved first lien senior L + 5.5%	51,426								
Convay, SC 29526 Manufacturing First lien senior secured revolving loan L + 6.75% 4/16/2024 0.0% 2,543 Dre/10/07 Sourd revolving loan L + 8.25% 6/30/2019 0.0% 45,973 45,001 CONVay, SC 29526 Entry Yon L + 8.25% 6/30/2019 0.0% 45,973 45,001 LC00807 Auxie Troit Convertion Secured datayed draw term loan L + 5.20% 7/27/2024 0.0% 45,973 45,001 JC0 Convertion Oil and gas First lien senior secured datayed draw term loan L + 5.20% 1/27/2019 0.0% 46,000 45,360 JS14 W. Courtyard Dr., Stuie 100 Oil and gas First lien senior draw term loan L + 5.50% 1/27/2019 0.0% 46,000 45,360 JS14 W. Courtyard Dr., Stuie 100 Gas Secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 1/27/2024 0.0% 85,365 83,801 JS014 BaseL Lane Stuite 100 Secured loan L + 5.50% 1/2/21/2024 0.0% 85,365 83,801 JS014 BaseL Lane Stuite 100 Secured loan L + 5.50%	,	<i>.</i>	,				secured loan	č	Inc. (1)(3)
Perofessional Plambing Group, Loc (1007) Manufacturing secured revolving loan First lien senior secured delayed daw term loan L + 6.75% 4/16/2024 0.0% 2,657 2,543 Convay, SC 29526 Imack Montain Sand Eagle Ford LLC(0037) Oil and gas secured delayed daw term loan L + 8.25% 6/30/2019 0.0% 45,973 45,001 240 Commerce Street, Suite 500 Oil and gas Secured delayed daw term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 115,000 113,917 Strist lien senior Solt W, Courtyard Dr, Suite 100 Oil and gas Secured delayed daw term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Strist lien senior Solt W, Courtyard Dr, Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior secured leayed daw term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Strist Lien Senior Strist lien Senior Solt W, Courtyard Dr, Suite 100 Secured leayed daw term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 85,365 83,801 Boldings, LLC(04) Solt Strist lien Senior Solt W, Courtyard Dr, Suite 100 First lien Senior Secured leayed L + 5.50% 7/2/2024 0.0% 2,377 2,145 Canith LC(04									
Inc. (1007) secured revolving loan Secured revolving loan Secured delayed draw term loan 120 Convary, SC 29526 Back Montain Sand Eagle Ford Lip C0(26) C1 and gas First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 120 Convary, SC 29526 Back Montain Sand Eagle Ford Lip C0(26) 120 Convary, SC 29526 Bright Minerals, LLC (10(26) Secured 10 and gas First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan 120 Convary, SC 29526 Bright Minerals, LLC (10(27)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brightam Minerals, LLC (10(27)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brightam Minerals, LLC (10(27)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brightam Minerals, LLC (10(27)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brightam Minerals, LLC (10(7)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brightam Minerals, LLC (10(7)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Bright Bright Minerals, LLC (10(7)) Soli 40 Courty and Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Bright Bright									-
2931 E HWY 501 Ioan Conway, SC 293263 Eirst line senior, secured delayed, daw term loan L + 8.25% 6/30/2019 0.0% 45.973 45.001 20 Commerce Street, Suite 500 awa term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 115.000 113.917 Solatin, TX 78730 secured loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Secured loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Gil and gas First line senior L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Gil and gas First line senior L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Gil and gas First line senior L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Gil and gas First line senior L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 45,360 Solatin, TX 78730 Gil and gas First line senior L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 45,365 83,801 Solatin, T	2,436	2,543	2,657	0.0%	4/16/2024	L+6.75%		Manufacturing	0
Convay, SC 29326 Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC00307 420 Commerce Street, Suite 500 Ford Worth, TX 76102 Brigham Minerals, LLC (D)(2) Austin, TX 78730 Brigham Minerals, LLC (D)(2) Austin, TX 78730 5014 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Austin, TX 78730 Brigham Minerals, LLC (D)(2) Minerals, LLC (D)(2) Source delayed Austin, TX 78730 Brigham Minerals, LLC (D)(2) (D) and gas Brisst line senior Source delayed Austin, TX 78730 Brisst line senior Source delayed Austin, TX 78730 Brisst line senior Source delayed Austin, TX 78730 Brisst line senior Source delayed Austin, TX 78730 Boar Austin, TX									
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LLC(0)3(7) secured leaged draw term loan for the secured leaged draw term loan for Worth, TX 76102 draw term loan for the secured loan secured loan secured loan secured loan secured loan for the secured loan secured loan for the secured loan secured loan for the secured revolving loan for the secured loan for the secure for the secured revolving loan for the secured	44,495	45 001	45 073	0.0%	6/30/2010	I + 8 25%	First lien senior	Oil and gas	-
420 Commerce Street, Suite 500 dia wa term loan Fort Worh, TX 76102 0il and gas First lien senior secured loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 115,000 113,917 Spl4 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior secured lealyed draw term loan L + 5.50% 10/27/2019 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Spl4 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Secured delayed draw term loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Brigham Minerals, LLC (0/C) Oil and gas First lien senior loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Spl4 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Spl4 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 1/2/21/2024 0.0% 85,365 83,801 Holdings, LLC (0/C) Secured revolving loan Secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 7/2/2024 0.0% 102,781 101,104 1249 S River Rd Secured revolving loan Secured rev	++,+))	45,001	+5,775	0.070	0/50/2019	L + 0.2570		On and gas	
Fort Worth, TX 76102 Oil and gas First lien senior secured lean L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 115,000 113,917 Brigham Minerals, LLC (10(2)) Oil and gas First lien senior secured lean L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Brigham Minerals, LLC (10(2)) Oil and gas First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan L + 5.50% 10/27/2019 0.0% 46,000 45,360 Brigham Minerals, LLC (10(7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 7/27/2024 0.0% - (85) Sold K, Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan L + 5.50% 1/221/2024 0.0% - (85) Sold Disses, LLC (10(2) Oil and gas First lien senior secured loan L + 5.50% 1/221/2024 0.0% 85,365 83,801 Sold Disses, LLC (10(2) Maske Holdings Corp(10(3) Professional First lien senior secured loan L + 5.50% 1/221/2024 0.0% 2,377 2,145 Sold Biddings Corp(10(5)(7) Professional services secured loan L + 5.00% 7/2/2024 0.0% 2,377 2,145 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
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Austin, TX 78'730 Brigham Minerals, LLC (10/07) Oil and gas First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan brigham Minerals, LLC (10/7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan brigham Minerals, LLC (10/7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan brigham Minerals, LLC (10/7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan brigham Minerals, LLC (10/7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan brigham Minerals, LLC (10/7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan broken bright of the secure of revolving loan broken bright of the secure of revolving loan broken broke	112,700	113,917	115,000	0.0%	7/27/2024	L+5.50%	First lien senior	Oil and gas	Brigham Minerals, LLC (1)(2)
Brigham Minerals, LLC (1)(2)(7)Oil and gas secured delayed draw term loanFirst lien senior secured delayed draw term loanL + 5.50% (1)(27/2019)0.0% (0,0%)46,000 (45,360)Strigham Minerals, LLC (1)(7)Oil and gas secured revolving loanFirst lien senior secured revolving loanL + 5.50% (7/27/2024)0.0% (0,0%)(85) (85)Strigham Minerals, LLC (1)(7)Oil and gas secured revolving loanFirst lien senior secured revolvingL + 5.50% (12/21/2024)0.0% (0,0%)(85) (85)Zenith Energy U.S. LogisticsOil and gas secured loanFirst lien senior secured revolvingL + 5.50% (12/21/2024)0.0% (0,0%)85,365 (10,2,781)83,801 (10,104)3000 Essex Lane Suite 950Professional secured loanFirst lien senior secured revolvingL + 5.75% (12/21/2024)0.0% (0,0%)102,781 (10,1104)1249 S River Rd Cranbury, NJ 08512Professional servicesFirst lien senior secured revolvingP + 3.75% (12/2024)0.0% (0,0%)2,377 (2,145)1249 S River Rd Carabury, NJ 08512Professional servicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 5.00% (7/31/2023)0.0% (0,0%)91,125 (2,377)1249 S River Rd Carabury, NJ 08512Professional secured loanFirst lien senior secured loanL + 6.00% (7/31/2023)0.0% (0,0%)91,125 (2,254)131 Machelen Brussels, BelgiumProfessional servicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 6.00% (6/15/2025)0.0% <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>secured loan</td><td>Ū.</td><td>5914 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100</td></b<>							secured loan	Ū.	5914 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100
5914 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100secured delayed draw term loanAustin, TX 78730011 and gasSecured revolving loanL + 5.50%7/27/20240.0%—(85)Spita W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100011 and gasFirst lien senior secured revolving loanL + 5.50%12/21/20240.0% ∞ (85)Statin, TX 78730201011 and gasFirst lien senior secured loanL + 5.50%12/21/20240.0%85,36583,801Holdings, LLC(0/2)300 EaseEaseL + 5.75%7/2/20240.0%102,781101,104300 EaseLayesservicessecured loanSecured loanSecured loan12/21/20240.0%2,3772,1451249 S River Rdservicesservicessecured revolving loanSecured revolvingInt,10412/21/20240.0%2,3772,1451249 S River Rdservicessecured revolving loanInt,104Secured revolvingInt,10412/21/20240.0%2,3772,1451249 S River Rdservicessecured revolving loanInt,104Secured revolvingInt,10412/21/20240.0%9,1,12587,285De Kleetlaan 6Aservicessecured loanSecured loanInt,10412/21/20240.0%9,1,12587,285De Kleetlaan 6Aservicessecured loanSecured loan <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Austin, TX 78730</td></td<>									Austin, TX 78730
Austin, TX 78730draw term loanBrigham Minerals, LLC (1)(7)Oil and gasFirst lien senior secured revolving loanL + 5.50%7/27/20240.0%—(85)Solar N, Courtyard Dr., Suite 100Oil and gasFirst lien senior secured revolving loanL + 5.50%12/21/20240.0% $-$ (85)Zenith Energy U.S. LogisticsOil and gasFirst lien senior secured loanL + 5.50%12/21/20240.0%85,36583,8013000 Essex Lane Suite 950Houston, TX 77027Amspee Holdings Corp(16)Professional servicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 5.75%7/2/20240.0%102,781101,1041249 S River Rdservicessecured loanSecured loanNot secured loan22 <t< td=""><td>44,620</td><td>45,360</td><td>46,000</td><td>0.0%</td><td>10/27/2019</td><td>L+5.50%</td><td>First lien senior</td><td>Oil and gas</td><td>Brigham Minerals, LLC (1)(2)(7)</td></t<>	44,620	45,360	46,000	0.0%	10/27/2019	L+5.50%	First lien senior	Oil and gas	Brigham Minerals, LLC (1)(2)(7)
Brigham Minerals, LLC (1)(7) Oil and gas First lien senior secured revolving loan L + 5.0% 7/27/2024 0.0% — (85) S914 W. Courtyard Dr., Suite 100 Joan							•		
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	83,657	85,801	85,505	0.0%	12/21/2024	L + 3.30%		On and gas	0.
Houston, TX 77027 AmSpec Holdings Corp(1)(3) Professional services secured loan $L + 5.75\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 102,781 101,104 1249 S River Rd Services secured loan $L + 5.75\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 2,377 2,145 1249 S River Rd Services secured revolving Loan $L + 5.00\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 2,377 2,145 1249 S River Rd Services Secured revolving Loan $L + 5.00\%$ 7/31/2023 0.0% 91,125 87,285 De Kleetlaan 6A services secured loan $L + 5.00\%$ 7/31/2023 0.0% 91,125 87,285 De Kleetlaan 6A services secured loan $L + 7.00\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) Services secured loan $L + 7.00\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) Services secured loan $L + 7.00\%$ 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 C Services secured loan $L + 6.50\%$ 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services (1)(3) Services Secured loan $L + 6.50\%$ 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A INQ C Secured multi- draw term loan $L + 6.50\%$ 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577							secured loan		
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Cranbury, NJ 08512 loan Cardinal US Holdings, Inc.(1)(3) Professional First lien senior L + 5.00% 7/31/2023 0.0% 91,125 87,285 Secured loan 1831 Machelen Brussels, Belgium DMT Solutions Global Professional First lien senior L + 7.00% 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) services secured loan 37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A INQ GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) Services secured multi-draw term loan	2,016	2,145	2,377	0.0%	7/2/2024	P + 3.75%	First lien senior	Professional	AmSpec Holdings Corp(1)(5)(7)
Cardinal US Holdings, Inc.(1)(3)Professional servicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 5.00%7/31/20230.0%91,12587,285De Kleetlaan 6A servicesservicessecured loanrotL + 5.00%7/31/20230.0%91,12587,2851831 Machelen Brussels, BelgiumDMT Solutions Global Corporation(1)(5)Professional servicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 7.00%7/2/20240.0%54,60052,554Corporation(1)(5)servicessecured loanSecured loan7/2/20250.0%74,27672,877Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)servicessecured loanSecured loanSecured loanSecured loanSecured loanSecured loanVeritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A INQProfessional ServicesFirst lien senior secured loanL + 6.50%6/15/20200.0%12,01311,577Qex Fund Services)(1)(3)servicessecured multi- draw term loanGragit Holdings Limited (dba servicesProfessional secured multi- draw term loanSecured multi- dr							secured revolving	services	1249 S River Rd
De Kleetlaan 6A services secured loan 1831 Machelen Brussels, Belgium DMT Solutions Global Professional First lien senior L + 7.00% 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) services secured loan 37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A 1NQ GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- draw term loan									
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Brussels, Belgium DMT Solutions Global Professional First lien senior L + 7.00% 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) services secured loan 7 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 7 7 7 7 7 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan 7 7 7 7 Code Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan 7 7 7 7 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- draw term loan 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 <							secured loan	services	
DMT Solutions Global Professional First lien senior L + 7.00% 7/2/2024 0.0% 54,600 52,554 Corporation(1)(5) services secured loan secured loan 54,600 52,554 37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan secured loan 74,276 72,877 Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A 1NQ First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- draw term loan 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577									
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37 Executive Dr Danbury, CT 06810 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(103) services secured loan Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement Veritas secured multi- 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(103(7) services secured multi- draw term loan Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement 0.0% 12,013 11,577	52,410	52,554	54,000	0.0%	//2/2024	L + 7.00%			
Danbury, CT 06810 GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional services) Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement CGC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 services secured loan First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement draw term loan							secured loan	301 11003	•
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional services First lien senior services L + 6.50% 6/15/2025 0.0% 74,276 72,877 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan 74,276 72,877 Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement London, England, EC2A INQ First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- draw term loan 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577									
Apex Fund Services)(1)(3) services secured loan Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement	72,792	72,877	74,276	0.0%	6/15/2025	L+6.50%	First lien senior	Professional	-
London, England, EC2A INQ Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- draw term loan 1	,	<i>.</i>	<i>.</i>				secured loan	services	5 S S
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2020 0.0% 12,013 11,577 Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement draw term loan									Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement
Apex Fund Services)(1)(3)(7) services secured multi- Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement draw term loan									London, England, EC2A 1NQ
Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement draw term Ioan	11,412	11,577	12,013	0.0%	6/15/2020	L+6.50%			
								services	•
							draw term loan		
London, England, EC2A 1NQ GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 2/28/2019 0.0% — (664)	(721)	(664)		0.00/	2/28/2010	T + 6 500/	Einst line and in	Duefeesienal	
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Apex Fund Services accurate datayed Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement data werm Ioan								Services	
London, Filosof y Lavenication and Commission of Commission and Commission of Commissi							draw term toan		
CC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Professional First lien senior L + 6.50% 6/15/2023 0.0% — (296)	(208)	(296)	_	0.0%	6/15/2023	L + 6.50%	First lien senior	Professional	
Apex Fund Services)(1)(7) services secured revolving	(===)	(_, , ,							
Veritas House, 125 Finsbury Pavement loan									
London, England, EC2A INQ									London, England, EC2A 1NQ
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc. (1)(3) Professional First lien senior L + 4.25% 12/12/2024 0.0% 336,585 333,245	333,220	333,245	336,585	0.0%	12/12/2024	L + 4.25%	First lien senior	Professional	
60 East 42nd Street, 3rd Floor, services secured loan							secured loan	services	
New York, NY 10165									
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(1)(7)ProfessionalFirst lien senior $L + 4.25\%$ $12/12/2024$ 0.0% —(232)(2) To the full control of the f	(234)	(232)	_	0.0%	12/12/2024	L+4.25%			
60 East 42nd Street, 3rd Floor, services secured revolving								services	
New York, NY 10165 loan							ioan		INEW FORK, IN Y 10105

(\$ in thousands) Company		Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
EW Holdco, LLC (db	Da	Specialty Retail	First lien senior	L+4.50%	9/25/2024	0.0%	57,356	56,804	56,209
European Wax)(1)(2)			secured loan						
P.O. Box 802208									
Aventura, FL 33280									
Galls, LLC(1)(2)		Specialty Retail	First lien senior	L+6.25%	1/31/2025	0.0%	91,925	90,893	90,086
1340 Russell Cave Ro	ad		secured loan						
P.O. Box 54308									
Lexington, KY 40505		a				0.00/			
Galls, LLC(1)(2)(7)	1	Specialty Retail	First lien senior	L+6.25%	1/31/2024	0.0%	9,637	9,350	9,216
1340 Russell Cave Ros P.O. Box 54308	ad		secured revolving loan						
Lexington, KY 40505			IUali						
Galls, LLC(1)(2)(7)		Specialty Retail	First lien senior	L+6.25%	1/31/2020	0.0%	7,930	7,652	7,534
1340 Russell Cave Ro	ad	Specialty Retail	secured delayed	L + 0.2570	1/51/2020	0.070	7,750	7,052	7,554
P.O. Box 54308			draw term loan						
Lexington, KY 40505									
DB Datacenter Holdi	ngs	Telecommunications	Second lien	L + 7.50%	4/3/2025	0.0%	35,000	34,537	34,300
Inc.(1)(2)	8		senior secured				<i>.</i>		,
400 South Akard Stree	et Suite 100		loan						
Dallas, TX 75202									
Lytx, Inc.(1)(2)		Transportation	First lien senior	L+6.75%	8/31/2023	0.0%	44,134	43,034	44,134
9785 Towne Centre Di	rive		secured loan						
San Diego, CA 92121									
Lytx, Inc.(1)(7)		Transportation	First lien senior	L+6.75%	8/31/2022	0.0%		(45)	_
9785 Towne Centre D	rive		secured revolving						
San Diego, CA 92121			loan			0.00/			
Motus, LLC and Run		Transportation	First lien senior	L+6.75%	1/17/2024	0.0%	67,093	65,629	65,416
International LLC(1) Two Financial Center	(3)		secured loan						
60 South Street,									
Boston, MA 02111									
Motus, LLC and Run	nzheimer	Transportation	First lien senior	L+6.75%	1/17/2023	0.0%	_	(111)	(137)
International LLC(1)		runoportation	secured revolving	2 01/0/0	111/2020	0.070		(111)	(157)
Two Financial Center			loan						
60 South Street,									
Boston, MA 02111									
Uber Technologies, I	nc.	Transportation	Unsecured note	7.50%	11/1/2023	0.0%	9,200	9,200	8,884
1455 Market St.									
San Francisco, CA									
Uber Technologies, In	nc.	Transportation	Unsecured note	8.00%	11/1/2026	0.0%	13,800	13,800	13,299
1455 Market St.									
San Francisco, CA									

San Francisco, CA

(1) Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.50%. (2)

The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.81%. (3)

(4) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.88%.

(5)

The interest rate on these loans is subject to the Prime Rate ("Prime" or "P"), which as of December 31, 2018 was 5.50%. The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR" or "C"), which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.24%. (6)

(7) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.

As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" and has "Control" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the (8) portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Other than for purposes of the 1940 Act, the Company does not believe that it has control over this portfolio company.

MANAGEMENT

We are managed by the Adviser. The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. Subject to the overall supervision of our Board, the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us. The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. The Adviser is responsible for managing our business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring our investments, and monitoring our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals.

Our Board of Directors

Board Composition

Our Board consists of seven members. The Board is divided into three classes, with the members of each class serving staggered, three-year terms; however, the initial members of the three classes have initial terms of one, two and three years, respectively. The terms of our Class I directors will expire at the 2020 annual meeting of shareholders; the terms of our Class II directors will expire at the 2021 annual meeting of shareholders; and the terms of our Class III directors will expire at the 2019 annual meeting of shareholders.

Messrs. Finn and Kaye serve as Class I directors (with terms expiring in 2020). Messrs. Temple and Ostrover serve as Class II directors (with terms expiring in 2021). Messrs. D'Alelio, Packer, and Kirshenbaum serve as Class III directors (with terms expiring in 2019).

Independent Directors

Pursuant to the Company's Charter, a majority of the Board will consist of directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company, of the Adviser, or of any of their respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act ("Independent Directors").

Consistent with these considerations, after review of all relevant transactions and relationships between each director, or any of his or her family members, and the Company, the Adviser, or of any of their respective affiliates, the Board has determined that Messrs. Finn, Kaye, Temple, and D'Alelio qualify as Independent Directors. Each director who serves on the Audit Committee is an independent director for purposes of Rule 10A-3 under the 1934 Act.

Interested Directors

Messrs. Ostrover, Packer, and Kirshenbaum are considered "interested persons" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Company since they are employed by the Adviser.

Nominating Rights and Observers

Certain Shareholders have been given the right to invite a representative to attend meetings of the Board in a nonvoting observer capacity. Such rights will terminate prior to the Company being listed on a national securities exchange.

Meetings and Attendance

Our Board met six times during 2018 and acted on various occasions by written consent. Each director attended all meetings of the Board (held during the period for which he has been a director), except for Mr. D'Alelio who did not attend one meeting of the Board and Mr. Ostrover who did not attend three meetings of the Board.

Board Attendance at the Annual Meeting

Our policy is to encourage our directors to attend each annual meeting; however, such attendance is not required at this time.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Overall responsibility for our oversight rests with the Board. We have entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement pursuant to which the Adviser will manage the Company on a day-to-day basis. The Board is responsible for overseeing the Adviser and our other service providers in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act, applicable provisions of state and other laws and our charter. The Board is currently composed of seven members, four of whom are directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company or the Adviser as defined in the 1940 Act. The Board meets in person at regularly scheduled quarterly meetings each year. In addition, the Board may hold special in-person or telephonic meetings or informal conference calls to discuss specific matters that may arise or require action between regular meetings. As described below, the Board has established a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and an Audit Committee, and may establish ad hoc committees or working groups from time to time, to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities.

The Board has appointed Edward D'Alelio, an independent director, to serve in the role of Chairman of the Board. The Chairman's role is to preside at all meetings of the Board and to act as a liaison with the Adviser, counsel and other directors generally between meetings. The Chairman serves as a key point person for dealings between management and the directors. The Chairman also may perform such other functions as may be delegated by the Board from time to time. The Board reviews matters related to its leadership structure annually. The Board has determined that the Board's leadership structure is appropriate because it allows the Board to exercise informed and independent judgment over the matters under its purview and it allocates areas of responsibility among committees of directors and the full Board in a manner that enhances effective oversight.

We are subject to a number of risks, including investment, compliance, operational and valuation risks, among others. Risk oversight forms part of the Board's general oversight of the Company and is addressed as part of various Board and committee activities. Day-to-day risk management functions are subsumed within the responsibilities of the Adviser and other service providers (depending on the nature of the risk), which carry out our investment management and business affairs. The Adviser and other service providers employ a variety of processes, procedures and controls to identify various events or circumstances that give rise to risks, to lessen the probability of their occurrence and to mitigate the effects of such events or circumstances if they do occur. Each of the Adviser and other service providers kneir own independent interest in risk management, and their policies and methods of risk management will depend on their functions and business models. The Board recognizes that it is not possible to identify all of the risks that may affect the Company or to develop processes and controls to eliminate or mitigate their occurrence or effects. As part of its regular oversight of the Company, the Board interacts with and reviews reports from, among others, the Adviser, our chief compliance officer, our independent registered public accounting firm and counsel, as appropriate, regarding risks faced by the Company and applicable risk controls. The Board may, at any time and in its discretion, change the manner in which it conducts risk oversight.

Biographical Information

Brief biographies of the members of the Board are set forth below. Also included below following each biography is a brief discussion of the specific experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that led our Board to conclude that the applicable director should serve on our Board at this time. In addition, set forth further below is a biography of each of our executive officers who is not a director.

Name	Age	Position	Expiration of Term	Director Since
Independent Directors	nge	<u>1054104</u>		Director Since
Brian Finn	58	Director	2020	2016
Eric Kaye	55	Director	2020	2016
Christopher M. Temple	51	Director	2021	2016
Edward D'Alelio	66	Chairman of the Board, Director	2019	2016
Interested Directors				
Douglas I. Ostrover	56	Director	2021	2016
Craig W. Packer	52	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	2019	2016
Alan Kirshenbaum	47	Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial		
		Officer and Director	2019	2015

Independent Directors

Mr. Finn served as the Chief Executive Officer of Asset Management Finance Corporation from 2009 to March 2013 and as its Chairman from 2008 to March 2013. From 2004 to 2008, Mr. Finn was Chairman and Head of Alternative Investments at Credit Suisse Group. Mr. Finn has held many positions within Credit Suisse and its predecessor firms, including President of Credit Suisse First Boston (CSFB), President of Investment Banking, Co-President of Institutional Securities, Chief Executive Officer of Credit Suisse USA and a member of the Office of the Chairman of CSFB. He was also a member of the Executive Board of Credit Suisse. Mr. Finn served as principal and partner of private equity firm Clayton, Dubilier & Rice from 1997 to 2002. Mr. Finn currently serves as Chairman of Covr Financial Technologies Corp., a director of The Scotts Miracle Gro Company and WaveGuide Corporation, Chairman of Star Mountain Capital, a lower middle market credit investment firm, and Investment Partner of Nyca Partners, a financial technology venture capital firm. Since 2016 he has served on the board of the Company and Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and since 2018 he has served on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. Mr. Finn received a B.S. in Economics from The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania.

We believe Mr. Finn's numerous management positions and broad experiences in the financial services sector provide him with skills and valuable insight in handling complex financial transactions and issues, all of which make him well qualified to serve on our board of directors.

Mr. Kaye is the founder of ARQ^EX Fitness Systems, a fitness equipment design company. Prior to founding ARQ^EX, Mr. Kaye served as a Vice Chairman and Managing Director of UBS Investment Bank, and a member of the division's Global Operating and U.S. Executive Committees, from June 2001 to May 2012. For the majority of Mr. Kaye's tenure with UBS, he was a Managing Director and led the firm's Exclusive Sales and Divestitures Group, where he focused on advising middle market companies. Prior to joining UBS, Mr. Kaye has served as Global Co-Head of Mergers & Acquisitions for Robertson Stephens, an investment banking firm, from February 1998 to June 2001. Mr. Kaye joined Robertson Stephens from PaineWebber where he served as Executive Director and head of the firm's Technology Mergers & Acquisitions team. Since 2016 he has served on the boards of the Company and Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and since 2018 he has served on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. Mr. Kaye holds a B.A. from Union College and an M.B.A. from Columbia Business School.

We believe Mr. Kaye's management positions and experiences in the middle market provide our board of directors with valuable insight.

Mr. Temple has served as President of DelTex Capital LLC, a private investment firm, since its founding in 2010. Mr. Temple has served as an Operating Executive for Tailwind Capital, LLC, a New York based middle market private equity firm managing over \$3.5 billion of committed capital, since June 2011. Prior to forming DelTex Capital, Mr. Temple served as President of Vulcan Capital, the investment arm of Vulcan Inc., from May 2009 until December 2009 and as Vice President of Vulcan Capital from September 2008 to May 2009. Prior to joining Vulcan in September 2008, Mr. Temple served as a managing director at Tailwind Capital, LLC from May to August 2008. Prior to joining Tailwind, Mr. Temple was a managing director at Friend Skoler & Co., Inc. from May 2005 to May 2008. From April 1996 to December 2004, Mr. Temple was a managing director at Thayer Capital Partners. Mr. Temple started his career in the audit and tax departments of KPMG's Houston office and was a licensed CPA from 1989 to 1993. Mr. Temple has served on the board of directors of Plains All American Pipeline Company since 2009 and served on the audit committee from 2009 to 2016. Prior public board service includes board and audit committee service for Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings from April 2011 to May 2016 and on the board and audit committee of Charter Communications Inc. from November 2009 through January 2011. In addition to public boards, as part of his role with Tailwind, Mr. Temple has served on private boards including Brawler Industries, National HME, and HMT, LLC. Since 2016 he has served on the board of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and since 2018 he has served on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. Mr. Temple holds a B.B.A., magna cum laude, from the University of Texas and an M.B.A. from Harvard.

We believe Mr. Temple's broad investment management background, together with his financial and accounting knowledge, brings important and valuable skills to our board of directors.

Mr. D'Alelio was formerly a Managing Director and CIO for Fixed Income at Putnam Investments, Boston, where he served from 1989 until he retired in 2002. While at Putnam, he served on the Investment Policy Committee, which was responsible for oversight of all investments. He also sat on various Committees including attribution and portfolio performance. Prior to joining Putnam, he was a portfolio manager at Keystone Investments and prior to that, he was an Investment Analyst at The Hartford Ins. Co. Since 2002, Mr. D'Alelio has served as an Executive in Residence at the University of Mass., Boston—School of Management. He is also chair of the investment committee of the UMass Foundation and chair of the UMass Memorial Hospital investment committee and serves on its corporate board. He serves on the Advisory Committees of Ceres Farms and New Generation Investments. Since May 2007, Mr. D'Alelio has served as corporate director of Engauge Inc. and since September 2009 he has served as director of Vermont Farmstead Cheese. Since January 2008 he has served on the board of Blackstone/GSO Long Short Credit Fund & Blackstone/GSO Sen. Flt Rate Fund. Since December 2008 he has served on the board of Carador PLC, a Dublin based offshore closed end fund. Since 2016 he has served on the boards of the Company and Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and since 2018 he has served on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. Mr. D'Alelio's previous corporate board assignments include Archibald Candy, Doane Pet Care and Trump Entertainment Resorts. Mr. D'Alelio is a graduate of the Univ. of Mass Boston and has an M.B.A. from Boston University.

We believe Mr. D'Alelio's numerous management positions and broad experiences in the financial services sector provide him with skills and valuable insight in handling complex financial transactions and issues, all of which make him well qualified to serve on our board of directors.

Interested Directors

Mr. Ostrover is a Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP and also serves as Chief Executive Officer and Co-Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC and Owl Rock Private Fund Advisors LLC (collectively, the "Owl Rock Advisers") and is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. (collectively,

the BDCs). In addition, Mr. Ostrover has served on the boards of the Company and Owl Rock Capital Corporation II since 2016 and on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. since 2018. Prior to co-founding Owl Rock, Mr. Ostrover was one of the founders of GSO Capital Partners (GSO), Blackstone's alternative credit platform, and a Senior Managing Director at Blackstone until 2015. Prior to co-founding GSO in 2005, Mr. Ostrover was a Managing Director and Chairman of the Leveraged Finance Group of Credit Suisse First Boston (CSFB). Prior to his role as Chairman, Mr. Ostrover was Global Co-Head of CSFB's Leveraged Finance Group, during which time he was responsible for all of CSFB's origination, distribution and trading activities relating to high yield securities, leveraged loans, high yield credit derivatives and distressed securities. Mr. Ostrover was a member of CSFB's Management Council and the Fixed Income Operating Committee. Mr. Ostrover joined CSFB in November 2000 when CSFB acquired Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette ("DLJ"), where he was a Managing Director in charge of High Yield and Distressed Sales, Trading and Research. Mr. Ostrover had been a member of DLJ's high yield team since he joined the firm in 1992. Mr. Ostrover is actively involved in non-profit organizations including serving on the Board of Directors of the Michael J. Fox Foundation. Mr. Ostrover is also a board member of the Brunswick School. Mr. Ostrover received a B.A. in Economics from the University of Pennsylvania and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

We believe Mr. Ostrover's depth of experience in corporate finance, capital markets and financial services, gives the Board valuable industryspecific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters, and his history with us and the Adviser, provide an important skillset and knowledge base to the Board.

Mr. Packer is a Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP and also serves asCo-Chief Investment Officer of the Owl Rock Advisers and President and Chief Executive Officer of the BDCs and is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the BDCs. In addition, Mr. Packer has served on the boards of the Company and Owl Rock Capital Corporation II since 2016 and on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. since 2018. Prior to co-founding Owl Rock, Mr. Packer was Co-Head of Leveraged Finance in the Americas at Goldman, Sachs & Co., where he served on the Firmwide Capital Committee, Investment Banking Division ("IBD") Operating Committee, IBD Client and Business Standards Committee and the IBD Risk Committee. Mr. Packer joined Goldman, Sachs & Co. as a Managing Director and Head of High Yield Capital Markets in 2006 and was named partner in 2008. Prior to joining Goldman Sachs, Mr. Packer was the Global Head of High Yield Capital Markets at Credit Suisse First Boston, and before that he worked at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Mr. Packer serves as Treasurer and member of the Board of Trustees of Greenwich Academy, and Co-Chair of the Honorary Board of Kids in Crisis, a nonprofit organization that serves children in Connecticut, and on the Advisory Board for the McIntire School of Commerce, University of Virginia. Mr. Packer earned a B.S. from the University of Virginia and an M.B.A. from Harvard Business School.

We believe Mr. Packer's depth of experience in corporate finance, capital markets and financial services gives the Board valuable industry-specific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters, and his history with us and the Adviser provide an important skillset and knowledge base to the Board.

Mr. Kirshenbaum is Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP and also serves as the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers and each of the BDCs. In addition, Mr. Kirshenbaum has served on the board of the Company since 2015, on the board of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II since 2016 and on the board of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. since 2018. Prior to Owl Rock, Mr. Kirshenbaum was Chief Financial Officer of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., a business development company traded on the NYSE (TSLX). Mr. Kirshenbaum was responsible for building and overseeing TSLX's finance, treasury, accounting and operations functions from 2011 through 2015, including during its initial public offering in March 2014. From 2011 to 2013, Mr. Kirshenbaum was also Chief Financial Officer of TPG Special Situations Partners. From 2007 to 2011, Mr. Kirshenbaum was the Chief Financial Officer of MainStay Investments. Mr. Kirshenbaum joined Bear Stearns Asset Management ("BSAM") in 1999 and was BSAM's Chief Financial Officer from 2003 to 2006. Before joining BSAM,

Mr. Kirshenbaum worked in public accounting at KPMG and J.H. Cohn. Mr. Kirshenbaum is actively involved in a variety of non-profit organizations including the Boy Scouts of America and as trustee for the Jewish Federation of Greater MetroWest NJ. Mr. Kirshenbaum is also a member of the Rutgers University Dean's Cabinet. Mr. Kirshenbaum received a B.S. from Rutgers University and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

We believe Mr. Kirshenbaum's finance and operations experience, including serving as chief financial officer for a publicly traded business development company and prior experience going through the initial public offering process, as well as a history with us and the Adviser, provide an important skillset and knowledge base to the Board.

Information About Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors

			Officer
Name	Age	Position	Since
Karen Hager	46	Chief Compliance Officer	Since 2018
Bryan Cole	34	Chief Accounting Officer, Controller	2017
Alexis Maged	53	Vice President	2017

The address for each of our executive officers is c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 38h floor, New York, NY 10022.

Ms. Hager is a Managing Director of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP and also serves as the Chief Compliance Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers and each of the BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock in 2018, Ms. Hager was Chief Compliance Officer at Abbott Capital Management. Previous to Abbott, Ms. Hager worked as SVP, Director of Global Compliance and Chief Compliance Officer at The Permal Group, and as Director of Compliance at Dominick & Dominick Advisors LLC. Prior to joining Dominick & Dominick Advisors LLC, Ms. Hager was a Senior Securities Compliance Examiner/Staff Accountant at the US Securities and Exchange Commission. Ms. Hager received a B.S. in Accounting from Brooklyn College of the City University of New York.

Mr. Cole is a Managing Director of Owl Rock Capital Partners and serves as the Chief Accounting Officer and Controller of each of the BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock in 2016, Mr. Cole was Assistant Controller of Business Development Corporation of America, a non-traded business development company, where he was responsible for overseeing the finance, accounting, financial reporting, operations and internal controls functions. Preceding that role, Mr. Cole worked within the Financial Services — Alternative Investments practice of PwC where he specialized in financial reporting, fair valuation of illiquid investments and structured products, internal controls and other technical accounting matters pertaining to alternative investment advisors, hedge funds, business development companies and private equity funds. Mr. Cole received a B.S. in Accounting from Fordham University and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant in New York.

Mr. Maged is a Managing Director of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP and also serves as the Head of Underwriting and Portfolio Management for each of the Owl Rock Advisers and as Vice President of each of the BDCs and is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock in 2016, Mr. Maged was Chief Financial Officer of Barkbox, Inc., a New York-based provider of pet-themed products and technology, from 2014 to 2015. Prior to that, Mr. Maged was a Managing Director with Goldman Sachs & Co. from 2007 until 2014. At Goldman Sachs & Co., Mr. Maged held several leadership positions, including Chief Operating Officer of the investment bank's Global Credit Finance businesses, Co-Chair of the Credit Markets Capital Committee and a member of the Firmwide Capital Committee. Prior to assuming that role in 2011, Mr. Maged served as Chief Underwriting Officer for the Americas and oversaw the U.S. Bank Debt

Portfolio Group and US Loan Negotiation Group. From mid-2007 to the end of 2008, Mr. Maged was Head of Bridge Finance Capital Markets in the Americas Financing Group's Leveraged Finance Group, where he coordinated the firm's High Yield Bridge Lending and Syndication business. Prior to joining Goldman, Sachs & Co, Mr. Maged was Head of the Bridge Finance Group at Credit Suisse and also worked in the Loan Capital Markets Group at Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette. Upon DLJ's merger with Credit Suisse in 2000, Mr. Maged joined Credit Suisse's Syndicated Loan Group and, in 2003, founded its Bridge Finance Group. Earlier in his career, Mr. Maged was a member of the West Coast Sponsor Coverage Group at Citigroup and the Derivatives Group at Republic National Bank, as well as a founding member of the Loan Syndication Group at Swiss Bank Corporation. Mr. Maged received a B.A. from Vassar College and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

Communications with Directors

Shareholders and other interested parties may contact any member (or all members) of the Board by mail. To communicate with the Board, any individual directors or any group or committee of directors, correspondence should be addressed to the Board or any such individual directors or group or committee of directors by either name or title. All such correspondence should be sent to Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, NY 10022, Attention: Chief Compliance Officer.

Board Committees

Audit Committee Governance, Responsibilities and Meetings

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board, the Audit Committee:

(a) assists the Board's oversight of the integrity of our financial statements, the independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications and independence, our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the performance of our independent registered public accounting firm;

(b) prepares an Audit Committee report, if required by the SEC, to be included in our annual proxy statement;

(c) oversees the scope of the annual audit of our financial statements, the quality and objectivity of our financial statements, accounting and financial reporting policies and internal controls;

(d) determines the selection, appointment, retention and termination of our independent registered public accounting firm, as well as approving the compensation thereof;

(e) pre-approves all audit and non-audit services provided to us and certain other persons by such independent registered public accounting firm; and

(f) acts as a liaison between our independent registered public accounting firm and the Board.

Our Board has determined that Messrs. Temple and Finn each qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" as that term is defined under Item 407 of Regulation S-K, as promulgated under the 1934 Act. Messrs. D'Alelio, Kaye and Temple meet the current independence and experience requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the 1934 Act.

Messrs. D'Alelio, Finn, Kaye and Temple are members of the Audit Committee and Mr. Temple serves as Chairman. The Audit Committee had eight formal meetings in 2018. Each member of the Audit Committee (during the period for which he has been a member of the committee) who served on such committee during the 2018 fiscal year attended all of the meetings held during 2018, except for Mr. Finn who did not attend one meeting of the Audit Committee and Mr. D'Alelio who did not attend four meetings of the Audit Committee.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Governance, Responsibilities and Meetings

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee:

(a) recommends to the Board persons to be nominated by the Board for election at the Company's meetings of our shareholders, special or annual, if any, or to fill any vacancy on the Board that may arise between shareholder meetings;

(b) makes recommendations with regard to the tenure of the directors;

(c) is responsible for overseeing an annual evaluation of the Board and its committee structure to determine whether the structure is operating effectively; and

(d) recommends to the Board the compensation to be paid to the independent directors of the Board.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider for nomination to the Board candidates submitted by our shareholders or from other sources it deems appropriate.

Messrs. D'Alelio, Finn, Kaye and Temple are members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and Mr. Kaye serves as Chairman. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee had one formal meeting in 2018. Each member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (during the period for which he has been a member of the committee) who served on such committee during the 2018 fiscal year attended all of the meetings held during 2018, except for Mr. D'Alelio who did not attend one meeting of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

Director Nominations

Nomination for election as a director may be made by, or at the direction of, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee or by shareholders in compliance with the procedures set forth in our bylaws.

Shareholder proposals or director nominations to be presented at the annual meeting of shareholders, other than shareholder proposals submitted pursuant to the SEC's Rule 14a-8, must be submitted in accordance with the advance notice procedures and other requirements set forth in our bylaws. These requirements are separate from the requirements discussed above to have the shareholder nomination or other proposal included in our proxy statement and form of proxy/voting instruction card pursuant to the SEC's rules.

Our bylaws require that the proposal or recommendation for nomination must be delivered to, or mailed and received at, the principal executive offices of the Company not earlier than the 150th day prior to the one year anniversary of the date the Company's proxy statement for the preceding year's annual meeting, or later than the 120th day prior to the first anniversary of the date of the proxy statement for the preceding year's annual meeting. If the date of the annual meeting has changed by more than 30 days from the first anniversary of the date of the preceding year's annual meeting, shareholder proposals or director nominations must be so received not earlier than the 150th day prior to the date of such annual meeting and not later than the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting or the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

In evaluating director nominees, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers, among others, the following factors:

- whether the individual possesses high standards of character and integrity, relevant experience, a willingness to ask hard questions and the ability to work well with others;
- whether the individual is free of conflicts of interest that would violate applicable law or regulation or interfere with the proper performance of the responsibilities of a director;

- whether the individual is willing and able to devote sufficient time to the affairs of the Company and be diligent in fulfilling the responsibilities of a director and Board Committee member;
- whether the individual has the capacity and desire to represent the balanced, best interests of the shareholder as a whole and not a special interest group or constituency; and
- whether the individual possesses the skills, experiences (such as current business experience or other such current involvement in public service, academia or scientific communities), particular areas of expertise, particular backgrounds, and other characteristics that will help ensure the effectiveness of the Board and Board committees.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's goal is to assemble a board that brings to the Company a variety of perspectives and skills derived from high-quality business and professional experience.

Other than the foregoing, there are no stated minimum criteria for director nominees, although the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may also consider other factors as they may deem are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board also believes it appropriate for certain key members of our management to participate as members of the Board.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies nominees by first evaluating the current members of the Board willing to continue in service. Current members of the Board with skills and experience that are relevant to our business and who are willing to continue in service are considered for re-nomination. If any member of the Board does not wish to continue in service or if the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee decides not to re-nominate a member for re-election, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identify the desired skills and experience of a new nominee in light of the criteria above. The members of the Board are polled for suggestions as to individuals meeting the aforementioned criteria. Research may also be performed to identify qualified individuals. To date, we have not engaged third parties to identify or evaluate or assist in identifying potential nominees, although we reserve the right in the future to retain a third-party search firm, if necessary.

The Board has not adopted a formal policy with regard to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees. In determining whether to recommend a director nominee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers and discusses diversity, among other factors, with a view toward the needs of the Board as a whole. The Board generally conceptualizes diversity expansively to include, without limitation, concepts such as race, gender, national origin, differences of viewpoint, professional experience, education, skill and other qualities that contribute to the Board, when identifying and recommending director nominees. The Board believes that the inclusion of diversity as one of many factors considered in selecting director nominees is consistent with the Board's goal of creating a Board that best serves the needs of the Company and the interests of its shareholders.

Compensation and Insider Participation

Compensation

Director

No compensation is expected to be paid to our directors who are "interested persons," as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. Our directors who do not also serve in an executive officer capacity for us or the Adviser are entitled to receive annual cash retainer fees, fees for participating in in-person Board and committee meetings and annual fees for serving as a committee chairperson. These directors are Messrs. D'Alelio, Temple, Kaye and Finn. Effective as of January 1, 2018, we pay each independent director the following amounts for serving as director:

			Annual Committee Chair Cash Retainer					
	Annual Cash Retainer	Board Meeting Fee	Chair of the Board	Audit		nmittee hair		mmittee Ieeting Fee
Pre-Exchange Listing(1)	\$100,000	\$ 2,500	\$25,000	\$15,000	\$	5,000	\$	1,000
Post-Exchange Listing(2)	\$150,000	\$ 2,500	\$25,000	\$15,000	\$	5,000	\$	1,000

(1) Before the Company is listed on a national securities exchange.

(2) After the Company's common stock is listed on a national securities exchange.

We also reimburse each of the directors for all reasonable and authorized business expenses in accordance with our policies as in effect from time to time, including reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each Board meeting and each committee meeting not held concurrently with a Board meeting.

The table below sets forth the compensation received by each director from the Company for service during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018:

	Fees Earned an Paid in Cash b the Company	y from the	Total Compensation from the Fund Complex(1)
Edward D'Alelio	\$ 141,50	00 \$ 141,500	\$ 283,160
Christopher M. Temple	\$ 139,00	00 \$ 139,000	\$ 279,639
Eric Kaye	\$ 129,00	00 \$ 129,000	\$ 265,672
Brian Finn	\$ 123,00	\$ 123,000	\$ 245,370

(1) For purposes of this registration statement, the term "Fund Complex" is defined to include the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.

Compensation of Executive Officers

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of the Adviser or its affiliates, pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, as applicable. Our day-to-day investment and administrative operations are managed by the Adviser. Most of the services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by the Adviser or its affiliates.

None of our executive officers will receive direct compensation from us. We will reimburse the Adviser the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). The members of the Investment Committee, through their financial interests in the Adviser, are entitled to a portion of the profits earned by the Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Portfolio Managers

The management of the Company's investment portfolio is the responsibility of the Adviser and the Investment Committee. The Company considers these individuals to be its portfolio managers. The Adviser's investment team (the "Investment Team"), is led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser's senior executive team and the Investment Committee. The Investment Team, under the Investment Committee's supervision, sources investment opportunities, conducts research, performs due diligence on potential investments, structures the Company's investments and will monitor the Company's portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Investment Committee meets regularly to consider the Company's investments, direct its strategic initiatives and supervise the actions taken by the Adviser on its behalf. In addition, the Investment Committee reviews and determines whether to make prospective investments and monitors the performance of the investment portfolio. Each investment Committee's approval beyond that obtained when the initial investment in the portfolio company was made. In addition, temporary investments, such as those in cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less, may require approval by the Investment Committee. The compensation packages of certain Investment Committee from the Adviser include various combinations of discretionary bonuses and variable incentive compensation based primarily on performance for services provided.

None of the Adviser's investment professionals receive any direct compensation from the Company in connection with the management of the Company's portfolio. Certain members of the Investment Committee, through their financial interests in the Adviser, are entitled to a portion of the profits earned by the Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Investment Team performs a similar role for Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, with a total amount of approximately \$588.2 million of assets under management as of December 31, 2018 from which the Adviser may receive incentive fees. See "*Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships*" for a description of Owl Rock's allocation policy governing allocations of investments among us and other investment vehicles with similar or overlapping strategies, as well as a description of certain other relationships between us and the Adviser. See "*Prospectus Summary* — *Conflicts of Interest*" and "*Risk Factors* — *We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting our Adviser to certain conflicts of interests*" for a discussion of potential conflicts of interests.

The members of the Investment Committee function as portfolio managers with the most significant responsibility for theday-to-day management of our portfolio. The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer and Alexis Maged. Information regarding the Investment Committee, is as follows:

Name	Year of Birth
Douglas I. Ostrover	1962
Marc S. Lipschultz	1969
Craig W. Packer	1966
Alexis Maged	1965

In addition to managing our investments, as of December 31, 2018, our portfolio managers also managed investments on behalf of the following entities:

Name	Entity	Investment Focus	ss Assets millions)
Owl Rock Capital Corporation II	Business development company	U.S. middle-market lending	\$ 755.0
Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.	Business development company	U.S. middle-market technology related lending	\$ 588.2

The management and incentive fees payable by Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. are based on the gross assets and performance, respectively of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.

Biographical information regarding the member of the Investment Committee, who is not a director or executive officer of the Company is as follows:

Marc S. Lipschultz

Mr. Lipschultz is a Co-Founder and the President of Owl Rock Capital Partners, the Co-Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, ORCPFA and ORTA, and is a member of the Adviser's Investment Committee. Prior to founding Owl Rock, Mr. Lipschultz spent more than two decades at KKR, and he served on the firm's Management Committee and as the Global Head of Energy and Infrastructure. Mr. Lipschultz has a wide range of experience in alternative investments, including leadership roles in private equity, infrastructure and direct-asset investing. Prior to joining KKR, Mr. Lipschultz was with Goldman, Sachs & Co., where he focused on mergers and acquisitions and principal investment activities. He received an A.B. with honors and distinction, Phi Beta Kappa, from Stanford University and an M.B.A. with high distinction, Baker Scholar, from Harvard Business School. Mr. Lipschultz serves on the board of the Hess Corporation and is actively involved in a variety of nonprofit organizations, serving as a trustee and board member of the American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research, Michael J. Fox Foundation, Mount Sinai Health System, Riverdale Country School and as the President of the board of directors of the 92nd Street Y.

The table below shows the dollar range of shares of our common stock to be beneficially owned by the members of the Investment Committee as of March 15, 2019 stated as one of the following dollar ranges: None; \$1-\$10,000; \$10,001-\$50,000; \$50,001-\$100,000; or Over \$100,000. For purposes of this registration statement, the term "Fund Complex" is defined to include the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.

Name	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in Owl Rock Capital Corporation(1)(2)	Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex(1)(3)
Douglas I. Ostrover	over \$ 100,000	over \$ 100,000
Marc S. Lipschultz	over \$ 100,000	over \$ 100,000
Craig W. Packer	over \$ 100,000	over \$ 100,000
Alexis Maged	_	_

(1) Beneficial ownership determined in accordance with Rule16a-1(a)(2) promulgated under the 1934 Act.

(2) The dollar range of equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is calculated by multiplying the net asset value per share of the Company as of December 31, 2018 times the number of shares beneficially owned.

(3) The dollar range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is the sum of (x) the product obtained by multiplying the current net offering price of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, times the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II beneficially owned, (y) the product obtained by multiplying the net asset value per share of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. as of December 31, 2018 by the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. beneficially owned, and (z) the total dollar range of equity securities in the Company beneficially owned by the director.

Our Investment Adviser and Administrator

The Adviser serves as our investment adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement between us and the Adviser. The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. The Adviser is an indirect subsidiary of Owl Rock Capital Partners. Owl Rock Capital Partners is led by its three co-founders, Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. The Investment Team is also led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and the investment committee. The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer and Alexis Maged. The Adviser has limited operating history. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement the Adviser performs, or oversees the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. We will reimburse the Adviser for services performed for us pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for us by such affiliate or third party.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland that has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's investment objective is similar to ours, which is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable riskadjusted returns.

The Adviser is affiliated with ORTA and ORCPFA, which also are investment advisers and subsidiaries of Owl Rock Capital Partners. ORTA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and ORCPFA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. is a BDC and its investment objective is to maximize total return by generating current income from its debt investments and other income producing securities, and capital appreciation from its equity and equity-linked investments. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. has adopted a policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in technology-related companies.

Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. conducts private offerings of its common stock to investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the 1933 Act. At the closing of any private offering, each Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. investor will make a minimum capital commitment to purchase shares of its common stock pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into with Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. investors will be required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of its common stock up to the amount of their respective capital commitments on an as-needed basis each time Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. delivers a notice to its investors. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. had approximately \$1.8 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors of which approximately \$0.3 billion had been drawn.

Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund intends to originate and make loans to, and make debt investments in, U.S. middle market companies.

In addition to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, the Adviser and its affiliates may provide management or investment advisory services to entities that have overlapping objectives with us. The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities to us and others. In order to address these conflicts, Owl Rock has put in place an investment allocation policy that addresses the allocation of investment opportunities as well as co-investment restrictions under the 1940 Act. In addition, we, the Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief. See "Risk Factors - We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting the Adviser to certain conflicts of interest."

The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. See *Risk* Factors — Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — The Adviser may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we invest."

See "Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships" and "Control Persons and Principal Shareholders".

The Adviser's address is 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, NY 10022.

MANAGEMENT AND OTHER AGREEMENTS

Investment Advisory Agreement

The description below of the Investment Advisory Agreement is only a summary and is not necessarily complete. The description set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for the following:

- · managing our assets in accordance with our investment objective, policies and restrictions;
- determining the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes;
- making investment decisions for us, including negotiating the terms of investments in, and dispositions of, portfolio securities and other instruments on its behalf;
- · monitoring our investments;
- performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies;
- · exercising voting rights in respect of portfolio securities and other investments for us;
- · serving on, and exercising observer rights for, boards of directors and similar committees of our portfolio companies; and
- providing us with such other investment advisory and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of capital.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired.

Term

The Investment Advisory Agreement was approved by the Board on February 27, 2019, as described further below under "Board Approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement." Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect from year-to-year if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, a majority of the independent directors.

The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate within the meaning of the 1940 Act and related SEC guidance and interpretations in the event of its assignment. In accordance with the 1940 Act, without payment of penalty, we may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock. "Majority of the Outstanding Shares" means the lesser of (1) 67% or more of the outstanding shares of common stock present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares of common stock are present or represented by proxy or (2) a majority of outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, without payment of penalty, the Adviser may generally terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 60 days' written notice.

Removal of Adviser

The Adviser may be removed by the Board or by the affirmative vote of a Majority of the Outstanding Shares.

Compensation of the Adviser

We pay the Adviser a fee for its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement consisting of two components: a Management Fee and an Incentive Fee. The cost of both the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee will ultimately be borne by our shareholders.

The Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears. Prior to an Exchange Listing, the Management Fee is payable at an annual rate of 0.75% of our (i) average gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of our two most recently completed calendar quarters plus (ii) the average of any shareholder's remaining unfunded Capital Commitments to us at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. Following an Exchange Listing, the Management Fee is payable at an annual rate of 1.5% (reduced from 1.75% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of our average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters payable quarterly in arrears. The Management Fee for any partial month or quarter, as the case may be, will be appropriately prorated and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the relevant calendar months or quarters, as the case may be. For purposes of the Investment Advisory Agreement, gross assets means our total assets determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, excluding cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is not entitled to an Incentive Fee prior to an Exchange Listing. Following an Exchange Listing, the Incentive Fee will consist of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the Incentive Fee is based on our income and a portion is based on our capital gains, each as described below. The portion of the Incentive Fee based on income is determined and paid quarterly in arrears commencing with the first calendar quarter following an Exchange Listing, and equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," until the Adviser has received 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% (reduced from 1.875% quarterly pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) quarterly, 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that calendar quarter and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% (reduced from 1.875% quarterly pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that calendar quarter. The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% (reduced from 1.875% quarterly pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% (reduced from 1.875% quarterly pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement)), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached andcatch-up is achieved, 17.5% (reduced from 2.0% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement)), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends (including reinvested dividends), interest and fee income accrued by us during the calendar quarter, minus operating expenses for the calendar quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement, as discussed below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we may not have received in cash. The Adviser is not obligated to return the Incentive Fee it receives on PIK interest that is later determined to be uncollectible in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

To determine whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter commencing with the first calendar quarter following an Exchange Listing. Because of the structure of the Incentive Fee, it is possible that we may pay an Incentive Fee in a calendar quarter in which we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the quarterly hurdle rate, we will pay the applicable Incentive Fee even if we have incurred a loss in that calendar quarter due to realized and unrealized capital losses. In addition, because the quarterly hurdle rate is calculated based on our net assets, decreases in our net assets due to realized or unrealized capital losses in any given calendar quarter may increase the likelihood that the hurdle rate is reached and therefore the likelihood of us paying an Incentive Fee for that calendar quarter. Our net investment income used to calculate this component of the Incentive Fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the Management Fee because gross assets are total assets (including cash received) before deducting liabilities (such as declared dividend payments).

The following is a graphical representation of the calculation of the income-related portion of the incentive fee:

Quarterly Subordinated Incentive Fee on Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income (expressed as a percentage of the value of net assets)

0%	1.5%	1.82%	
← 0% →	<i>⊷</i> 100% <i>→</i>	<i>←</i> 17.5% <i>→</i>	

The second component of the Incentive Fee, the Capital Gains Incentive Fee, payable at the end of each calendar year in arrears, equals 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of cumulative realized capital gains from the date of an Exchange Listing becomes effective (the "Listing Date") to the end of each calendar year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year. Each year, the fee paid for the Capital Gains Incentive Fee is net of the aggregate amount of any previously paid Capital Gains Incentive Fee for prior periods. We will accrue, but will not pay, a Capital Gains Incentive Fee with respect to unrealized appreciation because a Capital Gains Incentive Fee would be owed to the Adviser if we were to sell the relevant investment and realize a capital gain. For the sole purpose of calculating the Capital Gains Incentive Fee, the Listing Date will be equal to the fair market value of such investments as of the last day of the quarter in which the Listing Date occurs; provided, however, that in no event will the Capital Gains Fee payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement be in excess of the amount permitted by the Advisers Act, including Section 205 thereof.

The fees that are payable under the Investment Advisory Agreement for any partial period will be appropriately prorated.

Examples of the two-part incentive fee:

Example 1: Income Related Portion of Incentive Fee1,2:

Alternative 1

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.00%

Hurdle rate³ = 1.50%

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Management fee⁴ = 0.38%Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.)⁵ = 0.20%Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income

(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 1.42%

Pre-incentive net investment income does not exceed hurdle rate, therefore there is no Incentive Fee.

Alternative 2

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.25%

Hurdle rate³ = 1.50%

Management fee⁴ = 0.38%

Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.) 5 = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income

(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 1.67%

Incentive Fee = 100% × pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, subject to the "catch-up"6

= 100% × (1.67% - 1.5%) = 0.17%

Alternative 3

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.50%

Hurdle rate³ = 1.50%

Management fee4 = 0.38%

Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.)5 = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income

(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 1.92%

Incentive Fee = 17.50% × pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, subject to "catch-up"6

Incentive Fee = 100% דcatch-up" + (17.50% × (pre-Incentive Fee net investment income - 1.82%))

Catch-up = 1.82% - 1.5% = 0.32%

Incentive Fee = $(100\% \times 0.32\%) + (17.50\% \times (1.92\% - 1.82\%))$

 $= 0.32\% + (17.50\% \times 0.10\%)$

= 0.32% + 0.02%

= 0.34%

1 This example assumes that an Exchange Listing has occurred.

2 The hypothetical amount of pre-Incentive Fee net investment income shown is based on a percentage of total net assets.

3 Represents 6.0% annualized hurdle rate.

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- 4 Represents 1.50% annualized management fee.
- 5 Excludes organizational and offering expenses.
- 6 The "catch-up" provision is intended to provide the Adviser with an Incentive Fee of 17.50% on all of the Company'spre-Incentive Fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply. The "catch-up" portion of the Company's pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is the portion that exceeds the 1.5% hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 1.82% in any quarter.

Example 2: Capital Gains Portion of Incentive Fee:

Assumptions

- Year 1: The Listing Date is the last day of the first calendar quarter. Prior to the last day of the first calendar quarter the Company has made an investment in Company A ("<u>Investment A</u>"), an investment in Company B ("<u>Investment B</u>"), an investment in Company C ("<u>Investment C</u>"), an investment in Company D ("<u>Investment D</u>") and an investment in Company E ("<u>Investment E</u>"). On the last day of the first calendar quarter the fair market value ("<u>FMV</u>") of each of Investment A, Investment B, Investment D and Investment E is \$10 million. For purposes of calculating the Capital Gains Incentive Fee, the cost basis of each of Investment B, Investment B, Investment B, Investment D and Investment E is considered to be its FMV as of the last day of the first calendar quarter; provided, however, that in no event will the Capital Gains Incentive Fee payable pursuant hereto be in excess of the amount permitted by the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, including Section 205 thereof.
- Year 2: Investment A sold for \$20 million, fair market value (<u>FMV</u>) of Investment B determined to be \$8 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$12 million, and FMV of Investments D and E each determined to be \$10 million.
- Year 3: FMV of Investment of B determined to be \$8 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$14 million, FMV of Investment D determined to be \$14 million and FMV of Investment E determined to be \$16 million.
- Year 4: \$10 million investment made in Company F (<u>Investment F</u>"), Investment D sold for \$12 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$10 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$16 million and FMV of Investment E determined to be \$14 million.
- Year 5: Investment C sold for \$20 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$14 million, FMV of Investment E determined to be \$10 million and FMV of Investment F determined to \$12 million.
- Year 6: Investment B sold for \$16 million, FMV of Investment E determined to be \$8 million and FMV of Investment F determined to be \$15 million.
- Year 7: Investment E sold for \$8 million and FMV of Investment F determined to be \$17 million.
- Year 8: Investment F sold for \$18 million.

These assumptions are summarized in the following chart:

Year 1	Investment A \$10 million	Investment B \$10 million	Investment C \$10 million	Investment D \$10 million	Investment E \$10 million	Investment F	Cumulative Unrealized Capital Depreciation	Cumulative Realized Capital Losses	Cumulative Realized Capital Gains
	(FMV/cost basis)	(FMV/cost basis)	(FMV/cost basis)	(FMV/cost basis)	(FMV/cost basis)				
Year 2	\$20 million (sale price)	\$8 million FMV	\$12 million FMV	\$10 million FMV	\$10 million FMV	—	\$2 million		\$10 million
Year 3	—	\$8 million FMV	\$14 million FMV	\$14 million FMV	\$16 million FMV	—	\$2 million	—	\$10 million
Year 4	—	\$10 million FMV	\$16 million FMV	\$12 million (sale price)	\$14 million FMV	\$10 million (cost basis)	—	—	\$12 million
Year 5	_	\$14 million FMV	\$20 million (sale price)		\$10 million FMV	\$12 million FMV	—	—	\$22 million
Year 6	—	\$16 million (sale price)	—	—	\$8 million FMV	\$15 million FMV	\$2 million	—	\$28 million
Year 7	_	_	—	—	\$8 million (sale price)	\$17 million FMV	—	\$2 million	\$28 million
Year 8	—	—	—	—	_	\$18 million (sale price)	—	\$2 million	\$36 million

The capital gains portion of the Incentive Fee would be:

- Year 1: None
- Year 2:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = 17.50% multiplied by (\$10 million realized capital gains on sale of Investment A less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation) = \$1.4 million

• Year 3:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = 17.50% multiplied by (\$10 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$1.4 million cumulative Capital Gains Incentive Fee previously paid = \$1.4 million less \$1.4 million = **\$0.00**

• Year 4:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = (17.50% multiplied by (\$12 million cumulative realized capital gains)) less \$1.4 million cumulative Capital Incentive Gains Fee previously paid = \$2.1 million less \$1.4 million = **\$0.7 million**

• Year 5:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = (17.50% multiplied by (\$22 million cumulative realized capital gains)) less \$2.1 million cumulative Capital Gains Incentive Fee previously paid = \$3.85 million less \$2.1 million = **\$1.75 million**

Year 6:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = (17.50% multiplied by (\$28 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$3.85 million cumulative Capital Gains Incentive Fee previously paid = \$4.55 million less \$3.85 million = **\$0.70 million**

• Year 7:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = (17.50% multiplied by (\$28 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative realized capital losses)) less \$4.55 million cumulative Capital Gains Incentive Fee previously paid = \$4.55 million less \$4.55 million = \$0.00

• Year 8:

Capital Gains Incentive Fee = (17.50% multiplied by (\$36 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative realized capital losses)) less \$4.55 million cumulative Capital Gains Incentive Fee previously paid = \$5.95 million less \$4.55 million = \$1.40 million

Limitations of Liability and Indemnification

The Adviser and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser, including without limitation its sole member, are not liable to us for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Adviser in connection with the performance of any of its duties or obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement or otherwise as our investment adviser (except to the extent specified in Section 36(b) of the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, concerning loss resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty (as the same is finally determined by judicial proceedings) with respect to the receipt of compensation for services).

We will indemnify the Adviser and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser, including without limitation its general partner or managing member (collectively, the "Indemnified Parties") and hold them harmless from and against all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) incurred by the Indemnified Parties in or by reason of any pending, threatened or completed action, suit, investigation or other proceeding (including an action or suit by or in the right of us or our security holders) arising out of or otherwise based upon the performance of any of the Adviser's duties or obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement or otherwise as our investment adviser. However, the Indemnified Parties shall not be entitled to indemnification in respect of, any liability to us or our shareholders to which the Indemnified Parties or by reason of criminal conduct, willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of the Adviser's duties or by reason of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Board Approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement

On February 27, 2019, the Board held an in-person meeting to consider and approve the continuation of the Original Investment Advisory Agreement and related matters. The Board was provided information it required to consider the Original Investment Advisory Agreement, including: (a) the nature, quality and extent of the advisory and other services to be provided to us by the Adviser; (b) comparative data with respect to advisory fees or similar expenses paid by other BDCs with similar investment objectives; (c) our projected operating expenses and expense ratio compared to BDCs with similar investment objectives; (d) any existing and potential sources of indirect income to the Adviser from its relationship with us and the profitability of that relationship; (e) information about the services to be performed and the personnel performing such services under the Investment Advisory Agreement; (f) the organizational capability and financial condition of the Adviser is affiliates; (g) the Adviser's practices regarding the selection and compensation of brokers that may execute our portfolio transactions and the brokers' provision of brokerage and research services to the Adviser; and (h) the possibility of obtaining similar services from other third-party service providers or through an internally managed structure.

Based on the information reviewed and the discussion thereof, the Board, including a majority of the non-interested directors, determined that the Company should enter into the Investment Advisory Agreement which amended and restated the Original Investment Advisory Agreement and reduced the management fees and incentive fees that the Company will pay the Adviser following an Exchange Listing and concluded that the investment advisory fee rates are reasonable in relation to the services provided and approved the Investment Advisory Agreement as being in the best interests of our shareholders. The Company and the Adviser entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement on February 27, 2019. Other than the reduction of such fees following an Exchange Listing, no changes were made to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement.

Fee Waiver

On February 27, 2019, the Adviser agreed at all times prior to the fifteen-month anniversary of an Exchange Listing, to waive (i) any portion of the Management Fee that is in excess of 0.75% of the Company's gross assets, excluding cash and cash-equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, calculated in accordance with the Investment Advisory Agreement, and (ii) the Incentive Fee (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Capital Gains Incentive Fee).

Administration Agreement

The description below of the Administration Agreement is only a summary and is not necessarily complete. The description set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Administration Agreement.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement the Adviser performs, or oversees the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. We will reimburse the Adviser for services performed for us pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for us by such affiliate or third party.

The continuation of the Administration Agreement was approved by the Board on February 27, 2019. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect for year-to-year if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, a majority of the independent directors. We may terminate the Administration Agreement, without payment of any penalty, upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock. In addition, the Adviser may terminate the Administration Agreement, without payment of any penalty, upon 60 days' written notice. To the extent that the Adviser outsources any of its functions we will pay the fees associated with such functions on a direct basis without profit to the Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that the Adviser and its affiliates' respective officers, directors, members, managers, stockholders and employees are entitled to indemnification from us from and against any claims or liabilities, including reasonable legal fees and other expenses reasonably incurred, arising out of or in connection with our business and operations or any action taken or omitted on our behalf pursuant to authority granted by the Administration Agreement, except where attributable to willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of such person's duties or reckless disregard of such person's obligations and duties under the Administration Agreement.

Payment of Our Expenses under the Investment Advisory and Administration Agreements

Except as specifically provided below, we anticipate that all investment professionals and staff of the Adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing investment advisory and management services to us, and the base compensation, bonus and benefits, and the routine overhead expenses, of such personnel allocable to such services, will be provided and paid for by the Adviser. We will bear our allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on a percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business affairs). We also will bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including, but not limited to (i) investment advisory fees, including Management Fees and Incentive Fees, to the Adviser, pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement; (ii) our allocable portion of overhead and

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other expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its administrative obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement, and (iii) all other expenses of our operations and transactions including, without limitation, those relating to:

- the cost of our organization and offerings;
- · the cost of calculating our net asset value, including the cost of any third-party valuation services;
- · the cost of effecting any sales and repurchases of the common stock and other securities;
- fees and expenses payable under any dealer manager agreements, if any;
- · debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- costs of hedging;
- expenses, including travel expense, incurred by the Adviser, or members of the Investment Team, or payable to third parties, performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, enforcing our rights;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- · fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts;
- federal and state registration fees, any stock exchange listing fees and fees payable to rating agencies;
- federal, state and local taxes;
- · independent directors' fees and expenses including certain travel expenses;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, including registration and listing fees, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to shareholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any shareholder or director meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- · commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- research and market data;
- · fidelity bond, directors and officers errors and omissions liability insurance and other insurance premiums;
- · direct costs and expenses of administration, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone and staff;
- fees and expenses associated with independent audits, outside legal and consulting costs;
- costs of winding up;
- · costs incurred in connection with the formation or maintenance of entities or vehicles to hold our assets for tax or other purposes;
- extraordinary expenses (such as litigation or indemnification); and
- costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws.

Affiliated Transactions

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from conducting certain transactions with our affiliates without prior approval of the directors who are not interested persons, and in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, the Adviser and certain of its affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we are generally permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the Board make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief and seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company and other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief.

License Agreement

We have also entered into the License Agreement with an affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Partners, pursuant to which we were granted anon-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, we have a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo.

Term

Prior to an Exchange Listing, if the Board determines that there has been a significant adverse change in our regulatory or tax treatment of our shareholders that in its judgment makes it inadvisable for us to continue in our present form, then the Board will endeavor to restructure or change our structure to preserve (insofar as possible) the overall benefits previously enjoyed by our shareholders as a whole or, if the Board determines it appropriate (and subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the 1940 Act), (i) cause us to change our form and/or jurisdiction of organization or (ii) cause our winding down and/or liquidation and dissolution.

If we have not consummated an Exchange Listing by March 3, 2021, the five year anniversary of the Initial Closing, subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, in the sole discretion of the Board, the Board (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the 1940 Act) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause our winding down and/or liquidation and dissolution in an orderly manner.

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we paid or otherwise provide for all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. For the purposes of this paragraph, a merger or consolidation of the Company with or into any other corporation or other entity, or a sale or conveyance of all or any part of our property or assets will not be deemed to be a dissolution, liquidation or winding up, voluntary or involuntary.

RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS

Transactions with Related Persons

Investment Advisory Agreement

On March 1, 2016, the Company entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for managing the Company's business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring its investments, and monitoring its portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to the Company are not impaired.

On February 27, 2019, the Board approved the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until February 27, 2020 and will remain in effect from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, by a majority of independent directors.

The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate within the meaning of the 1940 Act and related SEC guidance and interpretations in the event of its assignment. In accordance with the 1940 Act, without payment of any penalty, the Company may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a majority (as defined under the 1940 Act) of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock or the Adviser. In addition, without payment of any penalty, the Adviser may generally terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 60 days' written notice and, in certain circumstances, the Adviser may only be able to terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 120 days' written notice.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board, and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser a base management fee and may also pay to it certain incentive fees. The cost of both the management fee and the incentive fee will ultimately be borne by the Company's shareholders.

The management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. Prior to an Exchange Listing, the management fee is payable at an annual rate of 0.75% of our (i) average gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of our two most recently completed calendar quarters plus (ii) the average of any remaining unfunded Capital Commitments at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. Following an Exchange Listing, the management fee is payable at an annual rate of 1.50% of the Company's average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. The management fee for any partial month or quarter, as the case may be, will be appropriately prorated and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the relevant calendar months or quarters, as the case may be.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, management fees were \$52.1 million, \$31.1 million and \$9.2 million, respectively.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser will not be entitled to an incentive fee prior to an Exchange Listing. Following an Exchange Listing, the incentive fee will consist of two components that are

independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the incentive fee is based on the Company's pre-incentive fee net investment income and a portion is based on the Company's capital gains. The portion of the incentive fee based on pre-incentive fee net investment income is determined and paid quarterly in arrears commencing with the first calendar quarter following an Exchange Listing and equals 100% of the pre-incentive fee net investment income for that calendar quarter and, forpre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 17.5% of all remaining pre-incentive fee net investment income for that calendar quarter.

The second component of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, payable at the end of each calendar year in arrears, equals 17.5% of cumulative realized capital gains from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gains incentive fee for prior periods. In no event will the capital gains incentive fee payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement be in excess of the amount permitted by the Advisers Act, including Section 205 thereof.

There were no incentive fees for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland that, like us, has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's investment objective is similar to ours, which is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II had raised gross proceeds of approximately \$449.0 million, including seed capital contributed by the Adviser in September 2016 and approximately \$10.0 million in gross proceeds raised from certain individuals and entities affiliated with the Adviser.

The Adviser is affiliated with ORTA and ORCPFA, which also are investment advisers and subsidiaries of Owl Rock Capital Partners. ORTA's and ORCPFA's investment teams are led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. ORTA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and ORCPFA serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, L.P. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. is a BDC and its investment objective is to maximize total return by generating current income from its debt investments and other income producing securities, and capital appreciation from its equity and equity-linked investments. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. has adopted a policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in technology-related companies. Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. conducts private offerings of its common stock to investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the 1933 Act. As of December 31, 2018, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. had approximately \$1.8 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors of which approximately \$0.3 billion had been drawn.

Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund intends to originate and make loans to, and make debt investments in, U.S. middle market companies.

In addition to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and Owl Rock First Lien Master Fund, the Adviser and its affiliates may provide management or investment advisory services to entities that have overlapping objectives with us. The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities to us and others. In order to address these conflicts, Owl Rock has put in place an investment allocation policy that addresses the allocation of investment opportunities as well as co-investment restrictions under the 1940 Act.

Administration Agreement

On March 1, 2016, the Company entered into the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others.

The Administration Agreement also provides that the Company will reimburse the Adviser for certain organization costs incurred prior to the commencement of the Company's operations, and for certain offering costs.

The Company reimburses the Adviser for services performed for it pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and the Company will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for it by such affiliate or third party.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until March 1, 2019 and from year to year thereafter if approved annually by (1) the vote of the Board, or by the vote of a majority of its outstanding voting securities, and (2) the vote of a majority of the Company's directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company, of the Adviser or of any of their respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act. The Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, on 60 days' written notice, by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company, or by the vote of the Board or by the Administrator.

No person who is an officer, director, or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the Company incurred expenses of approximately \$3.7 million, \$3.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, for costs and expenses reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

License Agreement

We have also entered into the License Agreement with an affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Partners, pursuant to which we were granted mon-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, we have a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo.

Certain Business Relationships

Certain of our current directors and officers are directors or officers of the Adviser or its affiliates. See "Management - Biographical Information."

Related-Party Transactions

For a discussion of our Investment Advisory Agreement, Administration Agreement and License Agreement, see "Management and Other Agreements."

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

The Audit Committee is required to review and approve any transactions with related persons (as such term is defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K).

Affiliated Transaction

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from conducting certain transactions with our affiliates without prior approval of our directors who are not interested person, and in some case, the prior approval of the SEC. We, the Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates, including Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief and seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in the Company's investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affil

CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These rules generally provide that a person is the beneficial owner of securities if such person has or Shares the power to vote or direct the voting thereof, or to dispose or direct the disposition thereof or has the right to acquire such powers within 60 days. The following table sets forth, as of March 15, 2019, the beneficial ownership as indicated in the Company's books and records of each current director, the nominees for director, the Company's executive officers, the executive officers and directors as a group, and each person known to us to beneficially own 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

The percentage ownership is based on 248,038,840 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 15, 2019. To our knowledge, except as indicated in the footnotes to the table, each of the shareholders listed below has sole voting and/or investment power with respect to Shares beneficially owned by such shareholder.

Name and Address	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage of Class Outstanding
5% Owners		
Regents of the University of California ⁽¹⁾	29,321,051	12%
The State of New Jersey Common Pension Fund		
E(2)	19,150,563	8%
Interested Directors		
Douglas I. Ostrover ⁽³⁾	4,456,940	2%
Craig W. Packer ⁽⁴⁾	86,566	*
Alan Kirshenbaum	19,014	*
Independent Directors		
Brian Finn ⁽⁵⁾	23,995	*
Edward D'Alelio		0%
Eric Kaye		0%
Christopher M. Temple		0%
Executive Officers		0%
Karen Hager		0%
Bryan Cole	_	0%
Alexis Maged		0%
All officers and directors as a group (10 persons) ⁽⁶⁾	4,586,514	2%

Less than 1%.

(1) The address of Regents of the University of California is 1111 Broadway, 21st Floor, Oakland, CA 94607.

(2) The principal address of The State of New Jersey Common Pension Fund E is 50 West State Street, 9th Floor, PO Box 290, Trenton, NJ 08625-0290.

(3) Includes 3,342,705 Shares held directly by Mr. Ostrover and 1,114,235 Shares held by DIO Family LLC, a Delaware limited liability company controlled by Julia Ostrover, Mr. Ostrover's wife.

(4) Includes 43,283 Shares held directly by Mr. Packer and 43,283 shares held by Mr. Packer's wife.

- (5) Shares are held by Marstar Investments, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company of which Mr. Finn is the administrator. Mr. Finn disclaims beneficial ownership of these securities except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein.
- (6) The address for each of the directors and officers is c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, New York 10022.

Equity Owned by Directors in the Company

The table below shows the dollar range of equity securities of the Company and the aggregate dollar range of equity securities of the Fund Complex that were beneficially owned by each director as of March 15, 2019 stated as one of the following dollar ranges: None; \$1-\$10,000; \$10,001-\$50,000; \$50,001-\$100,000; or Over \$100,000. For purposes of this registration statement, the term "Fund Complex" is defined to include the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.

Aggregate Dollar

Name of Director	Securities Ca	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in Owl Rock Capital Corporation(1)(2)	
Interested Directors			
Douglas I. Ostrover	over \$	100,000	over \$ 100,000
Craig W. Packer	over \$	100,000	over \$ 100,000
Alan Kirshenbaum	over \$	100,000	over \$ 100,000
Independent Directors			
Brian Finn	over \$	100,000	over \$ 100,000
Edward D'Alelio		_	
Eric Kaye			
Christopher M. Temple		_	

(1) Beneficial ownership determined in accordance with Rule16a-1(a)(2) promulgated under the 1934 Act.

(2) The dollar range of equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is calculated by multiplying the net asset value per share of the Company as of December 31, 2018, times the number of Shares beneficially owned.

(3) The dollar range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is the sum of (x) the product obtained by multiplying the current net offering price of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, times the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II beneficially owned, (y) the product obtained by multiplying the net asset value per share of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. as of December 31, 2018 by the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. beneficially owned, and (z) the total dollar range of equity securities in the Company beneficially owned by the director.

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DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at the bid price of those market quotations. To validate market quotations, we will utilize a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board, based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, the Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of our investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (i.e., the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- With respect to investments for which market quotations are readily available, those investments will typically be valued at the bid price of those market quotations;
- With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, the valuation process begins with the independent valuation firm(s) providing a preliminary valuation of each investment to the Adviser's valuation committee;
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with the Adviser's valuation committee. Agreed upon valuation
 recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee;
- · The Audit Committee reviews the valuation recommendations and recommends values for each investment to the Board; and
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment.

We conduct this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

We apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, we consider its principal market to

be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfer occurred. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, we apply the valuation policy approved by our Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, we evaluate the source of the inputs, including any markets in which our investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When an investment is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), we subject those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, we, or the independent valuation firm(s), review pricing support provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

The net asset value per share of our outstanding shares of common stock is determined quarterly by dividing the value of total assets minus liabilities by the total number of shares outstanding.

Determinations in Connection with Offerings

In connection with certain future offerings of shares of our common stock, our Board or an authorized committee thereof will be required to make the determination that we are not selling shares of our common stock at a price below the then current net asset value of our common stock at the time at which the sale is made. Our Board or an authorized committee thereof will consider the following factors, among others, in making such a determination:

- · the net asset value of our common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that we filed with the SEC;
- our management's assessment of whether any material change in the net asset value of our common stock has occurred (including through the
 realization of gains on the sale of our portfolio securities) during the period beginning on the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value
 of our common stock and ending two days prior to the date of the sale of our common stock; and

• the magnitude of the difference between (i) a value that our Board or an authorized committee thereof has determined reflects the current net asset value of our common stock, which is generally based upon the net asset value of our common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that we filed with the SEC, as adjusted to reflect our management's assessment of any material change in the net asset value of our common stock since the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value of our common stock, and (ii) the offering price of the shares of our common stock in the proposed offering.

These processes and procedures are part of our compliance policies and procedures. Records will be made contemporaneously with all determinations described in this section and these records will be maintained with other records that we are required to maintain under the 1940 Act.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which we will reinvest all cash distributions declared by the Board on behalf of our shareholders who do not elect to receive their distribution in cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our shareholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock as described below, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution.

The number of shares to be issued to a shareholder under the dividend reinvestment plan will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such shareholder by the net asset value per share of our common stock, as of the last day of our calendar quarter immediately preceding the date such distribution was declared. We intend to use newly issued shares to implement the plan.

No action is required on the part of a registered shareholder to have his, her or its cash dividend or other distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered shareholder is able to elect to receive an entire cash dividend or other distribution in cash by notifying the Adviser in writing so that such notice is received by the Adviser no later than ten days prior to the record date for distributions to the shareholders.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to shareholders who participate in the plan.

The plan is terminable by us upon notice in writing mailed to each shareholder of record at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any distribution by us.

During each quarter, but in no event later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, our transfer agent or another designated agent will mail and/or make electronically available to each participant in the dividend reinvestment plan, a statement of account describing, as to such participant, the distributions received during such quarter, the number of shares of our common stock purchased during such quarter, and the per share purchase price for such shares. Annually, as required by the Code, we will include tax information for income earned on shares under the dividend reinvestment plan on a Form 1099-DIV that is mailed to shareholders subject to IRS tax reporting. We reserve the right to amend, suspend or terminate the dividend reinvestment plan. Any distributions reinvested through the issuance of shares through our dividend reinvestment plan will increase our gross assets on which the base management fee and the incentive fee are determined and paid under the Investment Advisory Agreement. State Street Bank and Trust Company acts as the administrator of the dividend reinvestment plan.

For additional discussion regarding the tax implications of participation in the dividend reinvestment plan, see "*Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*". Additional information about the dividend reinvestment plan may be obtained by contacting shareholder services for Owl Rock Capital Corporation at (212) 419-3000.

CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Notes, but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all potential tax consequences. The discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the regulations promulgated thereunder by the U.S. Treasury (the "Treasury Regulations"), rulings and pronouncements issued by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), and judicial decisions, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change at any time. Any such change may be applied retroactively in a manner that could adversely affect a holder of the Notes. We have not sought any ruling from the IRS with respect to the statements made and the conclusions reached in the following discussion, and there can be no assurance that the IRS will agree with such statements and conclusions.

This discussion does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a holder in light of such holder's particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, including, without limitation:

- banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions;
- U.S. expatriates and certain former citizens or long-term residents of the United States;
- holders subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- dealers in securities or currencies;
- · traders in securities;
- · partnerships, S corporations or other pass-through entities;
- U.S. holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- · controlled foreign corporations;
- tax-exempt organizations;
- passive foreign investment companies;
- · persons holding the Notes as part of a "straddle," "hedge," "conversion transaction" or other risk reduction transaction; and
- persons deemed to sell the Notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code.

In addition, this discussion is limited to persons purchasing the Notes for cash at original issue and at their original "issue price" within the meaning of Section 1273 of the Code (i.e., the first price at which a substantial amount of the Notes are sold to the public for cash). This discussion also does not address the U.S. federal income tax consequences to beneficial owners of the Notes subject to the special tax accounting rules under Section 451(b) of the Code. Moreover, the effects of other U.S. federal tax laws (such as estate and gift tax laws) and any applicable state, local or foreign tax laws are not discussed. The discussion deals only with Notes held as "capital assets" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code.

If an entity taxable as a partnership holds the Notes, the tax treatment of an owner of the entity generally will depend on the status of the particular owner in question and the activities of the entity. Owners of any such entity should consult their tax advisors as to the specific tax consequences to them of holding the Notes indirectly through ownership of such entity.

YOU ARE URGED TO CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE APPLICATION OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS TO YOUR PARTICULAR SITUATION AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES ARISING UNDER THE U.S. FEDERAL ESTATE OR GIFT TAX LAWS OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE INCOME TAX TREATY.

U.S. Holders

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a "U.S. holder" of a Note. As used herein, "U.S. holder" means a beneficial owner of a Note who is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, including an alien individual who is a lawful permanent resident of the United States or meets the "substantial presence" test under Section 7701(b) of the Code;
- a corporation or other entity taxable as a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof, or the District of Columbia;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if a U.S. court can exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more "United States persons" within the
 meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code can control all substantial trust decisions, or, if the trust was in existence on August 20, 1996, and
 it has elected to continue to be treated as a United States person.

Payments of Interest

Stated interest on the Notes generally will be taxable to a U.S. holder as ordinary income at the time that such interest is received or accrued, in accordance with such U.S. holder's method of tax accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Sale or Other Taxable Disposition of Notes

A U.S. holder will recognize gain or loss on the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement or other taxable disposition of a Note equal to the difference between the amount realized upon the disposition (less any portion allocable to any accrued and unpaid interest, which will be taxable as interest to the extent not previously included in income) and the U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in the Note. A U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in a Note generally will be equal to the amount that the U.S. holder paid for the Note less any principal payments received by the U.S. holder. Any gain or loss will be a capital gain or loss, and will be a long-term capital gain or loss. Inder the Note for more than one year at the time of disposition. Otherwise, such gain or loss will be a short-term capital gain or loss. Long-term capital gains recognized by certain non-corporate U.S. holders, including individuals, are currently subject to a reduced tax rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

A U.S. holder may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding when such U.S. holder receives interest payments on the Notes held or upon the proceeds received upon the sale or other disposition of such Notes (including a redemption or retirement of the Notes). Certain U.S. holders generally are not subject to information reporting or backup withholding. A U.S. holder will be subject to backup withholding if such U.S. holder is not otherwise exempt and such U.S. holder:

- fails to furnish the U.S. holder's taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), which, for an individual, ordinarily is his or her social security number;
- furnishes an incorrect TIN;
- is notified by the IRS that the U.S. holder has failed properly to report payments of interest or dividends; or
- fails to certify, under penalties of perjury, on an IRSForm W-9 (Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification) or a suitable substitute form (or other applicable certificate), that the U.S. holder has furnished a correct TIN and that the IRS has not notified the U.S. holder that the U.S. holder is subject to backup withholding.

U.S. holders should consult their tax advisors regarding their qualification for an exemption from backup withholding and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption, if applicable. Backup withholding is not an additional tax, and taxpayers may use amounts withheld as a credit against their U.S. federal income tax liability or may claim a refund if they timely provide certain information to the IRS.

Unearned Income Medicare Contribution

A tax of 3.8% will be imposed on certain "net investment income" (or "undistributed net investment income", in the case of estates and trusts) received by individuals with modified adjusted gross incomes in excess of \$200,000 (\$250,000 in the case of married individuals filing jointly) and certain estates and trusts. "Net investment income" as defined for U.S. federal Medicare contribution purposes generally includes interest payments and gain recognized from the sale or other disposition of the Notes. Tax-exempt trusts, which are not subject to income taxes generally, and foreign individuals will not be subject to this tax. U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of this tax on their ownership and disposition of the Notes.

Non-U.S. Holders

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a "Non-U.S. holder" of a Note. A "Non-U.S. holder" is a beneficial owner of a Note who is not a U.S. holder or a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Special rules may apply to Non-U.S. holders that are subject to special treatment under the Code, including controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, U.S. expatriates, and foreign persons eligible for benefits under an applicable income tax treaty with the U.S. Such Non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisors to determine the U.S. federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to them including any reporting requirements.

Payments of Interest

Generally, interest income paid to aNon-U.S. holder that is not effectively connected with the Non-U.S. holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business is subject to withholding tax at a rate of 30% (or, if applicable, a lower treaty rate). Nevertheless, interest paid on a Note to a Non-U.S. holder that is not effectively connected with the Non-U.S. holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business generally will not be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax provided that:

- such Non-U.S. holder does not directly or indirectly own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our voting stock;
- such Non-U.S. holder is not a controlled foreign corporation that is related to us through actual or constructive stock ownership and is not a
 bank that received such Note on an extension of credit made pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of its trade or
 business; and
- either (1) the Non-U.S. holder certifies in a statement provided to us or the paying agent, under penalties of perjury, that it is the beneficial owner of the Notes and not a "United States person" within the meaning of the Code and provides its name and address, (2) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business and holds the Note on behalf of the Non-U.S. holder certifies to us or the paying agent under penalties of perjury that it, or the financial institution between it and the Non-U.S. holder, has received from theNon-U.S. holder a statement, under penalties of perjury, that suchNon-U.S. holder is the beneficial owner of the Notes and is not a United States person and provides us or the paying agent with a copy of such statement or (3) the Non-U.S. holder holds its Note directly through a "qualified intermediary" and certain conditions are satisfied.

Even if the above conditions are not met, a Non-U.S. holder generally will be entitled to a reduction in or an exemption from withholding tax on interest if the Non-U.S. holder provides us or our paying agent with a

properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or a suitable substitute form (or other applicable certificate) claiming an exemption from or reduction of the withholding tax under the benefit of an income tax treaty between the United States and the Non-U.S. holder's country of residence. A Non-U.S. holder is required to inform the recipient of any change in the information on such statement within 30 days of such change. Special certification rules apply to Non-U.S. holders that are pass-through entities rather than corporations or individuals.

If interest paid to a Non-U.S. holder is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business, then, the Non-U.S. holder will be exempt from U.S. federal withholding tax, so long as the Non-U.S. holder has provided an IRSForm W-8ECI or substantially similar substitute form stating that the interest that the Non-U.S. holder receives on the Notes is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States. In such a case, a Non-U.S. holder will be subject to tax on the interest it receives on a net income basis in the same manner as if such Non-U.S. holder were a U.S. holder. In addition, if theNon-U.S. holder is a foreign corporation, such interest may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% or lower applicable treaty rate.

Sale or Other Taxable Disposition of Notes

Any gain realized by a Non-U.S. holder on the sale, exchange, retirement, redemption or other taxable disposition of a Note generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. holder maintains a U.S. permanent establishment to which such gain is attributable); or
- the Non-U.S. holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of sale, exchange or other disposition, certain conditions are met and the Non-U.S. holder is not eligible for relief under an applicable income tax treaty.

A Non-U.S. holder described in the first bullet point above will be required to pay U.S. federal income tax on the net gain derived from the sale or other taxable disposition generally in the same manner as if such Non-U.S. holder were a U.S. holder, and if suchNon-U.S. holder is a foreign corporation, it may also be required to pay an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate (or a lower rate if so specified by an applicable income tax treaty). A Non-U.S. holder described in the second bullet point above will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (or, if applicable, a lower treaty rate) on the gain derived from the sale or other taxable disposition, which may be offset by certain U.S. source capital losses, even though the Non-U.S. holder is not considered a resident of the United States.

Certain other exceptions may be applicable, and Non-U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors with regard to whether taxes will be imposed on capital gain in their individual circumstances.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

The amount of interest that we pay to anyNon-U.S. holder on the Notes will be reported to theNon-U.S. holder and to the IRS annually on an IRS Form 1042-S, regardless of whether any tax was actually withheld. Copies of these information returns may also be made available under the provisions of a specific income tax treaty or agreement to the tax authorities of the country in which the Non-U.S. holder resides. However, a Non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to backup withholding and certain other information reporting with respect to payments that we make to the Non-U.S. holder, provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such Non-U.S. holder is a "United States person," within the meaning of the Code, and the Non-U.S. holder has given us the statement described above under "Non-U.S. holders — Payments of Interest."

If a Non-U.S. holder sells or exchanges a Note through a United States broker or the United States office of a foreign broker, the proceeds from such sale or exchange will be subject to information reporting and backup

withholding unless the Non-U.S. holder provides a withholding certificate or other appropriate documentary evidence establishing that such holder is not a U.S. holder to the broker and such broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such holder is a U.S. holder, or the Non-U.S. holder is an exempt recipient eligible for an exemption from information reporting and backup withholding. If a Non-U.S. holder sells or exchanges a Note through the foreign office of a broker who is a United States person or has certain enumerated connections with the United States, the proceeds from such sale or exchange will be subject to information reporting unless the Non-U.S. holder provides to such broker a withholding certificate or other documentary evidence establishing that such holder is not a U.S. holder and such broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such evidence is false, or the Non-U.S. holder is an exempt recipient eligible for an exemption from information reporting. In circumstances where information reporting by the foreign office of such a broker is required, backup withholding will be required only if the broker has actual knowledge that the holder is a U.S. holder.

A Non-U.S. holder generally will be entitled to credit any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules against the Non-U.S. holder's U.S. federal income tax liability or may claim a refund provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS in a timely manner.

Non-U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the application of information reporting and backup withholding in their particular situations, the availability of an exemption therefrom, and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption, if available.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Legislation commonly referred to as the "Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act," or "FATCA," generally imposes a 30% withholding tax on payments of certain types of income to foreign financial institutions ("FFIs") unless such FFIs either (i) enter into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to report certain required information with respect to accounts held by U.S. persons (or held by foreign entities that have U.S. persons as substantial owners) or (ii) reside in a jurisdiction that has entered into an intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") with the United States to collect and share such information and are in compliance with the terms of such IGA and any enabling legislation or regulations. The types of income subject to the tax include U.S. source interest and dividends. The information required to be reported includes the identity and taxpayer identification number of each account holder that is a U.S. person and transaction activity within the holder's account. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30% withholding on payments to foreign entities that are not FFIs unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a greater than 10% U.S. owner or provides the intermediaries through which they hold their Notes, beneficial owners could be subject to this 30% withholding tax with respect to interest paid on the Notes and proceeds from the sale of the Notes. Under certain circumstances, a beneficial owner might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company

We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify each year thereafter, as a RIC. As a RIC, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute to our shareholders as dividends. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax benefits, we must distribute to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses (the "Annual Distribution Requirement").

If we:

- · qualify as a RIC; and
- satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement,

then we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our income we distribute (or is deemed to distribute) to our shareholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on any income or capital gains not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our shareholders.

We will be subject to a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of our net ordinary income for each calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of the amount by which our capital gains exceed our capital losses (adjusted for certain ordinary losses) for the one-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (iii) any income and gains recognized, but not distributed, from previous years on which we paid no corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (the "Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement"). While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in order to avoid imposition of this 4% U.S. federal excise tax, we may not be successful in avoiding entirely the imposition of this tax. In that case, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or foreign currencies, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test"); and
- diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:
 - at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and
 - no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the (i) securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, (ii) securities of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) securities of one or more "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (the "Diversification Tests").

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments with PIK interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as PIK interest and deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan. Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we will not have received the corresponding cash amount.

Although we do not presently expect to do so, we are authorized to borrow funds, to sell assets and to make taxable distributions of our stock and debt securities in order to satisfy distribution requirements. Our ability to

dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (i) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (ii) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or the Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, we may fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC and become subject to tax as an ordinary corporation.

Under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our shareholders while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests are met. If we are prohibited from making distributions, we may fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC and become subject to tax as an ordinary corporation.

Certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things: (i) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions; (ii) convert lower taxed long-term capital gain into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income; (iii) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited); (iv) cause us to recognize income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash; (v) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of securities is deemed to occur; (vi) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions; and (vii) produce income that will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test described above. We will monitor our transactions and may make certain tax decisions in order to mitigate the potential adverse effect of these provisions.

A RIC is limited in its ability to deduct expenses in excess of its "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, ordinary income plus the excess of net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses). If our expenses in a given year exceed investment company taxable income, we would experience a net operating loss for that year. However, a RIC is not permitted to carry forward net operating losses to subsequent years. In addition, expenses can be used only to offset investment company taxable income, not net capital gain. Due to these limits on the deductibility of expenses, we may, for tax purposes, have aggregate taxable income for several years that we are required to distribute and that is taxable to our shareholders even if such income is greater than the aggregate net income we actually earned during those years. Such required distributions may be made from our cash assets or by liquidation of investments, if necessary. We may realize gains or losses from such liquidations. In the event we realize net capital gain distribution than it would have received in the absence of such transactions.

Investment income received from sources within foreign countries, or capital gains earned by investing in securities of foreign issuers, may be subject to foreign income taxes withheld at the source. In this regard, withholding tax rates in countries with which the United States does not have a tax treaty can be as high as 35% or more. The United States has entered into tax treaties with many foreign countries that may entitle us to a reduced rate of tax or exemption from tax on this related income and gains. The effective rate of foreign tax cannot be determined at this time since the amount of our assets to be invested within various countries is not now known. We do not anticipate being eligible for the special election that allows a RIC to treat foreign income taxes paid by such RIC as paid by its stockholders.

If we purchase shares in a "passive foreign investment company," or PFIC, we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a portion of any "excess distribution" or gain from the disposition of such shares even if such income is distributed as a taxable dividend by us to our stockholders. Additional charges in the nature of interest may be imposed on us in respect of deferred taxes arising from such distributions or gains. If we invest in a PFIC and elect to treat the PFIC as a "qualified electing fund" under the Code, or QEF, in lieu of the foregoing requirements, we will be required to include in income each year a portion of the ordinary earnings and net capital gain of the QEF, even if such income is not distributed to us. Alternatively, we can elect to mark-to-market at the end of each taxable year our shares in a PFIC; in this case, we will recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such shares and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it

does not exceed prior increases included in income. Under either election, we may be required to recognize in a year income in excess of our distributions from PFICs and our proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income will nevertheless be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax.

Although the Code generally provides that the income inclusions from a QEF will be "good income" for purposes of the 90% Income Test to the extent that the QEF distribute such income to us in the same taxable year to which the income is included in our income, the Code does not specifically provide whether these income inclusions would be "good income" for this 90% Income Test if we do not receive distributions from the QEF during such taxable year. The IRS has issued a series of private rulings in which it has concluded that all income inclusions from a QEF included in a RIC's gross income would constitute "good income" for purposes of the 90% Income Test. Such rulings are not binding on the IRS except with respect to the taxpayers to whom such rulings were issued. Accordingly, under current law, we believe that the income inclusions from a QEF would be "good income" for purposes of the 90% Income Test. However, no guarantee can be made that the IRS would not assert that such income would not be "good income" for purposes of the 90% Income Test, we may fail to qualify as a RIC.

The IRS and U.S. Treasury Department have issued proposed regulations that provide that the income inclusions from a QEF would not be good income for purposes of the 90% Income Test unless we receive a cash distribution from such entity in the same year attributable to the included income. If these regulations are finalized, we will carefully monitor our investments to avoid disqualification as a RIC.

Foreign exchange gains and losses realized by us in connection with certain transactions involvingnon-dollar debt securities, certain foreign currency futures contracts, foreign currency option contracts, foreign currency forward contracts, foreign currencies, or payables or receivables denominated in a foreign currency are subject to Code provisions that generally treat such gains and losses as ordinary income and losses and may affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to our stockholders. Any such transactions that are not directly related to our investment in securities (possibly including speculative currency positions or currency derivatives not used for hedging purposes) could, under future Treasury regulations, produce income not among the types of "qualifying income" from which a RIC must derive at least 90% of its annual gross income.

In accordance with certain applicable Treasury regulations and a revenue procedure issued by the IRS, a RIC may treat a distribution of its own stock as fulfilling its RIC distribution requirements if each stockholder may elect to receive his or her entire distribution in either cash or stock of the RIC, subject to a limitation that the aggregate amount of cash to be distributed to all stockholders must be at least 20% of the aggregate declared distribution. If too many stockholders elect to receive cash, the cash available for distribution must be allocated among the shareholders electing to receive cash (with the balance of the distribution paid in stock). In no event will any stockholder, electing to receive cash, receive the lesser of (a) the portion of the distribution such shareholder has elected to receive in cash or (b) an amount equal to his or her entire distribution times the percentage limitation on cash available for distribution. If these and certain other requirements are met, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the amount of the dividend paid in stock will be equal to the amount of cash that could have been received instead of stock. We have no current intention of paying dividends in shares of our stock in accordance with these Treasury regulations or the revenue procedure.

Failure to Qualify as a RIC

If we fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, and certain amelioration provisions are not applicable, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income (including our net capital gains) at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to our shareholders, nor would they be required to be made. Distributions, including distributions of net long-term capital gain, would generally be taxable to our shareholders as ordinary dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits.

Subject to certain limitations under the Code, our corporate shareholders would be eligible to claim a dividend received deduction with respect to such dividend; our non-corporate shareholders would generally be able to treat such dividends as "qualified dividend income," which is subject to reduced rates of U.S. federal income tax. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the shareholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. In order to requalify as a RIC, in addition to the other requirements discussed above, we would be required to distribute all of our previously undistributed earnings attributable to the period we failed to qualify as a RIC by the end of the first year that we intend to requalify as a RIC. If we fail to requalify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, we may be subject to regular corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any net built-in gains with respect to certain of our assets (*.e.*, the excess of the aggregate gains, including items of income, over aggregate losses that would have been realized with respect to such assets if we had been liquidated) that we elect to recognize on requalification or when recognized over the next five years.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

We will issue the Notes under a base indenture to be entered into between us and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as trustee (the "trustee"), as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture each to be dated as of the first settlement date for the Notes. As used in this section, all references to the indenture mean the base indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture. The terms of the Notes include those expressly set forth in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "TIA").

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the Notes and the indenture and does not purport to be complete. This summary is subject to and is qualified by reference to all the provisions of the Notes and the indenture, including the definitions of certain terms used in the indenture. We urge you to read these documents because they, and not this description, define your rights as a holder of the Notes.

For purposes of this description, references to "we," "our" and "us" refer only to the Company and not to any of its current or future subsidiaries and references to "subsidiaries" refer only to our consolidated subsidiaries and exclude any investments held by the Company in the ordinary course of business which are not, under GAAP, consolidated on the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

General

The Notes:

- will be our direct, general unsecured, senior obligations;
- will initially be issued in an aggregate principal amount of \$ million;
- will mature on , 20 , unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, as discussed below;
- will bear interest from , 2019 at an annual rate of % payable semi-annually on and of each year, beginning on , 20 ;
- will be subject to redemption at our option as described under "- Optional Redemption";
- will be subject to repurchase by us at the option of the holders following a Change of Control Repurchase Event (as defined below under "
 Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event"), at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes
 to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of repurchase;
- will be issued in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof; and
- will be represented by one or more registered Notes in global form, but in certain limited circumstances may be represented by Notes in definitive form. See "— Book-Entry, Settlement and Clearance".

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt that may be issued by us or our subsidiaries under the indenture or otherwise but does contain a covenant regarding our asset coverage that would have to be satisfied at the time of incurrence of additional indebtedness. See "— *Covenants* — *Other Covenants*". The indenture does not contain any financial covenants and does not restrict us from paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing our other securities. Other than restrictions described under "*Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event*" and "*Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets*" below, the indenture does not contain any covenants or other provisions designed to afford holders of the Notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving us or in the event of a decline in our credit rating as the result of a takeover, recapitalization, highly leveraged transaction or similar restructuring involving us that could adversely affect such holders.

We may, without the consent of the holders, issue additional Notes under the indenture with the same terms (except for the issue date, public offering price and, if applicable, the initial interest payment date) and with the same CUSIP numbers as the Notes offered hereby in an unlimited aggregate principal amount; *provided* that such additional Notes must either be issued in a "qualified reopening" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, with no more than a de minimis amount of original issue discount, or otherwise be part of the same issue as the Notes offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

We do not intend to list the Notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system.

Payments on the Notes; Paying Agent and Registrar; Transfer and Exchange

We will pay the principal of, and interest on, Notes in global form registered in the name of or held by DTC or its nominee in immediately available funds to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such Global Note (as defined below).

Payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and any such interest on the Notes will be made at the corporate trust office of the paying agent, which initially shall be the trustee, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts; *provided*, however, that, in the case of notes that are not in global form, at our option payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as such address shall appear in the security register.

A holder of Notes may transfer or exchange Notes at the office of the registrar in accordance with the indenture. A holder may be required, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents. No service charge will be imposed by us, the trustee or the registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes, but we may require a holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other similar governmental charge required by law or permitted by the indenture.

The registered holder of the Notes will be treated as its owner for all purposes.

Interest

The Notes will bear cash interest at a rate of % per year until maturity. Interest on the Notes will accrue from , 2019 or from the most recent date on which interest has been paid or duly provided for. Interest will be payable semiannually in arrears on and of each year, beginning on , 20.

Interest will be paid to the person in whose name the Notes is registered at 5:00 p.m. New York City time (the "close of business") on or (whether or not a business day), as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest on the Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date, redemption date, the maturity date or any earlier required repurchase date upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event (defined below) of the Notes falls on a day that is not a business day, the required payment will be made on the next succeeding business day and no interest on such payment will accrue in respect of the delay. The term "business day" means, with respect to any of the Notes, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in New York or the city in which the corporate trust office of the trustee is located are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

Ranking

The Notes will be our direct, general unsecured obligations that will rank:

senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness or other obligations that are expressly subordinated, or junior, in right of payment to
the Notes;

- pari passu, or equal, in right of payment with all of our existing and future indebtedness or other obligations that are not so subordinated, or junior, including, without limitation, our 2023 Notes, of which \$150.0 million in aggregate principal amount was outstanding as of December 31, 2018;
- effectively subordinated, or junior, to any of our secured indebtedness or other obligations (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including, without limitation, borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$308.6 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018, the Subscription Credit Facility, of which \$883.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018, the Subscription Credit Facility, of which \$883.0 million
- structurally subordinated, or junior, to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities, including, without limitation, borrowings under the SPV Asset Facility I, of which \$400.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018, the SPV Asset Facility II of which \$550.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018, the SPV Asset Facility II of which \$1, 2018 and the SPV Asset Facility III of which \$300.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2018.

As of December 31, 2018, our total indebtedness was approximately \$2.6 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding, of which approximately \$2.4 billion was secured by our assets, assets of our subsidiaries, or the capital commitments of our investors. After giving effect to the issuance of the Notes our total indebtedness would have been approximately \$ million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of December 31, 2018. See *"Capitalization"*.

In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, our assets that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations on the Notes only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all the Notes then outstanding.

Optional Redemption

We may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time, or from time to time. If we choose to redeem any of the Notes prior to maturity, we will pay a redemption price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date:

- 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, or
- the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus basis points;

provided, however, that if we redeem any of the Notes on or after , 20 (the date falling months prior to the maturity date of the Notes), the redemption price for the Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

If we choose to redeem any of the Notes, we will deliver a notice of redemption to holders of the Notes not less than 30 nor more than 60 days before the redemption date. Any exercise of our option to redeem the Notes will be done in compliance with the 1940 Act. If we are redeeming less than all of the Notes, the particular Notes to be redeemed will be selected by the trustee on a *pro rata* basis to the extent practicable, or, if a *pro rata* basis is not practicable for any reason, by lot or in such other manner as the Trustee shall deem fair and appropriate, and in any case in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC and in accordance with the 1940 Act as directed by the Company; *provided*, however, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal

amount of the Notes not redeemed to less than \$2,000. Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes or portions of the Notes called for redemption.

For purposes of calculating the redemption price in connection with the redemption of the Notes, on any redemption date, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

"Comparable Treasury Issue" means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financing practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the Notes being redeemed.

"Comparable Treasury Price" means (1) the average of the remaining Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the Quotation Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Treasury Dealer quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"Quotation Agent" means a Reference Treasury Dealer selected by us.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means each of (1) and , or their respective affiliates which are primary U.S. government securities dealers in the United States (a "Primary Treasury Dealer") and their respective successors; *provided*, however, that if any of the foregoing or their affiliates shall cease to be a Primary Treasury Dealer, we shall select another Primary Treasury Dealer and (2) two other Primary Treasury Dealers selected by us.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the Quotation Agent, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Quotation Agent by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 3:30 p.m. New York time on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annualequivalent yield-to-maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (computed as of the third business day immediately preceding the redemption), assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such redemption date. The redemption price and the Treasury Rate will be determined by us.

All determinations made by any Reference Treasury Dealer, including the Quotation Agent, with respect to determining the redemption price will be final and binding absent manifest error.

Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event

If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs, unless we have exercised our right to redeem the Notes in full, we will make an offer to each holder of the Notes to repurchase all or any part (in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 principal amount thereabove) of that holder's Notes at a repurchase price in cash equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes repurchased to the date of purchase. Within 30 days following any Change of Control Repurchase Event or, at our option, prior to any Change of Control, but after the public announcement of the Change of Control, we will send a notice to each holder and the trustee describing the transaction or transactions that constitute or may constitute the Change of Control Repurchase Event and offering to repurchase Notes on the payment date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is sent. The notice shall, if sent prior to to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, state that the offer to purchase is conditioned on the Change of Control Repurchase Event or of the Change of Control, state that the offer to purchase is conditioned on the Change of Control Repurchase Event occurring on

or prior to the payment date specified in the notice. We will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the Notes as a result of a Change of Control Repurchase Event. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes, we will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes by virtue of such conflict.

On the Change of Control Repurchase Event payment date, subject to extension if necessary to comply with the provisions of the 1940 Act, we will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered pursuant to our offer;
- (2) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the aggregate purchase price in respect of all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the Notes properly accepted, together with an officers' certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes being purchased by us.

The paying agent will promptly remit to each holder of Notes properly tendered the purchase price for the Notes, and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book-entry) to each holder a new Notes equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of any Notes surrendered; *provided* that each new Note will be in a minimum principal amount of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

We will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event if a third party makes an offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for an offer made by us and such third party purchases all Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer.

The source of funds that will be required to repurchase Notes in the event of a Change of Control Repurchase Event will be our available cash or cash generated from our operations or other potential sources, including funds provided by a purchaser in the Change of Control transaction, borrowings, sales of assets or sales of equity. We cannot assure you that sufficient funds from such sources will be available at the time of any Change of Control Repurchase Event to make required repurchases of Notes tendered. See "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources*" for a general discussion of our indebtedness. Before making any such repurchase of Notes, we would also have to comply with certain requirements under our Revolving Credit Facility. Our future debt instruments may contain similar restrictions and provisions. If the holders of the Notes exercise their right to require debt instruments, even if the Change of Control Repurchase Event to make the required repurchase sufficient funds at the time of the Change of Control Repurchase Event to the Notes or our other debt. See "*Risk Factors — Risks Relating to the Notes — We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event*".

The definition of "Change of Control" includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of "all or substantially all" of our properties or assets and those of our subsidiaries taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all," there is no precise, established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of Notes to require us to repurchase the Notes as a result of a sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of our assets and the assets of our subsidiaries taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

For purposes of the Notes:

"Below Investment Grade Rating Event" means the Notes are downgraded below Investment Grade by all three Rating Agencies on any date from the date of the public notice of an arrangement that results in a Change of Control until the end of the 60-day period following public notice of the occurrence of a Change of Control (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of the Notes is under publicly announced consideration for possible downgrade by any of the Rating Agencies); *provided* that a Below Investment Grade Rating Event otherwise arising by virtue of a particular reduction in rating shall not be deemed to have occurred in respect of a particular Change of Control (and thus shall not be deemed a Below Investment Grade Rating Event for purposes of the definition of Change of Control Repurchase Event hereunder) if the Rating Agencies making the reduction in rating to which this definition would otherwise apply do not announce or publicly confirm or inform us in writing that the reduction was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised of or arising as a result of, or in respect of, the applicable Change of Control (whether or not the applicable Change of Control shall have occurred at the time of the Below Investment Grade Rating Event).

"Change of Control" means the occurrence of any of the following:

- (1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation) in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Controlled Subsidiaries taken as a whole to any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than to any Permitted Holders; *provided* that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of the Company or its Controlled Subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or disposition;
- (2) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than any Permitted Holders) becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding Voting Stock of the Company, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; or
- (3) the approval by the Company's stockholders of any plan or proposal relating to the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

"Change of Control Repurchase Event" means the occurrence of a Change of Control and a Below Investment Grade Rating Event.

"Controlled Subsidiary" means any subsidiary of the Company, 50% or more of the outstanding equity interests of which are owned by the Company and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and of which the Company possesses, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies, whether through the ownership of voting equity interests, by agreement or otherwise.

"Fitch" means Fitch, Inc., also known as Fitch Ratings, or any successor thereto.

"Investment Grade" means a rating of BBB- or better by Fitch (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of Fitch), BBB- or better by S&P (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of S&P) and Baa3 by Moody's (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of Moody's) (or, in each case, if such Rating Agency ceases to rate the Notes for reasons outside of our control, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any Rating Agency selected by us as a replacement Rating Agency).

"Moody's means Moody's Investor Service or any successor thereto.

"Permitted Holders" means (i) us, (ii) one or more of our Controlled Subsidiaries and (iii) Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC or any affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC that is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction located in the United States of America and in the business of managing or advising clients.

"Rating Agency" means:

- (1) each of Fitch, S&P and Moody's; and
- (2) if any of Fitch, S&P or Moody's cease to rate the Notes or fails to make a rating of the Notes publicly available for reasons outside of our control, a "nationally recognized statistical rating organization" as defined in Section (3)(a)(62) of the Exchange Act selected by us as a replacement agency for Fitch, S&P and/or Moody's, or both, as the case may be.

"S&P" means S&P Global Ratings, or any successor thereto.

"Voting Stock" as applied to stock of any person, means shares, interests, participations or other equivalents in the equity interest (however designated) in such person having ordinary voting power for the election of a majority of the directors (or the equivalent) of such person, other than shares, interests, participations or other equivalents having such power only by reason of the occurrence of a contingency.

Covenants

In addition to the covenants described in the base indenture, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes.

Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets

The indenture will provide that we will not merge or consolidate with or into any other person (other than a merger of a wholly owned subsidiary into us), or sell, transfer, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all our property (provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of the Company or its subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition; and provided further that this covenant shall not apply to any sale, transfer, lease, conveyance, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's property to a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) in any one transaction or series of related transactions unless:

- we are the surviving person (the "Surviving Person") or the Surviving Person (if other than us) formed by such merger or consolidation or to
 which such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition is made shall be a corporation or limited liability company organized and existing
 under the laws of the United States of America or any state or territory thereof;
- the Surviving Person (if other than us) expressly assumes, by supplemental indenture in form reasonably satisfactory to the trustee, executed
 and delivered to the trustee by such Surviving Person, the due and punctual payment of the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on,
 all the Notes outstanding, and the due and punctual performance and observance of all the covenants and conditions of the indenture to be
 performed by us;
- immediately before and immediately after giving effect to such transaction or series of related transactions, no default or event of default shall have occurred and be continuing; and
- we shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the trustee, an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such transaction and the supplemental indenture, if any, in respect thereto, comply with this covenant, that all conditions precedent in the indenture relating to such transaction have been complied with.

For the purposes of this covenant, the sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition of all the property of one or more of our subsidiaries, which property, if held by us instead of such subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of our property on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the transfer of all or substantially all of our property.

Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all", there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve "all or substantially all" of the properties or assets of a person. As a result, it may be unclear as to whether the merger, consolidation or sale of assets covenant would apply to a particular transaction as described above absent a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction. Although these types of transactions are permitted under the indenture, certain of the foregoing transactions could constitute a Change of Control that results in a Change of Control Repurchase Event permitting each holder to require us to repurchase the Notes of such holder as described above.

An assumption by any person of obligations under the Notes and the indenture might be deemed for U.S. federal income tax purposes to be an exchange of the Notes for new Notes by the holders thereof, resulting in recognition of gain or loss for such purposes and possibly other adverse tax consequences to the holders. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such an assumption.

Other Covenants

- We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate, whether or not we are subject thereto, Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC.
- If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end (other than our fourth fiscal quarter). All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP, as applicable. Delivery of such financial statements to the trustee is for informational purposes only and the trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute actual or constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including our compliance with any of our covenants hereunder (as to which the trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on officers' certificates).

Modification or Waiver

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the Notes issued thereunder.

Changes Requiring Your Approval

First, there are changes that we cannot make to your Notes without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

- · change the stated maturity of the principal of or interest on the Notes;
- reduce any amounts due on the Notes;
- reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of a security following a default;
- adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;
- change the place (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement) or currency of payment on a debt security;
- impair your right to sue for payment;
- · modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to outstanding holders of the Notes;

- · reduce the percentage of holders of the Notes whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;
- reduce the percentage of holders of the Notes whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to waive certain defaults;
- modify certain of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures, modification and waiver of past defaults, changes to
 the quorum or voting requirements or the waiver of certain covenants; and
- change any obligation we have to pay additional amounts.

Changes Not Requiring Approval

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the Notes. This type is limited to clarifications, establishment of the form or terms of new securities of any series as permitted by the indenture, and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding Notes in any material respect, including additional covenants or event of default. We also do not need any approval to make any change that affects only Notes to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

Changes Requiring Majority Approval

Any other change to the indenture and the Notes would require the following approval:

- · If the change affects only one series of the Notes, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes.
- If the change affects more than one series of the Notes issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in
 aggregate principal amount of all of the Notes affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of a series of debt securities issued under an indenture, or all series, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive our compliance with some of our covenants in that indenture. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under "— *Changes Requiring Your Approval*".

Further Details Concerning Voting

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to the Notes:

The Notes will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption. The Notes will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under "— *Defeasance* — *Legal Defeasance*".

We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. If we set a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within eleven months following the record date.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the Notes or request a waiver.

Events of Default

Each of the following is an event of default:

- (1) default in the payment of any interest upon any Notes when due and payable and the default continues for a period of 30 days;
- (2) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Note when it becomes due and payable at its maturity, including upon any redemption date or required repurchase date;
- (3) our failure for 60 consecutive days after written notice from the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding to us and the trustee, as applicable, has been received to comply with any of our other agreements contained in the Notes or indenture;
- (4) default by us or any of our significant subsidiaries, as defined in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act (but excluding any subsidiary which is (a) a non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiary, (b) a bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicle or (c) is not consolidated with the Company for purposes of GAAP), with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of \$100 million in the aggregate of us and/or any such subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (i) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable or (ii) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise, unless, in either case, such indebtedness is discharged, or such acceleration is rescinded, stayed or annulled, within a period of 30 calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the trustee or to us and the trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding;
- (5) Pursuant to Section 18(a)(1)(C)(ii) and Section 61 of the 1940 Act, or any successor provisions, on the last business day of each of 24 consecutive calendar months, any class of securities shall have an asset coverage (as such term is used in the 1940 Act) of less than 100%, giving effect to any amendments to such provisions of the 1940 Act or to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC; and
- (6) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency, or reorganization involving us occur and remain undischarged or unstayed for a period of 90 days.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case (other than an event of default specified in item (6) above) the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes may declare the entire principal amount of Notes to be due and immediately payable, by a notice in writing to us (and to the trustee if given by the holders), and upon any such declaration such principal or specified portion thereof shall become immediately due and payable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of the events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization described in item (6) above, 100% of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes will automatically become due and payable.

At any time after a declaration of acceleration with respect to the Notes has been made and before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the trustee, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes, by written notice to us and the trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if (i) we have paid or deposited with the trustee a sum sufficient to pay all overdue installments of interest, if any, on all outstanding Notes, the principal of (and premium, if any, on) all outstanding Notes that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration and interest thereon at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Notes, to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful interest upon overdue installments of interest at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Notes, and all sums paid or advanced by the trustee and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee, its agents and counsel, and (ii) all events of declaration of acceleration have been upon of (or premium, if any, on) or interest on such Notes that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived. No such rescission will affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

No holder of Notes will have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy under the indenture, unless:

- (i) such holder has previously given written notice to the trustee of a continuing event of default with respect to the Notes;
- the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes shall have made written request to the trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such event of default;
- such holder or holders have offered to the trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request;
- (iv) the trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of security or indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and
- (v) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the trustee during such 60-day period by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes.

Notwithstanding any other provision in the indenture, the holder of any Note shall have the right, which is absolute and unconditional, to receive payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Note on the stated maturity or maturity expressed in such Note (or, in the case of redemption, on the redemption date or, in the case of repayment at the option of the holders, on the repayment date) and to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment, and such rights shall not be impaired without the consent of such holder.

The trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by the indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of the Notes unless such holders shall have offered to the trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities which might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction. Subject to the foregoing, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee with respect to the Notes, *provided* that (i) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this indenture, (ii) the trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction and (iii) the trustee need not take any action that it determines in good faith may involve it in personal liability or be unjustly prejudicial (it being understood that the trustee duty to ascertain whether or not any such directions are unduly prejudicial to such holders) to the holders of Notes not consenting.

The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes may on behalf of the holders of all of the Notes waive any past default under the indenture with respect to the Notes and its consequences, except a default (i) in the payment of (or premium, if any, on) or interest, if any, on any of the Notes, or (ii) in respect of a covenant or provision of the indenture which cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected. Upon any such waiver, such default shall cease to exist, and any event of default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured, for every purpose, but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or event of default or impair any right consequent thereto.

We are required to deliver to the trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, an officers' certificate stating that to the knowledge of the signers whether we are in default in the performance of any of the terms, provisions or conditions of the indenture.

Within 90 days after the occurrence of any default under the indenture with respect to the Notes, the trustee shall transmit notice of such default actually known to a responsible officer of the trustee, unless such default shall have been cured or waived; *provided*, however, that, except in the case of a default in the payment of the

principal of (or premium, if any, on) or interest, if any, on any of the Notes, the trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as it in good faith determines that withholding of such notice is in the interest of the holders of the Notes.

Satisfaction and Discharge

We may satisfy and discharge our obligations under the indenture by delivering to the securities registrar for cancellation all outstanding Notes or by depositing with the trustee, in trust, funds in U.S. dollars in an amount sufficient to pay all of the outstanding Notes after the Notes have become due and payable or will become due and payable within one year (or scheduled for redemption within one year). Such discharge is subject to terms contained in the indenture.

Defeasance

The Notes will be subject to covenant defeasance and legal defeasance.

Covenant Defeasance

If certain conditions are satisfied, we can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the Notes were issued. This is called "covenant defeasance." In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your Notes. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, we must do the following:

- deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of the Notes a combination of money and United States government or United States government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm or firm of independent public accountants, to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates.
- deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel confirming that, under current U.S. federal income tax law, we may make the above
 deposit without causing you to recognize income, gain, or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such covenant defeasance or
 to be taxed on the Notes any differently than if we did not make the deposit and repaid the Notes at maturity.
- deliver to the trustee a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with.

If we accomplished covenant defeasance, you can still look to us for repayment of the Notes if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. For example, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as our bankruptcy) and the Notes became immediately due and payable, there might be a shortfall. Depending on the event causing the default, you may not be able to obtain payment of the shortfall.

Legal Defeasance

If there is a change in U.S. federal tax law, as described below, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the Notes (called "defeasance" or "legal defeasance") if we put in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

• We must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of the Notes a combination of money and United States government or United States government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm or firm of independent public accountants, to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates.

- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current U.S. federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows us to make the above deposit without causing you to recognize income, gain, or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance or to be taxed on the Notes any differently than if we did not make the deposit and repaid the Notes at maturity. Under current U.S. federal tax law, the deposit and our legal release from the Notes would be treated as though we paid you your share of the cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for your Notes and you would recognize gain or loss on the Notes at the time of the deposit.
- We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with.

If we ever accomplished legal defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the Notes. You could not look to us for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of our lenders and other creditors if we ever became bankrupt or insolvent.

Trustee

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is the trustee, security registrar and paying agent. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, in each of its capacities, including without limitation as trustee, security registrar and paying agent, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information concerning us or our affiliates or any other party contained in this prospectus or the related documents or for any failure by us or any other party to disclose events that may have occurred and may affect the significance or accuracy of such information, or for any information provided to it by us, including but not limited to settlement amounts and any other information. Neither the trustee nor any paying agent shall be responsible for determining whether any Change of Control or Below Investment Grade Rating Event has occurred and whether any Change of Control offer with respect to the Notes is required.

We may maintain banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the trustee and its affiliates.

Resignation of Trustee

The trustee may resign or be removed with respect to the Notes provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

Governing Law

The indenture provides that it and the Notes shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would cause the application of laws of another jurisdiction.

Book-Entry, Settlement and Clearance

Global Notes

The Notes will be initially issued in the form of one or more registered Notes in global form, without interest coupons (the "Global Notes"). Upon issuance, each of the Global Notes will be deposited with the trustee as custodian for DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be limited to persons who have accounts with DTC ("DTC participants") or persons who hold interests through DTC participants. We expect that under procedures established by DTC:

- upon deposit of a Global Note with DTC's custodian, DTC will credit portions of the principal amount of the Global Note to the accounts of the DTC participants designated by the underwriters; and
- ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be shown on, and transfer of ownership of those interests will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to interests of DTC participants) and the records of DTC participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial interests in the Global Note).

Beneficial interests in Global Notes may not be exchanged for Notes in physical, certificated form except in the limited circumstances described below.

Book-Entry Procedures for Global Notes

All interests in the Global Notes will be subject to the operations and procedures of DTC. We provide the following summary of those operations and procedures solely for the convenience of investors. The operations and procedures of DTC are controlled by that settlement system and may be changed at any time. Neither we, the trustee nor the underwriters are responsible for those operations or procedures.

DTC has advised us that it is:

- · a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York State Banking Law;
- a member of the Federal Reserve System;
- a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a "clearing agency" registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. DTC's participants include securities brokers and dealers, including the underwriters; banks and trust companies; clearing corporations and other organizations. Indirect access to DTC's system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies; these indirect participants clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC participant, either directly or indirectly. Investors who are not DTC participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through DTC participants or indirect participants in DTC.

So long as DTC's nominee is the registered owner of a Global Note, that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the Notes represented by that Global Note for all purposes under the indenture. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note:

- · will not be entitled to have Notes represented by the Global Note registered in their names;
- · will not receive or be entitled to receive physical, certificated Notes; and
- will not be considered the owners or holders of the Notes under the indenture for any purpose, including with respect to receiving notices or the giving of any direction, instruction or approval to the trustee under the indenture.

As a result, each investor who owns a beneficial interest in a Global Note must rely on the procedures of DTC to exercise any rights of a holder of Notes under the indenture (and, if the investor is not a participant or an indirect participant in DTC, on the procedures of the DTC participant through which the investor owns its interest).

Payments of principal and interest with respect to the Notes represented by a Global Note will be made by the trustee to DTC's nominee as the registered holder of the Global Note. Neither we nor the trustee will have any responsibility or liability for the payment of amounts to owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note, for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of those interests by DTC, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of DTC relating to those interests.

Payments by participants and indirect participants in DTC to the owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be governed by standing instructions and customary industry practice and will be the responsibility of those participants or indirect participants and DTC.

Cross-market transfers of beneficial interests in Global Notes between DTC participants, on the one hand, and Euroclear or Clearstream participants, on the other hand, will be effected within DTC through the DTC participants that are acting as depositaries for Euroclear and Clearstream. To deliver or receive an interest in a Global Note held in a Euroclear or Clearstream account, an investor must send transfer instructions to Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, under the rules and procedures of that system and within the established deadlines of that system. If the transaction meets its settlement requirements, Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, will send instructions to its DTC depositary to take action to effect final settlement by delivering or receiving interests in the relevant Global Notes in DTC, and making or receiving payment under normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Euroclear and Clearstream participants may not deliver instructions directly to the DTC depositaries that are acting for Euroclear or Clearstream.

Because the settlement of cross-market transfers takes place during New York business hours, DTC participants may employ their usual procedures for sending securities to the applicable DTC participants acting as depositaries for Euroclear and Clearstream. The sale proceeds will be available to the DTC participant seller on the settlement date. Thus, to a DTC participant, a cross-market transaction will settle no differently from a trade between two DTC participants. Because of time zone differences, the securities account of a Euroclear or Clearstream participant that purchases an interest in a Global Note from a DTC participant will be credited on the business day for Euroclear or Clearstream immediately following the DTC settlement date. Cash received in Euroclear or Clearstream from the sale of an interest in a Global Note to a DTC participant will be reflected in the account of the Euroclear of Clearstream participant the following business day, and receipt of the cash proceeds in the Euroclear or Clearstream participant's account will be back-valued to the date on which settlement occurs in New York. DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream have agreed to the above procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in the Global Notes among participants in those settlement systems. However, the settlement systems are not obligated to perform these procedures and may discontinue or change these procedures at any time. Neither we nor the trustee will have any responsibility or liability for the performance by DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream or indirect participants of their obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations, including maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership interests in Global Notes.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected under DTC's procedures and will be settledin same-day funds.

Certificated Notes

Notes in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that DTC identifies as a beneficial owner of the related Notes only if:

- DTC notifies us at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Global Notes and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;
- DTC ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days; or
- an event of default with respect to the Notes has occurred and is continuing and such beneficial owner requests that its Notes be issued in
 physical, certificated form.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Maryland General Corporation Law (the "MGCL") and on our certificate of incorporation and bylaws. This summary is not necessarily complete, and we refer you to the MGCL and our charter and bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below.

Capital Stock

Under the terms of our charter, our authorized stock consists solely of 500 million shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and no shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. As permitted by the MGCL, our charter provides that a majority of the entire Board, without any action by our shareholders, may amend the charter from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. Our charter also provides that the Board may classify or reclassify any unissued shares of Common Stock into one or more classes or series of Common Stock or Preferred Stock by setting or changing the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, or limitations as to dividends, qualifications, or terms or conditions of redemption of the shares. There is currently no market for our stock, and we can offer no assurances that a market for our stock will develop in the future. Unless the Board determines otherwise, we will issue all shares of our stock in uncertificated form.

None of our shares of Common Stock are subject to further calls or to assessments, sinking fund provisions, obligations or potential liabilities associated with ownership of the security (not including investment risks).

The following presents our outstanding classes of securities as of March 15, 2019:

		Amount
		Outstanding
	Amount Held by	Exclusive of Amount
Amount	Us or for Our	Held by Us or for
Authorized	Account	Our Account
500,000,000	_	248,038,840
	Authorized	AmountUs or for OurAuthorizedAccount

From March 3, 2016 (the "Initial Closing") through March 2, 2018 we conducted private offerings (each, a "Private Offering") of our common shares to accredited investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). At the closing of each Private Offering, each investor made a capital commitment (a "Capital Commitment") to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into with us. Investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of our common stock up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time we deliver a drawdown notice to our investors. As a result of the Private Offerings we have \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments as of March 15, 2019 from investors of which \$3.6 billion has been drawn.

Common Stock

Under the terms of the charter, all shares of Common Stock have equal rights as to dividends, distributions and voting and, when they are issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Dividends and distributions may be paid to our shareholders if, as and when authorized by the Board and declared out of funds legally available therefor. Shares of Common Stock have no preemptive, exchange, conversion or redemption rights and shareholders generally have no appraisal rights. Shares of Common Stock are freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws or by contract and except that, in order to avoid the possibility that our assets could be treated as "plan assets," we may require any person proposing to acquire shares of Common Stock to furnish such information as may be necessary to

determine whether such person is a Benefit Plan Investor or a controlling person, restrict or prohibit transfers of shares of such stock or redeem any outstanding shares of stock for such price and on such other terms and conditions as may be determined by or at the direction of the Board. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of Common Stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay or otherwise provide for all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. Subject to the rights of holders of any other class or series of stock, each share of Common Stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders, including the election of directors, and the shareholders will possess the exclusive voting power. There will be no cumulative voting in the election of directors. Cumulative voting entitles a shareholder to as many votes as equals the number of votes which such holder would be entitled to cast for the election of directors multiplied by the number of directors to be elected and allows a shareholder may not be able to elect as many directors as the shareholder would be able to elect if cumulative voting were permitted. Subject to the special rights of the holders of any class or series of a "contested election" (as defined in our bylaws), in which directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast in the contested election of directors.

Preferred Stock

Under the terms of our charter, the Board may authorize us to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series, without shareholder approval, to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. The Board has the power to fix the preferences, conversion and other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and other distributions, qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption of each class or series of preferred stock. We do not currently anticipate issuing preferred stock in the near future. In the event we issue preferred stock, we will make any required disclosure to shareholders. We will not offer preferred stock to the Adviser or our affiliates except on the same terms as offered to all other shareholders.

Preferred stock could be issued with terms that would adversely affect our shareholders. Preferred stock could also be used as an anti-takeover device through the issuance of shares of a class or series of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control. Every issuance of preferred stock will be required to comply with the requirements of the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act requires, among other things, that: (1) immediately after issuance and before any dividend or other distribution is made with respect to Common Stock and before any purchase of Common Stock is made, such preferred stock together with all other senior securities must not exceed an amount equal to 50% of our total assets after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be, and (2) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class voting separately to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if distributions on such preferred stock are in arrears by two full years or more. Certain matters under the 1940 Act voting together as a separate class. For example, the vote of such holders of preferred stock would be required to approve a proposal involving a plan of reorganization adversely affecting such securities.

The issuance of any preferred stock must be approved by a majority of the independent directors not otherwise interested in the transaction, who will have access, at our expense, to our legal counsel or to independent legal counsel.

Limitation on Liability of Directors and Officers; Indemnification and Advance of Expenses

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its charter a provision eliminating the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its shareholders for money damages except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate

dishonesty that is established by a final judgment and is material to the cause of action. Our charter contains a provision that eliminates directors' and officers' liability, subject to the limitations of Maryland law and the requirements of the 1940 Act.

Maryland law requires a corporation (unless its charter provides otherwise, which our charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made or threatened to be made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity against reasonable expenses actually incurred in the proceeding in which the director or officer was successful. Maryland law permits a corporation to indemnify its present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or threatened to be made a party by reason of heir service in those or other capacities unless it is established that (1) the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty; (2) the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful. Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation also may not indemnify for an adverse judgment in a suit by or on behalf of the corporation or for a judgment of liability on the basis that a personal benefit was improperly received, unless in either case a court orders indemnification, and then only for expenses. In addition, Maryland law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by the corporation if it is ultimately determined that the standard of conduct was not met.

Our charter obligates us, subject to the limitations of Maryland law and the requirements of the 1940 Act, to indemnify (1) any present or former director or officer; (2) any individual who, while a director or officer and at the Company's request, serves or has served another corporation, real estate investment trust, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise as a director, officer, partner, member, manager or trustee; or (3) the Adviser or any of its affiliates acting as an agent for the Company, from and against any claim or liability to which the person or entity may become subject or may incur by reason of such person's service in that capacity, and to pay or reimburse such person's reasonable expenses as incurred in advance of final disposition of a proceeding. These indemnification rights vest immediately upon an individual's election as a director or officer. In accordance with the 1940 Act, the Company will not indemnify any person for any liability to the extent that such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his, her or its office.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, and in accordance with the NASAA Omnibus Guidelines, at anytime following a continuous public offering through the independent broker-dealer network (a "Non-Listed Offering"), our charter prohibits us from holding harmless a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser for any loss or liability suffered by the Company, or indemnifying such persons for any loss or liability by him, her or it, unless each of the following conditions are met: (1) the party seeking indemnification has determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct that caused the loss or liability was in the Company's best interest; (2) the party seeking indemnification was acting or performing services on the Company's behalf; (3) such liability or loss was not the result of (a) negligence or misconduct, in the case that the party seeking indemnification is the Adviser or any of its affiliates or an officer of us, the Adviser or any of its affiliates); and (4) such indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of our net assets and not from shareholders. Our charter provides that this provision does not apply to any dealer manager.

Our charter further provides that, following a Non-Listed Offering, we may not provide indemnification to a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser for any loss, liability or expense arising from or out of an

alleged violation of federal or state securities laws by such party unless one or more of the following conditions are met: (1) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged material securities law violations as to the party seeking indemnification; (2) such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to such party; or (3) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against such party and finds that indemnification of the settlement and the related costs should be made, and the court considering the request for indemnification has been advised of the position of the SEC and of the published position of any state securities regulatory authority in which our securities were offered or sold as to indemnification for violations of securities laws.

Our charter provides that, following a Non-Listed Offering, we may pay or reimburse reasonable legal expenses and other costs incurred by a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser in advance of final disposition of a proceeding only if all of the following are satisfied: (1) the proceeding relates to acts or omissions with respect to the performance of duties or services on our behalf; (2) such party provides us with written affirmation of his, her or its good faith belief that he, she or it has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by us; (3) the legal proceeding was initiated by a third party who is not a shareholder or, if by a shareholder acting in his or her capacity as such, a court of competent jurisdiction approves such advancement; and (4) such party provides us with a written agreement to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by us, together with the applicable legal rate of interest thereon, if it is ultimately determined that such party did not comply with the requisite standard of conduct and is not entitled to indemnification. Our charter provides that this provision does not apply to any dealer manager.

Maryland Law and Certain Charter and Bylaws Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures

Maryland law contains, and our charter and bylaws also contain, provisions that could make it more difficult for a potential acquirer to acquire us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. These provisions are expected to discourage certain coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to negotiate first with our Board. These measures may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of shareholders. We believe, however, that the benefits of these provisions outweigh the potential disadvantages of discouraging any such acquisition proposals because, among other things, the Board's ability to negotiate such proposals may improve their terms.

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally cannot dissolve, amend its charter, merge, consolidate, convert into another form of business entity, sell all or substantially all of its assets or engage in a statutory share exchange unless declared advisable by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. A Maryland corporation may provide in its charter for approval of these matters by a lesser or greater percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Subject to certain exceptions discussed below, our charter provides for approval of these actions by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Subject to certain exceptions provided in our charter, the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the votes entitled to be cast thereon, with the holders of each class or series of our stock voting as a separate class, in addition to the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the members of the Board, will be necessary to effect any of the following actions:

- any amendment to the charter to make the Common Stock a "redeemable security" or to convert us from a "closed-end company" to an "open-end company" (as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act);
- any shareholder proposal as to specific investment decisions made or to be made with respect to our assets;
- following a Non-Listed Offering, any proposal as to the voluntary liquidation or dissolution of the Company or any amendment to the charter to terminate our existence;

- · following a Non-Listed Offering, any merger, consolidation or statutory share exchange of us with or into any other person; or
- following a Non-Listed Offering, the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of us, as further described in the charter, when such sale is to be made other than in the ordinary course of our business.

However, if the proposal, transaction or business combination is approved by at least 75% of our continuing directors, the proposal, transaction or business combination may be approved only by the Board and, if necessary, the shareholders as otherwise would be required by applicable law, the charter and bylaws and, following a Non-Listed Offering, the NASAA Omnibus Guidelines, without regard to the supermajority approval requirements discussed above. A "continuing director" is defined in the charter as a director who (i) is not an interested party (meaning a person who has or proposes to enter into a business combination with us or owns more than 5% of any class of our stock) or an affiliate or an associate of an interested party and who has been a member of the Board for a period of at least 24 months (or since we commenced operations, if that period is less than 24 months); or (ii) is a successor of a continuing directors then in office or is nominated for election by the shareholders by a majority of the continuing directors then in office or is nominated for election by the shareholders by a majority of the continuing directors then in office or an affiliate or an associate of an interested party or an affiliate or an aniterested party and who is not an interested party or an affiliate or an associate of an interested party of the continuing directors then in office or is nominated for election by the shareholders by a majority of the continuing directors then in office or an aniterested party.

Our charter also provides that the Board is divided into three classes, as nearly equal in size as practicable, with each class of directors serving for a staggered three-year term. Additionally, subject to the rights of holders of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, directors may be removed at any time, but only for cause (as such term is defined in the charter) and only by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least 75% of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors, voting as a single class. The charter and bylaws also provide that, except as provided otherwise by applicable law, including the 1940 Act and subject to any rights of holders of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, any vacancy on the Board, except, until such time as we have three independent directors, for vacancies resulting from the removal of a director by the shareholders, and any newly created directorship resulting from an increase in the size of the Board, may only be filled by vote of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director; vacancies in directorships elected by such class, classes or series of stock have the exclusive power under the charter to elect certain directors, vacancies in directorships elected by such class, classes or series may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors so elected by such class, classes or series of our stock. In addition, the charter provides that, subject to any rights of holders of energy of a directors will be fixed from time to time exclusively pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Board.

The classification of the Board and the limitations on removal of directors described above as well as the limitations on shareholders' right to fill vacancies and newly created directorships and to fix the size of the Board could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring or attempting to acquire us.

Maryland law and our charter and bylaws also provide that:

- any action required or permitted to be taken by the shareholders at an annual meeting or special meeting of shareholders may only be taken if it is properly brought before such meeting or by unanimous consent in lieu of a meeting;
- special meetings of the shareholders may only be called by the Board, the chairman of the Board or the chief executive officer, and must be
 called by the secretary upon the written request of shareholders who are entitled to cast at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on
 such matter at such meeting; and

• from and after the Initial Closing, any shareholder nomination or business proposal to be properly brought before a meeting of shareholders must have been made in compliance with certain advance notice and informational requirements.

Our charter also provides that any tender offer made by any person, including any "mini-tender" offer, must comply with the provisions of Regulation 14D of the 1934 Act, including the notice and disclosure requirements. Among other things, the offeror must provide us notice of such tender offer at least ten business days before initiating the tender offer. Our charter prohibits any shareholder from transferring shares of stock to a person who makes a tender offer which does not comply with such provisions unless such shareholder has first offered such shares of stock to us at the tender offer price in the non-complying offeror will be responsible for all of our expenses in connection with that offeror's noncompliance.

These provisions could delay or hinder shareholder actions which are favored by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities. These provisions may also discourage another person or entity from making a tender offer for the Common Stock, because such person or entity, even if it acquired a majority of our outstanding voting securities, would be able to take action as a shareholder (such as electing new directors or approving a merger) only at a duly called shareholders meeting, and not by written consent. The provisions of our charter requiring that the directors may be removed only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of at least three-quarters of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors will also prevent shareholders from removing incumbent directors except for cause and upon a substantial affirmative vote. In addition, although the advance notice and information requirements in our bylaws do not give the Board any power to disapprove shareholder nominations for the election of directors or business proposals that are made in compliance with applicable advance notice procedures, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our shareholders.

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally cannot amend its charter unless the amendment is declared advisable by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. A Maryland corporation may provide in its charter for approval of these matters by a lesser or greater percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Subject to certain exceptions discussed below, our charter provides for approval of charter amendments by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. The Board, by vote of a majority of the members of the Board, has the exclusive power to adopt, alter, amend or repeal our bylaws. Our charter provides that any amendment to the following provisions of our charter, among others, will require, in addition to any other vote required by applicable law or our charter, the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to be cast three-quarters of the votes of a separate class, in addition to the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the members of the Board, unless three-quarters of the continuing directors approve the amendment, in which case such amendment must be approved as would otherwise be required by applicable law, our charter and bylaws, and, following a Non-Listed Offering, the NASAA Omnibus Guidelines:

- · the provisions regarding the classification of the Board;
- the provisions governing the removal of directors;
- the provisions limiting shareholder action by written consent;
- the provisions regarding the number of directors on the Board;
- the provisions specifying the vote required to approve extraordinary actions and amend the charter and the Board's exclusive power to amend our bylaws;

- the limitations of directors' and officers' liability for money damages and the requirement that we indemnify its directors and officers as described above; and
- the provisions imposing additional voting requirements on certain business combinations and other actions.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, without the approval of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, we may not permit the Adviser to:

- amend the charter, except for amendments that would not adversely affect the interests of shareholders;
- except as permitted in the Investment Advisory Agreement, voluntarily withdraw as investment adviser, unless such withdrawal would not affect our tax status and would not materially adversely affect the shareholders;
- appoint a new investment adviser other than a sub-adviser pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and applicable law;
- sell all or substantially all of our assets other than in the ordinary course of our business or as otherwise permitted by law; and
- cause a merger or any other reorganization of us except as permitted by law.

Our charter prohibits the Adviser from, following a Non-Listed Offering: (i) receiving or accepting any rebate, give-ups or similar arrangement that is prohibited under applicable federal or state securities laws, (ii) participating in any reciprocal business arrangement that would circumvent provisions of applicable federal or state securities laws governing conflicts of interest or investment restrictions, or (iii) entering into any agreement, arrangement or understanding that would circumvent the restrictions against dealing with affiliates or promoters under applicable federal or state securities laws. In addition, the Adviser may not directly or indirectly pay or award any fees or commissions or other compensation to any person or entity engaged to sell our stock or give investment advice to a potential shareholder; provided, however, that the Adviser may pay a registered broker-dealer or other properly licensed agent from sales commissions for selling or distributing Common Stock.

Advance Notice Provisions for Shareholder Nominations and Shareholder Proposals

Our bylaws provide that, with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, nominations of individuals for election as directors and the proposal of business to be considered by shareholders may be made only (a) pursuant to the notice of the meeting, (b) by or at the direction of the Board or (c) by a shareholder who is a shareholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by our bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated or on any such other business and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of our bylaws. With respect to special meetings of shareholders, only the business specified in the notice of the meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of individuals for election as directors at a special meeting at which directors are to be elected may be made only (a) by or at the director of the Board or (b) provided that the special meeting has been called in accordance with our bylaws for the purpose of electing directors, by a shareholder who is a shareholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by our bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of our bylaws.

The purpose of requiring shareholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford the Board a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by the Board, to inform shareholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of shareholders. Although our bylaws do not give the Board any power to disapprove shareholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain

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action, the advance notice and information requirements may have the effect of precluding election contests or the consideration of shareholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our shareholders.

No Appraisal Rights

For certain extraordinary transactions and charter amendments, the MGCL provides the right to dissenting shareholders to demand and receive the fair value of their shares, subject to certain procedures and requirements set forth in the statute. Those rights are commonly referred to as appraisal rights. As permitted by the MGCL, our charter provides that shareholders will not be entitled to exercise appraisal rights unless the Board determines that appraisal rights apply, with respect to all or any classes or series of stock, to one or more transactions occurring after the date of such determination in connection with which shareholders would otherwise be entitled to exercise appraisal rights.

Control Share Acquisitions

Certain provisions of the MGCL provide that a holder of control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition has no voting rights with respect to the control shares except to the extent approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, which is referred to as the Control Share Acquisition Act. Shares owned by the acquirer, by officers or by employees who are directors of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter. Control shares are voting shares of stock which, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned by the acquirer or in respect of which the acquirer is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- one-tenth or more but less than one-third;
- · one-third or more but less than a majority; or
- a majority or more of all voting power.

The requisite shareholder approval must be obtained each time an acquirer crosses one of the thresholds of voting power set forth above. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained shareholder approval or shares acquired directly from the corporation. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of issued and outstanding control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition may compel the board of directors of the corporation to call a special meeting of shareholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. The right to compel the calling of a special meeting is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay the expenses of the meeting. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any shareholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then the corporation may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. The right of the corporation to redeem control shares is subject to certain conditions and limitations. Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquirer or if a meeting of shareholders is held at which the voting rights of the shares are considered and not approved, as of the date of such meeting. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a shareholder meeting

and the acquirer becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other shareholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquirer in the control share acquisition.

The Control Share Acquisition Act does not apply (a) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (b) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the charter or bylaws of the corporation. Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Control Share Acquisition Act any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of stock. There can be no assurance that such provision will not be amended or eliminated at time in the future. However, the SEC staff has taken the position that, if a BDC fails to opt-out of the Control Share Acquisition Act only if the 1940 Act and we will amend our bylaws to be subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act only if the Bard determines that it would be in our best interests and if the SEC staff does not object to our determination that being subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act only if Acquisition Act does not conflict with the 1940 Act.

Business Combinations

Under Maryland law, "business combinations" between a Maryland corporation and an interested shareholder or an affiliate of an interested shareholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, statutory share exchange or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested shareholder is defined as:

- any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of the corporation's stock; or
- an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested shareholder under this statute if the corporation's board of directors approves in advance the transaction by which he or she otherwise would have become an interested shareholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

After the five-year prohibition, any such business combination generally must be recommended by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested shareholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if holders of the corporation's common stock receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested shareholder for its shares. The statute provides various exemptions from its provisions, including for business combinations that are exempted by the corporation's board of directors before the time that the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. The Board has adopted a resolution exempting from the requirements of the statute any business combination between us and any other person, provided that such business combination is first approved by the Board (including a majority of the directors who are not "interested persons" within the meaning of the 1940 Act). This resolution, however, may be altered or repealed in whole or in part at any time. If this resolution is repealed, or the Board does not otherwise approve a business combination, the statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Restrictions on Roll-Up Transactions

Following a Non-Listed Offering, in connection with a proposed "roll-up transaction," which, in general terms, is any transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, directly or indirectly, of us and the issuance of securities of an entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction, we will obtain an appraisal of all of its properties from an independent expert. In order to qualify as an independent expert for this purpose, the person or entity must have no material current or prior business or personal relationship with us and must be engaged to a substantial extent in the business of rendering opinions regarding the value of assets of the type held by us. Following a Non-Listed Offering, our assets will be appraised on a consistent basis, and the appraisal will be based on the evaluation of all relevant information and will indicate the value of our assets as of a date immediately prior to the announcement of the proposed roll-up transaction. The appraisal will assume an orderly liquidation of our assets or a 12-month period. The terms of the engagement of such independent expert will clearly state that the engagement is for our benefit and the benefit of our shareholders. We will include a summary of the appraisal, indicating all material assumptions underlying the appraisal, in a report to the shareholders in connection with the proposed roll-up transaction. If the appraisal will be included in a prospectus used to offer the securities of the roll-up rentity, the appraisal will be filed with the SEC and the states as an exhibit to the registration statement for the offering.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, in connection with a proposed roll-up transaction, the person sponsoring the roll-up transaction must offer to the shareholders who vote against the proposal a choice of:

- accepting the securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the oll-up transaction offered in the proposed roll-up transaction; or
- one of the following:
 - remaining as shareholders and preserving their interests in us on the same terms and conditions as existed previously; or
 - receiving cash in an amount equal to their pro rata share of the appraised value of our net assets.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, we are prohibited from participating in any proposed roll-up transaction:

- which would result in shareholders having voting rights in the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of
 the roll-up transaction that are less than those provided in our charter including rights with respect to the election and removal of directors,
 annual and special meetings, amendments to our charter and our dissolution;
- which includes provisions that would operate as a material impediment to, or frustration of, the accumulation of shares of Common Stock by
 any purchaser of the securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction,
 except to the minimum extent necessary to preserve the tax status of such entity, or which would limit the ability of an investor to exercise the
 voting rights of its securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction on
 the basis of the number of shares held by that investor;
- in which shareholders' rights to access to records of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the
 roll-up transaction will be less than those provided in our charter; or
- in which we would bear any of the costs of theroll-up transaction if the shareholders reject the roll-up transaction.

Conflict with the 1940 Act

Our bylaws provide that, if and to the extent that any provision of the MGCL, including the Control Share Acquisition Act (if we amend our bylaws to be subject to such Act) and the Business Combination Act or any provision of our charter or bylaws conflicts with any provision of the 1940 Act, the applicable provision of the 1940 Act will control.

REGULATION

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates (including any investment advisers or sub-advisers), principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters and requires that a majority of the directors be persons other than "interested persons," as that term is defined in the 1940 Act.

In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by "a majority of our outstanding voting securities" as defined in the 1940 Act. A majority of the outstanding voting securities of a company is defined under the 1940 Act as the lesser of: (a) 67% or more of such company's voting securities present at a meeting if more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of such company. We do not anticipate any substantial change in the nature of our business.

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, issue and sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then-current net asset value of our common stock if (1) our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our shareholders, and (2) our shareholders have approved our policy and practice of making such sales within the preceding 12 months. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities.

As a BDC, we are generally required to meet a coverage ratio of the value of total assets to senior securities, which include all of our borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future, of at least 200%. However, legislation enacted in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. We are permitted to increase our leverage capacity if shareholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive such shareholder approval, we would be permitted to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, the we may increase the maximum amount of leverage we may incur to an asset coverage ratio of 150% if the "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the independent members of our Board of Directors approve such increase with such approval becoming effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to make certain disclosures, as of the date of such approval the opportunity to sell the shares of common stock that they hold and we would be required to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage, our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. In addition, before incurring any such additional leverage, we would have to renegotiate or receive a waiver from the contractual leverage limitations under our existing credit facilities and notes.

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our board of directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC.

We may invest up to 100% of our assets in securities acquired directly from issuers in privately negotiated transactions. With respect to such securities, we may, for the purpose of public resale, be deemed an "underwriter" as that term is defined in the Securities Act. Our intention is to not write (sell) or buy put or call options to manage risks associated with the publicly traded securities of our portfolio companies, except that we may enter into hedging transactions to manage the risks associated with interest rate or currency fluctuations. However, we may purchase or otherwise receive warrants to purchase the common stock of our portfolio companies in connection with acquisition financing or other investments. Similarly, in connection with an

acquisition, we may acquire rights to require the issuers of acquired securities or their affiliates to repurchase them under certain circumstances. We also do not intend to acquire securities issued by any investment company that exceed the limits imposed by the 1940 Act. Under these limits, except for registered money market funds, we generally cannot acquire more than 3% of the voting stock of any registered investment company, invest more than 5% of the value of our total assets in the securities of one investment company, or invest more than 10% of the value of our total assets in the securities of more than one investment company. With regard to that portion of our portfolio invested in securities issued by investment companies, if any, it should be noted that such investments might subject our shareholders to additional expenses as they will be indirectly responsible for the costs and expenses of such companies. None of our investment policies are fundamental, and thus may be changed without shareholder approval.

Qualifying Assets

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

(1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:

(a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;

(b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and

(c) satisfies any of the following:

(i) does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange;

(ii) has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250 million;

(iii) is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or

(iv) is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million.

(2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company controlled by the Company.

(3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.

(4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and the Company already owns 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.

(5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.

(6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a BDC must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

Control, as defined by the 1940 Act, is presumed to exist where a BDC beneficially owns more than 25% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company, but may exist in other circumstances based on the facts and circumstances.

The regulations defining qualifying assets may change over time. The Company may adjust its investment focus as needed to comply with and/or take advantage of any regulatory, legislative, administrative or judicial actions

Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

A BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described above. However, in order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, the BDC must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, the BDC will satisfy this test if one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance, although this may not be the sole method by which the BDC satisfies the requirement to make available managerial assistance. Making available significant managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company through monitoring of portfolio company operations, selective participation in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising a portfolio company's officers or other organizational or financial guidance.

Temporary Investments

Pending investment in other types of qualifying assets, as described above, our investments can consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which are referred to herein, collectively, as temporary investments, so that 70% of our assets would be qualifying assets. We may invest in highly rated commercial paper, U.S. Government agency notes, U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements relating to such securities that are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. Consequently, repurchase agreements are functionally similar to loans. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, the 1940 Act and certain diversification tests in order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. The Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we may enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

Warrants

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC is subject to restrictions on the issuance, terms and amount of warrants, options or rights to purchase shares of capital stock that it may have outstanding at any time. Under the 1940 Act, we

may generally only offer warrants provided that (i) the warrants expire by their terms within ten years, (ii) the exercise or conversion price is not less than the current market value at the date of issuance, (iii) shareholders authorize the proposal to issue such warrants, and the Board approves such issuance on the basis that the issuance is in our best interests and the shareholders best interests and (iv) if the warrants are accompanied by other securities, the warrants are not separately transferable unless no class of such warrants and the securities accompanying them has been publicly distributed. The 1940 Act also provides that the amount of our voting securities that would result from the exercise of all outstanding warrants, as well as options and rights, at the time of issuance may not exceed 25% of our outstanding voting securities. In particular, the amount of capital stock that would result from the conversion or exercise of all outstanding warrants, options or rights to purchase capital stock cannot exceed 25% of the BDC's total outstanding shares of capital stock.

Senior Securities; Coverage Ratio

We are generally permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of stock senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, would at least be equal to 200% immediately after each such issuance. However, legislation enacted in March 2018 has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. We are permitted to increase our leverage capacity if shareholders representing at least a majority of the votes cast, when quorum is met, approve a proposal to do so. If we receive such shareholder approval, we would be permitted to increase our leverage capacity on the first day after such approval. Alternatively, we may increase the maximum amount of leverage we may incur to an asset coverage ratio of 150% if the "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the independent members of our Board of Directors approve such increase with such approval becoming effective after one year. In either case, we would be required to extend to our shareholders, as of the date of such approval the opportunity to sell the shares of common stock that they hold and we would be required to make certain disclosures on our website and in SEC filings regarding, among other things, the receipt of approval to increase our leverage capacity and usage, and risks related to leverage. For shareholders accepting such an offer, the Company would be required to repurchase 25% of such shareholders' eligible shares in each of the four calendar quarters following the calendar quarter in which the approval occurs. In addition, before incurring any such additional leverage, we would have to renegotiate or receive a waiver from the contractual leverage limitations under our existing credit facilities.

In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding, we will be required to make provisions to prohibit any dividend distribution to our shareholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the dividend distribution or repurchase. We will also be permitted to borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes, which borrowings would not be considered senior securities. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Business Development Companies — Regulations governing our operation as a business development company and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a business development company, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage."

Codes of Ethics

We and the Adviser have each adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act and Rule 204A-1 under the Advisers Act, respectively, that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code are permitted to invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. Our code of ethics is available, free of charge, on our website at *www.owlrock.com*. In addition, the code of ethics is attached as an exhibit to this registration

statement and is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. You may also obtain copies of the code of ethics, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Affiliated Transactions

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from conducting certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, the Adviser, and certain affiliates have applied for and been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors makes certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transactions, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing. Owl Rock's investment allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief and seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company and other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in the Company's investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief.

Cancellation of the Investment Advisory Agreement

Under the 1940 Act, the Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of its assignment, as defined in the 1940 Act, by Owl Rock Capital Advisors. The Investment Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by us upon not less than 60 days' written notice to Owl Rock Capital Advisors and may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by Owl Rock Capital Advisors upon 120 days' written notice to us. The holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities may also terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement without penalty upon not less than 60 days' written notice. Unless terminated earlier as described above, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect for a period of two years from the date it first become effective and will remain in effect from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by our board of directors or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities, and, in either case, if also approved by a majority of our directors who are not "interested persons" as defined in the 1940 Act.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We have delegated our proxy voting responsibility to Owl Rock Capital Advisors. The proxy voting policies and procedures of Owl Rock Capital Advisors are set out below. The guidelines are reviewed periodically by Owl Rock Capital Advisors and our directors who are not "interested persons," and, accordingly, are subject to change. For purposes of these proxy voting policies and procedures described below, "we," "our" and "us" refer to Owl Rock Capital Advisors.

Introduction

As an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, we have a fiduciary duty to act solely in the best interests of our clients. As part of this duty, we recognize that we must vote client securities in a timely

manner free of conflicts of interest and in the best interests of our clients. These policies and procedures for voting proxies for our investment advisory clients are intended to comply with Section 206 of, and Rule 206(4)-6 under, the Advisers Act.

Proxy Policies

We will vote proxies relating to our clients' securities in the best interest of our clients' shareholders. We will review on **x**ase-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a shareholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by our clients. Although we will generally vote against proposals that may have a negative impact on our clients' portfolio securities, we may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

Our proxy voting decisions are made by the senior officers who are responsible for monitoring each of our investments. To ensure that the our vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, we will require that: (i) anyone involved in the decision making process disclose to our chief compliance officer any potential conflict that he or she is aware of and any contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote; and (ii) employees involved in the decision-making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how we intend to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

Proxy Voting Records

You may obtain information about how we voted proxies for Owl Rock Capital Corporation, free of charge, by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor, New York, NY 10022, Attention: Investor Relations, or by calling Owl Rock Capital Corporation at (212) 419-3000.

Privacy Policy

We are committed to maintaining the confidentiality, integrity and security of non-public personal information relating to investors. The following information is provided to help you understand what personal information we collect, how we protect that information and why, in certain cases, we may share information with select other parties.

Generally, we do not collect any non-public personal information other than certain biographical information which is used only so that we can service your account, send you annual reports, proxy statements, and other information required by law. With regard to this information, we maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards designed to protect the non-public personal information of our investors.

We may share information that we collect regarding an investor with certain of our service providers for legitimate business purposes, for example, in order to process trades or mail information to investors. In addition, we may disclose information that we collect regarding an investor as required by law or in connection with regulatory or law enforcement inquiries.

Reporting Obligations

We will furnish our shareholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements, quarterly reports, and such other periodic reports as we determine to be appropriate or as may be required by law.

We make available on our website (*www.owlrock.com*) our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. The SEC also maintains a website (*www.sec.gov*) that contains such information. The reference to our website is an inactive textual reference only and the information contained on our website is not a part of this registration statement.

Other

We have adopted an investment policy that complies with the requirements applicable to us as a BDC. We expect to be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act and the 1934 Act, and are subject to the periodic reporting and related requirements of the 1934 Act.

We are also required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to our shareholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

We are also required to designate a chief compliance officer and to adopt and implement written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and to review these policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation.

We are not permitted to change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock.

We intend to operate as a non-diversified management investment company; however, we are currently and may, from time to time, in the future, be considered a diversified management investment company pursuant to the definitions set forth in the 1940 Act.

Our internet address is *www.owlrock.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus. We make available free of charge on our website our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statement and amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish them to, the SEC.

UNDERWRITING

We are offering the Notes described in this prospectus through a number of underwriters. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, RBC Capital Markets, LLC, SG Americas Securities, LLC and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. are acting as representatives of the underwriters. We have entered into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the aggregate principal amount of notes listed next to its name in the following table:

Name	Principal Amount of Notes
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	
RBC Capital Markets, LLC	
SG Americas Securities, LLC	
SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc.	
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	
ING Financial Markets LLC	
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	
Total	

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the underwriting agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the Notes sold under the underwriting agreement if any of these Notes are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the underwriting agreement provides that the purchase commitments of the nondefaulting underwriters may be increased or the underwriting agreement may be terminated.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the Notes, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the Notes, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officers' certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

Commissions and Discounts

The following table shows the per Note and total underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering.

	Per Note	Amount
Public offering price		
Underwriting discount (sales load)		
Proceeds to us, before expenses		

The underwriters propose to offer some of the Notes to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and some of the Notes to certain other dealers at the public offering price less a

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concession not in excess of % of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes. The underwriters may allow, and the dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of % of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes. After the initial offering of the Notes to the public, the public offering price and other selling terms may be changed. No such change shall change the amount of proceeds to be received by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

The expenses of the offering, not including the underwriting discount, are estimated at \$

million and are payable by us.

No Sales of Similar Securities

Subject to certain exceptions, we have agreed not to directly or indirectly, offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, grant any option for the sale of or otherwise transfer or dispose of any debt securities issued or guaranteed by us or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for debt securities issued or guaranteed by us or file any registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to any of the foregoing through the closing date without first obtaining the written consent of the representative. This consent may be given at any time without public notice.

Listing

The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any automated dealer quotation system.

We have been advised by certain of the underwriters that they currently intend to make a market in the Notes after completion of the offering as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The underwriters are not obligated, however, to make a market in the Notes and any such market-making may be discontinued at any time in the sole discretion of the underwriters without any notice. Accordingly, no assurance can be given as to the liquidity of, or development of a public trading market for, the Notes. If an active public trading market for the Notes does not develop, the market price and liquidity of the Notes may be adversely affected.

Price Stabilization, Short Positions

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell Notes in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment, covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Over-allotment involves sales of Notes in excess of the aggregate principal amount of Notes to be purchased by the underwriters in the offering, which creates a short position for the underwriters. Covering transactions involve purchases of the Notes in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover short positions. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases of Notes made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Notes while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representative has repurchased Notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Any of these activities may cause the price of the Notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of such transactions. These transactions may be effected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time without any notice relating thereto.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the Notes. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representative will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Other Relationships

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage, valuation services and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to us and to persons and entities with relationships with us, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses. Additionally, affiliates of certain underwriters are lenders under certain of our credit facilities.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to our assets, securities or instruments (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) or persons and entities with relationships with us. Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates that have a lending relationship with us routinely hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such underwriters and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the Notes. Any such credit default swaps or short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the Notes. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

We expect to use proceeds from this offering to pay down a portion of our existing indebtedness under the Subscription Credit Facility. Affiliates of certain underwriters are lenders under the Subscription Credit Facility. Accordingly, affiliates of certain of the underwriters may receive more than 5% of the proceeds of this offering to the extent the proceeds are used to pay down a portion of the outstanding indebtedness under the Subscription Credit Facility.

Settlement

We expect that delivery of the Notes will be made to investors on or about , 2019, which will be the second business day following the date hereof. Under Rule 15c6-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market are required to settle in two business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Purchasers of the Notes who wish to trade the Notes on the date hereof should consult their advisors.

Principal Business Addresses

The principal business address of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated is One Bryant Park, New York, New York 10036. The principal business address of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC is Eleven Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10010. The principal business address of Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC is 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282. The principal business address of RBC Capital Markets, LLC is 200 Vesey Street, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10281. The principal business address of SG Americas Securities, LLC is 245 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10167. The principal business address of SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. is 3333 Peachtree Road, 11th Floor Atlanta, Georgia 30326.

Other Jurisdictions

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriters that would permit a public offering of the Notes offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The Notes offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus or any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of that jurisdiction. Persons into whose possession this prospectus comes are advised to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions relating to the offering and the distribution of this prospectus. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or a solicitation is unlawful.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area ("EEA"). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II"); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended and superceded, the "Insurance Mediation Directive"), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Directive 2003/71/EC (as amended, the "Prospectus Directive"). Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the "PRIIPs Regulation") for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the PRIIPS Regulation. This prospectus has been prepared on the basis that any offer of Notes in any Member State of the EEA will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of the Notes. This prospectus is not a prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

Each Initial Purchaser has represented and agreed that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA)) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the Offered Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Offered Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Canada

This prospectus constitutes an "exempt offering document" as defined in and for the purposes of applicable Canadian securities laws. No prospectus has been filed with any securities commission or similar regulatory authority in Canada in connection with the offer and sale of the Notes. No securities commission or similar regulatory authority in Canada has reviewed or in any way passed upon this prospectus or on the merits of the Notes and any representation to the contrary is an offence.

Canadian investors are advised that this prospectus has been prepared in reliance on section 3A.3 of National Instrument33-105 *Underwriting Conflicts* ("NI 33-105"). Pursuant to section 3A.3 of NI 33-105, the company and the underwriters in the offering are exempt from the requirement to provide Canadian investors with certain conflicts of interest disclosure pertaining to "connected issuer" and/or "related issuer" relationships as would otherwise be required pursuant to subsection 2.1(1) of NI 33-105.

Resale Restrictions

The offer and sale of the Notes in Canada is being made on a private placement basis only and is exempt from the requirement that the Company prepares and files a prospectus under applicable Canadian securities laws. Any resale of Notes by a Canadian investor in this offering must be made in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws, which may vary depending on the relevant jurisdiction, and which may require resales to be made in accordance with Canadian prospectus requirements, a statutory exemption from the prospectus requirements, in a transaction exempt from the prospectus requirements or otherwise under a discretionary

exemption from the prospectus requirements granted by the applicable local Canadian securities regulatory authority. These resale restrictions may under certain circumstances apply to resales of the Notes outside of Canada.

Representations of Purchasers

Each Canadian investor who purchases the Notes will be deemed to have represented to the Company, the underwriters and to each dealer from whom a purchase confirmation is received, as applicable, that the investor is (i) purchasing as principal, or is deemed to be purchasing as principal in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws; (ii) an "accredited investor" as such term is defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 45-106 *Prospectus Exemptions* or, in Ontario, as such term is defined in section 73.3(1) of the *Securities Act* (Ontario); and (iii) a "permitted client" as such term is defined in section 1.1 of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations.*

Taxation and Eligibility for Investment

Any discussion of taxation and related matters contained in this prospectus does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a Canadian investor when deciding to purchase the Notes and, in particular, does not address any Canadian tax considerations. No representation or warranty is hereby made as to the tax consequences to a resident, or deemed resident, of Canada of an investment in the Notes or with respect to the eligibility of the Notes for investment by such investor under relevant Canadian federal and provincial legislation and regulations.

Rights of Action for Damages or Rescission

Securities legislation in certain of the Canadian jurisdictions provides certain purchasers of securities pursuant to an offering memorandum (such as this prospectus), including where the distribution involves an "eligible foreign security" as such term is defined in Ontario Securities Commission Rule 45-501 Ontario Prospectus and Registration Exemptions and in Multilateral Instrument 45-107 Listing Representation and Statutory Rights of Action Disclosure Exemptions, as applicable, with a remedy for damages or rescission, or both, in addition to any other rights they may have at law, where the offering memorandum, or other offering document that constitutes an offering memorandum, and any amendment thereto, contains a "misrepresentation" as defined under applicable Canadian securities laws. These remedies, or notice with respect to these remedies, must be exercised or delivered, as the case may be, by the purchaser within the time limits prescribed under, and are subject to limitations and defences under, applicable canadian securities legislation. In addition, these remedies are in addition to and without derogation from any other right or remedy available at law to the investor.

Language of Documents

Upon receipt of this document, each Canadian investor hereby confirms that it has expressly requested that all documents evidencing or relating in any way to the sale of the securities described herein (including for greater certainty any purchase confirmation or any notice) be drawn up in the English language only. Par la réception de ce document, chaque investisseur canadien confirme par les présentes qu'il a expressément exigé que tous les documents faisant foi ou se rapportant de quelque manière que ce soit à la vente des valeurs mobilières décrites aux présentes (incluant, pour plus de certitude, toute confirmation d'achat ou tout avis) soient rédigés en anglais seulement.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore

This offering circular has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this offering circular and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the notes may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the notes be

offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA")) under Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor, the securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation has acquired the notes under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer in that corporation's securities pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Section 23 of the SEA, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Regulation 32 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Shares and Debentures) Regulations 2005 of Singapore ("Regulation 32").

Where the notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an accredited investor, the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that trust has acquired the notes under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer that is made on terms that such rights or interest are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction (whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets), (3) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Regulation 32.

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CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AND DIVIDEND PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Our securities and loan documents are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company pursuant to a custodian agreement, and who will also serve as our transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar. The principal business address of State Street Bank and Trust Company is State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, MA 02111-2900.

BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES

Since we will acquire and dispose of many of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, many of the transactions that we engage in will not require the use of brokers or the payment of brokerage commissions. Subject to policies established by our Board, the Adviser will be primarily responsible for selecting brokers and dealers to execute transactions with respect to the publicly traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. The Adviser does not expect to execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer but will seek to obtain the best net results for us under the circumstances, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. The Adviser generally will seek reasonably competitive trade execution costs but will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements and consistent with Section 28(e) of the 1934 Act, the Adviser may select a broker based upon brokerage or research services provided to the Adviser and us and any other clients. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if the Adviser determines in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided.

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LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock offered hereby and certain legal matters for us in connection with the offering will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP. Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP also represents the Adviser. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriters by Ropes & Gray LLP.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The consolidated financial statements and the Senior Securities table under the heading "Senior Securities" for Owl Rock Capital Corporation and subsidiaries have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the Notes offered by this prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Notes being offered by this prospectus.

We also file with or submit to the SEC periodic and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the 1934 Act.

We furnish our shareholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements, quarterly reports, and such other periodic reports as we determine to be appropriate or as may be required by law.

We make available on our website (*www.owlrock.com*) our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. The SEC also maintains a website (*www.sec.gov*) that contains such information. The reference to our website is an inactive textual reference only and the information contained on our website is not a part of this registration statement.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors Owl Rock Capital Corporation:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2018, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Such procedures also included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, by correspondence with custodians, portfolio companies, or agents. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

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/s/ KPMG LLP
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We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

New York, New York February 27, 2019

Owl Rock Capital Corporation Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$91,138 and \$65,028, respectively) $86,622$ $65,592$ Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433 and \$2,372,914, respectively) $5,784,069$ $2,389,750$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Receivable for investments sold $ 19,900$ Interest receivable $29,680$ $8,98$ Receivable from a controlled affiliate $8,100$ $3,50$ Prepaid expenses and other assets $1,590$ $1,333$ Total Assets $$5,951,042$ $$2,243,544$ Liabilities $$2,567,717$ $$919,433$ Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) $$2,567,717$ $$919,433$ Distribution payable $78,350$ $33,544$ Payable for investments purchased $2,847$ $2,334$ Accrued expenses and other liabilities $2,0054$ $4,500$ Total Liabilities $2,668,197$ $970,966$ Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) $2,62,004,837$ and $97,959,595$ shares issued and outstanding, respectively $2,162$ 988 Additional paid-in-capital $3,271,162$ $1,451,886$ $3,271,162$ $1,451,886$ Total Net Assets $3,264,845$ $1,472,577$ $3,264,845$ $1,472,577$ Total Liabilities and Net Assets $$2,5951,042$ $$2,243,544$		December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$5,720,295 and \$2,307,886, respectively)\$ 5,697,447\$ 2,324,15' Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$91,138 and \$65,028, respectively) $86,622$ $65,599$ Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433 and \$2,372,914, respectively) $5,784,069$ $2,389,75$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Receivable for investments sold-19,900Interest receivable $29,680$ $8,98$ Receivable for a controlled affiliate $8,100$ $3,50$ Prepaid expenses and other assets_ $1,590$ $1,33$ Total Assets_ $5,5951,042$ $$ 2,443,54'$ Liabilities $14,049$ $11,152$ Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) $7 8,350$ $33,54'$ Payable to affiliates $2,847$ $2,339$ Payables to affiliates $2,054$ $4,50'$ Payables to affiliates $2,054$ $4,50'$ Total Liabilities $2,0054$ $4,50'$ Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) $2,686,197$ $970,96'$ Net Assets $2,162$ $98($ Additional paid-in-capital $3,271,162$ $1,451,880'$ Otal Liabilities and Net Assets $3,264,845$ $1,472,57''$ Total Liabilities and Net Assets $3,251,265,1042''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''$			
Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$91,138 and \$65,028, respectively) $86,622$ $65,592$ Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433 and \$2,372,914, respectively) $5,784,069$ $2,389,750$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) $127,603$ $20,07$ Receivable for investments sold $ 19,900$ Interest receivable $29,680$ $8,98$ Receivable from a controlled affiliate $8,100$ $3,500$ Prepaid expenses and other assets $1,590$ $1,333$ Total Assets $$5,951,042$ $$$2,243,547$ Liabilities $$2,667,717$ $$919,433$ Management fee payable $78,350$ $33,542$ Payable for investments purchased $2,0054$ $4,500$ Accrued expenses and other liabilities $20,054$ $4,500$ Total Liabilities $2,668,197$ $970,966$ Commit shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively $3,271,162$ $4,541,843$ Additional paid-in-capital $3,201,162$ $4,541,845$ $4,243,547$ Total Net Assets $3,264,845$ $1,472,577$ Total Liabilities and Net Assets $$2,243,542$ $$2,443,542$			
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433 and \$2,372,914, respectively)5,784,0692,389,755Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively)127,60320,07Receivable for investments sold—19,000Interest receivable29,6808,988Receivable from a controlled affiliate8,1003,500Prepaid expenses and other assets1,5901,333Total Assets\$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,544LiabilitiesDebt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively)\$ 2,567,717\$ 919,433Management fee payable14,04911,155Distribution payable78,35033,544Payable for investments purchased3,180—Accrued expenses and other liabilities2,00544,500Total Liabilities2,00544,500Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively3,271,1621,451,888Cold add-in-capital(8,479)19,7111,451,8881,472,577Total Liabilities and Net Assets $3,264,845$ 1,472,577Total Liabilities and Net Assets $3,264,845$ 1,472,577		\$ 5,697,447	\$ 2,324,157
Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively) 127,603 20,07 Receivable for investments sold – 19,900 Interest receivable 8,100 3,500 Receivable form a controlled affiliate 8,100 3,500 Prepaid expenses and other assets 1,590 1,333 Total Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,2443,547 Liabilities 2 2,860 8,988 Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) \$ 2,567,717 \$ 919,433 Management fee payable 78,350 33,547 Payables to affiliates 2,847 2,337 Payable for investments purchased 3,180 – Accrued expenses and other liabilities 20,054 4,500 Total Liabilities 20,054 4,500 Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 2,162 986 Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,888 1,472,577 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,577 1,472,574 Total Net Assets \$ 2,5951,042 \$ 2,243,547 1,4	Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$91,138 and \$65,028, respectively)	86,622	65,599
Receivable for investments sold—1990Interest receivable29,6808,98Receivable from a controlled affiliate29,6808,98Receivable from a controlled affiliate8,1003,50Prepaid expenses and other assets1,5901,33 Total Assets \$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,54LiabilitiesDebt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively)\$ 2,567,717\$ 919,433Management fee payable14,04911,155Distribution payable78,35033,544Payables to affiliates2,8472,333Payable for investments purchased3,180—Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,500Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net AssetsCommon shares 80.01 par value, $500,000,000$ shares authorized; $216,204,837$ and $97,959,595$ shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162980Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,888Total Liabilities and Net Assets3,264,8451,472,5741,472,574Total Net Assets $3,264,845$ 1,472,574Total Liabilities and Net Assets $$ 2,951,042$ $$ 2,443,544'$	Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$5,811,433 and \$2,372,914, respectively)	5,784,069	2,389,756
Interest receivable29,6808,988Receivable from a controlled affiliate8,1003,500Prepaid expenses and other assets1,5901,333Total Assets\$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,547Liabilities22,443,547Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively)\$ 2,567,717\$ 919,433Management fee payable14,04911,155Distribution payable78,35033,543Payable to affiliates2,8472,334Payable to affiliates2,00544,500Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)20,0544,500Net Assets2,668,197970,966Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162988Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,8881,472,577Total Liabilities and Net Assets3,264,8451,472,577Total Liabilities and Net Assets\$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,547	Cash (restricted cash of \$6,013 and \$2,638, respectively)	127,603	20,071
Receivable from a controlled affiliate $8,100$ $3,500$ Prepaid expenses and other assets $1,590$ $1,332$ Total Assets $$5,951,042$ $$2,443,547$ LiabilitiesDebt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) $$2,567,717$ $$919,433$ Management fee payable $14,049$ $11,155$ Distribution payable $78,350$ $33,547$ Payables to affiliates $2,847$ $2,334$ Payables to affiliates $2,847$ $2,334$ Payable for investments purchased $3,180$ Accrued expenses and other liabilities $20,054$ $4,500$ Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net Assets $2,686,197$ $970,966$ Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively $2,162$ 980 Additional paid-in-capital $3,271,162$ $1,451,880$ Total Liabilities and Net Assets $3,264,845$ $1,472,577$ Total Liabilities and Net Assets $$2,5951,042$ $$2,443,547$	Receivable for investments sold	_	19,900
Prepaid expenses and other assets 1,590 1,333 Total Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,243,547 Liabilities 2 919,433 Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) \$ 2,567,717 \$ 919,433 Management fce payable 14,049 11,155 Distribution payable 78,350 33,542 Payables to affiliates 2,847 2,333 Payable for investments purchased 3,180		29,680	8,984
Total Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,54' Liabilities	Receivable from a controlled affiliate	8,100	3,503
Liabilities Sector Point Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively) \$ 2,567,717 \$ 919,433 Management fee payable 14,049 11,152 Distribution payable 78,350 33,544 Payables to affiliates 2,847 2,334 Payable for investments purchased 3,180 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 20,054 4,509 Total Liabilities 2,686,197 970,966 Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Net Assets 2,162 980 Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 2,162 980 Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,888 1,472,579 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 1,9711 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,54	Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,590	1,333
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively)\$ 2,567,717\$ 919,433Management fee payable14,04911,155Distribution payable78,35033,544Payables to affiliates2,8472,330Payable for investments purchased3,180Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,500Total Liabilities2,686,197970,966Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net Assets2,162980Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162980Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,8801,472,579Total Net Assets3,264,8451,472,579Total Liabilities and Net Assets $$ 5,951,042$ $$ 2,443,544$	Total Assets	\$ 5,951,042	\$ 2,443,547
Management fee payable14,04911,152Distribution payable78,35033,542Payables to affiliates2,8472,330Payable for investments purchased3,180Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,500Total Liabilities2,686,197970,966Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net AssetsCommon shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,880Total distributable earnings (losses)(1)	Liabilities		
Management fee payable14,04911,152Distribution payable78,35033,542Payables to affiliates2,8472,330Payable for investments purchased3,180Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,500Total Liabilities2,686,197970,966Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net AssetsCommon shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,880Total distributable earnings (losses)(1)	Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$22,335 and \$12,568, respectively)	\$ 2.567,717	\$ 919,432
Payables to affiliates 2,847 2,330 Payable for investments purchased 3,180		. , ,	11,152
Payable for investments purchased3,180—Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,509Total Liabilities2,686,197970,966Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)	Distribution payable	78,350	33,545
Accrued expenses and other liabilities20,0544,509Total Liabilities2,686,197970,966Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Net AssetsNet Assets2,162988Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162988Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,888Total distributable earnings (losses)(1)(8,479)19,712Total Net Assets3,264,8451,472,579Total Liabilities and Net Assets\$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,544	Payables to affiliates	2,847	2,330
Total Liabilities2,686,197970,964Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)Potential970,964Net AssetsCommon shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively2,162980Additional paid-in-capital3,271,1621,451,8801,451,880Total Vet Assets3,264,8451,472,579Total Net Assets3,264,8451,472,579Total Liabilities and Net Assets\$ 5,951,042\$ 2,443,544	Payable for investments purchased	3,180	—
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7) Image: Control of the second se	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	20,054	4,509
Net Assets 2,162 980 Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 2,162 980 Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,880 Total distributable earnings (losses)(1) (8,479) 19,712 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,544	Total Liabilities	2,686,197	970,968
Net Assets 2,162 980 Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 216,204,837 and 97,959,595 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 2,162 980 Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,880 Total distributable earnings (losses)(1) (8,479) 19,712 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,544	Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)	······································	
outstanding, respectively 2,162 980 Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,880 Total distributable earnings (losses) ⁽¹⁾ (8,479) 19,712 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,544			
Additional paid-in-capital 3,271,162 1,451,880 Total distributable earnings (losses) ⁽¹⁾ (8,479) 19,712 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,544		21(2	090
Total distributable earnings (losses) ⁽¹⁾ (8,479) 19,712 Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,541		, -	
Total Net Assets 3,264,845 1,472,579 Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,541		, ,	/ /
Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 5,951,042 \$ 2,443,54'			
<u></u>			
Net Asset Value Per Share \$ 15.00 \$ 15.00	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 5,951,042	\$ 2,443,547
	Net Asset Value Per Share	\$ 15.10	\$ 15.03

(1) Accumulated undistributed net investment income, net unrealized gain (loss) and undistributed net realized gains (losses) have been consolidated into total distributable earnings (losses) for December 31, 2017 for comparative purposes.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation Consolidated Statements of Operations (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Y	Years Ended December 31,					
	2018	2017	2016				
Investment Income							
Investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments:							
Interest income	\$ 366,858	\$ 151,246	\$ 27,939				
Other income	8,750	5,130	865				
Total investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	375,608	156,376	28,804				
Investment income from controlled, affiliated investments:							
Dividend income	8,379	125	—				
Other income	4,871	3,378					
Total investment income from controlled, affiliated investments	13,250	3,503					
Total Investment Income	388,858	159,879	28,804				
Expenses							
Initial organization	_	—	1,224				
Interest expense	76,774	24,580	2,758				
Management fee	52,148	31,062	9,238				
Professional fees	7,823	5,430	3,029				
Directors' fees	533	387	315				
Other general and administrative	4,965	4,472	2,882				
Total Expenses	142,243	65,931	19,446				
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Taxes	246,615	93,948	9,358				
Excise tax expense	1,093	158	352				
Net Investment Income (Loss) After Taxes	<u>\$</u> 245,522	\$ 93,790	\$ 9,006				
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)							
Net change in unrealized gain (loss):							
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	\$ (38,426)	\$ 8,640	\$ 7,631				
Controlled affiliated investments	(5,087)	571	—				
Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(133)						
Total Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(43,646)	9,211	7,631				
Net realized gain (loss):							
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	234	739	_				
Foreign currency transactions	133						
Total Net Realized Gain (Loss)	367	739					
Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(43,279)	9,950	7,631				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 202,243	\$ 103,740	\$ 16,637				
Earnings Per Share—Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.55	\$ 0.78				
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding—Basic and Diluted	146,422,371	67,082,905	21,345,191				
······································	1.0, .22,071		21,0 10,191				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Company(1)(17) Investment		Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments(2)							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
IRI Holdings, Inc. (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	11/28/2025	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,852	\$ 14,588	0.4%
PAK Acquisition Corporation (dba Valpak)(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	6/30/2022	70,775	69,795	71,128	2.2%
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	6/29/2024	162,840	159,754	159,583	4.9%
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+7.75%	9/30/2019	—	(178)	(65)	— %
				248,615	244,223	245,234	7.5%
Automotive				.,	, -	.,	
Mavis Tire Express Services Corp.(4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+7.50%	3/20/2026	155,000	151,793	151,125	4.6
Mavis Tire Express Services Corp.(4)(5)(13)(15)(21)	Second lien senior secured			,	,//	,	
r ·····	delayed draw term loan	L + 7.50%	3/20/2020	1,449	1,181	1,090	— %
				156,449	152,974	152,215	4.6%
Buildings and real estate				150,449	152,774	152,215	4.070
Associations. Inc.(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%					
	This new senior secure roun	(3.00% PIK)	7/30/2024	231,957	229,234	229,057	7.0%
Associations, Inc. (4)(6)(13)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured	L + 4.00%	1150/2021	251,757	227,251	229,007	7.070
Associations, mc. (*)(0)(15)(15)(21)	delayed draw term loan	(3.00%					
	delayed dially term roan	PIK)	7/30/2021	20,580	19,910	19,579	0.6%
Associations, Inc. (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured	1111)	110012021	20,000	1,,,10	19,079	0.070
	revolving loan	L + 6.00%	7/30/2024	_	(134)	(231)	— %
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	11/28/2024	51,896	51,256	51,247	1.6%
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured				. ,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	delayed draw term loan	L+4.75%	4/19/2020		(619)	(140)	— %
Cheese Acquisition, LLC(4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
1 ,	revolving loan	L+4.75%	11/28/2023	_	(201)	(205)	— %
				304,433	299,446	299,307	9.2%
Business services				501,155	277,110	277,507	2.270
Access CIG, LLC(4)(6)(21)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 7.75%	2/27/2026	37,756	37,432	37,190	1.1%
CIBT Global, Inc. (4)(6)(21)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L+7.75%	6/2/2025	49,000	47,965	48,510	1.5%
Transperfect Global, Inc. (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	5/7/2024	231,253	227,023	231,253	7.1%
Vistage International, Inc. (4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured				,		
C (((((((((((((loan	L+8.00%	2/8/2026	43,500	43,162	42,848	1.3%
Vestcom Parent Holdings, Inc. (4)(5)	Second lien senior secured			.,	.,	,	
	loan	L+8.25%	12/19/2024	78,987	78,067	78,592	2.4%
				440,496	433,649	438,393	13.4%
Chemicals				440,490	-155,0 1 9	-50,575	15.4/0
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.75%	10/19/2022	99.947	99.092	98.447	3.0%
Douglas Frontion and Fuoruging Company EDC (4)(0)(21)	a list hen senior secured toan	2 . 5.1570	10/17/2022	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	77,072	20,177	5.070

Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L + 5.75%	10/19/2022		(59)	(136)	%
				99,947	99,033	98,311	3.0%
Consumer products							
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	5/25/2023	113,767	112,695	105,804	3.2%
Containers and packaging							
Pregis Holding I Corporation(4)(6)(21)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	5/20/2022	43,000	42,269	41,710	1.3%
Distribution							
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	6/15/2023	59,093	59,213	57,911	1.8%
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(4)(5)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan		6/17/2024	25,000	24,424	24,250	0.7%
Aramsco, Inc.(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	55,717	54,388	53,767	1.6%
Aramsco, Inc.(4)(5)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan		8/28/2024	559	361	265	— %
Dade Paper & Bag, LLC (dba Imperial-Dade) (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan		6/10/2024	37,207	36,641	36,814	1.1%
Dealer Tire, LLC(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan		12/15/2025	114,750	109,037	109,013	3.3%
Endries Acquisition, Inc. (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	12/10/2025	180,000	176,870	176,850	5.4%
Endries Acquisition, Inc. (4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+6.25%	12/10/2020	_	(1,085)	(1,095)	— %
Endries Acquisition, Inc. (4)(5)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	I + 6.25%	12/10/2024	6,750	6.282	6.278	0.2%
JM Swank, LLC(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan		7/25/2022	117,371	115,669	114,437	3.5%
QC Supply, LLC(4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan		12/29/2022	25,970	25,508	24,801	0.8%
QC Supply, LLC(4)(5)(13)(15)	First lien senior secured	2 0.0070	12/2//2022	20,770	20,000	21,001	0.070
(delayed draw term loan	L+6.00%	12/29/2022	8,624	8,465	8,236	0.3%
QC Supply, LLC(4)(5)(13)	First lien senior secured				,	,	
	revolving loan	L+6.00%	12/29/2021	4,472	4,398	4,248	0.1%
				635,513	620,171	615,775	18.8%
Education							
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc. (4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 7.50%	3/13/2026	25,000	24,535	24,375	0.7%
Severin Acquisition, LLC (dba PowerSchool) (4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan		7/31/2026	92,500	91,608	90,650	2.8%
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba Teaching Strategies, Inc.) (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	5/14/2024	62,845	61,412	60,959	1.9%
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba Teaching Strategies, Inc.) (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+6.00%	5/14/2024	_	(95)	(127)	— %
	-			180,345	177,460	175,857	5.4%
Energy equipment and services				200,010	177,150	,001	2.170
Hillstone Environmental Partners, LLC(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	4/25/2023	71,333	70,367	71,333	2.2%
Hillstone Environmental Partners, LLC(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	I + 7.750/	4/25/2023	4 459	,	4 459	0.1%
	revolving toan	L + 1.13%	4/23/2023	4,458	4,401	4,458	0.1%

Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Liberty Oilfield Services LLC(4)(5)(16)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.63%		14.204	14.002	14,204	0.4%
				89,995	88,770	89,995	2.7%
Financial services				0,,,,,	00,770	0,,,,,	2.770
Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.(4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 7.00%	6/15/2026	75,998	75,113	74,098	2.3%
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	28,481	27,927	27,485	0.8%
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(4)(5)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	427	414	404	— %
				104,906	103,454	101,987	3.1%
Food and beverage					,	,	
Carolina Beverage Group (fka Cold Spring Brewing Company)(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.25%	5/15/2024	37,658	36,979	36,717	1.1%
Carolina Beverage Group (fka Cold Spring Brewing Company)(4)(13)	First lien senior secured						
(14)(21)	revolving loan	L + 5.25%		—	(48)	(67)	— %
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+8.75%	5/22/2023	36,490	35,884	34,848	1.1%
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC (4)(5)(13)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+8.75%	5/21/2019	859	843	768	— %
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC (4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+8.75%	5/21/2019	—	—	(184)	— %
Give and Go Prepared Foods Corp. (4)(6)(16)	Second lien senior secured	T : 0 #00/					
	loan	L + 8.50%	1/29/2024	42,000	41,647	35,910	1.1%
H-Food Holdings, LLC(4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured	T 7 000/	2/2/2026	121.000	110.071	110 146	2 (0/
	loan First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00% L + 4.00%	3/2/2026	121,800 26,100	118,871	118,146 25,448	3.6% 0.8%
H-Food Holdings, LLC(4)(5)(21) Hometown Food Company (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00% L + 5.25%		26,100	25,842	25,448	0.8%
Hometown Food Company $(4)(3)(21)$ Hometown Food Company $(4)(13)(14)(21)$	First lien senior secured toan	L + 3.23%	8/31/2023	29,755	29,180	28,845	0.9%
Tiometown 1000 Company (4)(15)(14)(21)	revolving loan	L+5.25%	8/31/2023	_	(79)	(127)	— %
KSLB Holdings, LLC (dba Sara Lee Frozen Bakery) (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%		36.000	35.264	34,920	1.1%
KSLB Holdings, LLC (dba Sara Lee Frozen Bakery) (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured	L + 4.5070	1150/2025	50,000	55,204	54,720	1.170
RSEB Holdings, EEC (dou Suit Ecc Hozen Bukery) (*)(*)(*)(*)	revolving loan	L+4.50%	7/30/2023	1,200	1.015	930	— %
Manna Development Group, LLC (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan		10/24/2022	57.232	56.488	56.087	1.7%
Manna Development Group, LLC (4)(5)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured			, .	,	,	
1 17	revolving loan	L+6.00%	10/24/2022	867	720	780	— %
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba Roland Corporation) (4)(6)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 8.00%	12/1/2022	32,000	31,570	31,840	1.0%
Tall Tree Foods, Inc. (4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	8/12/2022	46,150	45,694	44,765	1.4%
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%	8/11/2025	27,000	26,422	26,190	0.8%
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.00%	8/9/2023		(105)	(152)	%
				495,091	486,187	475,662	14.6%
Healthcare providers and services							
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	10/4/2024	29,722	29,722	29,574	0.9%

Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (4)(13)(14)(15)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan		11/30/2020	—	(734)	(750)	— %
Geodigm Corporation (dba National Dentex) (4)(5)(10)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.67%	12/1/2021	124,720	123,736	123,473	3.8%
GI Chill Acquisition (dba California Cryobank) (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%	8/6/2025	31,920	31,768	31,441	1.0%
GI Chill Acquisition (dba California Cryobank) (4)(6)(21)	Second lien senior secured		0.16/0000				
	loan	L + 7.50%	8/6/2026	135,400	134,092	132,692	4.1%
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	11/14/2023	61,598	60,458	60,366	1.8%
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured	T + 4.500/	(20/2010		(124)	(104)	0/
TC Haldings II C (dbs TrialCard) (4)(6)(12)(21)	delayed draw term loan First lien senior secured	L + 4.50%	6/30/2019	_	(434)	(194)	— %
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(6)(13)(21)	revolving loan	T + 4.500/	11/14/2022	820	753	738	— %
	revolving loan	L + 4.30%	11/14/2022	839			
				384,199	379,361	377,340	11.6%
Healthcare technology							0.50/
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	9/5/2025	15,711	15,635	15,593	0.5%
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (4)(6)(21)	Second lien senior secured	T 0.120/	0/5/2026	26.250	25 720	25 (50	0.00/
	loan	L + 8.13%	9/5/2026	26,250	25,739	25,659	0.8%
				41,961	41,374	41,252	1.3%
Household products							
Hayward Industries, Inc.(4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.25%	8/4/2025	52,149	51,237	51,888	1.6%
Infrastructure and environmental services							
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.) (4) (6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	9/8/2022	147,333	144.977	147.334	4.5%
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	2/12/2024	51,279	50,372	50,254	1.5%
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured			ĺ.	, í		
	delayed draw term loan	L + 7.25%	8/12/2019	_	(220)	(258)	— %
	•			198,612	195,129	197,330	6.0%
Insurance				170,012	190,129	177,000	0.070
CD&R TZ Purchaser, Inc. (dba Tranzact)(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	7/21/2023	34,194	32,718	33,852	1.0%
Internet software and services				ĺ.	, í		
Accela, Inc.(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	9/28/2023	48,630	47,624	47,171	1.4%
Accela, Inc.(4)(8)(13)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	P + 5.00%	9/28/2023	2,716	2,597	2,536	0.1%
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software) (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.00%	7/31/2024	18,155	17,813	17,611	0.5%
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software) (4)(13)(14)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+4.00%	7/31/2020	_	(44)	(95)	— %
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software) (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.00%	7/31/2024	_	(49)	(79)	— %
Infoblox Inc.(4)(5)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 8.75%		30,000	29,526	30,000	0.9%
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline) (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/20/2024	193.843	191.076	188,996	5.8%

Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline) (4)(6)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+5.50%	8/20/2023	7,139	6,824	6,572	0.2%
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions)(4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	11/21/2025	114,914	113,781	113,765	3.5%
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions) (4)(8)(13)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	P + 4.50%	11/23/2020	7,376	7,113	7,109	0.2%
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions)(4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+5.50%	11/21/2023	_	(131)	(134)	— %
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC) (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.50%	6/17/2024	135,307	133,718	133,954	4.1%
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC) (4)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured						
(21)	revolving loan	L+6.50%	6/15/2023		(73)	(64)	%
				558,080	549,775	547,342	16.7%
Leisure and entertainment							
Capital Sports Holdings Inc. (dba Ottawa Senators) (4)(9)(16)	First lien senior secured loan	C+5.25%	6/22/2024	14,642	15,062	14,204	0.4%
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(4)(6)(10)(12)(21)	First lien senior secured term loan A and B	L + 6.38% (TLA: L + 3.5%; TLB: L + 7.1%)	9/29/2023	169,395	167,273	169,395	5.1%
Troon Golf, L.L.C. (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured	T + C 2004	0/20/2022		,	,	0/
	revolving loan Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.38%	9/29/2023		(171)		- %
UFC Holdings, LLC(4)(5)(19)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+7.50%	8/18/2024	35,000	34,739	34,493	1.1%
				219,037	216,903	218,092	6.6%
Manufacturing Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	T + C 500/	7/21/2022	46,577	45.950	45,878	1 40/
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. $(4)(6)(21)$ Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. $(4)(6)(13)(21)$	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.50%	7/31/2023	46,577	45,852	45,878	1.4%
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. $(4)(6)(13)(21)$	revolving loan	L+6.50%	7/31/2022	3,568	3,499	3,496	0.1%
Professional Plumbing Group, Inc. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.30% L + 6.75%	4/16/2022	52,744	52,026	51,426	1.6%
Professional Plumbing Group, Inc. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured	L + 0.7570	4/10/2024	52,744	52,020	51,420	1.070
Trotessionar Frankning Group, me. (1/(0/(10/(21)	revolving loan	L+6.75%	4/16/2024	2,657	2,543	2,436	0.1%
	i e re r	2 01/0/0	1110/2021	105,546	103.920	103,236	3.2%
Oil and gas				105,540	105,920	105,250	3.270
Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC (4)(6)(13)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured						
Black Mountain Said Eagle Ford EEC (1/0/13/13/21)	delayed draw term loan	L+8.25%	6/30/2019	45,973	45,001	44,495	1.4%
Brigham Minerals, LLC(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	7/27/2024	115,000	113,917	112,700	3.5%
Brigham Minerals, $LLC(4)(5)(13)(15)(21)$	First lien senior secured	2 0.0070	112112021	110,000	110,717	112,700	51570
	delayed draw term loan	L+5.50%	10/27/2019	46,000	45,360	44.620	1.4%
Brigham Minerals, LLC(4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured			.,		,	
	revolving loan	L+5.50%	7/27/2024	_	(85)	(184)	— %
Zenith Energy U.S. Logistics Holdings, LLC (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2024	85,365	83,801	83,657	2.6%
				292,338	287,994	285,288	8.9%
Professional services							
AmSpec Services Inc. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.75%	7/2/2024	102,781	101,104	100,211	3.1%
AmSpec Services Inc.(4)(8)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P+3.75%	7/2/2024	2,377	2,145	2,016	0.1%

Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)(23)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Cardinal US Holdings, Inc. (4)(6)(16)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	7/31/2023	91,125	87.285	90.669	2.8%
DMT Solutions Global Corporation(4)(7)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	7/2/2024	54,600	52,554	52,416	1.6%
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(6)(16)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	6/15/2025	74,276	72,877	72,792	2.2%
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(13)(14)(15)		E · 0.5070	0/15/2025	71,270	12,011	12,192	2.270
(16)(21)	draw term loan	L + 6 50%	2/28/2019	_	(664)	(721)	— %
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(6)(13)(15)	First lien senior secured multi-	2 . 0.0070	2/20/2019		(001)	(/21)	/0
(16)(21)	draw term loan	L+6.50%	6/15/2020	12.013	11.577	11.412	0.3%
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(13)(14)(16)	First lien senior secured			,		,	
(21)	revolving loan	L+6.50%	6/15/2023	_	(296)	(208)	— %
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc. (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	12/12/2024	336,585	333,245	333,220	10.2%
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc. (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.25%	12/12/2024	_	(232)	(234)	— %
				673,757	659,595	661,573	20.3%
Specialty retail				,	,	, í	
EW Holdco, LLC (dba European Wax)(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	9/25/2024	57,356	56,804	56,209	1.7%
Galls, LLC(4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.25%	1/31/2025	91,925	90,893	90,086	2.8%
Galls, LLC(4)(5)(13)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+6.25%	1/31/2024	9,637	9,350	9,216	0.3%
Galls, LLC(4)(5)(13)(15)(21)	First lien senior secured delayed						
	draw term loan	L+6.25%	1/31/2020	7,930	7,652	7,534	0.2%
				166,848	164,699	163,045	5.0%
Telecommunications							
DB Datacenter Holdings Inc. (4)(5)(21)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	4/3/2025	35,000	34,537	34,300	1.1%
Transportation							
Lytx, Inc. (4)(5)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	8/31/2023	44,134	43,034	44,134	1.4%
Lytx, Inc. (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+6.75%	8/31/2022	_	(45)	_	— %
Motus, LLC and Runzheimer International LLC (4)(6)(21)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	1/17/2024	67,093	65,629	65,416	2.0%
Motus, LLC and Runzheimer International LLC (4)(13)(14)(21)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L + 6.75%	1/17/2023	_	(111)	(137)	— %
Uber Technologies, Inc. (19)(21)(22)	Unsecured note	7.50%	11/1/2023	9,200	9,200	8,884	0.3%
Uber Technologies, Inc. (19)(21)(22)	Unsecured note	8.00%	11/1/2023	9,200	9,200	8,884 13,299	0.3%
())(1)(1)(21)(22)		0.0070	11/1/2020	-			
				134,227	131,507	131,596	4.1%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company debt							
investments				5,808,505	5,709,080	5,686,384	174.2%

			Maturity	Par /	Amortized	Fair	Percentage of Net
Company(1)(17)	Investment	Interest	Date	Units	Cost(3)(23)	Value	Assets
Equity Investments							
Food and beverage							
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC (21)(22)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	340	340	188	-%
H-Food Holdings, LLC(21)(22)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	10,875	10,875	10,875	0.3%
				11,215	11,215	11,063	0.3%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company equity investments				11,215	11,215	11,063	0.3%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments				5,819,720	5,720,295	5,697,447	174.5%
Controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments							
Equity Investments							
Investment funds and vehicles							
Sebago Lake LLC(11)(16)(18)(20)(22)		N/A	N/A	91,138	91,138	86,622	2.7%
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company investment	5			91,138	91,138	86,622	2.7%
Total Investments				\$5,910,858	\$5,811,433	\$5,784,069	177.2%

	Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2018								
	Company	Company	Maturity	Notional	Hedged	Footnote			
	Receives	Pays	Date	Amount	Instrument	Reference			
Interest rate swap	4.75%	L+2.545%	12/21/2021	\$150,000	2023 Notes	Note 6			
Total				\$150,000					

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

(3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
 (4) Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

(5) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.50%.

(6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.81%.

(7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.88%.

(8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2018 was 5.50%.

(9) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR" or "C"), which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.24%.

(10) The Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other lenders in the syndication. In exchange for the higher interest rate, the "last-out" portion is at a greater risk of loss.

(11) Investment measured at NAV.

(12) The first lien term loan is comprised of two components: Term Loan A and Term Loan B. The Company's Term Loan A and Term Loan B principal amounts are \$32.8 million and \$136.6 million, respectively. Both Term Loan A and Term Loan B have the same maturity date. Interest disclosed reflects the blended rate of the first lien term loan. The Term Loan A represents a 'first out' tranche and the Term Loan B represents a 'last out' tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder.

(13) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment. See Note 7 "Commitments and Contingencies".

- (14) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (15) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (16) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. As of December 31, 2018, non-qualifying assets represented 5.6% of total assets as calculated in accordance with the regulatory requirements.
- (17) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's portfolio companies are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility and SPV Asset Facilities. See Note 6 "Debt".
- (18) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" and has "Control" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Other than for purposes of the 1940 Act, the Company does not believe that it has control over this portfolio company. The Company's investment in affiliates for the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

(\$ in thousands) Controlled Affiliates	Fair value as of December 31, 2017	Gross Additions	Gross <u>Reductions</u>	Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Fair value as of December 31, 2018	Dividend Income	Other Income
Sebago Lake LLC	\$ 65,599	\$ 26,110	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (5,087</u>)	\$ 86,622	\$ 8,379	\$ 4,871
Total Controlled Affiliates	\$ 65,599	\$ 26,110	<u>\$ </u>	\$ (5,087)	\$ 86,622	\$ 8,379	\$ 4,871

(19) Level 2 investment.

- (20) Investment is not pledged as collateral for the credit facilities.
- (21) Represents co-investment made with the Company's affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that the Company received from the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. See Note 3 "Agreements and Related Party Transactions."
- (22) Security acquired in transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act. As of December 31, 2018, the aggregate fair value of these securities is \$119.9 million or 3.7% of the Company's net assets.
- (23) As of December 31, 2018, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$41.2 million based on a tax cost basis of \$5.8 billion. As of December 31, 2018, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$62.2 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$21.0 million.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Company(1)(14)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company							
investments(2)							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
PAK Acquisition Corporation (dba Valpak)(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+8.00%	6/30/2022	\$ 77,900	\$ 76,573	\$ 78,290	5.3%
Aerospace and defense							
Vencore, Inc.(4)(6)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.75%	5/23/2020	50,000	49,347	50,500	3.4%
Buildings and real estate							
DTZ U.S. Borrower, LLC (dba Cushman & Wakefield) (4)(6)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+7.75%	11/4/2022	125,000	123,864	123,750	8.3%
Business services							
Access Information(4)(5)(16)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.00%	10/17/2021	39,593	39,276	39,830	2.7%
Access Information(4)(5)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.75%	10/17/2022	20,000	19,265	19,500	1.3%
CIBT Global, Inc. (4)(6)	Second lien senior secured			-			
	loan	L+7.75%	6/1/2025	49,000	47,854	48,020	3.3%
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(6)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.50%	8/29/2023	38,426	37,692	37,657	2.6%
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(10) (11)(12)(13)	First lien senior secured multi draw term loan	L+6.50%	8/29/2019	_	(147)	(156)	— %
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services) (4)(10) (11)(13)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+6.50%	8/29/2023	_	(37)	(39)	— %
Vestcom Parent Holdings, Inc. (4)(5)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.50%	6/19/2024	65.000	64,123	64,675	4.4%
	ioun	E : 0.5070	0/19/2021	212,019	208,026	209.487	14.3%
Consumer products				212,019	208,020	209,487	14.3%
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC (4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.25%	5/25/2023	114.923	113.641	113,486	7.7%
Containers and packaging	Thist new senior secured roun	E · 0.2570	5/25/2025	111,925	115,011	115,100	7.770
Ring Container Technologies Group, LLC ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Second lien senior secured loan	L+7.50%	10/31/2025	55.000	53.917	53,900	3.7%
Distribution	Ioan	L + 7.5070	10/31/2023	55,000	55,917	55,900	5.770
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.00%	6/15/2023	59,698	59,842	59,698	4.1%
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(4)(6)	Second lien senior secured loan			,	,	, í	1.7%
Dada Danan & Dan LLC (dha Immarial Dada) (4)(5)		L + 9.00% L + 7.50%	6/17/2024 6/9/2024	25,000	24,350	24,750	
Dade Paper & Bag, LLC (dba Imperial-Dade) (4)(5) JM Swank, LLC (4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50% L + 7.50%	6/9/2024 7/25/2022	33,333 74,575	32,727 73,374	32,833 75,321	2.2% 5.1%
Medical Specialties Distributors, LLC(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.30% L + 5.75%	12/6/2022	96,113	95,279	96,113	6.5%
OC Supply, LLC(4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/0/2022	26,235	25,672	25,973	1.8%
OC Supply, LLC(4)(5)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured toan	L + 0.0070	144914022	20,233	23,072	23,773	1.870
QC Supply, LLC(4)(5)(10)	delayed draw term loan First lien senior secured	L+6.00%	12/29/2018	2,484	2,282	2,319	0.2%
QC Supply, LLC(4)(3)(10)	revolving loan	L+6.00%	12/29/2021	1,988	1,888	1,938	0.1%
				319,426	315,414	318,945	21.7%

Company(1)(14)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Energy equipment and services							
Keane Group Holdings, LLC(4)(6)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	8/18/2022	124,126	122,367	124,747	8.4%
Liberty Oilfield Services LLC(4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.63%	9/19/2022	22,194	21,810	22,194	1.5%
				146,320	144,177	146,941	9.9%
Financial services						- ,-	
Cardinal US Holdings, Inc. (4)(7)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	7/31/2023	64,339	59,941	59,835	4.1%
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	25,789	25,165	25,144	1.7%
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+6.75%	9/6/2022	_	(16)	(16)	— %
				90,128	85,090	84,963	5.8%
Food and beverage				, .	,		
Give and Go Prepared Foods Corp. (4)(6)(13)	Second lien senior secured						
1 1	loan	L+8.50%	1/29/2024	42,000	41,597	41,580	2.8%
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba Roland Corporation) (4)(6)	Second lien senior secured				,		
	loan	L + 9.00%	12/1/2022	32,000	31,486	32,000	2.2%
Tall Tree Foods, Inc. (4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	8/12/2022	58,750	58,037	57,869	3.9%
				132,750	131,120	131,449	8.9%
Healthcare providers and services				,		,	
Geodigm Corporation (dba National Dentex) (4)(6)(18)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.54%	12/1/2021	78,627	77,910	78,234	5.3%
PetVet Care Centers, LLC(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	6/8/2023	31,203	30,917	31,203	2.1%
PetVet Care Centers, LLC(4)(6)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+6.00%	6/8/2019	9,702	9,569	9,702	0.7%
PetVet Care Centers, LLC(4)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	P + 5.00%	6/8/2023	2,940	2,913	2,940	0.2%
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	11/14/2023	62,220	60,874	60,845	4.1%
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(10)(11)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L + 4.50%	6/30/2019		(523)	(536)	— %
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard) (4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.50%	11/14/2022		(108)	(111)	%
				184,692	181,552	182,277	12.4%
Household products							
Hayward Industries, Inc.(4)(5)	Second lien senior secured						
	loan	L+8.25%	8/4/2025	72,500	71,102	71,413	4.8%
Human resource support services							
SABA Software, Inc.(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	5/1/2023	44,824	44,331	44,600	3.0%
SABA Software, Inc.(4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L + 5.50%	5/1/2023		(55)	(25)	%
				44,824	44,276	44,575	3.0%
Infrastructure and environmental services							
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.) (4)	First lien senior secured loan						
(6)		L + 7.25%	9/8/2022	74,112	72,878	74,483	5.1%

Company(1)(14)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Insurance							
CD&R TZ Purchaser, Inc. (dba Tranzact)(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	7/21/2023	34,563	32,814	33.871	2.3%
Internet software and services				. ,	- ,-		
Accela, Inc.(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.25%	9/28/2023	53,865	52,565	52,518	3.6%
Accela, Inc.(4)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	P + 5.25%	9/28/2023	1,755	1,612	1,605	0.1%
Infoblox Inc.(4)(5)	Second lien senior secured loan	L+8.75%	11/7/2024	30,000	29,471	29,700	2.0%
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC) (4)(5)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	6/17/2024	93,760	92,440	92,353	6.3%
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC) (4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+6.00%	6/15/2023		(79)	(87)	%
				179,380	176,009	176,089	12.0%
Leisure and entertainment					,	,	
Troon Golf, L.L.C. (4)(6)(9)	First lien senior secured term loan A and B	L + 6.38% (TLA: L + 3.5%; TLB:					
		L + 7.1%)	9/29/2023	148,700	146,546	146,470	9.9%
Troon Golf, L.L.C. (4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+6.38%	9/29/2023	_	(207)	(216)	— %
UFC Holdings, LLC(4)(5)(16)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	8/18/2024	35,000	34,705	35,497	2.4%
				183,700	181.044	181.751	12.3%
Manufacturing				105,700	101,011	101,701	121070
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. (4)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	P + 5.50%	7/31/2023	42,216	41,419	41,583	2.8%
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc. (4)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured			, .	, -	,	
	revolving loan	P + 5.50%	7/31/2022	964	876	892	0.1%
Pexco LLC (dba Spectrum Plastic Group) (4)(6)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	5/8/2025	37,000	36,683	37,000	2.5%
				80,180	78,978	79,475	5.4%
Oil and gas				,		,	
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners) (4)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	10/25/2022	37,259	36,554	36,513	2.5%
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners) (4) (10)(11)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7 25%	10/25/2022	_	(53)	(55)	— %
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners) (4) (10)(11)(12)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.25%		_	(585)	(607)	- %
				37,259	35,916	35,851	2.5%
Professional services				51,239	55,710	55,651	2.370
Pomerov Group LLC(4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.00%	11/30/2021	59,095	57,273	57,618	3.9%
Specialty retail		_ 0.0070	1.00.2021	0,000	57,275	27,010	5.770
Saje Natural Business, Inc. (13)	Second lien senior secured loan	12.00% PIK	4/21/2022	37,656	37,061	37,091	2.5%

Company(1)(14)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Transportation							
Lytx, Inc. (4)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+6.75%	8/31/2023	36,146	35,110	35,242	2.4%
Lytx, Inc. (4)(10)(11)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+6.75%	8/31/2022		(56)	(50)	%
				36,146	35,054	35,192	2.4%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company debt investments				2,347,573	2,305,126	2,321,397	157.6%
Equity Investments							
Oil and gas							
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	2,760	2,760	2,760	0.2%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company equity investments				2,760	2,760	2,760	0.2%
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments				2,350,333	2,307,886	2,324,157	157.8%
Controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments Equity Investments							
Investment funds and vehicles							
Sebago Lake LLC(13)(15)(17)		N/A	N/A	65,028	65,028	65,599	4.5%
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments				65,028	65,028	65,599	4.5%
Total Investments				\$2,415,361	\$2,372,914	\$2,389,756	162.3%

	Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2017							
	Company Company Maturity Notional Hedged I							
	Receives	Pays	Date	Amount	Instrument	Reference		
Interest rate swap	4.75%	L+2.545%	12/21/2021	\$150,000	2023 Notes	Note 6		
Total				\$150,000				

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
 Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

(5) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.56%.

(6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.69%.

(7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.84%.

(8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to the Prime Rate ("Prime" or "P"), which as of December 31, 2017 was 4.50%.

- (9) The first lien term loan is comprised of two components: Term Loan A and Term Loan B. The Company's Term Loan A and Term Loan B principal amounts are \$28.8 million and \$119.9 million, respectively. Both Term Loan A and Term Loan B have the same maturity date. Interest disclosed reflects the blended rate of the first lien term loan. The Term Loan A represents a 'first out' tranche and the Term Loan B represents a 'last out' tranche. The 'first out' tranche has priority as to the 'last out' tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder.
- (10) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment. See Note 7 "Commitments and Contingencies".
- (11) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (12) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (13) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets.
- (14) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's portfolio companies are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility and SPV Asset Facility. See Note 6 "Debt".
- (15) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" and has "Control" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Other than for purposes of the 1940 Act, the Company does not believe that it has control over this portfolio company. The Company's investment in affiliates for the year ended December 31, 2017, were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Va of Decemb 201	er 31,	Gross Additions	ross uctions	Unr G	nge in ealized ains osses)	Value as of ember 31, 2017	_	idend come	Other Income
Controlled Affiliates				 			 			
Sebago Lake LLC	\$		\$ 65,028	\$ 	\$	571	\$ 65,599	\$	125	\$ 3,378
Total Controlled Affiliates	\$	_	\$ 65,028	\$ 	\$	571	\$ 65,599	\$	125	\$ 3,378

(16) Level 2 investment.

(17) Investment is not pledged as collateral for the credit facilities.

(18) The Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other lenders in the syndication.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Amounts in thousands)

	Years	Years Ended December 31,			
	2018	2017	2016		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations					
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 245,522	\$ 93,790	\$ 9,006		
Net unrealized gain (loss)	(43,646)	9,211	7,631		
Net realized gain (loss)	367	739			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	202,243	103,740	16,637		
Distributions					
Distributions declared from earnings	(232,083)	(100,546)	(2,100)		
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Shareholders' Distributions	(232,083)	(100,546)	(2,100)		
Capital Share Transactions					
Issuance of common shares	1,724,864	749,933	665,259		
Reinvestment of distributions	97,242	38,927	729		
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions	1,822,106	788,860	665,988		
Total Increase in Net Assets	1,792,266	792,054	680,525		
Net Assets, at beginning of period	1,472,579	680,525			
Net Assets, at end of period	\$3,264,845	\$1,472,579	\$680,525		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 202,243	\$ 103,740	\$ 16,63		
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net					
cash used in operating activities:					
Purchases of investments, net	(4,722,938)	(1,944,628)	(1,117,44		
Proceeds from investments, net	1,311,832	542,814	158,53		
Net amortization of discount on investments	(23,798)	(7,187)	(86		
Payment-in-kind interest	(3,393)	(3,406)			
Net change in unrealized (gain) loss on investments	43,513	(9,211)	(7,63		
Net change in unrealized (gains) losses on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign					
currencies	133	—			
Net realized (gain) loss	(234)	(739)	_		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	5,333	2,616	41		
Amortization of offering costs	1,408	848	59		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in receivable for investments sold	19,900	(19,900)			
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable	(20,696)	(5,635)	(3,34		
(Increase) decrease in receivable from a controlled affiliate	(4,597)	(3,503)			
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,124)	(132)	(32		
Increase (decrease) in management fee payable	2,897	6,587	4,56		
Increase (decrease) in payables to affiliate	517	470	1,86		
Increase (decrease) in payables for investments purchased	3,180	_			
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	13,954	2,541	1,96		
let cash used in operating activities	(3,171,870)	(1,334,725)	(945,02		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		/			
Borrowings on debt	3,847,915	2,508,300	749.00		
Payments on debt	(2,187,700)	(2,071,300)	(254,00		
Debt issuance costs	(15,101)	(12,090)	(3,51		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	1,724,864	749,933	665,25		
Offering costs paid	(541)	(1,326)	(99		
Cash distributions paid to shareholders	(90,035)	(28,074)	(1,37		
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,279,402	1,145,443	1,154,38		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and restricted cash	107,532	(189,282)	209,35		
Cash and restricted cash, beginning of period	20,071	209,353			
Cash and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 127,603	\$ 20,071	\$ 209,35		
Supplemental and Non-Cash Information					
interest paid during the period	\$ 59,597	\$ 21,266	\$ 1,70		
Distributions declared during the period	\$ 232,083	\$ 100,546	\$ 2,10		
Reinvestment of distributions during the period	\$ 97,242	\$ 38,927	\$ 72		
Distributions Payable	\$ 78,350	\$ 33,545	\$ —		
Receivable for investments sold	\$ —	\$ 19,900	\$ —		
	\$ 210	\$ 352	\$		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company") is a Maryland corporation formed on October 15, 2015. The Company was formed primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. The Company invests in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. The Company's investment objective is to generate current income and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). In addition, for tax purposes, the Company is treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Because the Company has elected to be regulated as a BDC and qualifies as a RIC under the Code, the Company's portfolio is subject to diversification and other requirements.

On April 27, 2016, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lenders license. OR Lending LLC loans to borrowers headquartered in California. From time to time the Company may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate the normal course of business.

Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC (the "Adviser") serves as the Company's investment adviser. The Adviser is an indirect subsidiary of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP ("Owl Rock Capital Partners"). The Adviser is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment adviser under the 1940 Act. Subject to the overall supervision of the Company's board of directors (the "Board"), the Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory and management services to, the Company.

From March 3, 2016 (the "Initial Closing") through March 2, 2018, the Company conducted private offerings (each, a "Private Offering") of common stock to accredited investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). At the closing of each Private Offering, each investor made a capital commitment (a "Capital Commitment") to purchase shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to a subscription agreement entered into with the Company. Investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase shares of the Company's common stock up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time the Company delivers a drawdown notice to its investors. If the Company has not consummated a listing of its common shares on a national securities exchange (an "Exchange Listing") by March 3, 2021, the five-year anniversary of the Initial Closing, subject to extension for two additional one-year periods, at the sole discretion of the Board, the Board (subject to any necessary shareholder approvals and applicable requirements of the 1940 Act) will use its commercially reasonable efforts to wind down and/or liquidate and dissolve the Company in an orderly manner.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company is an investment company and, therefore, applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946, Financial Services – Investment Companies. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. The Company was initially capitalized on March 1, 2016 and commenced operations on March 3, 2016. The Company's fiscal year ends on December 31.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

Cash

Cash consists of deposits held at a custodian bank and restricted cash pledged as collateral. Cash is carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company deposits its cash with highly-rated banking corporations and, at times, may exceed the insured limits under applicable law.

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at the bid price of those market quotations. To validate market quotations, the Company utilizes a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of the Company's investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board, based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, the Company's audit committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of the Company's investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (i.e., the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase or sale transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- With respect to investments for which market quotations are readily available, those investments will typically be valued at the bid price of those market quotations;
- With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, the valuation process begins with the independent valuation firm(s) providing a preliminary valuation of each investment to the Adviser's valuation committee;

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

- Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with the Adviser's valuation committee. Agreed upon valuation
 recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee;
- · The Audit Committee reviews the valuation recommendations and recommends values for each investment to the Board; and
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment.

The Company conducts this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

The Company applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements* ("ASC 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, the Company considers its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfer occurs. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, the Company applies the valuation policy approved by its Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, the Company evaluates the source of the inputs, including any markets in which its investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When an investment is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (such as broker quotes), the Company subjects those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, the Company, or the independent valuation firm(s), reviews pricing support provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If the Company were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

Pursuant to ASC 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, further clarified by the FASB's issuance of the Accounting Standards Update ("ASU")No. 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging*, which was adopted early in 2017 by the Company, all derivative instruments entered into by the Company are designated as hedging instruments. For all derivative instruments designated as a hedge, the entire change in the fair value of the hedging instrument shall be recorded in the same line item of the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the hedged item. The Company's derivative instruments are used to hedge the Company's fixed rate debt, and therefore both the periodic payment and the change in fair value for the effective hedge, if applicable, will be recognized as components of interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- cash, fair value of investments, outstanding debt, other assets and liabilities: at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- purchases and sales of investments, borrowings and repayments of such borrowings, income and expenses: at the rates of exchange prevailing
 on the respective dates of such transactions.

The Company includes net changes in fair values on investments held resulting from foreign exchange rate fluctuations with the change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company's current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in its non-U.S. dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. Fluctuations arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings are included with the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes amortization of discounts or premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, if any. Upon prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment premiums, unamortized upfront loan origination fees and unamortized discounts are recorded as interest income in the current period.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection. As of December 31, 2018, no investments are on non-accrual status.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Other Income

From time to time, the Company may receive fees for services provided to portfolio companies. These fees are generally only available to the Company as a result of closing investments, are normally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that the Adviser provides vary by investment, but can include closing, work, diligence or other similar fees and fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.

Organization Expenses

Costs associated with the organization of the Company are expensed as incurred. These expenses consist primarily of legal fees and other costs of organizing the Company.

Offering Expenses

Costs associated with the offering of common shares of the Company are capitalized as deferred offering expenses and are included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities and are amortized over a twelve-month period from incurrence. These expenses consist primarily of legal fees and other costs incurred in connection with the Company's share offerings, the preparation of the Company's registration statement, and registration fees.

Debt Issuance Costs

The Company records origination and other expenses related to its debt obligations as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized utilizing the effective yield method, over the life of the related debt instrument. Debt issuance costs are presented on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as a direct deduction from the debt liability. In circumstances in which there is not an associated debt liability amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements when the debt issuance costs are incurred, such debt issuance costs will be reported on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as an asset until the debt liability is recorded.

Reimbursement of Transaction-Related Expenses

The Company may receive reimbursement for certain transaction-related expenses in pursuing investments. Transaction-related expenses, which are generally expected to be reimbursed by the Company's portfolio companies, are typically deferred until the transaction is consummated and are recorded in prepaid expenses and other assets on the date incurred. The costs of successfully completed investments not otherwise reimbursed are borne by the Company and are included as a component of the investment's cost basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Cash advances received in respect of transaction-related expenses are recorded as cash with an offset to accrued expenses and other liabilities. Accrued expenses and other liabilities are relieved as reimbursable expenses are incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The Company has elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code beginning with its taxable year ending December 31, 2016 and intends to qualify as a RIC for the taxable year ending December 31, 2018. So long as the Company maintains its tax treatment as a RIC, it generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes at least annually to its shareholders as dividends. Instead, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by the Company represents obligations of the Company's investors and will not be reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

To qualify as a RIC, the Company must, among other things, meet certainsource-of-income and asset diversification requirements. In addition, to qualify for RIC tax treatment, the Company must distribute to its shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" for that year, which is generally its ordinary income plus the excess of its realized net short-term capital gains over its realized net long-term capital losses. In order for the Company not to be subject to U.S. federal excise taxes, it must distribute annually an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of its net ordinary income (taking into account certain deferrals and elections) for the calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (iii) any net ordinary income and capital gains in excess of capital losses for dividends and pay a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on this income.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing its consolidated financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. There were no material uncertain tax positions through December 31, 2018 and 2017. The 2015 through 2017 tax years remain subject to examination by U.S. federal, state and local tax authorities.

Distributions to Common Shareholders

Distributions to common shareholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be distributed is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by the Adviser. Net realized long-term capital gains, if any, would be generally distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains for investment.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any cash distributions on behalf of shareholders, unless a shareholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes and declares a cash distribution, then the shareholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distribution automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock, rather than receiving the cash distribution. The Company expects to use newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Consolidation

As provided under Regulation S-X and ASC Topic 946—Financial Services—Investment Companies, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly-owned investment company or controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Accordingly, the Company consolidated the accounts of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries in its consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company does not consolidate its equity interest in Sebago Lake LLC ("Sebago Lake"). For further description of the Company's investment in Sebago Lake, see Note 4 "Investments".

New Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASUNo. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Revenue Recognition (Topic 605). Under the updated guidance, an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The amendments in ASU No. 2014-09 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASUNo. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations, which clarifies the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09 and has the same effective date as the original standard.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASUNo. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, an update on identifying performance obligations and accounting for licenses of intellectual property.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASUNo. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which includes amendments for enhanced clarification of the guidance.

In December 2016, the FASB issued ASU No.2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), the amendments in this update are of a similar nature to the items typically addressed in the technical corrections and improvements project.

Receivables

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU2017-08, Receivables—Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities which amends the amortization period for certain purchased callable debt securities held at a premium, shortening such period to the earliest call date. ASU No. 2017-08 does not require any accounting change for debt securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity. ASU No. 2017-08 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Fair Valuation

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No.2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Subtopic 820): Changes to *the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*, an update to improve the effectiveness of disclosures in the notes to financial statements by facilitating clear communication of the information required by U.S. GAAP. The amendments in ASU No. 2018-13 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within that reporting period.

The application of the aforementioned updated guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Administration Agreement

On March 1, 2016, the Company entered into an Administration Agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees, the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others.

The Administration Agreement also provides that the Company reimburses the Adviser for certain organization costs incurred prior to the commencement of the Company's operations, and for certain offering costs.

The Company reimburses the Adviser for services performed for it pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and the Company will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for it by such affiliate or third party.

On February 27, 2019, the Board approved to extend the Administration Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until March 1, 2020 and from year to year thereafter if approved annually by (1) the vote of the Board, or by the vote of a majority of its outstanding voting securities, and (2) the vote of a majority of the Company's directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company, of the Adviser or of any of their respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act. The Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, on 60 days' written notice, by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company, or by the vote of the Board or by the Adviser.

No person who is an officer, director, or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 the Company incurred expenses of approximately \$3.7 million, \$3.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, for costs and expenses reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Investment Advisory Agreement

On March 1, 2016, the Company entered into the Original Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser. On February 27, 2019, the Board determined to amend and restate the Original Investment Advisory Agreement (as amended and restated, the "Investment Advisory Agreement") to reduce the fees that the Company will pay the Adviser following an Exchange Listing. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for managing the Company's business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring its investments, and monitoring its portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to the Company are not impaired.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until February 27, 2020 and will remain in effect from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, by a majority of independent directors.

The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate within the meaning of the 1940 Act and related SEC guidance and interpretations in the event of its assignment. In accordance with the 1940 Act, without payment of any penalty, the Company may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a majority (as defined under the 1940 Act) of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock or the Adviser. In addition, without payment of any penalty, the Adviser may generally terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 60 days' written notice and, in certain circumstances, the Adviser may only be able to terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 120 days' written notice.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board, and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser a base management fee and may also pay to it certain incentive fees. The cost of both the management fee and the incentive fee will ultimately be borne by the Company's shareholders.

The management fee is payable quarterly in arrears. Prior to the future quotation or listing of the Company's securities on a national securities exchange (an "Exchange Listing") or the future quotation or listing of its securities on any other public trading market, the management fee is payable at an annual rate of 0.75% of the Company's (i) average gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of the Company's two most recently completed calendar quarters plus (ii) the average of any remaining unfunded Capital Commitments at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. Following an Exchange Listing, the management fee is payable at an annual rate of 1.5% (reduced from

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

1.75% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of the Company's average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. The management fee for any partial month or quarter, as the case may be, will be appropriately prorated and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the relevant calendar months or quarters, as the case may be.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, management fees were \$52.1 million, \$31.1 million and \$9.2 million, respectively.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser will not be entitled to an incentive fee prior to an Exchange Listing. Following an Exchange Listing, the incentive fee will consist of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the incentive fee is based on the Company's pre-incentive fee net investment income and a portion is based on the Company's capital gains. The portion of the incentive fee based on pre-incentive fee net investment income is determined and paid quarterly in arrears commencing with the first calendar quarter following an Exchange Listing, and equals 100% of the pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," until the Adviser has received 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of the total pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly (reduced from 1.875% quarterly pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement), 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment income for that calendar quarter.

The second component of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, payable at the end of each calendar year in arrears, equals 17.5% (reduced from 20% payable pursuant to the Original Investment Advisory Agreement) of cumulative realized capital gains from the date on which the Exchange Listing becomes effective (the "Listing Date") to the end of each calendar year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gains incentive fee for prior periods. In no event will the capital gains incentive fee payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement be in excess of the amount permitted by the Advisers Act, including Section 205 thereof.

There was no incentive fee for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Affiliated Transactions

The Company may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with its affiliates without prior approval of the directors who are not interested persons, and in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. The Company, the Adviser and certain of their affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC for the Company to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with the Company's investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, the Company generally is permitted to co-invest with certain of its affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the Board make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to the Company and its shareholders and do not involve overreaching of the Company or its shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of the Company's shareholders and is consistent with its investment objective and strategies, and (3) the investment by its affiliates would not

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

disadvantage the Company, and the Company's participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which its affiliates are investing. The Adviser is under common control with Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC ("ORTA") and Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC ("ORCPFA"), which are also investment advisers and indirect subsidiaries of Owl Rock Capital Partners. The Adviser, ORTA, ORCPFA and Owl Rock Capital Partners are referred to, collectively, as "Owl Rock." Owl Rock's investment allocation policy seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, a BDC advised by the Adviser, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., a BDC advised by ORTA, and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in the Company's investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. and/or other funds established by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief.

License Agreement

The Company has entered into a license agreement (the "License Agreement"), pursuant to which an affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Partners LP has granted the Company a non-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, the Company has a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the Company's investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Company will have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo.

Note 4. Investments

Under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identifynon-controlled investments where it owns 5% or more of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "affiliated" companies. In addition, under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify investments where it owns more than 25% of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "controlled" companies. Under the 1940 Act, "non-affiliated investments" are defined as investments that are neither controlled investments nor affiliated information with respect to the Company's non-controlled, non-affiliated; non-controlled, affiliated; and controlled affiliated investments is contained in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedule of investments. The information in the tables below is presented on an aggregate portfolio basis, without regard to whether they are non-controlled non-affiliated, non-controlled affiliated investments.

Investments at fair value and amortized cost consisted of the following as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December	31, 2018	December 3	31, 2017
(\$ in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 4,566,573	\$4,554,835	\$ 1,640,301	\$1,652,021
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,119,507	1,109,366	664,825	669,376
Unsecured debt investments	23,000	22,183	—	
Equity investments	11,215	11,063	2,760	2,760
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽¹⁾	91,138	86,622	65,028	65,599
Total Investments	\$ 5,811,433	\$5,784,069	\$ 2,372,914	\$2,389,756

(1) Includes equity investment in Sebago Lake. See below, within Note 4, for more information regarding Sebago Lake.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

The industry composition of investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Advertising and media	4.2%	3.3%
Aerospace and defense		2.1
Automotive	2.6	_
Buildings and real estate	5.2	5.2
Business services	7.6	8.8
Chemicals	1.7	_
Consumer products	1.8	4.7
Containers and packaging	0.7	2.3
Distribution	10.6	13.3
Education	3.0	_
Energy equipment and services	1.6	6.1
Financial services	1.9	3.6
Food and beverage	8.4	5.5
Healthcare providers and services	6.5	7.6
Healthcare technology	0.7	_
Household products	0.9	3.0
Human resource support services	—	1.9
Infrastructure and environmental services	3.4	3.1
Insurance	0.6	1.4
Internet software and services	9.5	7.4
Investment funds and vehicles (1)	1.5	2.7
Leisure and entertainment	3.8	7.6
Manufacturing	1.8	3.3
Oil and gas	4.9	1.6
Professional services	11.4	2.4
Specialty retail	2.8	1.6
Telecommunications	0.6	
Transportation	2.3	1.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%

(1) Includes equity investment in Sebago Lake. See below, within Note 4, for more information regarding Sebago Lake.

The geographic composition of investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
United States:		
Midwest	17.3%	16.9%
Northeast	22.0	15.7
South	36.7	42.1
West	20.1	17.9
Belgium	1.6	2.5
Canada	0.9	3.3
United Kingdom	1.4	1.6
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Sebago Lake LLC

Sebago Lake, a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between the Company and The Regents of the University of California ("Regents") and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. Sebago Lake's principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Both the Company and Regents (the "Members") have a 50% economic ownership in Sebago Lake. Except under certain circumstances, contributions to Sebago Lake cannot be redeemed. Each of the Members initially agreed to contribute up to \$100 million to Sebago Lake. On July 26, 2018, each of the Members increased their contribution to Sebago Lake up to an aggregate of \$125 million. As of December 31, 2018, each Member has funded \$91.1 million of their \$125 million commitments. Sebago Lake is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members.

The Company has determined that Sebago Lake is an investment company under ASC 946; however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Accordingly, the Company does not consolidate its non-controlling interest in Sebago Lake.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, we acquired one investment from Sebago Lake at fair market value. The transaction generated a gain of \$0.1 million for Sebago Lake. During the period ended December 31, 2017, we sold our investment in three portfolio companies at fair market value to Sebago Lake generating a realized gain of \$0.5 million.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, Sebago Lake had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value of \$531.5 million and \$330.0 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with ASC 820; however, such fair value is not included in the Board's valuation process described herein. The following table is a summary of Sebago Lake's portfolio as well as a listing of the portfolio investments in Sebago Lake's portfolio as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2018		Decemb	er 31, 2017
Total senior secured debt investments(1)	\$	545,553	\$	332,499
Weighted average spread over LIBOR(1)		4.66%		4.71%
Number of portfolio companies		16		12
Largest funded investment to a single borrower(1)	\$	49,768	\$	46,646

(1) At par.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 (\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments	mvestment	Interest	Date	Cints	C03(3)	value	Equity
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2023	\$ 35,547	\$ 34,936	\$ 34,765	20.1%
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(11)(12)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2022		(48)	(66)	— %
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	11/21/2025	25,000	24,751	24,750	14.3%
				60,547	59,639	59,449	34.4%
Education							
SSH Group Holdings, Inc. (dba Stratford School)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	7/30/2025	34,913	34,812	34,383	19.8%
Food and beverage							
DecoPac, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	9/30/2024	21,161	21,074	20,949	12.1%
DecoPac, Inc.(11)(12)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.25%	9/29/2023	_	(14)	(32)	— %
FQSR, LLC (dba KBP Investments) (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	5/14/2023	24,756	24,426	24,202	14.0%
FQSR, LLC (dba KBP Investments) (8)(11)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+5.50%	5/14/2020	3,305	3,224	3,168	1.8%
Give & Go Prepared Foods Corp. (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	7/29/2023	24,688	24,638	21,725	12.5%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.00%	7/20/2025	45,000	44,556	44,550	25.7%
				118,910	117,904	114,562	66.1%
Healthcare equipment and services							
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc. (7)	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured	L+4.00%	8/19/2023	40,019	39,835	39,659	22.9%
Cadence, Inc. (6)	loan	L+4.50%	5/21/2025	24,599	24,034	23,418	13.5%
Cadence, Inc. (11)(12)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.50%	5/21/2025		(161)	(301)	(0.2)%
				64,618	63,708	62,776	36.2%
Infrastructure and environmental services							
CHA Holding, Inc. (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	4/10/2025	24,875	24,772	24,601	14.2%
CHA Holding, Inc. (11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L+4.50%	10/10/2019		(24)	(60)	%
				24,875	24,748	24,541	14.2%
Insurance							
Integro Parent Inc. (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.75%	10/28/2022	44,655	44,456	43,749	25.3%
Integro Parent Inc. (8)(11)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L+4.50%	10/30/2021	1,830	1,805	1,728	1.0%
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	3/29/2025	34,822	34,095	33,608	19.3%
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(9)(11)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P+3.25%	3/29/2023	1,250	1,091	1,019	0.6%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2018 (\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits	First lien senior secured						<u> </u>
Partners)(8)(11)(13)	delayed draw term loan	L+4.25%	3/29/2020	6,147	5,953	5,843	3.4%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(7)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+5.50%	8/7/2022	29,568	29,323	29,273	16.9%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+5.50%	2/7/2019		(28)		%
				118,272	116,695	115,220	66.5%
Internet software and services							
DigiCert, Inc.(6)(10)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 4.00%	10/31/2024	49,768	49,505	48,623	28.1%
Manufacturing							
ACProducts, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L+4.75%	1/3/2022	48,750	48,320	47,726	27.5%
Transportation							
Uber Technologies, Inc. (6)(10)	First lien senior secured						
	loan	L + 4.00%	4/4/2025	24,900	24,745	24,235	14.0%
Total Debt Investments				\$545,553	\$ 540,076	\$531,515	306.8%
Total Investments				\$545,553	\$ 540,076	\$531,515	306.8%

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, Sebago Lake's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

- (3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

(5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure, and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.50%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 2 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.61%.
- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2018 was 2.81%.
- (9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2018 was 5.50%.
- (10) Level 2 investment.
- (11) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
- (12) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (13) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (14) Investment is not pledged as collateral under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

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Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments	Investment	Interest	Date	Units	COSI(3)	value	Equity
Aerospace and defense							
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC ⁽⁸⁾	First lien senior secured loan	L+5.50%	12/21/2023	\$31.695	\$ 31.062	\$31.061	23.7%
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured	2 0.0070	12/21/2020	φυ 1,090	\$ 51,002	\$51,001	20.170
	delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2023	_	(42)	(42)	— %
AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured				()	()	
1 07	revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2022	_	(60)	(60)	— %
	č			31.695	30,960	30,959	23.7%
Distribution					,	,	
FCX Holdings Corp.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	8/4/2020	26,626	26,501	26,493	20.2%
Sierra Acquisition, Inc(6)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	11/10/2024	20,000	19,912	20,160	15.4%
1				46,626	46,413	46,653	35.6%
Education				10,020	10,115	10,000	551070
SSH Group Holdings, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	10/2/2024	17,500	17,331	17,325	13.2%
Food and beverage						.,	
DecoPac, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	9/30/2024	21,214	21,116	21,108	16.1%
DecoPac, Inc.(7)(9)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.25%	9/29/2023	1,143	1,126	1,125	0.9%
Give & Go Prepared Foods Corp. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	7/29/2023	24,938	24,878	24,875	19.0%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.50%	7/18/2024	43,135	41,899	41,927	32.0%
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(9)(10)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	revolving loan	L+4.50%	7/18/2022		(127)	(122)	(0.1)%
				90,430	88,892	88,913	67.9%
Healthcare equipment and services							
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	8/21/2023	46,646	46,201	46,179	35.2%
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (7)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	10/4/2024	23,077	23,023	23,021	17.5%
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc. (7)(9)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+4.75%	10/4/2024	1,277	1,260	1,260	1.0%
				71,000	70,484	70,460	53.7%
Insurance							
Worley Claims Services, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/7/2022	17,248	17,098	17,095	13.0%
Worley Claims Services, LLC(9)(10)(11)(12)	First lien senior secured						
	delayed draw term loan	L+5.50%	2/7/2019		(35)	(38)	<u> </u>
				17,248	17,063	17,057	13.0%
Internet software and services							
DigiCert, Inc.(7)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.75%	10/31/2024	43,000	42,799	43,516	33.2%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5) Manufacturing	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Blount International, Inc. (6)	First lien senior secured loan	L+4.25%	4/12/2023	15,000	14,964	15,165	11.3%
Total Debt Investments				\$332,499	\$ 328,906	\$330,048	251.6%
Total Investments				\$332,499	\$ 328,906	\$330,048	251.6%

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, Sebago Lake's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

(3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
 (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

(5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure, and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

(6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.56%.

(7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.69%.
(8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2017 was 1.84%.

(9) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.

(10) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.

(11) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.

(12) Investment is not pledged as collateral under Sebago Lake's credit facility.

(13) Level 2 investment.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

Below is selected balance sheet information for Sebago Lake as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	As of December	
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017
Assets		
Investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$540,076 and \$328,906, respectively)	\$ 531,515	\$ 330,048
Cash	13,487	7,519
Interest receivable	1,925	1,300
Prepaid expenses and other assets	455	71
Total Assets	\$ 547,382	\$ 338,938
Liabilities		
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$5,368 and \$4,330, respectively)	\$ 356,611	\$ 201,419
Loan origination and structuring fees payable	4,871	3,378
Distributions payable	6,460	250
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,196	2,692
Total Liabilities	374,138	207,739
Members' Equity		
Members' Equity	173,244	131,199
Members' Equity	173,244	131,199
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 547,382	\$ 338,938

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Sebago Lake's Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

Below is selected statement of operations information for Sebago Lake for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Years E Decemb	nava
(\$ in thousands)	2018	2017(1)
Investment Income		
Interest income	\$37,760	\$6,755
Other income	671	84
Total Investment Income	38,431	6,839
Expenses		
Initial organization	—	108
Loan origination and structuring fee	4,871	3,378
Interest expense	16,228	2,716
Professional fees	821	387
Total Expenses	21,920	6,589
Net Investment Income Before Taxes	16,511	250
Taxes	285	
Net Investment Income After Taxes	\$16,226	\$ 250
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments		
Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(9,703)	1,142
Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments	61	
Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(9,642)	1,142
Net Increase in Members' Equity Resulting from Operations	<u>\$ 6,584</u>	\$1,392

(1) Sebago Lake commenced operations on June 20, 2017.

Loan Origination and Structuring Fees

If the loan origination and structuring fees earned by Sebago Lake during a fiscal year exceed Sebago Lake's expenses and other obligations (excluding financing costs), such excess is allocated to the Member(s) responsible for the origination of the loans pro rata in accordance with the total loan origination and structuring fees earned by Sebago Lake with respect to the loans originated by such Member; provided, that in no event will the amount allocated to a Member exceed 1% of the par value of the loans originated by such Member in any fiscal year. The loan origination and structuring fee is accrued quarterly and included in other income from controlled, affiliated investments on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and paid annually. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we accrued income based on loan origination and structuring fees of \$4.9 million and \$3.4 million, respectively. Subsequent to December 31, 2018, the Members agreed to amend the terms of Sebago Lake's operating agreement to eliminate the allocation of excess loan origination and structuring fees to the Members.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Note 5. Fair Value of Investments

Investments

The following tables present the fair value hierarchy of investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	Fa	Fair Value Hierarchy as of December 31,				
(\$ in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,554,835	\$4,554,835		
Second-lien senior secured debt investments		34,493	1,074,873	1,109,366		
Unsecured debt investments		22,183		22,183		
Equity investments			11,063	11,063		
Subtotal	\$ —	\$56,676	\$5,640,771	\$5,697,447		
Investments measured at NAV(1)				86,622		
Total Investments at fair value	<u>\$ —</u>	\$56,676	\$5,640,771	\$5,784,069		

(1) Includes equity investment in Sebago Lake.

	F	Fair Value Hierarchy as of December 31, 2017				
(\$ in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ —	\$39,830	\$1,612,191	\$1,652,021		
Second-lien senior secured debt investments		35,497	633,879	669,376		
Equity investments			2,760	2,760		
Subtotal	<u>\$ </u>	\$75,327	\$2,248,830	\$2,324,157		
Investments measured at NAV(1)		_	_	65,599		
Total Investments at fair value	<u>\$ </u>	\$75,327	\$2,248,830	\$2,389,756		

(1) Includes equity investment in Sebago Lake.

The following tables present changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2018							
(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Equity investments	Total				
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 1,612,191	\$ 633,879	\$ 2,760	\$ 2,248,830				
Purchases of investments, net(1)	3,833,177	808,290	11,215	4,652,682				
Proceeds from investments, net	(885,745)	(355,242)	(6,737)	(1,247,724)				
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(22,904)	(13,654)	(152)	(36,710)				
Net realized gains (losses)	208	(3,951)	3,977	234				
Net amortization of discount on investments	17,908	5,551	_	23,459				
Transfers into (out of) Level 3(2)								
Fair value, end of period	\$ 4,554,835	\$ 1,074,873	\$ 11,063	\$ 5,640,771				

(1) Purchases may include payment-in-kind ("PIK").

(2) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017							
(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Equity investments	Total				
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 574,776	\$ 357,230	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 932,006				
Purchases of investments, net(1)	1,339,447	501,174	2,760	1,843,381				
Proceeds from investments, net	(313,723)	(228,690)	_	(542,413)				
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	7,201	818	_	8,019				
Net realized gains (losses)	496	243	_	739				
Net amortization of discount on investments	3,994	3,104	_	7,098				
Transfers into (out of) Level 3 ⁽²⁾								
Fair value, end of period	\$ 1,612,191	\$ 633,879	\$ 2,760	\$2,248,830				

(1)

Purchases may include payment-in-kind ("PIK"). Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur. (2)

	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016							
(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Equity investments	Total				
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ _	\$ —	\$ —	<u>\$</u>				
Purchases of investments, net(1)	638,237	437,944	· _	1,076,181				
Proceeds from investments, net	(67,968)	(83,950)	_	(151,918)				
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	3,970	2,941	_	6,911				
Net realized gains (losses)		_	_	_				
Net amortization of discount on investments	537	295	_	832				
Transfers into (out of) Level 3(2)		_	_	_				
Fair value, end of period	\$ 574,776	\$ 357,230	\$	\$ 932,006				

(1) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur.

The following tables present information with respect to net change in unrealized gains on investments for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining the fair value that are still held by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

(\$ in thousands)	unreali for the Decen on Inves	Net change in unrealized gain (loss) for the Year Ended December 31, 2018 on Investments Held at December 31, 2018		change in xed gain (loss) Year Ended ber 31, 2017 ments Held at ber 31, 2017	Net change in unrealized gain (loss) for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 on Investments Held at December 31, 2016	
First-lien senior secured debt	<u></u>	(10.(25))	¢	5.000	.	2.070
investments	\$	(18,635)	\$	7,882	\$	3,970
Second-lien senior secured debt						
investments		(12,033)		2,247		2,941
Unsecured debt investments				—		
Equity investments		(152)				
Total Investments	\$	(30,820)	\$	10,129	\$	6,911

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The following tables present quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs of the Company's Level 3 investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. The tables are not intended to be all-inclusive but instead capture the significant unobservable inputs relevant to the Company's determination of fair value.

		As	of December 31, 2018		
(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
First-lien senior secured debt investments(1)	 			6.4%-13.9%	
	\$ 3,719,125	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(10.4%)	Decrease
				97.5%-99.0%	
	712,109	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(98.7%)	Increase
Second-lien senior secured debt investments				10.7%-19.5%	
	\$ 1,074,873	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(12.1%)	Decrease
Equity Investments	\$ 188	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	7.25x	Increase
	10,875	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	1.0	Increase

 Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$123,601, which the Company valued using indicative bid prices obtained from brokers.

	 As of December 31, 2017				
(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
First-lien senior secured debt investments	 			6.4%-10.9%	
	\$ 1,431,179	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(9.4%)	Decrease
				93.0-98.0	
	181,012	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(96.2)	Increase
Second-lien senior secured debt investments				10.9%-16.6%	
	\$ 456,229	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(12.2%)	Decrease
				98.0-99.0	
	177,650	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(98.7)	Increase
Equity Investments	\$ 2,760	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	1.0	Increase

The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing Level 3 debt investments utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to its total enterprise value, and the rights and remedies of the Company's investment within the portfolio company's capital structure.

Significant unobservable quantitative inputs typically used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level 3 debt investments primarily include current market yields, including relevant market indices, but may also include quotes from brokers, dealers, and pricing services as indicated by comparable investments. For the Company's Level 3 equity investments, a market approach, based on comparable publicly-traded company and

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

comparable market transaction multiples of revenues, earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") or some combination thereof and comparable market transactions typically would be used.

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

The fair value of the Company's credit facilities, which are categorized as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, approximates their carrying value. Additionally, the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value, approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Note 6. Debt

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limitations, the Company is allowed to borrow amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% (or 150% if certain conditions are met) after such borrowing. As of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company's asset coverage was 225% and 258%, respectively.

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

		December 31, 2018			
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)	
Subscription Credit Facility ⁽³⁾	\$ 900,000	\$ 883,000	\$ 4,487	\$ 881,795	
Revolving Credit Facility ⁽⁴⁾	600,000	308,643	291,357	304,229	
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000	—	396,352	
SPV Asset Facility II	550,000	550,000	_	543,713	
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	300,000	200,000	294,995	
2023 Notes(5)	150,000	150,000		146,633	
Total Debt	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 2,591,643	\$ 495,844	\$ 2,567,717	

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of the Company's Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred unamortized debt issuance costs of \$1.2 million, \$4.4 million, \$3.6 million, \$6.3 million, \$5.0 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

(3) The amount available is reduced by \$12.5 million of outstanding letters of credit.

(4) Excludes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(5) Inclusive of change in fair value of effective hedge.

	December 31, 2017			
(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)
Subscription Credit Facility(3)	\$ 900,000	\$ 393,500	\$ 502,711	\$390,415
Revolving Credit Facility	400,000	_	400,000	(3,044)
SPV Asset Facility I	400,000	400,000	_	395,463
2023 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	150,000	138,500	11,500	136,598
Total Debt	\$1,850,000	\$ 932,000	\$ 914,211	\$919,432

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

- (2) The carrying value of the Company's Subscription Credit Facility, Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility I and the 2023 Notes are presented net of deferred unamortized debt issuance costs of \$3.1 million, \$3.0 million, \$4.6 million, and \$1.9 million, respectively.
- (3) The amount available is reduced by \$3.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.
- (4) Amounts available were issued January 30, 2018.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the components of interest expense were as follows:

		For the Years Ended December 31,			,
(\$ in thousands)	2	2018	2017		2016
Interest expense	\$	71,441	\$ 21,964	\$	2,342
Amortization of debt issuance costs		5,333	2,616		416
Total Interest Expense	\$	76,774	\$ 24,580	\$	2,758
Average interest rate		4.27%	2.85%		2.31%
Average daily borrowings	\$1,6	549,191	\$688,321	\$2	22,810

Subscription Credit Facility

On August 1, 2016, the Company entered into a subscription credit facility (as amended, the "Subscription Credit Facility") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), as administrative agent (the "Administrative Agent") and letter of credit issuer, and Wells Fargo, State Street Bank and Trust Company and the banks and financial institutions from time to time party thereto, as lenders.

The Subscription Credit Facility permitted the Company to borrow up to \$250 million, subject to availability under the "Borrowing Base". The Borrowing Base is calculated based on the unused Capital Commitments of the investors meeting various eligibility requirements above certain concentration limits based on investors' credit ratings. The Original Subscription Credit Facility also included a provision permitting the Company to increase the size of the facility on or before August 1, 2017 up to a maximum principal amount not exceeding \$500 million, subject to customary conditions, and included a further provision permitting the Company to increase the size of the facility under certain circumstances up to a maximum principal amount not exceeding \$750 million, if the existing or new lenders agreed to commit to such further increase.

On September 14, 2016, the Company increased the size of the facility to a total of \$300 million. On September 26, 2016, the Company increased the size of the facility to a total of \$500 million. On January 4, 2017, the Company increased the size of the facility to a total of \$575 million. On March 13, 2017, the Company increased the size of the facility to a total of \$700 million.

On November 2, 2017, the Company amended the Subscription Credit Facility pursuant to a first amendment to revolving credit agreement, which, among other things: (i) increased the size of the facility to a total of \$750 million and (ii) amended the accordion feature to permit the Company to increase the commitments under the Subscription Credit Facility under certain circumstances up to a maximum principal amount of \$900 million, if the existing or new lenders agreed to commit to such further increase. On November 2, 2017, the Company temporarily increased the size of the facility to \$850 million. On December 1, 2017, the Company increased the size of the Subscription Credit Facility to a total of \$900 million.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Borrowings under the Subscription Credit Facility bear interest, at the Company's election at the time of drawdown, at a rate per annum equal to (i) in the case of LIBOR rate loans, an adjusted LIBOR rate for the applicable interest period plus 1.60% or (ii) in the case of reference rate loans, the greatest of (A) a prime rate plus 0.60%, (B) the federal funds rate plus 1.10%, and (C) one-month LIBOR plus 1.60%. Loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time at the Company's election, subject to certain conditions. The Company also will pay an unused commitment fee of 0.25% per annum on the unused commitments.

The Subscription Credit Facility will mature upon the earliest of (i) the date three (3) years from August 1, 2016; (ii) the date upon which the Administrative Agent declares the obligations under the Credit Facility due and payable after the occurrence of an event of default; (iii) forty-five (45) days prior to the scheduled termination of the commitment period under the Company's Subscription Agreements (as defined below); (iv) forty-five (45) days prior to the date of any listing of the Company's common stock on a national securities exchange; (v) the termination of the commitment period under the Company's Subscription Agreements (if earlier than the scheduled date); and (vi) the date the Company terminates the commitments pursuant to the Subscription Credit Facility.

The Subscription Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the Company's right, title, and interest in and to the capital commitments of the Company's private investors, including the Company's right to make capital calls, receive and apply capital contributions, enforce remedies and claims related thereto together with capital call proceeds and related rights, and a pledge of the collateral account into which capital call proceeds are deposited.

The Subscription Credit Facility contains customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by the Company of additional indebtedness and on the Company's ability to make distributions to its shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

Transfers of interests in the Company by shareholders must comply with certain sections of the Subscription Credit Facility and the Company shall notify the Administrative Agent before such transfers take place. Such transfers may trigger mandatory prepayment obligations.

Revolving Credit Facility

On February 1, 2017, the Company entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement (the "Original Revolving Credit Facility"). On June 21, 2018, the Company amended the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement (the "Amendment," and the Original Revolving Credit Facility as amended by that certain First Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of July 17, 2017, the First Omnibus Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2018 and the Amendment, the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The parties to the Revolving Credit Facility include the Company, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (each a "Lender" and collectively, the "Lenders") and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. and ING Capital LLC as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners, SunTrust Bank as Administrative Agent and ING Capital LLC as Syndication Agent.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by OR Lending LLC, a subsidiary of the Company, and will be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company that are formed or acquired by the Company in the future (collectively, the "Guarantors"). Proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The maximum principal amount of the Revolving Credit Facility is \$600 million (increased from \$590 million on June 21, 2018), subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on the Company's portfolio investments and other outstanding indebtedness. Maximum capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to \$1.25 billion (increased from \$750 million pursuant to the First Omnibus Amendment to the Revolving Credit Facility) through the exercise by the Borrower of an uncommitted accordion feature through which existing and new lenders may, at their option, agree to provide additional financing. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$50 million limit for swingline loans and is secured by a perfected first-priority interest in substantially all of the portfolio investments held by the Company and each Guarantor, subject to certain exceptions.

The availability period under the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on March 29, 2022 ("Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date") and the Revolving Credit Facility will mature on March 29, 2023 ("Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date"). During the period from the Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date to the Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date, the Company will be obligated to make mandatory prepayments under the Revolving Credit Facility out of the proceeds of certain asset sales and other recovery events and equity and debt issuances.

The Company may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility will bear interest at either LIBOR plus 2.00% (decreased from 2.25% pursuant to the Amendment), or the prime rate plus 1.00% (decreased from 1.25% pursuant to the Amendment). The Company may elect either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time at the Company's option, subject to certain conditions. The Company also pays a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by the Company of additional indebtedness and on the Company's ability to make distributions to its shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events and certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default.

SPV Asset Facilities

SPV Asset Facility I

On December 21, 2017 (the "SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date"), ORCC Financing LLC ("ORCC Financing"), a Delaware limited liability company and subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Loan and Servicing Agreement (as amended, the "SPV Asset Facility I"), with ORCC Financing as Borrower, the Company as Transferor and Servicer, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the "SPV Lenders"), Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc. as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Collateral Custodian.

From time to time, the Company sells and contributes certain investments to ORCC Financing pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing. No gain or loss is recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility I are used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retains a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing through our ownership of ORCC Financing. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I is \$400 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including certain concentration limits.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The SPV Asset Facility I provides for the ability to draw and redraw amounts under the SPV Asset Facility I for a period of up to three years after the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date (the "SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date"). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility I will mature on December 21, 2022 (the "SPV Asset Facility I Maturity Date"). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility I Maturity Date, proceeds received by ORCC Financing from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility I Maturity Date, ORCC Financing must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company.

Amounts drawn will bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.25% until thesix-month anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date, increasing to 2.50% thereafter, until the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. After the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date, amounts drawn will bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.75%, increasing to 3.00% on the first anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. After a ramp-up period, there is an unused fee of 0.75% per annum on the amount, if any, by which the undrawn amount under the SPV Asset Facility I exceeds 25% of the maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I. The SPV Asset Facility I contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility I is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing and on any payments received by ORCC Financing in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Lenders will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

SPV Asset Facility II

On May 22, 2018 (the "SPV Asset Facility II Closing Date"), ORCC Financing II LLC ("ORCC Financing II"), a Delaware limited liability company and subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Credit Agreement (as amended, the "SPV Asset Facility II"), with ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the "SPV Asset Facility II Lenders"), Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian. On October 10, 2018 (the "SPV Asset Facility II Amendment Date"), the parties to the SPV Asset Facility II and new lenders amended the SPV Asset Facility II to increase the maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility II to \$550 million, extend the period of availability of the term and revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility II.

From time to time, the Company sells and contributes certain investments to ORCC Financing II pursuant to a sale and contribution agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing II. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility II will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing II, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retains a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing II through the Company's ownership of ORCC Financing II. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility II increased from \$250 million to \$550 million; the availability of this amount is subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing II's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility II provides for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility II for a period of up to two years after the SPV Asset Facility II Amendment

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Date unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility II (the "SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date"). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility II will mature on October 10, 2026 (the "Stated Maturity"). Prior to the Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing II from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing II must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company.

Amounts drawn bear interest at LIBOR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and LIBOR plus 0.25%) plus a spread of 2.25% increasing to 2.50% following the six-month anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility II Closing Date. From the SPV Asset Facility II Closing Date to the SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date, there is a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 1.00% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility II. The SPV Asset Facility II contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing II, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility II is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing II and on any payments received by ORCC Financing II in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility II Lenders will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

SPV Asset Facility III

On December 14, 2018 (the "SPV Asset Facility III Closing Date"), ORCC Financing III LLC ("ORCC Financing III"), a Delaware limited liability company and newly formed subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement (the "SPV Asset Facility III"), with ORCC Financing III, as borrower, the Company, as equityholder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the "SPV Lenders III"), Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian.

From time to time, the Company expects to sell and contribute certain loan assets to ORCC Financing III pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing III. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility III will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing III, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing III through our ownership of ORCC Financing III. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility III is \$500 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing III's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including interest spread and weighted average coupon tests, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility III provides for the ability to borrow, reborrow, repay and prepay advances under the SPV Asset Facility III for a period of up to three years after the SPV Asset Facility III Closing Date unless such period is extended or accelerated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III (the "SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period"). Unless otherwise extended, accelerated or terminated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III, the SPV Asset Facility III will mature on the date that is two years after the last day of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period (the "SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity"). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing III from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing III must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to the Company.

Amounts drawn bear interest at LIBOR (or, in the case of certain SPV Lenders III that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of (a) their cost of funds and (b) LIBOR, such LIBOR not to be lower than zero) plus a spread equal to 2.20% per annum, which spread will increase (a) on and after the end of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period by 0.15% per annum if no event of default has occurred and (b) by 2.00% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default (such spread, the "Applicable Margin"). LIBOR may be replaced as a base rate under certain circumstances. During the Revolving Period, ORCC Financing III will pay an undrawn fee ranging from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility III. During the Revolving Period, if the undrawn commitments are in excess of a certain portion (initially 50% and increasing to 75%) of the total commitment amount, reduced by the undrawn fee payable on such excess. The SPV Asset Facility III commitment amount, reduced by the undrawn fee payable on such excess. The SPV Asset Facility III contains covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing III, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility III is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing III and on any payments received by ORCC Financing III in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility III Lenders will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

Unsecured Notes

2023 Notes

On December 21, 2017, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement governing the issuance of \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes (the "2023 Notes") to institutional investors in a private placement. The issuance of \$138.5 million of the 2023 Notes occurred on December 21, 2017, and \$11.5 million of the 2023 Notes were issued in January 2018. The 2023 Notes have a fixed interest rate of 4.75% and are due on June 21, 2023. Interest on the 2023 Notes will be due semiannually. This interest rate is subject to increase (up to a maximum interest rate of 5.50%) in the event that, subject to certain exceptions, the 2023 Notes cease to have an investment grade rating. The Company is obligated to offer to repay the 2023 Notes at par if certain change in control events occur. The 2023 Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company.

The Note Purchase Agreement for the 2023 Notes contains customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company's status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Code, minimum shareholders equity, minimum asset coverage ratio and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at the Company or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of the Company or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The 2023 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The 2023 Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

In connection with the offering of the 2023 Notes, on December 21, 2017 the Company entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with its investment portfolio, which consists predominately of floating rate loans. The notional amount of the interest rate swap is \$150 million. The Company will receive fixed rate interest semi-annually at 4.75% and pay variable rate interest monthly based on 1-month LIBOR plus 2.545%. The interest rate swap matures on December 21, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company made periodic payments totaling \$6.8 million. Pursuant to ASC 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, the interest expense related to the 2023 Notes is offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Quertal of \$(1.6) million and is included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is equally offset by the change in fair value of the 2023 Notes.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company had the following outstanding commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
(\$ in thousands)			
Accela, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	\$ 3,284	\$ 4,245
AmSpec Services Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	12,084	_
Aramsco, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,820	—
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	37,226	—
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,543	—
Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	40,500	_
Brigham Minerals, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	23,000	—
Brigham Minerals, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,200	—
Carolina Beverage Group (fka Cold Spring Brewing Company)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,684	_
Cheese Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	111,740	_
Cheese Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	16,364	
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	7,155	_
CM7 Restaurant Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	2,003	
Covenant Surgical Partners, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	75,000	_
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	_	2,760
Discovery DJ Services, LLC (dba Discovery Midstream Partners)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	_	30,359
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,083	
Endries Acquisition, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	62,550	_
Endries Acquisition, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	20,250	
Galls, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,444	_
Galls, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	31,718	_
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	36,038	_
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services)	First lien senior secured multi-draw term loan	18,019	7,782
GC Agile Holdings Limited (dba Apex Fund Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10,386	1,946

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
(\$ in thousands)			
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	4,745	_
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procare Software)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,637	_
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	23,415	_
Hometown Food Company	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,235	_
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,254	3,857
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	15,532	_
KSLB Holdings, LLC (dba Sara Lee Frozen Bakery)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,800	_
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	19,348	_
Lightning Midco, LLC (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	13,362	_
LineStar Integrity Services LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	25,833	_
Lytx, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,033	2,013
Manna Development Group, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,469	_
Mavis Tire Express Services Corp.	Second lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	23,456	_
Motus, LLC and Runzheimer International LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5,481	_
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	220	646
PetVet Care Centers, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	_	4,981
Professional Plumbing Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,200	
QC Supply, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	14,078
QC Supply, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	497	2,981
SABA Software, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	4,950
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	12,931	
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	24,248	24,248
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,194	5,034
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,387	5,769
Troon Golf, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	14,426	14,426
TSB Purchaser, Inc. (dba Teaching Strategies, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,239	_
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5,082	—
Total Unfunded Portfolio Company Commitments		\$ 790,115	\$ 130,075

The Company maintains sufficient capacity to cover outstanding unfunded portfolio company commitments that the Company may be required to fund.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2018, the Company had \$5.5 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors (\$2.4 billion undrawn), of which \$112.4 million is from executives of the Adviser (\$47.9 million undrawn). These undrawn Capital Commitments will no longer remain in effect following the completion of an initial public offering of the Company's common stock.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had \$5.1 billion in total Capital Commitments from investors (\$3.7 billion undrawn), of which \$112.4 million is from executives of the Adviser (\$63.5 million undrawn). These undrawn Capital Commitments will no longer remain in effect following the completion of an initial public offering of the Company's common stock.

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. At December 31, 2018, management was not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

2023 Notes

As of December 31, 2017, \$11.5 million of the 2023 Notes remained outstanding, which were subsequently issued in January 2018.

Note 8. Net Assets

Subscriptions and Drawdowns

In connection with its formation, the Company has the authority to issue 500,000,000 common shares at \$0.01 per share par value.

On March 1, 2016, the Company issued 100 common shares for \$1,500 to the Adviser.

The Company has entered into subscription agreements (the "Subscription Agreements") with investors providing for the private placement of the Company's common shares. Under the terms of the Subscription Agreements, investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase the Company's common shares up to the amount of their respective Capital Commitment on an as-needed basis each time the Company delivers a drawdown notice to its investors.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company delivered the following capital call notices to investors:

Capital Drawdown Notice Date	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Aggregate Offering Price (\$ in millions)	
November 28, 2018	December 11, 2018	22,446,698	\$ 349.9	
September 21, 2018	October 4, 2018	9,803,922	150.0	
August 7, 2018	August 20, 2018	19,404,916	300.0	
July 24, 2018	August 6, 2018	9,733,940	150.0	
July 10, 2018	July 23, 2018	13,053,380	200.0	
June 14, 2018	June 27, 2018	12,901,364	200.0	
April 5, 2018	April 18, 2018	13,149,244	200.0	
March 5, 2018	March 16, 2018	11,347,030	175.0	
Total		\$ 111,840,494	\$ 1,724.9	

On January 30, 2019, the Company delivered a capital drawdown notice to its investors relating to the sale of approximately 29,411,765 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, expected to close on or about February 12, 2019, for an aggregate offering price of \$450.0 million.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company delivered the following capital call notices to investors:

Capital Drawdown Notice Date	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Offe	gregate ring Price millions)
November 1, 2017	November 15, 2017	11,527,619	\$	175.0
September 15, 2017	September 28, 2017	9,813,875		149.9
August 23, 2017	September 6, 2017	3,297,331		50.0
May 26, 2017	June 9, 2017	9,966,777		150.0
May 11, 2017	May 24, 2017	8,350,033		125.0
April 14, 2017	April 28, 2017	6,600,659		100.0
Total		49,556,294	\$	749.9

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company delivered the following capital call notices to investors:

Capital Drawdown Notice Date	Common Share Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares Issued	Offe	gregate ring Price millions)
December 13, 2016	December 27, 2016	13,457,603	\$	200.0
September 16, 2016	September 29, 2016	2,751,029		40.0
June 16, 2016	June 29, 2016	5,244,760		75.0
May 26, 2016	June 10, 2016	20,979,021		300.0
March 30, 2016	April 12, 2016	17,214		0.3
March 17, 2016	March 30, 2016	3,333,344		50.0
Total		45,782,971	\$	665.3

Distributions

On February 27, 2019, the Board declared a distribution of 90% of estimated first quarter taxable income and net capital gains, if any, for shareholders of record on March 31, 2019, payable on or before May 15, 2019.

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company's common stock during the year ended December 31, 2018:

		December 31, 2018				
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date		ribution Share		
November 6, 2018	December 31, 2018	January 31, 2019	\$	0.36		
August 7, 2018	September 30, 2018	November 15, 2018	\$	0.39		
June 22, 2018	June 30, 2018	August 15, 2018	\$	0.34		
March 2, 2018	March 31, 2018	April 30, 2018	\$	0.33		

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company's common stock during the year ended December 31, 2017:

		December 31, 2017				
Dete Dedaced				ribution		
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	рег	r Share		
November 7, 2017	December 31, 2017	January 31, 2018	\$	0.34		
November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017	November 14, 2017	\$	0.32		
August 8, 2017	August 8, 2017	August 15, 2017	\$	0.26		
May 9, 2017	May 9, 2017	May 15, 2017	\$	0.24		
March 7, 2017	March 7, 2017	March 15, 2017	\$	0.19		

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company's common stock during the year ended December 31, 2016:

		December 31, 2016		
				ribution
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	per	Share
November 8, 2016	November 15, 2016	November 30, 2016	\$	0.06

Dividend Reinvestment

With respect to distributions, the Company has adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for common shareholders. As a result, in the event of a declared distribution, each shareholder that has not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash distributions. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2018:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 7, 2018	September 30, 2018	November 15, 2018	2,323,165
June 22, 2018	June 30, 2018	August 15, 2018	1,539,516
March 2, 2018	March 31, 2018	April 30, 2018	1,310,272
November 7, 2017	December 31, 2017	January 31, 2018	1,231,796

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2017:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017	November 14, 2017	1,018,085
August 8, 2017	August 8, 2017	August 15, 2017	776,833
May 9, 2017	May 9, 2017	May 15, 2017	504,892
March 7, 2017	March 7, 2017	March 15, 2017	270,178

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2016:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 8, 2016	November 15, 2016	November 30, 2016	50,242

Repurchase Offers

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company did not make an offer to repurchase issued and outstanding shares.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company offered to repurchase up to \$50 million of issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$15.09 per share. The offer to repurchase commenced on March 15, 2017 and expired on April 11, 2017. No shares were repurchased in connection with the repurchase offer.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company did not make an offer to repurchase issued and outstanding shares.

Note 9. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

		Years Ended December 31,	
(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	2018	2017	2016
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 202,243	\$ 103,740	\$ 16,637
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding-			
basic and diluted	146,422,371	67,082,905	21,345,191
Earnings per common share-basic and diluted	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.55	\$ 0.78

Note 10. Income Taxes.

Taxable income generally differs from increase in net assets resulting from operations due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized.

The Company makes certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanentbook-to-tax differences, which include differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal taxes or losses among other items. To the extent these differences are permanent, they are charged or credited to additional paid in capital, or total distributable earnings (losses), as appropriate.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

The following reconciles the increase in net assets resulting from operations for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 to undistributed taxable income at December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively:

	Years	Ended Decembe	er 31,
(\$ in millions)	2018(1)	2017	2016
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$202.2	\$103.7	2016 \$16.6
Adjustments:			
Net unrealized (gain) loss on investments	\$ 43.6	\$ (9.2)	\$(7.6)
Other income (loss) for tax purposes, not book	10.4	3.2	_
Deferred organization costs	(0.1)	(0.1)	1.1
Other book-tax differences	1.7	1.1	1.0
Taxable Income	\$257.8	\$ 98.7	\$11.1

(1) Tax information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 is estimated and is not considered final until the Company files its tax return.

For the year ended December 31, 2018

Substantially all of the dividends declared during the year ended December 31, 2018 were derived from ordinary income, determined on a tax basis. Total distributions declared of \$232.1 million consisted of approximately \$231.9 million of ordinary income and \$0.2 million of long-term capital gains. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2018 the Company had \$28.8 million of undistributed ordinary income and \$3.8 million of undistributed capital gains on a tax basis. For the year ended December 31, 2018, 89.3% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company increased the total distributable earnings (losses) and decreased additional paid in capital. These permanent differences were principally related \$0.6 million of non-deductible offering costs and \$1.1 million attributable to U.S. federal excise taxes.

As of December 31, 2018, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$41.2 million based on a tax cost basis of \$5.8 billion. As of December 31, 2018, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$62.2 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gross unrealized gross was \$21.0 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2017

All distributions declared for the calendar year ended December 31, 2017 were characterized as ordinary income. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2017 the Company had \$6.9 million of undistributed ordinary income and \$0.2 million of undistributed capital gains on a tax basis. For the year ended December 31, 2017, 88.3% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company increased the total distributable earnings (losses) and decreased additional paid in capital. These permanent differences were principally related to \$0.9 million of recharacterization of prepayment penalties for tax purposes between ordinary income and capital gains, \$0.8 million of non-deductible offering costs and \$0.2 million attributable to U.S. federal excise taxes.

The tax cost of the Company's investments at December 31, 2017 approximates their amortized cost.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements-Continued

For the year ended December 31, 2016

All distributions declared for the calendar year ended December 31, 2016 were characterized as ordinary income. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2016 the Company had \$9.0 million of undistributed ordinary income on a tax basis. For the year ended December 31, 2016, 94.7% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, permanent differences were principally related to \$0.6 million ofnon-deductible offering costs and \$0.4 million attributable to U.S. federal excise taxes.

The tax cost of the Company's investments at December 31, 2016 approximates their amortized cost.

Note 11. Financial Highlights

The following are the financial highlights for a common share outstanding during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

	For the Years Ended December 31,					
(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	2018		2017		2016	
Per share data:						
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	15.03	\$	14.85	\$	_
Net investment income(1)		1.68		1.40		0.42
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		(0.19)		0.13		0.36
Total from operations		1.49	_	1.53		0.78
Issuance of common shares		_		_		14.13
Distributions declared from net investment income ⁽²⁾		(1.42)		(1.35)		(0.06)
Total increase in net assets		0.07		0.18		14.85
Net asset value, end of period	\$	15.10	\$	15.03	\$	14.85
Shares outstanding, end of period	216,2	204,837	97	959,595	4:	5,833,313
Total Return ⁽³⁾		10.2%		10.6%		$(0.6)^{\circ}$
Ratios / Supplemental Data(4)						
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾		6.4%		6.3%		6.5%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ⁽⁵⁾		10.9%		9.0%		2.9%
Net assets, end of period	\$ 3,2	264,845	\$ 1	,472,579	\$	680,525
Weighted-average shares outstanding	146,4	422,371	67.	082,905	2	1,345,191
Total capital commitments, end of period	\$ 5,4	471,160	\$ 5	,067,680	\$ 1	2,313,237
Ratio of total contributed capital to total committed capital,						
end of period		57.4%		27.9%		28.8%
Portfolio turnover rate		29.1%		30.8%		25.4%

(1) The per share data was derived using the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

(2) The per share data was derived using actual shares outstanding at the date of the relevant transaction.

(3) Total return is calculated as the change in net asset value ("NAV") per share during the period, plus distributions per share (assuming dividends and distributions, if any, are reinvested in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan), if any, divided by the beginning NAV per share.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Continued

- (4) Does not include expenses of investment companies in which the Company invests.
- (5) For the year ended December 31, 2016, the ratio reflects an annualized amount, except in the case ofton-recurring expenses (e.g. initial organization expenses), as the Company commenced operations on March 3, 2016.

Note 12. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

	For the three months ended					
	March 31,	June 30,	Sep	tember 30,	De	cember 31,
(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	2018	2018		2018		2018
Investment income	\$ 65,444	\$86,100	\$	110,485	\$	126,829
Net expenses	\$ 26,767	\$33,759	\$	38,877	\$	43,933
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 38,677	\$52,341	\$	71,608	\$	82,896
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	<u>\$ 5,599</u>	<u>\$(1,626</u>)	\$	718	\$	(47,970)
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 44,276	\$50,715	\$	72,326	\$	34,926
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 15.14	\$ 15.21	\$	15.27	\$	15.10
Earnings (losses) per share—basic and diluted	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.41	\$	0.44	\$	0.18

	For the three months ended					
	March 31,	June 30,	Sept	tember 30,	Dec	ember 31,
(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	2017	2017		2017		2017
Investment income	\$ 23,313	\$32,839	\$	47,354	\$	56,373
Net expenses	\$ 10,529	\$13,563	\$	18,979	\$	23,018
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 12,784	\$19,276	\$	28,375	\$	33,355
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 5,434	<u>\$ 776</u>	\$	(1,093)	\$	4,833
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 18,218	\$20,052	\$	27,282	\$	38,188
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 15.05	\$ 15.15	\$	15.27	\$	15.03
Earnings (losses) per share—basic and diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.35	\$	0.37	\$	0.41

	For the three months ended			
	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,
(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	2016	2016	2016	2016
Investment income	\$ —	\$ 629	\$ 10,726	\$ 17,449
Net expenses	\$ 2,319	\$ 3,226	\$ 5,156	\$ 9,097
Net investment income (loss)	\$ (2,319)	\$(2,597)	\$ 5,570	\$ 8,352
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 518</u>	<u>\$ 2,422</u>	<u>\$ 4,691</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ (2,319)	\$(2,079)	\$ 7,992	\$ 13,043
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 14.30	\$ 14.23	\$ 14.50	\$ 14.85
Earnings (losses) per share—basic and diluted	\$ (21.55)	\$ (0.25)	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.39

Note 13. Subsequent Events

The Company's management evaluated subsequent events through the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements. Other than those previously disclosed, there have been no subsequent events that occurred during such period that would require disclosure in, or would be required to be recognized in, these consolidated financial statements.



OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

% Notes due 20

PROSPECTUS

Joint Book-Running Managers

BofA Merrill Lynch Credit Suisse Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC RBC Capital Markets SOCIETE GENERALE SunTrust Robinson Humphrey Deutsche Bank Securities ING Wells Fargo Securities

, 2019

Owl Rock Capital Corporation PART C Other Information

Item 25. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(1) Financial Statements

The following financial statements of Owl Rock Capital Corporation are provided in Part A of this Registration Statement:

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of December 31, 2018, and 2017	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016	F-4
Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016	F-18
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016	F-19
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-20

(2) Exhibits

- (a) Articles of Amendment and Restatement, dated March 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
- (b) Bylaws, dated January 11, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form10-Q filed on April 11, 2016).
- (d)(1) Form of Subscription Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on March 3, 2016).
- (d)(2) Form of Indenture between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee.*
- (d)(3) <u>Statement of Eligibility of Trustee on Form T-1</u>.*
- (d)(4) Form of First Supplemental Indenture between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, including the form of global note attached thereto.*
- (e) Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan effective as of May 9, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 10, 2017)
- (g) Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated February 27, 2019, between the Company and the Adviser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019).
- (h) Form of Underwriting Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (d)(5) toPre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-225373) filed on June 25, 2018).

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- (j)(1) Custody Agreement by and between the Company and State Street Bank and Trust Company dated February 24, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
- (k)(1) Form of Indemnification Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
- (k)(2) Administration Agreement between the Company and the Adviser, dated March 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
- (k)(3) License Agreement between the Company and Owl Rock Capital Partners LP, dated March 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
- (k)(4) Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, dated August 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on August 10, 2016).
- (k)(5) Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated February 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 8, 2017).
- (k)(6) Lender Joinder Agreement between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated January 4, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 8, 2017).
- (k)(7) Lender Joinder Agreement between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated March 13, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 10, 2017).
- (k)(8) Sebago Lake LLC Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Regents of the University of California, dated June 20, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on June 22, 2017).
- (k)(9) First Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company, the lenders party thereto and SunTrust Bank, dated July 17, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's quarterly report on Form10-Q, filed on August 9, 2017).
- (k)(10) First Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and other lenders party thereto, dated November 2, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's quarterly report on Form10-Q, filed on November 8, 2017).
- (k)(11) Lender Agreement between the Company and PNC Bank, National Association, dated November 2, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 8, 2017).
- (k)(12) Lender Agreement between California Bank and Trust, dated December 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 4, 2017).
- (k)(13) Note Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and the purchasers party thereto, dated December 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 22, 2017).

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(k)(14)	Loan and Servicing Agreement, by and among the Company, as Transferor and Servicer, ORCC Financing LLC, as Borrower, Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc., as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as the Collateral Agent and the Account Bank, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian and the banks and financial institutions from time to time party thereto as Lenders, dated December 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 22, 2017).
(k)(15)	Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing LLC, dated as of December 21, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 22, 2017).
(k)(16)	Lender Joinder Agreement by and among Comerica, Wells Fargo and the Company, dated January 2, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on January 3, 2018).
(k)(17)	First Omnibus Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated March 29, 2018. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's quarterly report on Form10-Q, filed on May 8, 2018).
(k)(18)	Credit Agreement dated May 22, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2018).
(k)(19)	Sale and Contribution Agreement dated May 22, 2018, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Seller, and ORCC Financing II LLC, as Purchaser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2018).
(k)(20)	Third Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated June 21, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (k)(20) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-225373) filed on June 25, 2018).
(k)(21)	Amendment No. 1 to Loan and Servicing Agreement, by and among the Company, as Servicer, ORCC Financing LLC, as Borrower, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A., as a Lender, Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc., as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as the Collateral Agent and the Account Bank and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian, dated March 20, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 7, 2018).
(k)(22)	Amendment No. 2 to Loan and Servicing Agreement, by and among the Company, as Servicer, ORCC Financing LLC, as Borrower, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A., as a Lender, Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc., as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as the Collateral Agent and the Account Bank and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian, dated September 7, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 7, 2018).
(k)(23)	Amendment to Credit Agreement by and among ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, Various Lenders, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian, dated as of October 10, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 7, 2018).

(k)(24) Second Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and other lenders party thereto, dated October 9, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 7, 2018).

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(k)(25)	Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing III LLC, as Borrower, Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Equityholder and Services Provider, the Lenders from time to time parties thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, the other Agents parties thereto, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 19, 2018).		
(k)(26)	Sale and Contribution Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2018, by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and ORCC Financing III LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 19, 2018).		
(k)(27)	Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Document Custodian, and the lenders identified therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on December 21, 2018).		
(k)(29)	Third Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement, dated February 1,2019, between the Company, Wells Fargo, National Association and other lenders party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019).		
(k)(30)	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Limited Liability Operating Company Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2019, between the Company and Regents of the University of California (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019).		
(k)(31)	Waiver Agreement, dated February 27, 2019, between the Company and the Adviser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019).		
(l)	Opinion and Consent of Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (1) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-225373) filed on June 25, 2018).		
(n)(1)	Consent of KPMG LLP*		
(n)(2)	Report of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, with respect to the "Senior Securities" table.*		
(0)	Not applicable		
(p)	Not applicable		
(q)	Not applicable		
(r)	Code of Ethics of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (r) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-225373) filed on June 25, 2018)		
* Filed herewith.			

Item 26. Marketing Arrangements

The information contained under the heading "Underwriting" in this Registration Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 27. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

	Amount
U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee	\$ 37,350
Trustee fees and expenses(1)	35,000
Printing expenses(1)	75,000
Legal fees and expenses ⁽¹⁾	550,000
Accounting fees and expenses(1)	79,000
Miscellaneous(1)	73,650
Total(1)	850,000

(1) These amounts are estimates.

All of the expenses set forth above shall be borne by the Registrant.

Item 28. Persons Controlled by or Under Common Control

The information contained under the headings "The Company," "Management," "Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships" and "Control Persons and Principal Shareholders" in this Registration Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

On April 27, 2016, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On August 24, 2017, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, ORCC Financing LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On October 18, 2017, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR DH I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On March 20, 2018, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, ORCC Financing II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On May 8, 2018, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary, OR MH I LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On November 13, 2018, we formed OR HH LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

Item 29. Number of Holders of Securities

The following table sets forth the approximate number of record holders of our common stock as of March 15, 2019.

	Number of
Title of Class	Record Holders
Common Stock	5,964

Item 30. Indemnification

Section 2-418 of the Maryland General Corporation Law allows for the indemnification of officers, directors and any corporate agents in terms sufficiently broad to indemnify these persons under certain circumstances for liabilities, including reimbursement for expenses, incurred arising under the Securities Act. Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that we shall indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by law and this right to indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director or officer and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and personal and

legal representatives; provided, however, that, except for proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification, we are not obligated to indemnify any director or officer (or his or her heirs, executors or personal or legal representatives) in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by the person unless the proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized or consented to by the Board. The right to indemnification conferred includes the right to be paid by us the expenses incurred in defending or otherwise participating in any proceeding in advance of its final disposition.

So long as we are regulated under the 1940 Act, the above indemnification is limited by the 1940 Act or by any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder. The 1940 Act provides, among other things, that a company may not indemnify any director or officer against liability to it or its security holders to which he or she might otherwise be subject by reason of his or her willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office unless a determination is made by final decision of a court, by vote of a majority of a quorum of directors who are disinterested, non-party directors or by independent legal counsel that the liability for which indemnification is sought did not arise out of the foregoing conduct.

The Adviser and its affiliates (each, an "Indemnitee") are not liable to us for (i) mistakes of judgment or for action or inaction that such person reasonably believed to be in our best interests absent such Indemnitee's gross negligence, knowing and willful misconduct, or fraud or (ii) losses or expenses due to mistakes of judgment, action or inaction, or the negligence, dishonesty or bad faith of any broker or other agent of the Company who is not an affiliate of such Indemnitee, provided that such person was selected, engaged or retained without gross negligence, willful misconduct, or fraud.

We will indemnify each Indemnitee against any liabilities relating to the offering of our common stock or our business, operation, administration or termination, if the Indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner it believed to be in, or not opposed to, our interests and except to the extent arising out of the Indemnitee's gross negligence, fraud or knowing and willful misconduct. We may pay the expenses incurred by the Indemnitee in defending an actual or threatened civil or criminal action in advance of the final disposition of such action, provided the Indemnitee agrees to repay those expenses if found by adjudication not to be entitled to indemnification.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Insofar as indemnification for liability arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by us of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by us is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

Item 31. Business and Other Connections of Investment Advisor.

A description of any other business, profession, vocation or employment of a substantial nature in which the Adviser, and each managing director, director or executive officer of the Adviser, is or has been during the past two fiscal years, engaged in for his or her own account or in the capacity of director, officer, employee, partner or trustee, is set forth in this Registration Statement in the sections entitled "The Company," "Management" and

"Management and Other Agreements." Additional information regarding the Adviser and its officers is set forth in its Form ADV, filed with the SEC (SEC File No. 801-107232), and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 32. Location of Accounts and Records.

All accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the 1940 Act, and the rules thereunder are maintained at the offices of:

- (1) The Registrant, 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, New York 10022;
- (2) The custodian and transfer agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, State Street Financial Center, One Lincoln Street, Boston, MA 02111-2900; and
- (3) The Adviser, 399 Park Avenue, 38th floor, New York, New York 10022.

Item 33. Management Services

Not Applicable.

Item 34. Undertakings

(1) We undertake to suspend the offering of shares until the prospectus is amended if (1) subsequent to the effective date of its registration statement, the net asset value declines more than 10% from its net asset value as of the effective date of the registration statement; or (2) the net asset value increases to an amount greater than the net proceeds as stated in the prospectus.

- (2) Not applicable.
- (3) Not applicable.
- (4) Not applicable.
- (5) We undertake that:
 - (a) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by us pursuant to Rule 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
 - (b) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (6) Not applicable.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused thisPre-Effective Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form N-2 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of New York, and the State of New York on the 2nd day of April, 2019.

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

By: /s/ Alan Kirshenbaum

Name: Alan Kirshenbaum Title: Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated on April 2, 2019.

Name	Title
*	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director
Craig Packer	
/s/ Alan Kirshenbaum	Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director
Alan Kirshenbaum	
*	Director
Douglas I. Ostrover	
*	Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors
Edward D'Alelio	
*	Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee
Christopher M. Temple	
*	Director and Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee
Eric Kaye	
*	Director
Brian Finn	

* Signed by Alan Kirshenbaum pursuant to a power of attorney signed by each individual and filed with this Registration Statement on June 1, 2018.

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Company)

and

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Trustee)

Indenture

Dated as of [•], 2019

Providing for the Issuance

of

Debt Securities

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OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

Reconciliation and tie between Trust Indenture Act of 1939 and Indenture, dated as of [•], 2019

Trust Ind Act Section		Indenture Section
§310	(a)(1)	6.07
	(a)(2)	6.07
	(a)(5)	6.07
	(b)	6.08
§311		6.13
§312	(c)	7.01
§313		7.03
§314	(a)	7.04
	(a)(4)	10.05
	(c)(1)	1.02
	(c)(2)	1.02
	(e)	1.02
§315	(a)	6.01
	(b)	6.01
	(c)	6.01
	(d)	6.01
	(e)	5.15
§316	(a) (last sentence)	1.01 ("Outstanding")
	(a)(1)(A)	5.02, 5.12
	(a)(1)(B)	5.13
	(b)	5.08
§317	(a)(1)	5.03
	(a)(2)	5.04
	(b)	10.03
§318	(a)	1.12
	(c)	1.12

NOTE: This reconciliation and tie shall not, for any purpose, be deemed to be a part of the Indenture.

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This INDENTURE, dated as of [•], 2019, is between OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION, a Maryland corporation (the "Company", as more fully set forth in Section 1.01), and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, a national banking association, as Trustee (as trustee in such capacity and not in its individual capacity, the "Trustee", as more fully set forth in Section 1.01).

RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

WHEREAS, the Company deems it necessary to issue from time to time for its lawful purposes debt securities (hereinafter called the "Securities") evidencing its secured or unsecured indebtedness, which may or may not be convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company), and has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture to provide for the issuance from time to time of the Securities, to be issued in one or more series, unlimited as to principal amount, to bear such rates of interest, to mature at such times and to have such other provisions as shall be fixed as hereinafter provided;

WHEREAS, this Indenture (as defined herein) is subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act (as defined herein) that are required to be part of this Indenture and shall, to the extent applicable, be governed by such provisions; and

WHEREAS, all things necessary to make this Indenture a valid and legally binding agreement of, and enforceable against, the Company, in accordance with its terms, have been done.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the premises and the purchase of the Securities by the Holders (as defined herein) thereof, it is mutually covenanted and agreed, for the benefit of each other and for the equal and proportionate benefit of all Holders of the Securities, or of a series thereof, as follows:

ARTICLE ONE DEFINITIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

Section 1.01. Definitions.

For all purposes of this Indenture, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) the terms defined in this Article have the meanings assigned to them in this Article, and include the plural as well as the singular and, pursuant to Section 3.01, any such item may, with respect to any particular series of Securities, be amended or modified or specified as being inapplicable;

(b) all other terms used herein which are defined in the Trust Indenture Act, either directly or by reference therein, have the meanings assigned to them therein, and the terms "cash transaction" and "self-liquidating paper", as used in Section 311 of the Trust Indenture Act, shall have the meanings assigned to them in the rules of the Commission (as defined herein) adopted under the Trust Indenture Act;

(c) all accounting terms not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America;

(d) the words "herein", "hereof" and "hereunder" and other words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision;

(e) "or" is not exclusive;

(f) provisions apply to successive events and transactions; and

(g) references to sections of or rules under the Exchange Act shall be deemed to include substitute, replacement or successor sections or rules adopted by the Commission from time to time.

Certain terms, used in other Articles herein are defined in those Articles.

"Act", when used with respect to any Holder of a Security, has the meaning specified in Section 1.04.

"Additional Amounts" means any additional amounts that are required by a Security or by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, under circumstances specified therein, to be paid by the Company in respect of certain taxes imposed on certain Holders and that are owing to such Holders.

"Affiliate" of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

"Agent" means any Registrar, Paying Agent, Authenticating Agent, or Depositary Custodian.

"Applicable Procedures" means, with respect to any matter at any time relating to a Global Note, the rules, policies and procedures of the Depositary applicable to such matter

"Authenticating Agent" means the Trustee or any authenticating agent appointed by the Trustee pursuant to Section 6.12 to act on behalf of the Trustee to authenticate Securities of one or more series.

"<u>Authorized Newspaper</u>" means a newspaper, in the English language or in an official language of the country of publication, customarily published on each Business Day, whether or not published on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays, and of general circulation in each place in

connection with which the term is used or in the financial community of each such place. Where successive publications are required to be made in Authorized Newspapers, the successive publications may be made in the same or in different newspapers in the same city meeting the foregoing requirements and in each case on any Business Day.

"Bankruptcy Law" has the meaning specified in Section 5.01.

"Board of Directors" means the board of directors of the Company or any committee of that board duly authorized to act hereunder.

"Board Resolution" means a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification, and delivered to the Trustee.

"Business Day", when used with respect to any Place of Payment or any other particular location referred to in this Indenture or in the Securities, means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which the Corporate Trust Office or banking institutions in that Place of Payment or particular location are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"<u>Commission</u>" means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Exchange Act, or, if at any time after execution of this instrument such Commission is not existing and performing the duties now assigned to it under the Trust Indenture Act, then the body performing such duties on such date.

"Company" means the Person named as the "Company" in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor Person shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter "Company" shall mean such successor corporation.

"<u>Company Request</u>" and "<u>Company Order</u>" mean, respectively, a written request or order signed in the name of the Company by the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Chief Operating Officer and by the Chief Compliance Officer, any Vice President, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company, and delivered to the Trustee.

"Component Currency" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"Conversion Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(d).

"<u>Conversion Event</u>" means the cessation of use of (i) a Foreign Currency both by the government of the country which issued such currency and for the settlement of transactions by a central bank or other public institutions of or within the international banking community, (ii) the ECU both within the European Monetary System and for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the European Communities or (iii) any currency unit (or composite currency) other than the ECU for the purposes for which it was established.

"<u>Corporate Trust Office</u>" means the office of the Trustee at which, at any particular time, its corporate trust business in respect of this Indenture shall be administered, which office at the date hereof is located at 150 East 42nd Street, 40th Floor, New York, NY 10017, Attention: Corporate Trust Services, and for Agent services such office shall also mean the office or agency of the Trustee located at Corporate Trust Operations, MAC N9300-070, 600 South Fourth Street, Seventh Floor, Minneapolis, MN 55415, or the principal corporate trust office of any successor Trustee (or such other address as such successor Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company) or if at any time there is more than one Trustee, means the Corporate Trust Office of any such other Trustee with respect to the Securities of the applicable series.

"corporation" includes corporations, associations, companies and business trusts.

"<u>Currency</u>" means any currency or currencies, composite currency or currency unit or currency units, including, without limitation, the ECU, issued by the government of one or more countries or by any reorganized confederation or association of such governments.

"Default" means any event that is, or after notice or passage of time or both would be, an Event of Default.

"Defaulted Interest" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(a).

"Depositary" means, with respect to each global Security, the Person specified in Section 3.03 as the Depositary with respect to such Securities, until a successor shall have been appointed and become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter, "Depositary" shall mean or include such successor.

"Depositary Custodian" means the Trustee as custodian with respect to the Global Notes or any successor entity thereto.

"Dollar" or "<u>\$</u>" means a dollar or other equivalent unit in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

"ECU" means the European Currency Unit as defined and revised from time to time by the Council of the European Communities.

"Election Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"European Communities" means the European Union, the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Atomic Energy Community.

"European Monetary System" means the European Monetary System established by the Resolution of December 5, 1978 of the Council of the European Communities.

"Event of Default" has the meaning specified in Section 5.01.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated by the Commission thereunder and any statute successor thereto, in each case as amended from time to time.

"Exchange Rate Agent", with respect to Securities of or within any series, means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, a New York Clearing House bank designated pursuant to Section 3.01 or Section 3.13.

"Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate" means a certificate setting forth (i) the applicable Market Exchange Rate or the applicable bid quotation and (ii) the Dollar or Foreign Currency amounts of principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any (on an aggregate basis and on the basis of a Security having the lowest denomination principal amount determined in accordance with Section 3.02 in the relevant Currency), payable with respect to a Security of any series on the basis of such Market Exchange Rate or the applicable bid quotation signed by the Chief Financial Officer or any President or Vice President of the Company.

"Extension Notice" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Extension Period" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Final Maturity" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Foreign Currency" means any Currency, including, without limitation, the ECU issued by the government of one or more countries other than the United States of America or by any recognized confederation or association of such governments.

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the opinions and pronouncements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and the statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as have been approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession in the United States, which are in effect from time to time.

"Government Obligations" means securities that are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America or the government which issued the Foreign Currency in which the Securities of a particular series are payable, for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or such government that issued the Foreign Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable, the timely payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States of America or such other government, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and shall also include a depository receipt issued by a bank or trust company as custodian with respect to any such Government Obligation or a specific payment of interest on or principal of any such Government Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of a depository receipt; provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Government Obligation or the specific payment of interest on or principal of the Government Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt.

"Holder" means, in the case of a Registered Security, the Person in whose name a Security is registered in the Security Register.

"Indenture" means this instrument as originally executed or as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into pursuant to the applicable provisions hereof, and shall include the terms of particular series of Securities established as contemplated by Section 3.01; provided, however, that, if at any time more than one Person is acting as Trustee under this instrument, "Indenture" shall mean, with respect to any one or more series of Securities for which such Person is Trustee, this instrument as originally executed or as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into pursuant to the applicable provisions hereof and shall include the terms of the or those particular series of Securities for which such Person is Trustee established as contemplated by Section 3.01, exclusive, however, of any provisions or terms that relate solely to other series of Securities for which such Person is not Trustee, regardless of when such terms or provisions were adopted, and exclusive of any provisions or terms adopted by means of one or more indentures supplemental hereto executed and delivered after such Person had become such Trustee but to which such Person, as such Trustee, was not a party.

"Indexed Security" means a Security as to which all or certain interest payments and/or the principal amount payable at Maturity are determined by reference to prices, changes in prices, or differences between prices, of securities, Currencies, intangibles, goods, articles or commodities or by such other objective price, economic or other measures as are specified in Section 3.01 hereof.

"Interest", when used with respect to an Original Issue Discount Security which by its terms bears interest only after Maturity, means interest payable after Maturity, and, when used with respect to a Security which provides for the payment of Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 10.04, includes such Additional Amounts.

"Interest Payment Date", when used with respect to any Security, means the Stated Maturity of an installment of interest on such Security.

"Investment Company Act" means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules, regulations and interpretations promulgated thereunder, to the extent applicable, and any statute successor thereto.

"Junior Subordinated Security" or "Junior Subordinated Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Junior Subordinated Security.

"Junior Subordinated Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on (a) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, which in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness ranks

junior in right of payment to the Company's Senior Indebtedness and Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and equally and *pari passu* in right of payment to any other Junior Subordinated Indebtedness, (b) Junior Subordinated Securities, and (c) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.

"Market Exchange Rate" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, (i) for any conversion involving a currency unit on the one hand and Dollars or any Foreign Currency on the other, the exchange rate between the relevant currency unit and Dollars or such Foreign Currency calculated by the method specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of the relevant series. (ii) for any conversion of Dollars into any Foreign Currency, the noon buying rate for such Foreign Currency for cable transfers quoted in New York City as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and (iii) for any conversion of one Foreign Currency into Dollars or another Foreign Currency, the spot rate at noon local time in the relevant market at which, in accordance with normal banking procedures, the Dollars or Foreign Currency into which conversion is being made could be purchased with the Foreign Currency from which conversion is being made from major banks located in either New York City, London or any other principal market for Dollars or such purchased Foreign Currency, in each case determined by the Exchange Rate Agent. Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, in the event of the unavailability of any of the exchange rates provided for in the foregoing clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), the Exchange Rate Agent shall use, in its sole discretion and without liability on its part, such quotation of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as of the most recent available date, or quotations from one or more major banks in New York City, London or other principal market for such currency or currency unit in question, or such other quotations as the Exchange Rate Agent shall deem appropriate. Unless otherwise specified by the Exchange Rate Agent, if there is more than one market for dealing in any currency or currency unit by reason of foreign exchange regulations or otherwise, the market to be used in respect of such currency or currency unit shall be that upon which a nonresident issuer of securities designated in such currency or currency unit would purchase such currency or currency unit in order to make payments in respect of such securities as determined by the Exchange Rate Agent, in its sole discretion.

"<u>Maturity</u>", when used with respect to any Security, means the date on which the principal of such Security or an installment of principal becomes due and payable as therein or herein provided, whether at the Stated Maturity or by declaration of acceleration, notice of redemption, notice of option to elect repayment, notice of exchange or conversion or otherwise.

"Notice of Default" has the meaning provided in Section 5.01.

"Officers' Certificate" means a certificate signed by the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Chief Operating Officer and by the Chief Compliance Officer, any Vice President, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company, and delivered to the Trustee.

"Opinion of Counsel" means a written opinion of counsel, who may be counsel for the Company or who may be an employee of the Company or other counsel acceptable to the Trustee.

"Optional Reset Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).

"Original Issue Discount Security" means any Security that provides for an amount less than the principal amount thereof to be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02.

"Original Stated Maturity" has the meaning specified in Section 3.08.

"Outstanding", when used with respect to Securities or any series of Securities, means, as of the date of determination, all Securities or all Securities of such series, as the case may be, theretofore authenticated and delivered under this Indenture, <u>except</u>:

(i) Securities theretofore cancelled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation;

(ii) Securities, or portions thereof, for whose payment or redemption or repayment at the option of the Holder money in the necessary amount has been theretofore deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent (other than the Company) in trust or set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent) for the Holders of such Securities, <u>provided</u> that, if such Securities are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption has been duly given pursuant to this Indenture or provision therefor satisfactory to the Trustee has been made;

(iii) Securities, except to the extent provided in Sections 14.02 and 14.03, with respect to which the Company has effected defeasance and/or covenant defeasance as provided in Article Fourteen; and

(iv) Securities that have been paid pursuant to Section 3.06 or in exchange for or in lieu of which other Securities have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to this Indenture, other than any such Securities in respect of which there shall have been presented to the Trustee proof satisfactory to it that such Securities are held by a protected purchaser in whose hands such Securities are valid obligations of the Company;

provided, however, that in determining whether the Holders of the requisite principal amount of the Outstanding Securities have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver hereunder or are present at a meeting of Holders for quorum purposes, and for the purpose of making the calculations required by TIA Section 313, (i) the principal amount of an Original Issue Discount Security that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed to be Outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the amount of principal thereof that would be (or shall have been declared to be) due and payable, at the time of such determination, upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, (ii) the principal amount of any Security denominated in a Foreign Currency that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed Outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the Trustee, of the date such Security is originally issued by the Company as set forth in an Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate delivered to the Trustee, of the principal amount (or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security or Indexed Security, the Dollar equivalent as of such date of original issuance of the amount determined as provided in clause (i) above or (iii) below,

respectively) of such Security, (iii) the principal amount of any Indexed Security that may be counted in making such determination or calculation and that shall be deemed outstanding for such purpose shall be equal to the principal face amount of such Indexed Security at original issuance, unless otherwise provided with respect to such Security pursuant to Section 3.01, and (iv) Securities owned by the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor shall be disregarded and deemed not to be Outstanding, except that, in determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in making such calculation or in relying upon any such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver or upon any such determination as to the presence of a quorum, only Securities which a Responsible Officer of the Trustee actually knows to be so owned shall be so disregarded. Securities so owned which have been pledged in good faith may be regarded as Outstanding if the pledgee establishes to the satisfaction of the Trustee the pledgee's right so to act with respect to such Securities and that the pledgee is not the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor.

"Paying Agent" means any Person authorized by the Company to pay the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Securities on behalf of the Company.

"Permitted Junior Securities", has the meaning specified in Section 16.02.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, limited liability company, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or any other entity.

"Place of Payment", when used with respect to the Securities of or within any series, means the place or places where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such Securities are payable as specified and as contemplated by Sections 3.01 and 10.02.

"<u>Predecessor Security</u>" of any particular Security means every previous Security evidencing all or a portion of the same debt as that evidenced by such particular Security; and, for the purposes of this definition, any Security authenticated and delivered under Section 3.06 in exchange for or in lieu of a mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall be deemed to evidence the same debt as the mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security.

"Redemption Date", when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, in whole or in part, means the date fixed for such redemption by or pursuant to this Indenture.

"<u>Redemption Price</u>", when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, means the price at which it is to be redeemed pursuant to this Indenture.

"Registered Security" means any Security that is registered in the Security Register.

"Regular Record Date" for the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date on the Registered Securities of or within any series means the date specified for that purpose as contemplated by Section 3.01, whether or not a Business Day.

"Repayment Date" means, when used with respect to any Security to be repaid at the option of the Holder, means the date fixed for such repayment by or pursuant to this Indenture.

"<u>Repayment Price</u>" means, when used with respect to any Security to be repaid at the option of the Holder, means the price at which it is to be repaid by or pursuant to this Indenture.

"Reset Notice" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).

"Responsible Officer", when used with respect to the Trustee, means any officer of the Trustee assigned by the Trustee to administer its corporate trust matters and who shall have direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture.

"Security" or "Securities" has the meaning stated in the first recital of this Indenture and, more particularly, means any Security or Securities authenticated and delivered under this Indenture; provided, however, that, if at any time there is more than one Person acting as Trustee under this Indenture, "Securities" with respect to the Indenture as to which such Person is Trustee shall have the meaning stated in the first recital of this Indenture and shall more particularly mean Securities authenticated and delivered under this Indenture, exclusive, however, of Securities of any series as to which such Person is not Trustee.

"Security Register" and "Security Registrar" have the respective meanings specified in Section 3.05.

"Senior Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on (a) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, unless in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or under which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness is not senior or prior in right of payment to Subordinated Indebtedness, (b) Senior Securities, and (c) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.

"Senior Security" or "Senior Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Senior Security.

"Senior Subordinated Indebtedness" means the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on (a) indebtedness of the Company (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by the Company), whether outstanding on the date hereof or thereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, that in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding it is provided that such indebtedness ranks junior in right of payment to the Company's Senior Indebtedness, equally and *pari passu* in right of payment with all other Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any Junior Subordinated Indebtedness, (b) Senior Subordinated Securities, and (c) renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any such indebtedness.

"Senior Subordinated Security" or "Senior Subordinated Securities" means any Security or Securities designated pursuant to Section 3.01 as a Senior Subordinated Security.

"Special Record Date" for the payment of any Defaulted Interest on the Registered Securities of or within any series means a date fixed by the Trustee pursuant to Section 3.07.

"Specified Amount" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(h).

"<u>Stated Maturity</u>", when used with respect to any Security or any installment of principal thereof or interest thereon, means the date specified in such Security as the fixed date on which the principal of such Security or such installment of principal or interest is due and payable, as such date may be extended pursuant to the provisions of Section 3.08.

"Subordinated Indebtedness" means any Senior Subordinated Indebtedness or Junior Subordinated Indebtedness.

"Subordinated Security" or "Subordinated Securities" means any Senior Subordinated Security or Junior Subordinated Security.

"Subsequent Interest Period" has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b).

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other business entity of which a majority of the outstanding shares or other interests having voting power is at the time directly or indirectly owned or controlled by such Person or one or more of the Subsidiaries of such Person. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to Subsidiary or Subsidiaries under this Indenture shall refer to Subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, for purposes of this definition, "Subsidiary" shall exclude any investments held by the Company in the ordinary course of business which are not, under GAAP, consolidated on the financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

"Trust Indenture Act" or "TIA" means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as in force at the date as of which this Indenture was executed, except as provided in Section 9.05.

"Trustee" means the Person named as the "Trustee" in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor Trustee shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter "Trustee" shall mean or include each Person who is then a Trustee hereunder; provided, however, that if at any time there is more than one such Person, "Trustee" as used with respect to the Securities of any series shall mean only the Trustee with respect to Securities of that series.

"<u>United States</u>" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, the United States of America (including the states and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and other areas subject to its jurisdiction.

"United States person" means, unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, any individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia (other than a partnership that is not treated as a United States Person under any applicable Treasury regulations), any estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source, or any trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, to the extent provided in the Treasury regulations, certain trusts in existence on August 20, 1996, and treated as United States persons, will also be United States persons.

"Valuation Date" has the meaning specified in Section 3.12(c).

"<u>Vield to Maturity</u>" means the yield to maturity, computed at the time of issuance of a Security (or, if applicable, at the most recent redetermination of interest on such Security) and as set forth in such Security in accordance with generally accepted United States bond yield computation principles.

Section 1.02. Compliance Certificates and Opinions.

Upon any application or request by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under any provision of this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that all conditions precedent, if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with and an Opinion of Counsel stating that in the opinion of such counsel all such conditions precedent, if any, have been complied with, except that in the case of any such application or request as to which the furnishing of such documents is specifically required by any provision of this Indenture relating to such particular application or request, no additional certificate or opinion need be furnished.

Every certificate or opinion with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant provided for in this Indenture (other than pursuant to Section 10.05) shall include:

(a) a statement that each individual signing such certificate or opinion has read such condition or covenant and the definitions herein relating thereto;

(b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such certificate or opinion are based;

(c) a statement that such individual signing the certificate or opinion has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable such individual to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such condition or covenant has been complied with; and

(d) a statement as to whether, in the opinion of such individual, such condition or covenant has been complied with.

Section 1.03. Form of Documents Delivered to Trustee.

In any case where several matters are required to be certified by, or covered by an opinion of, any specified Person, it is not necessary that all such matters be certified by, or covered by the opinion of, only one such Person, or that they be so certified or covered by only one document, but one such Person may certify or give an opinion as to some matters and one or more other such Persons as to other matters, and any such Person may certify or give an opinion as to such matters in one or several documents.

Any certificate or opinion of an officer of the Company may be based, insofar as it relates to legal matters, upon an Opinion of Counsel, or a certificate or representations by counsel, unless such officer knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the opinion, certificate or representations with respect to the matters upon which his certificate or opinion is based are erroneous. Any such Opinion of Counsel or certificate or representations may be

based, insofar as it relates to factual matters, upon a certificate or opinion of, or representations by, an officer or officers of the Company stating that the information as to such factual matters is in the possession of the Company, unless such counsel knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the certificate or opinion or representations as to such matters are erroneous.

Where any Person is required to make, give or execute two or more applications, requests, consents, certificates, statements, opinions or other instruments under this Indenture, they may, but need not, be consolidated and form one instrument.

Section 1.04. Acts of Holders.

(a) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be given or taken by Holders of the Outstanding Securities of all series or one or more series, as the case may be, may be embodied in and evidenced by one or more instruments of substantially similar tenor signed by such Holders in person or by agents duly appointed in writing. Except as herein otherwise expressly provided, such action shall become effective when such instrument or instruments or record or both are delivered to the Trustee and, where it is hereby expressly required, to the Company. Such instrument or instruments and any such record (and the action embodied therein and evidenced thereby) are herein sometimes referred to as the "Act" of the Holders signing such instrument or instruments or so voting at any such meeting. Proof of execution of any such instrument or of a writing appointing any such agent, or of the holding by any Person of a Security, shall be sufficient for any purpose of this Indenture and conclusive in favor of the Trustee and the Company and any agent of the Trustee or the Company, if made in the manner provided in this Section. The record of any meeting of Holders of Securities shall be proved in the manner provided in Section 15.06.

(b) The fact and date of the execution by any Person of any such instrument or writing may be proved by the affidavit of a witness of such execution or by a certificate of a notary public or other officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments of deeds, certifying that the individual signing such instrument or writing acknowledged to him or her the execution thereof. Where such execution is by a signer acting in a capacity other than his individual capacity, such certificate or affidavit shall also constitute sufficient proof of his authority. The fact and date of the execution of any such instrument or writing, or the authority of the Person executing the same, may also be proved in any other manner that the Trustee deems reasonably sufficient.

(c) The ownership of Registered Securities shall be proved by the Security Register.

(d) If the Company shall solicit from the Holders of Registered Securities any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, the Company may, at its option, in or pursuant to a Board Resolution, fix in advance a record date for the determination of Holders entitled to give such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, but the Company shall have no obligation to do so. Notwithstanding TIA Section 316(c), such record date shall be the record date specified in or pursuant to such Board Resolution, which shall be a date not earlier than the date 30 days prior to the first solicitation of Holders generally in connection therewith and not later than the date such

solicitation is completed. If such a record date is fixed, such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act may be given before or after such record date, but only the Holders of record at the close of business on such record date shall be deemed to be Holders for the purposes of determining whether Holders of the requisite proportion of Outstanding Securities have authorized or agreed or consented to such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act, and for that purpose the Outstanding Securities shall be computed as of such record date; <u>provided</u> that no such authorization, agreement or consent by the Holders on such record date shall be deemed effective unless it shall become effective pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture not later than eleven months after the record date.

(e) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other Act of the Holder of any Security shall bind every future Holder of the same Security and the Holder of every Security issued upon the registration of transfer thereof or in exchange therefor or in lieu thereof in respect of anything done, omitted or suffered to be done by the Trustee, any Security Registrar, any Paying Agent, any Authenticating Agent or the Company in reliance thereon, whether or not notation of such action is made upon such Security.

Section 1.05. Notices, Etc., to Trustee and Company.

Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or Act of Holders or other document provided or permitted by this Indenture to be made upon, given or furnished to, or filed with,

(i) the Trustee by any Holder or by the Company shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder if in writing and sent, first-class postage prepaid, or sent via overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery, or same day messenger service or by electronic mail (in PDF) to the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office, Attention: Administrator for Owl Rock Capital Corporation, or

(ii) the Company by the Trustee or by any Holder shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and sent, first-class postage prepaid, or sent via overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery, or same day messenger service or by electronic mail (in PDF) to the Company, to the attention of , at 399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor, New York, New York 10022,

The Company or the Trustee, by notice to the other, may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

All notices and communications (other than those sent to Holders) shall be deemed to have been duly given: (i) at the time delivered by hand, if personally delivered; (ii) when return receipt is delivered, if delivered by electronic mail; (iii) five Business Days after being deposited in the mail, postage prepaid; and (iv) the next Business Day after timely delivery to the courier, if sent by overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery. Notice to the Trustee shall be effective only if such receipt is acknowledged.

Whenever under this Indenture the Trustee or the Company is required to provide any notice by mail, in all cases each of the Trustee and the Company may alternatively provide notice by overnight courier, by facsimile, with confirmation of transmission, or by electronic mail, with return receipt requested.

Section 1.06. Notice to Holders; Waiver.

Where this Indenture provides for notice of any event to Holders of Registered Securities by the Company or the Trustee, such notice shall be sufficiently given (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid, by overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery, by facsimile or by electronic mail to each such Holder affected by such event, at his address, facsimile number or email address as it appears in the Security Register, not later than the latest date, and not earlier than the earliest date, prescribed for the giving of such notice. Any notice or communication shall also be so delivered to any Person described in TIA Section 313(c), to the extent required by the TIA. In any case where notice to Holders of Registered Securities is given as provided herein, neither the failure to send such notice, nor any defect in any notice so sent, to any particular Holder shall affect the sufficiency of such notice with respect to other Holders of Registered Securities. Any notice mailed or sent to a Holder in the manner herein prescribed shall be conclusively deemed to have been received by such Holder, whether or not such Holder actually receives such notice. In the case of a global Security, notices shall be given in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depositary. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or any Note, where this Indenture or any Note provides for notice of any event (including any notice of redemption or repurchase) to a Holder of a global Security (whether by mail or otherwise), such notice shall be sufficiently given if given to the Depositary (or its designee) pursuant to the standing instructions from the Depositary or its designee, including by electronic mail in accordance with Applicable Procedures.

If by reason of the suspension of or irregularities in regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice by mail, then such notification to Holders of Registered Securities as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient notification to such Holders for every purpose hereunder.

Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver required or permitted under this Indenture shall be in the English language, except that any published notice may be in an official language of the country of publication.

Where this Indenture provides for notice in any manner, such notice may be waived in writing by the Person entitled to receive such notice, either before or after the event, and such waiver shall be the equivalent of such notice. Waivers of notice by Holders shall be filed with the Trustee, but such filing shall not be a condition precedent to the validity of any action taken in reliance upon such waiver.

Section 1.07. Conflict with Trust Indenture Act.

If any provision of this Indenture limits, qualifies or conflicts with a provision of the Trust Indenture Act that is required under the Trust Indenture Act to be a part of and govern this Indenture, the provision of the Trust Indenture Act shall control. If any provision of this Indenture modifies or excludes any provision of the Trust Indenture Act that may be so modified or excluded, the provision of the Trust Indenture Act shall be deemed to apply to this Indenture as so modified or only to the extent not so excluded, as the case may be.

Section 1.08. Effect of Headings and Table of Contents.

The Article and Section headings herein, the TIA cross-reference table, and the Table of Contents are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

Section 1.09. Successors and Assigns.

All covenants and agreements in this Indenture by the Company shall bind its successors and assigns, whether so expressed or not.

Section 1.10. Separability Clause.

In case any provision in this Indenture or in any Security shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 1.11. Benefits of Indenture.

Nothing in this Indenture or in the Securities, express or implied, shall give to any Person, other than the parties hereto, any Security Registrar, any Depositary Custodian, any Paying Agent, any Authenticating Agent and their successors hereunder and the Holders any benefit or any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Indenture.

Section 1.12. Governing Law.

This Indenture and the Securities shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New York without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would cause the application of laws of another jurisdiction. This Indenture is subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act that are required to be part of this Indenture and shall, to the extent applicable, be governed by such provisions.

Section 1.13. Legal Holidays.

In any case where any Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date, sinking fund payment date, Stated Maturity or Maturity of any Security shall not be a Business Day at any Place of Payment, then (notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or any Security other than a provision in the Securities of any series which specifically states that such provision shall apply in lieu of this Section), payment of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, need not be made at such Place of Payment on such date, but may be made on the

next succeeding Business Day at such Place of Payment with the same force and effect as if made on the Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date or sinking fund payment date, or at the Stated Maturity or Maturity; <u>provided</u> that no interest shall accrue on the amount so payable for the period from and after such Interest Payment Date, Redemption Date, Repayment Date, sinking fund payment date, Stated Maturity or Maturity, as the case may be.

Section 1.14. Submission to Jurisdiction.

The Company hereby irrevocably submits to thenon-exclusive jurisdiction of any New York state or federal court sitting in The City of New York, New York County in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Indenture and the Securities of any series, and the Company hereby irrevocably agrees that all claims in respect of such action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such New York state or federal court. The Company hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent it may effectively do so, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding.

Section 1.15. Waiver of Jury Trial.

EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE, THE SECURITIES OR THE TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

Section 1.16. U.S.A. Patriot Act.

The parties hereto acknowledge that in accordance with Section 326 of the U.S.A. Patriot Act, the Trustee, like all financial institutions and in order to help fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering, is required to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person or legal entity that establishes a relationship or opens an account with the Trustee. The parties to this Indenture agree that they will provide the Trustee with such information as it may request in order for the Trustee to satisfy the requirements of the U.S.A. Patriot Act.

ARTICLE TWO

SECURITIES FORMS

Section 2.01. Forms of Securities.

The Registered Securities of each series, the temporary global Securities of each series, if any, and the permanent global Securities of each series, if any, to be endorsed thereon shall be in substantially the forms as shall be established in one or more indentures supplemental hereto or approved from time to time by or pursuant to a Board Resolution in accordance with Section 3.01, shall have such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as are required or permitted by this Indenture or any indenture supplemental hereto, and may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification or designation and such legends or endorsements

placed thereon as the Company may deem appropriate and as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, or as may be required to comply with any law or with any rule or regulation made pursuant thereto or with any rule or regulation of any stock exchange on which the Securities may be listed, or to conform to usage.

The definitive Securities shall be printed, lithographed or engraved or produced by any combination of these methods on a steel engraved border or steel engraved borders or may be produced in any other manner, all as determined by the officers executing such Securities, as evidenced by their execution of such Securities.

Section 2.02. Form of Trustee's Certificate of Authentication.

Subject to Section 6.12, the Trustee's certificate of authentication shall be in substantially the following form:

This is one of the Securities of the series designated therein referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee

Bv:

Authorized Signatory

Section 2.03. Securities Issuable in Global Form.

If Securities of or within a series are issuable in global form, as specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, then, notwithstanding clause (viii) of Section 3.01 and the provisions of Section 3.02, any such Security shall represent such of the Outstanding Securities of such series as shall be specified therein and may provide that it shall represent the aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities of such series from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities of such series from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities of such series represented thereby may from time to time be increased or decreased to reflect exchanges. Any endorsement of a Security in global form to reflect the amount, or any increase or decrease in the amount, of Outstanding Securities represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee or the Security Registrar in such manner and upon instructions given by such Person or Persons as shall be specified therein or in the Company Order to be delivered to the Trustee pursuant to Security in permanent global form in the manner and upon instructions given by the Person or Persons specified therein or in the applicable Company Order.

The provisions of the second to last sentence of Section 3.03 shall apply to any Security represented by a Security in global form if such Security was never issued and sold by the Company and the Company delivers to the Trustee or the Security Registrar the Security in global form together with written instructions with regard to the reduction in the principal amount of Securities represented thereby, together with the written statement contemplated by the second to last sentence of Section 3.03.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.07, unless otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any Security in permanent global form shall be made to the Person or Persons specified therein. Neither the Trustee nor any Agent shall have responsibility for any actions taken or not taken by the Depositary.

The Company, the Trustee, any authenticating agent, any Paying Agent, and any Securities Registrar may deem the Person in whose name a Security shall be registered upon the Security Register to be, and may treat it as, the absolute owner of such Security (whether or not such Security shall be overdue and notwithstanding any notation of ownership or other writing thereon made by any Person other than the Company or any Security Registrar) for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of the principal of and (subject to Section 3.07) accrued and unpaid interest on such Security, for conversion of such Security and for all other purposes; and neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Paying Agent nor any Conversion Agent nor any Security Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. All such payments so made to any Holder for the time being, or upon its order, shall be valid, and, to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability for monies payable upon any such Security.

Unless otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 for the Securities evidenced thereby, every global Security authenticated and delivered hereunder shall bear a legend in substantially the following form:

THIS SECURITY IS A GLOBAL SECURITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE INDENTURE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AND IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF. THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR A SECURITY REGISTERED, AND NO TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IN WHOLE OR IN PART MAY BE REGISTERED, IN THE NAME OF ANY PERSON OTHER THAN SUCH DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF, EXCEPT IN THE LIMITED CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN THE INDENTURE.

Section 2.04. Certificated Securities.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Securities in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that the Depositary identifies as a beneficial owner of the related Securities only if:

(a) the Depositary notifies the Company at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Securities in global form and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;

(b) the Depositary ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days; or

(c) an Event of Default with respect to the Securities has occurred and is continuing and such beneficial owner requests that its Securities be issued in physical, certificated form.

ARTICLE THREE

THE SECURITIES

Section 3.01. Amount Unlimited; Issuable in Series.

The aggregate principal amount of Securities which may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is unlimited.

The Securities may be issued in one or more series, each of which may consist of one or more tranches, and shall be designated as Senior Securities, Senior Subordinated Securities or Junior Subordinated Securities. Senior Securities are unsubordinated, shall rank equally and *pari passu* with all of the Company's Senior Indebtedness and senior to all Subordinated Securities. Senior Subordinated Securities shall rank junior to the Company's Senior Indebtedness, equally and *pari passu* with all other Senior Subordinated Indebtedness and senior to any Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. Junior Subordinated Indebtedness. There shall be (i) established in one or more Board Resolutions or pursuant to authority granted by one or more Board Resolutions and, subject to Section 3.03, set forth, or determined in the manner provided, in an Officers' Certificate, or (ii) established in one or more indentures supplemental hereto, prior to the issuance of Securities of any series, any or all of the following, as applicable (each of which (except for the matters set forth in clauses (i), (ii) and (xv) below), if so provided, may be determined from time to time by the Company with respect to unissued Securities of the series when issued from time to time, as provided in Section 3.03):

(i) the title of the Securities of the series including CUSIP numbers (which shall distinguish the Securities of such series from all other series of Securities);

(ii) any limit upon the aggregate principal amount of the Securities of the series that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture (except for Securities authenticated and delivered upon registration of transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of, other Securities of the series pursuant to Section 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 9.06, 11.07 or 13.05, and except for any Securities which, pursuant to Section 3.03, are deemed never to have been authenticated and delivered hereunder);

(iii) the date or dates, or the method by which such date or dates will be determined or extended, on which the principal of the Securities of the series shall be payable;

(iv) the rate or rates at which the Securities of the series shall bear interest, if any, or the method by which such rate or rates shall be determined, the date or dates from which such interest shall accrue or the method by which such date or dates shall be determined, the Interest Payment Dates on which such interest will be payable and the Regular Record Date, if any, for the interest payable on any Registered Security on any Interest Payment Date, or the method by which such date shall be determined, and the basis upon which such interest shall be calculated if other than that of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months;

(v) the place or places, if any, other than or in addition to the Corporate Trust Office, where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on Securities of the series shall be payable, any Registered Securities of the series may be surrendered for registration of transfer, Securities of the series may be surrendered for exchange, where Securities of that series that are convertible or exchangeable may be surrendered for conversion or exchange, as applicable, and where notices or demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities of the series and this Indenture may be served:

(vi) the period or periods within which, or the date or dates on which, the price or prices at which, the Currency or Currencies in which, and other terms and conditions upon which Securities of the series may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, if the Company is to have the option;

(vii) the obligation, if any, of the Company to redeem, repay or purchase Securities of the series pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of a Holder thereof, and the period or periods within which or the date or dates on which, the price or prices at which, the Currency or Currencies in which, and other terms and conditions upon which Securities of the series shall be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;

(viii) if other than denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof, the denomination or denominations in which any Registered Securities of the series shall be issuable;

(ix) if other than the Trustee, the identity of each Security Registrar, Depositary Custodian and/or Paying Agent;

(x) if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of Securities of the series that shall be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, upon redemption of the Securities of the series which are redeemable before their Stated Maturity, upon surrender for repayment at the option of the Holder, or which the Trustee shall be entitled to claim pursuant to Section 5.04 or the method by which such portion shall be determined;

(xi) if other than Dollars, the Currency or Currencies in which payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series shall be made or in which the Securities of the series shall be denominated and the particular provisions applicable thereto in accordance with, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Section 3.12;

(xii) whether the amount of payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series may be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which index, formula or method may be based, without limitation, on one or more Currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices), and the manner in which such amounts shall be determined;

(xiii) whether the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Securities of the series are to be payable, at the election of the Company or a Holder thereof, in one or more Currencies other than that in which such Securities are denominated or stated to be payable, the period or periods within which (including the Election Date), and the terms and conditions upon which, such election may be made, and the time and manner of determining the exchange rate between the Currency or Currencies in which such Securities are denominated or stated to be payable and the Currency or Currencies in which such Securities are to be paid, in each case in accordance with, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Section 3.12;

(xiv) provisions, if any, granting special rights to the Holders of Securities of the series, including, without limitation, with respect to any collateral securing such Securities;

(xv) any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or covenants (including any deletions from, modifications of or additions to any of the provisions of Section 10.06) of the Company with respect to Securities of the series, whether or not such Events of Default or covenants are consistent with the Events of Default or covenants set forth herein;

(xvi) whether any Securities of the series are to be issuable initially in temporary global form and whether any Securities of the series are to be issuable in permanent global form and, if so, whether beneficial owners of interests in any such permanent global Security may exchange such interests for Securities of such series in certificated form and of like tenor of any authorized form and denomination and the circumstances under which any such exchanges may occur, if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.05, and the circumstances under which and the place or places where such exchanges may be made and if Securities of the series are to be issuable as a global Security, the identity of the depositary for such series;

(xvii) the date as of which any temporary global Security representing Outstanding Securities of the series shall be dated if other than the date of original issuance of the first Security of the series to be issued;

(xviii) the Person to whom any interest on any Registered Security of the series shall be payable, if other than the Person in whose name such Security (or one or more Predecessor Securities) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, and the extent to which, or the manner in which, any interest payable on a temporary global Security on an Interest Payment Date will be paid if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.04; and the extent to which, or the manner in which any interest payable on a temporary global Security on an Interest Payment Date will be paid if other than in the manner provided in Section 3.07;

(xix) the applicability, if any, of Sections 14.02 and/or 14.03 to the Securities of the series and any provisions in modification of, in addition to or in lieu of any of the provisions of Article Fourteen;

(xx) if the Securities of such series are to be issuable in definitive form (whether upon original issue or upon exchange of a temporary Security of such series) only upon receipt of certain certificates or other documents or satisfaction of other conditions, then the form and/or terms of such certificates, documents or conditions;

(xxi) whether, under what circumstances and the Currency in which, the Company will pay Additional Amounts as contemplated by Section 10.04 on the Securities of the series to any Holder who is not a United States Person (including any modification to the definition of such term) in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether the Company will have the option to redeem such Securities rather than pay such Additional Amounts (and the terms of any such option);

(xxii) the designation of the initial Exchange Rate Agent, if any;

(xxiii) if the Securities of the series are to be issued upon the exercise of warrants, the time, manner and place for such Securities to be authenticated and delivered;

(xxiv) if the Securities of the series are to be convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company), the terms and conditions upon which such Securities will be so convertible or exchangeable;

(xxv) if the Securities of the series are to be listed on a securities exchange, the name of such exchange may be indicated; and

(xxvi) any other terms of the series (which terms shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Indenture, except as permitted by Section 9.01(iv), or the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act), including, but not limited to, secured Securities and guarantees of Securities.

All Securities of any one series shall be substantially identical except as to denomination and except as may otherwise be provided in or pursuant to the Board Resolution referred to above (subject to Section 3.03) and set forth in the Officers' Certificate referred to above or in any such indenture supplemental hereto. No Board Resolution or Officers' Certificate may affect the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise with respect to any series of Securities except as it may agree in writing in its sole discretion.

All Securities of any one series need not be issued at the same time and, unless otherwise provided, a series may be reopened, without the consent of the Holders, for issuances of additional Securities of such series.

If any of the terms of the Securities of any series are established by action taken pursuant to one or more Board Resolutions, a copy of an appropriate record of such action(s) shall be certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company and delivered to the Trustee at or prior to the delivery of the Officers' Certificate setting forth the terms of the Securities of such series.

The Company shall be responsible for making calculations called for under the Securities and this Indenture, including but not limited to determination of interest, additional interest, Additional Amounts, Redemption Price, Repayment Price, applicable premium, make whole Amount, premium, if any, and any other amounts payable on the Securities. The Company will make the calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, its calculations will be final and binding on the Holders. The Company will provide a schedule of its calculations to the Trustee when requested by the Trustee, and the Trustee is entitled to rely conclusively on the accuracy of the Company's calculations without independent verification. The Trustee shall forward the Company's calculations to any Holder of the Securities upon the written request of such Holder.

Section 3.02. Denominations.

The Securities of each series shall be issuable in such denominations as shall be specified as contemplated by Section 3.01. With respect to Securities of any series denominated in Dollars, in the absence of any such provisions with respect to the Securities of any series, the Registered Securities of such series, other than Registered Securities issued in global form (which may be of any denomination), shall be issuable in denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof.

Section 3.03. Execution, Authentication, Delivery and Dating.

The Securities shall be executed on behalf of the Company by its Chief Executive Officer, its President, its Chief Operating Officer, its Chief Financial Officer or any of its Vice Presidents and attested by its Secretary or any Assistant Secretary. The signature of any of these officers on the Securities may be manual or by facsimile, .pdf attachment or other electronically transmitted signature (with an original manual signature to be sent to the Trustee via overnight mail immediately thereafter) of the present or any future such authorized officer and may be imprinted or otherwise reproduced on the Securities.

Securities bearing the signatures of individuals who were at any time the proper officers of the Company shall bind the Company, notwithstanding that such individuals or any of them have ceased to hold such offices prior to the authentication and delivery of such Securities or did not hold such offices at the date of such Securities.

At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Securities of any series, executed by the Company, to the Trustee for authentication, together with a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of such Securities, and the Trustee in accordance with the Company Order shall authenticate and deliver such Securities. If all the Securities of any series are not to be issued at one time and if the Board Resolution or supplemental indenture establishing such series shall so permit, such Company Order may set forth procedures acceptable to the Trustee for the issuance of such Securities and determining the terms of particular Securities of such series, such as interest rate, maturity date, date of issuance and date from which interest shall accrue. In authenticating such Securities, and accepting the additional responsibilities under this Indenture in relation to such Securities, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive, and (subject to TIA Section 315(a) through 315(d)) shall be fully protected in relying upon,

(a) an Opinion of Counsel stating,

- (i) that the form or forms of such Securities have been established in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture;
- (ii) that the terms of such Securities have been established in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture; and

(iii) that such Securities, when completed by appropriate insertions and executed and delivered by the Company to the Trustee for authentication in accordance with this Indenture, authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in accordance with this Indenture and issued by the Company in the manner and subject to any conditions specified in such Opinion of Counsel, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization and other similar laws of general applicability relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights, to general equitable principles and to such other qualifications as such counsel shall conclude do not materially affect the rights of Holders of such Securities; and

(b) an Officers' Certificate stating, to the best of the knowledge of the signers of such certificate, that no Event of Default with respect to any of the Securities shall have occurred and be continuing.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.01 and of this Section 3.03, if all the Securities of any series are not to be issued at one time, it shall not be necessary to deliver an Officers' Certificate otherwise required pursuant to Section 3.01 or the Company Order, Opinion of Counsel or Officers' Certificate otherwise required pursuant to the preceding paragraph at the time of issuance of each Security of such series, but such order, opinion and certificates, with appropriate modifications to cover such future issuances, shall be delivered at or before the time of issuance of the first Security of such series.

If such form or terms have been so established, the Trustee shall not be required to authenticate such Securities if the issue of such Securities pursuant to this Indenture will affect the Trustee's own rights, duties, obligations or immunities under the Securities and this Indenture or otherwise in a manner that is not reasonably acceptable to the Trustee. Notwithstanding the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee will not be required to authenticate Securities denominated in a Foreign Currency if the Trustee reasonably believes that it would be unable to perform its duties with respect to such Securities.

Each Registered Security shall be dated the date of its authentication.

No Security shall be entitled to any benefit under this Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose until authenticated substantially in the form set out in Section 2.02 by the Trustee or an Authenticating Agent by manual signature of an authorized signatory, and such certificate upon any Security shall be conclusive evidence, and the only evidence, that such Security has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder and is entitled to the benefits of this Indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Security shall have been authenticated and delivered hereunder but never issued and sold by the Company, and the Company shall deliver

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such Security to the Trustee for cancellation as provided in Section 3.10 together with a written statement (which need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel) stating that such Security has never been issued and sold by the Company, for all purposes of this Indenture such Security shall be deemed never to have been authenticated and delivered hereunder and shall never be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture.

The Company initially appoints The Depository Trust Company (\underline{DTC}) to act as Depositary with respect to the global Securities and the Trustee as Depositary Custodian. The Company has entered or will enter into a letter of representations with the Depositary in the form provided by the Depositary and the Trustee and each Agent are hereby authorized to act in accordance with such letter and Applicable Procedures.

Section 3.04. Temporary Securities.

Pending the preparation of definitive Securities of any series, the Company may execute, and upon Company Order the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, temporary Securities that are printed, lithographed, typewritten, mimeographed or otherwise produced, in any authorized denomination, substantially of the tenor of the definitive Securities in lieu of which they are issued, in registered form, and with such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as the officers executing such Securities may determine, as conclusively evidenced by their execution of such Securities. In the case of Securities of any series, such temporary Securities may be in global form.

Except in the case of temporary Securities in global form (which shall be exchanged as provided in or pursuant to a Board Resolution), if temporary Securities of any series are issued, the Company will cause definitive Securities of that series to be prepared without unreasonable delay. After the preparation of definitive Securities of such series, the temporary Securities of such series shall be exchangeable for definitive Securities of such series upon surrender of the temporary Securities of such series at the office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment for that series, without charge to the Holder. Upon surrender for cancellation of any one or more temporary Securities of any series, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a like principal amount and like tenor of definitive Securities of the same series of authorized denominations. Until so exchanged, the temporary Securities of any series shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as definitive Securities of such series.

Section 3.05. Registration, Registration of Transfer and Exchange.

The Company shall cause to be kept at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee or in any office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment a register for each series of Securities (the registers maintained in such office or in any such office or agency of the Company in a Place of Payment being herein sometimes referred to collectively as the "Security Register") in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall provide for the registration of Registered Securities and of transfers of Registered Securities. The Security Register shall be in written form or any other form capable of being converted into written form within a reasonable time. The Trustee, at its Corporate Trust Office, is hereby initially appointed "Security Registrar" for the purpose of registering Registered Securities and transfers of

Registered Securities on such Security Register as herein provided, and for facilitating exchanges of temporary global Securities for permanent global Securities or definitive Securities, or both, or of permanent global Securities for definitive Securities, or both, as herein provided. In the event that the Trustee shall cease to be Security Registrar, it shall have the right to examine the Security Register at all reasonable times.

Upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Registered Security of any series to the Security Registrar or any co-Security Registrar, and satisfaction of the requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 3.05, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall, upon receipt of a Company Order, authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Registered Securities of the same series, of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding and containing identical terms and provisions.

At the option of the Holder, Registered Securities of any series may be exchanged for other Registered Securities of the same series, of any authorized denomination or denominations and of a like aggregate principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions, upon surrender of the Registered Securities to be exchanged at any such office or agency. Whenever any Registered Securities are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Registered Securities that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive.

Whenever any Securities are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, shall authenticate and deliver, the Securities that the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 and 2.04, any permanent global Security shall be exchangeable only as provided in this paragraph. If any beneficial owner of an interest in a permanent global Security is entitled to exchange such interest for Securities of such series and of like tenor and principal amount of another authorized form and denomination, as specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 and provided that any applicable notice provided in the permanent global Security shall have been given, then without unnecessary delay but in any event not later than the earliest date on which such interest may be so exchanged, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee definitive Securities in aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of such beneficial owner's interest in such permanent global Security, executed by the Company. On or after the earliest date on which such interests may be so exchanged, such permanent global Security shall be surrendered by the Company. On or after the earliest date on which such interests may be so exchanged, such permanent global Security shall be surrendered by the Company. On or after the earliest date on which such interests may be so exchanged, such permanent global Security shall be surrendered by the Depositary or such other depositary as shall be specified in the Company Order with respect thereto to the Trustee, as the Company's agent for such purpose, or to the Security Registrar, to be exchanged, in whole or from time to time in part, for definitive Securities of the same series without charge and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in exchange for each portion of such permanent global Security, to be exchanged; provided, however, that no such exchanges may occur during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before any selection of Securities to be redeemed and ending on the relevant Redemption Date if the Security for which exchange is requested may be among those selected for r

use commercially reasonable efforts to provide or cause to be provided to the Trustee any information reasonably available to the transferring beneficial owner and necessary to allow the Trustee to comply with any applicable tax reporting obligations, including without limitation, any cost basis reporting obligations under Code Section 6045 of the Code. The Trustee may rely on any such information provided to it and shall have no responsibility to verify or ensure the accuracy of such information. If a Registered Security is issued in exchange for any portion of a permanent global Security after the close of business at the office or agency where such exchange occurs on (i) any Regular Record Date and before the opening of business at such office or agency on the relevant Interest Payment Date, or (ii) any Special Record Date and before the opening of business at such office or agency on the related proposed date for payment of Defaulted Interest or interest, as the case may be, will not be payable on such Interest Payment Date or proposed date for payment, as the case may be, in respect of such Registered Security, but will be payable on such Interest Payment Date or proposed date for payment, as the case may be, only to the Person to whom interest in respect of such portion of such permanent global Security is payable in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

All Securities issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities shall be valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Securities surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

Every Registered Security presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or for exchange shall (if so required by the Company or the Security Registrar or any transfer agent) be duly endorsed, or be accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in the form attached to such Registered Security, duly executed by the Holder thereof or his attorney or any transfer agent duly authorized in writing.

No service charge shall be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities, but the Company or the Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any registration of transfer or exchange of Securities, other than exchanges pursuant to Section 3.04, 9.06, 11.07 or 13.05 not involving any transfer.

In connection with any proposed exchange of any global Securities for definitive Securities, the Company or Depositary shall be required to provide or cause to be provided to the Trustee all information reasonably requested by the Trustee and reasonably available to the Company or Depository, as applicable, as necessary to allow the Trustee to comply with any applicable tax reporting obligations, including without limitation any cost basis reporting obligations under Code Section 6045 of the Code. The Trustee may rely on any such information provided to it and shall have no responsibility to verify or ensure the accuracy of such information.

The Company shall not be required (i) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security if such Security may be among those selected for redemption during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before selection of the Securities to be redeemed under Section 11.03 and ending at the close of business on the day the relevant notice of redemption is sent, or (ii) to register the transfer of or exchange any Registered Security so selected for redemption in whole or in part, except, in the case of any Registered Security to be redeemed in

part, the portion thereof not to be redeemed, or (iii) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security that has been surrendered for repayment at the option of the Holder, except the portion, if any, of such Security not to be so repaid.

Section 3.06. Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost and Stolen Securities.

If any mutilated Security is surrendered to the Trustee or the Company, together with, in proper cases, such security or indemnity as may be required by the Company or the Trustee to save each of them or any agent of either of them harmless, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a new Security of the same series and principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

If there shall be delivered to the Company and to the Trustee (i) evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of any Security, and (ii) such security or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them and any agent of either of them harmless, then, in the absence of notice to the Company or the Trustee that such Security has been acquired by a protected purchaser, the Company shall, subject to the following paragraph, execute and upon its request the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in lieu of any such destroyed, lost or stolen Security, a new Security of the same series and principal amount, containing identical terms and provisions and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the previous two paragraphs, in case any such mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security has become or is about to become due and payable, the Company in its discretion may, instead of issuing a new Security, pay such Security.

Upon the issuance of any new Security under this Section, the Company may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Trustee) connected therewith.

Every new Security of any series issued pursuant to this Section in lieu of any destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall constitute an original additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall be at any time enforceable by anyone, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Securities of that series duly issued hereunder.

The provisions of this Section are exclusive and shall preclude (to the extent lawful) all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Securities.

Section 3.07. Payment of Interest; Interest Rights Preserved; Optional Interest Reset.

(a) Except as otherwise specified with respect to a series of Securities in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.01, interest, if any, on any Registered Security that is payable, and is punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date shall be paid to the Person in whose name that Security (or one or more Predecessor Securities) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest at the office or agency of the

Company maintained for such purpose pursuant to Section 10.02; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that each installment of interest, if any, on any Registered Security may at the Company's option be paid by (i) mailing a check for such interest, payable to or upon the written order of the Person entitled thereto pursuant to Section 3.09, to the address of such Person as it appears on the Security Register or (ii) transfer to an account maintained by the payee located in the United States.

Except as otherwise specified with respect to a series of Securities in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.01, any interest on any Registered Security of any series that is payable, but is not punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date (herein called "Defaulted Interest") shall forthwith cease to be payable to the registered Holder thereof on the relevant Regular Record Date by virtue of having been such Holder, and such Defaulted Interest may be paid by the Company, at its election in each case, as provided in clause (i) or (ii) below:

(i) The Company may elect to make payment of any Defaulted Interest to the Persons in whose names the Registered Securities of such series (or their respective Predecessor Securities) are registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest, which shall be fixed in the following manner. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of Defaulted Interest proposed to be paid on each Registered Security of such series and the date of the proposed payment (which shall not be less than 20 days after such notice is received by the Trustee), and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such Defaulted Interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit on or prior to the date of the proposed payment, such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such Defaulted Interest as in this clause provided. Thereupon the Company shall fix a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest which shall be not more than 15 days and not less than 10 days prior to the date of the proposed payment and not less than 10 days after the receipt by the Trustee of the notice of the proposed payment. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee of such Special Record Date and, in the name and at the expense of the Company, the Trustee shall cause notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor to be sent pursuant to Applicable Procedures or mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to each Holder of Registered Securities of such series at his address as it appears in the Security Register not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date. Notice of the proposed payment of such Defaulted Interest and the Special Record Date therefor having been mailed or sent as aforesaid, such Defaulted Interest shall be paid to the Persons in whose names the Registered Securities of such series (or their respective Predecessor Securities) are registered at the close of business on such Special Record Date and shall no longer be payable pursuant to the following clause (ii).

(ii) The Company may make payment of any Defaulted Interest on the Registered Securities of any series in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange on which such Securities may be listed, and

upon such notice as may be required by such exchange, if, after notice given by the Company to the Trustee of the proposed payment pursuant to this clause (and certification by the Company that the proposed manner of payment complies with the requirements of this clause (ii)), such manner of payment shall be deemed practicable by the Trustee.

(b) The provisions of this Section 3.07(b) may be made applicable to any series of Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 (with such modifications, additions or substitutions as may be specified pursuant to such Section 3.01). The interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) on any Security of such series may be reset by the Company on the date or dates specified on the face of such Security (each an "Optional Reset Date"). The Company may exercise such option with respect to such Security by notifying the Trustee of such exercise at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to an Optional Reset Date for such Security. Not later than 25 days prior to each Optional Reset Date, the Trustee shall transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, to the Holder of any such Security a notice (the "Reset Notice") indicating whether the Company has elected to reset the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable), and if so (i) such new interest rate (or such new spread or spread multiplier, if applicable) and (ii) the provisions, if any, for redemption during the period from such Optional Reset Date to the next Optional Reset Date or if there is no such next Optional Reset Date, to the Stated Maturity of such Security (each such period a "Subsequent Interest Period"), including the date or dates on which or the period or periods during which and the price or prices at which such redemption may occur during the Subsequent Interest Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, not later than 10 days prior to the Optional Reset Date (or, if 10 days does not fall on a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day), the Company may, at its option, revoke the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) provided for in the Reset Notice and establish a higher interest rate (or a spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate, if applicable) for the Subsequent Interest Period by causing the Trustee to transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, notice, prepared by the Company, of such higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate (or such higher spread or spread multiplier providing for a higher interest rate, if applicable) to the Holder of such Security. Such notice shall be irrevocable. All Securities with respect to which the interest rate (or the spread or spread multiplier used to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) is reset on an Optional Reset Date, and with respect to which the Holders of such Securities have not tendered such Securities for repayment (or have validly revoked any such tender) pursuant to the next succeeding paragraph, will bear such higher interest rate (or such higher interest rate, if applicable).

The Holder of any such Security will have the option to elect repayment by the Company of the principal of such Security on each Optional Reset Date at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus interest accrued to such Optional Reset Date. In order to obtain repayment on an Optional Reset Date, the Holder must follow the procedures set forth in Article Thirteen for repayment at the option of Holders except that the period for delivery or notification to the Trustee shall be at least 10 but not more than 20 days prior to such Optional Reset Date and except that, if the Holder has tendered any Security for repayment pursuant to the Reset Notice, the Holder may, by written notice to the Trustee, revoke such tender or repayment until the close of business on the tenth day before such Optional Reset Date.

Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Section and Section 3.05, each Security delivered under this Indenture upon registration of transfer of or in exchange for or in lieu of any other Security shall carry the rights to interest accrued and unpaid, and to accrue, that were carried by such other Security.

Section 3.08. Optional Extension of Maturity.

The provisions of this Section 3.08 may be made applicable to any series of Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 (with such modifications, additions or substitutions as may be specified pursuant to such Section 3.01). The Stated Maturity of any Security of such series may be extended at the option of the Company for the period or periods specified on the face of such Security (each an "Extension Period") up to but not beyond the date (the "Final Maturity") set forth on the face of such Security. The Company may exercise such option with respect to any Security by notifying the Trustee of such exercise at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the Stated Maturity of such Security in effect prior to the exercise of such option (the "Original Stated Maturity"). If the Company exercises such option, the Trustee shall transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, to the Holder of such Security no tater than 25 days prior to the Original Stated Maturity, (iii) the interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such interest rate, if applicable), if any, applicable to the Extension Period and (iv) the provisions, if any, for redemption during such Extension Period. Upon the Trustee's transmittal of the Extension Notice, the Stated Maturity of such Security shall be extended automatically and, except as modified by the Extension Notice and as described in the next paragraph, such Security will have the same terms as prior to the transmittal of such Extension Notice.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, not later than 10 days before the Original Stated Maturity (or, if 10 days does not fall on a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) of such Security, the Company may, at its option, revoke the interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such interest rate, if applicable) provided for in the Extension Notice and establish a higher interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such higher interest rate, if applicable) for the Extension Period by causing the Trustee to transmit, in the manner provided for in Section 1.06, notice of such higher interest rate (or spread, spread multiplier or other formula to calculate such notice shall be irrevocable. All Securities with respect to which the Stated Maturity is extended will bear such higher interest rate.

If the Company extends the Stated Maturity of any Security, the Holder will have the option to elect repayment of such Security by the Company on the Original Stated Maturity at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued to such date. In order to obtain repayment on the Original Stated Maturity once the Company has extended the Stated Maturity thereof, the Holder must follow the procedures set forth in Article Thirteen for repayment at the option of Holders, except that the period for delivery or notification to the Trustee shall be at least 10 but not more than 20 days prior to the Original Stated Maturity and except that, if the

Holder has tendered any Security for repayment pursuant to an Extension Notice, the Holder may by written notice to the Trustee revoke such tender for repayment until the close of business on the tenth day before the Original Stated Maturity.

Section 3.09. Persons Deemed Owners.

Prior to due presentment of a Registered Security for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the Person in whose name such Registered Security is registered as the owner of such Registered Security for the purpose of receiving payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and (subject to Sections 3.05 and 3.07) interest, if any, on such Registered Security and for all other purposes whatsoever, whether or not such Registered Security be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee nor any agent of the Company or the Trustee shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

None of the Company, the Trustee, any Paying Agent or the Security Registrar will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests of a Security in global form or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any global temporary or permanent Security, nothing herein shall prevent the Company, the Trustee, or any agent of the Company or the Trustee, from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by any depositary, as a Holder, with respect to such global Security or impair, as between such depositary and owners of beneficial interests in such global Security, the operation of customary practices governing the exercise of the rights of such depositary (or its nominee) as Holder of such global Security.

Section 3.10. Cancellation.

All Securities surrendered for payment, redemption, repayment at the option of the Holder, registration of transfer or exchange or for credit against any sinking fund payment shall, if surrendered to any Person other than the Trustee, be delivered to the Trustee, and any such Securities surrendered directly to the Trustee for any such purpose shall be promptly cancelled by the Trustee. The Company may at any time deliver to the Trustee for cancellation any Securities previously authenticated and delivered hereunder which the Company may have acquired in any manner whatsoever, and may deliver to the Trustee (or to any other Person for delivery to the Trustee) for cancellation any Securities previously authenticated hereunder which the Company has not issued and sold, and all Securities so delivered shall be promptly cancelled by the Trustee. If the Company shall so acquire any of the Securities, however, such acquisition shall not operate as a redemption or satisfaction of the indebtedness represented by such Securities cancelled as provided in this Section, except as expressly permitted by this Indenture. Cancelled Securities held by the Trustee shall be cancelled or destroyed by the Trustee in accordance with its customary procedures.

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Section 3.11. Computation of Interest.

Except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 with respect to Securities of any series, interest, if any, on the Securities of each series shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

Section 3.12. Currency and Manner of Payments in Respect of Securities.

(a) Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, with respect to Registered Securities of any series not permitting the election provided for in paragraph (b) below or the Holders of which have not made the election provided for in paragraph (b) below, payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any Registered Security of such series will be made in the Currency in which such Registered Security is payable. The provisions of this Section 3.12 may be modified or superseded with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01.

(b) It may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to Registered Securities of any series that Holders shall have the option, subject to paragraphs (d) and (e) below, to receive payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on such Registered Securities in any of the Currencies which may be designated for such election by delivering to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities a written election with signature guarantees and in the applicable form established pursuant to Section 3.01, not later than the close of business on the Election Date immediately preceding the applicable payment date. If a Holder so elects to receive such payments in any such Currency, such election will remain in effect for such Holder or any transferee of such Holder until changed by such Holder or such transferee by written notice to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities (but any such change must be made not later than the close of business on the Election Date immediately preceding the next payment date to be effective for the payment to be made on such payment date and no such change of election may be made with respect to payments to be made on any Registered Security of such series with respect to which an Event of Default has occurred or with respect to which the Company has deposited funds pursuant to Article Four or Fourteen or with respect to which a notice of redemption has been given by the Company or a notice of option to elect repayment has been sent by such Holder or such transferee). Any Holder of any such Registered Security who shall not have delivered any such election to the Trustee of such relevant Currency as provided in Section 3.12(a). The Trustee for each such series of Registered Securities shall notify the Exchange Rate Agent as soon as practicable after the Election Date of the aggregate principal amount of Registered Securities for which Holders have made such written election.

(c) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if the election referred to in paragraph (b) above has been provided for pursuant to Section 3.01, then, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, not later than the fourth Business Day after the Election Date for each payment date for Registered Securities of any series, the Exchange Rate Agent will deliver to the Company a written notice specifying the Currency in which Registered Securities of such series are payable, the respective aggregate amounts of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the Registered Securities to be paid on such payment date, specifying the amounts in such Currency so payable in respect of the Registered Securities as to which the Holders of Registered Securities denominated in any Currency shall have elected to be paid in

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another Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above. If the election referred to in paragraph (b) above has been provided for pursuant to Section 3.01 and if at least one Holder has made such election, then, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, on the second Business Day preceding such payment date the Company will deliver to the Trustee for such series of Registered Securities an Exchange Rate Officer's Certificate in respect of the Dollar or Foreign Currencies payments to be made on such payment date. Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, the Dollar or Foreign Currencies amount receivable by Holders of Registered Securities who have elected payment in a Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above shall be determined by the Company on the basis of the applicable Market Exchange Rate in effect on the second Business Day (the "<u>Valuation Date</u>") immediately preceding each payment date, and such determination shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

(d) If a Conversion Event occurs with respect to a Foreign Currency in which any of the Securities are denominated or payable other than pursuant to an election provided for pursuant to paragraph (b) above, then with respect to each date for the payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the applicable Securities denominated or payable in such Foreign Currency occurring after the last date on which such Foreign Currency was used (the <u>"Conversion Date</u>"), the Dollar shall be the currency of payment for use on each such payment date. Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, the Dollar amount to be paid by the Company to the Trustee of each such series of Securities and by such Trustee or any Paying Agent to the Holders of such Securities with respect to such payment date shall be, in the case of a Foreign Currency other than a currency unit, the Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency or, in the case of a currency unit, the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, in each case as determined by the Exchange Rate Agent in the manner provided in paragraph (f) or (g) below.

(e) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if the Holder of a Registered Security denominated in any Currency shall have elected to be paid in another Currency as provided in paragraph (b) above, and a Conversion Event occurs with respect to such elected Currency, such Holder shall receive payment in the Currency in which payment would have been made in the absence of such election; and if a Conversion Event occurs with respect to the Currency in which payment would have been made in the absence of such election; such Holder shall receive payment in Dollars as provided in paragraph (d) of this Section 3.12.

(f) The "Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency" shall be determined by the Exchange Rate Agent and shall be obtained for each subsequent payment date by converting the specified Foreign Currency into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate on the Conversion Date.

(g) The "Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit" shall be determined by the Exchange Rate Agent and subject to the provisions of paragraph (h) below shall be the sum of each amount obtained by converting the Specified Amount of each Component Currency into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate for such Component Currency on the Valuation Date with respect to each payment.

(h) For purposes of this Section 3.12, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

A "Component Currency" shall mean any currency which, on the Conversion Date, was a component currency of the relevant currency unit, including, but not limited to, the ECU.

A "Specified Amount" of a Component Currency shall mean the number of units of such Component Currency or fractions thereof which were represented in the relevant currency unit, including, but not limited to, the ECU, on the Conversion Date. If after the Conversion Date the official unit of any Component Currency is altered by way of combination or subdivision, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall be divided or multiplied in the same proportion. If after the Conversion Date two or more Component Currencies are consolidated into a single currency, the respective Specified Amounts of such Component Currencies shall be replaced by an amount in such single currency equal to the sum of the respective Specified Amounts of such consolidated Component Currencies expressed in such single currency, and such amount shall thereafter be a Specified Amount and such single currency shall thereafter be a Component Currency. If after the Conversion Date any Component Currency shall be divided into two or more currencies, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall be replaced by amounts of such two or more currencies, having an aggregate Dollar Equivalent value at the Market Exchange Rate on the date of such replacement equal to the Dollar Equivalent of the Specified Amount of such former Component Currency at the Market Exchange Rate immediately before such division, and such amounts shall thereafter be Specified Amounts and such currencies shall thereafter be Component Currencies. If, after the Conversion Date of the relevant currency unit, including, but not limited to, the ECU, a Conversion Event (other than any event referred to above in this definition of "Specified Amount") occurs with respect to any Component Currency of such currency unit and is continuing on the applicable Valuation Date, the Specified Amount of such Component Currency shall, for purposes of calculating the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, be converted into Dollars at the Market Exchange Rate in effect on the Conversion Date of such Component Currency.

An "Election Date" shall mean the Regular Record Date for the applicable series of Registered Securities or at least 16 days prior to Maturity, as the case may be, or such other prior date for any series of Registered Securities as specified pursuant to clause (xiii) of Section 3.01 by which the written election referred to in Section 3.12(b) may be made.

All decisions and determinations of the Exchange Rate Agent regarding the Dollar Equivalent of the Foreign Currency, the Dollar Equivalent of the Currency Unit, the Market Exchange Rate and changes in the Specified Amounts as specified above shall be in its sole discretion and shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and irrevocably binding upon the Company, the Trustee for the appropriate series of Securities and all Holders of such Securities denominated or payable in the relevant Currency. The Exchange Rate Agent shall promptly give written notice to the Company and the Trustee for the appropriate series of Securities of any such decision or determination.

In the event that the Company determines in good faith that a Conversion Event has occurred with respect to a Foreign Currency, the Company will immediately give written notice thereof and of the applicable Conversion Date to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent (and such Trustee will promptly thereafter give notice in the manner provided in Section 1.06 to the affected Holders) specifying the Conversion Date. In the event the Company so determines that a Conversion Event has occurred with respect to the ECU or any other currency unit in which Securities are denominated or payable, the Company will immediately give written notice thereof to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent (and such Trustee will promptly thereafter give notice in the manner provided in Section 1.06 to the affected Holders) specifying the Conversion Date and the Specified Amount of each Component Currency on the Conversion Date. In the event the Company determines in good faith that any subsequent change in any Component Currency as set forth in the definition of Specified Amount above has occurred, the Company will similarly give written notice to the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities and to the Exchange Rate Agent.

The Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities shall be fully justified and protected in relying and acting upon information received by it from the Company and the Exchange Rate Agent and shall not otherwise have any duty or obligation to determine the accuracy or validity of such information independent of the Company or the Exchange Rate Agent.

Section 3.13. Appointment and Resignation of Successor Exchange Rate Agent.

(a) Unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, if and so long as the Securities of any series (i) are denominated in a Foreign Currency or (ii) may be payable in a Foreign Currency, or so long as it is required under any other provision of this Indenture, then the Company will maintain with respect to each such series of Securities, or as so required, at least one Exchange Rate Agent. The Company will cause the Exchange Rate Agent to make the necessary foreign exchange determinations at the time and in the manner specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the purpose of determining the applicable rate of exchange and, if applicable, for the purpose of converting the issued Foreign Currency into the applicable payment Currency for the payment of principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, pursuant to Section 3.12.

(b) No resignation of the Exchange Rate Agent and no appointment of a successor Exchange Rate Agent pursuant to this Section shall become effective until the acceptance of appointment by the successor Exchange Rate Agent as evidenced by a written instrument delivered to the Company and the Trustee of the appropriate series of Securities accepting such appointment executed by the successor Exchange Rate Agent.

(c) If the Exchange Rate Agent shall resign, be removed or become incapable of acting, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office of the Exchange Rate Agent for any cause, with respect to the Securities of one or more series, the Company, by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, shall promptly appoint a successor Exchange Rate Agent or Exchange Rate Agents with respect to the Securities of that or those series (it being understood that any such successor Exchange Rate Agent may be appointed with respect to the Securities of one or more or all of such series and that, unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01, at any time there shall only be one Exchange Rate Agent with respect to the Securities of any particular series that are originally issued by the Company on the same date and that are initially denominated and/or payable in the same Currency).

Section 3.14. CUSIP Numbers.

The Company in issuing the Securities may use "CUSIP" numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Company shall indicate the respective "CUSIP" numbers of the Securities in notices of redemption as a convenience to Holders; <u>provided</u> that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Securities or as contained in any notice of redemption and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Securities, and any such redemption shall not be affected by any defect in or omission of such numbers. The Company shall advise the Trustee as promptly as practicable in writing of any change in the CUSIP numbers.

ARTICLE FOUR

SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE

Section 4.01. Satisfaction and Discharge of Indenture.

Except as set forth below, this Indenture shall upon Company Request cease to be of further effect with respect to any series of Securities specified in such Company Request (except as to any surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of Securities of such series expressly provided for herein or pursuant hereto, any surviving rights of tender for repayment at the option of the Holders and any right to receive Additional Amounts, as provided in Section 10.04), and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, and at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture as to such series when

(a) either

(i) all Securities of such series theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than (i) Securities that have been destroyed, lost or stolen and which have been replaced or paid as provided in Section 3.06 and (ii) Securities of such series for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust with the Trustee or any Paying Agent or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in Section 10.03) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or

- (ii) all Securities of such series:
 - (1) have become due and payable, or
 - (2) will become due and payable at their Stated Maturity within one year, or

(3) if redeemable at the option of the Company, are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company,

and the Company, in the case of (1), (2) or (3) above, has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee as trust funds in trust for such purpose, solely for the benefit of the Holders, an amount in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable, sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on such Securities not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, to the date of such deposit (in the case of Securities which have become due and payable) or to the Stated Maturity or Redemption Date, as the case may be;

(b) the Company has irrevocably paid or caused to be irrevocably paid all other sums payable hereunder by the Company; and

(c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture as to such series have been complied with.

Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, the obligations of the Company to the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee under Section 6.06, the obligations of the Company to any Authenticating Agent under Section 6.12 and, if money shall have been deposited with the Trustee pursuant to subclause (ii) of clause (a) of this Section, the obligations of the Trustee under Section 4.02 and the last paragraph of Section 10.03 shall survive any termination of this Indenture.

Section 4.02. Application of Trust Funds.

Subject to the provisions of the last paragraph of Section 10.03, all money deposited with the Trustee pursuant to Section 4.01 shall be held in trust and applied by it, in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and this Indenture, to the payment, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company acting as its own Paying Agent) as the Trustee may determine, to the Persons entitled thereto, of the principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, for whose payment such money has been deposited with or received by the Trustee, but such money need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

ARTICLE FIVE

REMEDIES

Section 5.01. Events of Default.

"Event of Default", wherever used herein with respect to any particular series of Securities, means any one of the following events (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether or not it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body), unless it is either inapplicable to a particular series or is specifically deleted or modified in or pursuant to the supplemental indenture or a Board Resolution establishing such series of Securities or is in the form of Security for such series:

(i) default in the payment of any interest upon any Security of that series, when such interest becomes due and payable, and continuance of such default for a period of 30 days; or

(ii) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Security of that series when it becomes due and payable at its Maturity, and continuance of such default for a period of 5 days; or

(iii) default in the deposit of any sinking fund payment, when and as due by the terms of any Security of that series, and continuance of such default for a period of 5 days; or

(iv) default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or agreement of the Company in this Indenture with respect to any Security of that series (other than a covenant or agreement a default in whose performance or whose breach is elsewhere in this Section specifically dealt with or that has expressly been included in this Indenture solely for the benefit of a series of Securities other than that series), and continuance of such default or breach for a period of 60 days after there has been given to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series a written notice specifying such default or breach and requiring it to be remedied;

(v) the Company, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law:

(1) commences a voluntary case or proceeding under any Bankruptcy Law,

(2) consents to the commencement of any bankruptcy or insolvency case or proceeding against it, or files a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief against it,

(3) consents to the entry of a decree or order for relief against it in an involuntary case or proceeding,

(4) consents to the filing of such petition or to the appointment of or taking possession by a Custodian of the Company or for all or substantially all of its property, or

(5) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or admits in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due or takes any corporate action in furtherance of any such action; or

The term "<u>Bankruptcy Law</u>" means title 11, U.S. Code or any applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law. The term "<u>Custodian</u>" means any custodian, receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, sequestrator or other similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

- (vi) a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:
 - (1) is for relief against the Company in an involuntary case or proceeding, or

(2) adjudges the Company bankrupt or insolvent, or approves as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Company, or

- (3) appoints a Custodian of the Company or for all or substantially all of its property, or
- (4) orders the winding up or liquidation of the Company,

and the continuance of any such decree or order for relief or any such other decree or order remains unstayed and in effect for a period of 90 consecutive days; or

(vii) if, pursuant to Sections 18(a)(1)(C)(ii) and 61 of the Investment Company Act, or any successor provisions, on the last business day of each of twenty-four consecutive calendar months any class of Securities shall have an asset coverage (as such term is used in the Investment Company Act) of less than 100%, giving effect to any amendments to such provisions of the Investment Company Act or to any exemptive relief granted to the Company by the Commission; or

(viii) any other Event of Default provided with respect to Securities of that series.

Section 5.02. Acceleration of Maturity; Rescission and Annulment.

If an Event of Default with respect to Securities of any series at the time Outstanding occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series may declare the principal (or, if any Securities are Original Issue Discount Securities or Indexed Securities, such portion of the principal as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all the Securities of that series to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the Holders), and upon any such declaration such principal or specified portion thereof shall become immediately due and payable.

At any time after such a declaration of acceleration with respect to Securities of any series has been made and before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee as hereinafter provided in this Article, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series, by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if:

(i) the Company has paid or deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)):

(1) all overdue installments of interest, if any, on all Outstanding Securities of that series,

(2) the principal of (and premium, if any) all Outstanding Securities of that series that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration and interest thereon at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities,

(3) to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest upon overdue installments of interest at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities, and

(4) all sums paid or advanced by the Trustee hereunder and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel; and

(ii) all Events of Default with respect to Securities of that series, other than the nonpayment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on Securities of that series that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived as provided in Section 5.13.

No such rescission shall affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 5.03. Collection of Indebtedness and Suits for Enforcement by Trustee.

The Company covenants that if:

(i) default is made in the payment of any installment of interest on any Security of any series when such interest becomes due and payable and such default continues for a period of 30 days, or

(ii) default is made in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) any Security of any series at its Maturity,

then the Company will, upon demand of the Trustee, pay to the Trustee, for the benefit of the Holders of Securities of such series, the whole amount then due and payable on such Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, with interest upon any overdue principal (and premium, if any) and, to the extent that payment of such interest shall be legally enforceable, upon any overdue installments of interest, if any, at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Securities, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, including the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

If the Company fails to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, may institute a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums so due and unpaid, and may prosecute such proceeding to judgment or final decree,

and may enforce the same against the Company or any other obligor upon Securities of such series and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or any other obligor upon such Securities of such series, wherever situated.

If an Event of Default with respect to Securities of any series occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Holders of Securities of such series by such appropriate judicial proceedings as the Trustee shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce any such rights, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement in this Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted herein, or to enforce any other proper remedy.

Section 5.04. Trustee May File Proofs of Claim.

In case of the pendency of any receivership, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, composition or other judicial proceeding relative to the Company or any other obligor upon the Securities or the property of the Company or of such other obligor or their creditors, the Trustee (irrespective of whether the principal of the Securities of any series shall then be due and payable as therein expressed or by declaration or otherwise and irrespective of whether the Trustee shall have made any demand on the Company for the payment of any overdue principal, premium or interest) shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceeding or otherwise:

(i) to file and prove a claim for the whole amount of principal (or in the case of Original Issue Discount Securities or Indexed Securities, such portion of the principal as may be provided for in the terms thereof) (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, owing and unpaid in respect of the Securities and to file such other papers or documents (and take such other actions, including voting for the election of a trustee in bankruptcy or similar official and serving on a committee of creditors) as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel) and of the Holders allowed in such judicial proceeding, and

(ii) to collect and receive any moneys or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims and to distribute the same; and any custodian, receiver, assignee, trustee, liquidator, sequestrator (or other similar official) in any such judicial proceeding is hereby authorized by each Holder of Securities of such series to make such payments to the Trustee, and in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due to it for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee, their agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee in any such proceeding, shall be unpaid for any reason, payment of the same shall be secured by a lien on, and shall be paid out of, any and all distributions, dividends, money, securities and other properties that the Holders may be entitled to receive in such proceeding whether in liquidation or under any plan of reorganization or arrangement or otherwise.

Subject to Article Eight and Section 9.02 and unless otherwise provided as contemplated by Section 3.01, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder of a Security any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Securities or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder of a Security in any such proceeding.

Section 5.05. Trustee May Enforce Claims Without Possession of Securities.

All rights of action and claims under this Indenture or any of the Securities may be prosecuted and enforced by the Trustee without the possession of any of the Securities or the production thereof in any proceeding relating thereto, and any such proceeding instituted by the Trustee shall be brought in its own name and as trustee of an express trust, and any recovery of judgment shall, after provision for the payment of the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, be for the ratable benefit of the Holders of the Securities in respect of which such judgment has been recovered.

Section 5.06. Application of Money Collected.

Any money or property collected by the Trustee pursuant to this Article and after an Event of Default any money or other property distributable in respect of the Company's obligations under this Indenture shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee and, in case of the distribution of such money or property on account of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, upon presentation of the Securities and the notation thereon of the payment if only partially paid and upon surrender thereof if fully paid:

FIRST: To the payment of all amounts due the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee under Section 6.06;

SECOND: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any Senior Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Senior Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

THIRD: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any Senior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Senior Subordinated Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

FOURTH: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid upon any other Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the aggregate amounts due and payable on such Securities for principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, respectively; and

FIFTH: To the payment of the remainder, if any, to the Company or any other Person or Persons entitled thereto.

Section 5.07. Limitation on Suits.

No Holder of any Security of any series shall have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to this Indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

(i) such Holder has previously given written notice to the Trustee of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the Securities of that series;

(ii) the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series shall have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default in its own name as Trustee hereunder;

(iii) such Holder or Holders have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request;

(iv) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of security or indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and

(v) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the Trustee during such60-day period by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series;

it being understood and intended that no one or more of such Holders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of, or by availing of, any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of any other of such Holders, or to obtain or to seek to obtain priority or preference over any other of such Holders or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal and ratable benefit of all such Holders.

Section 5.08. Unconditional Right of Holders to Receive Principal, Premium and Interest.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Indenture, the Holder of any Security shall have the right, which is absolute and unconditional, to receive payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and (subject to Sections 3.05 and 3.07) interest, if any, on such Security on the Stated Maturity or Maturities expressed in such Security (or, in the case of redemption, on the Redemption Date or, in the case of repayment at the option of the Holders on the Repayment Date) and to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment, and such rights shall not be impaired without the consent of such Holder.

Section 5.09. Restoration of Rights and Remedies.

If the Trustee or any Holder of a Security has instituted any proceeding to enforce any right or remedy under this Indenture and such proceeding has been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, or has been determined adversely to the Trustee or to such Holder, then and in every such case the Company, the Trustee and the Holders of Securities shall, subject to any determination in such proceeding, be restored severally and respectively to their former positions hereunder and thereafter all rights and remedies of the Trustee and the Holders shall continue as though no such proceeding had been instituted.

Section 5.10. Rights and Remedies Cumulative.

Except as otherwise provided with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Securities in the last paragraph of Section 3.06, no right or remedy herein conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders of Securities is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every right and remedy shall, to the extent permitted by law, be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder, or otherwise, shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other remedy.

Section 5.11. Delay or Omission Not Waiver.

No delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of any Security to exercise any right or remedy accruing upon any Event of Default shall impair any such right or remedy or constitute a waiver of any such Event of Default or an acquiescence therein. Every right and remedy given by this Article or by law to the Trustee or to the Holders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as may be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Holders of Securities, as the case may be.

Section 5.12. Control by Holders of Securities.

Subject to Section 6.02(v), the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series, provided that

- (i) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this Indenture,
- (ii) the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction, and

(iii) the Trustee need not take any action that might involve it in personal liability or be unjustly prejudicial to the Holders of Securities of such series not consenting (it being understood that the Trustee does not have an affirmative duty to ascertain whether or not any such directions are unduly prejudicial to such Holders).

Section 5.13. Waiver of Past Defaults.

Subject to Section 5.02, the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series may on behalf of the Holders of all the Securities of such series waive any past default hereunder with respect to Securities of such series and its consequences, except a default

(i) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of such series, or

(ii) in respect of a covenant or provision hereof which under Article Nine cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security of such series affected.

Upon any such waiver, such default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured, for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 5.14. Waiver of Stay or Extension Laws.

The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it will not at any time insist upon, or plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay or extension law wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, that may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture; and the Company (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

Section 5.15. Undertaking for Costs.

In any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as a Trustee, a court in its discretion may require the filing by any party litigant in the suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of the suit, and the court in its discretion may assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, against any party litigant in the suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by the party litigant. This Section 5.15 does not apply to a suit by the Trustee, a suit by a Holder pursuant to Section 5.08 hereof, or a suit by Holders of more than 10% in principal amount of the then Outstanding Securities.

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ARTICLE SIX

THE TRUSTEE

Section 6.01. Notice of Defaults.

(a) Within 90 days after the occurrence of any Default hereunder with respect to the Securities of any series, the Trustee shall transmit in the manner and to the extent provided in TIA Section 313(c), notice of such Default hereunder actually known to a Responsible Officer of the Trustee, unless such Default shall have been cured or waived; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, except in the case of a Default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of such series, or in the payment of any sinking or purchase fund installment with respect to the Securities of such series, the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the Trustee in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Holders of the Securities of such series; and <u>provided further</u> that in the case of any Default or breach of the character specified in Section 5.01(iv) with respect to the Securities of such series, no such notice to Holders shall be given until at least 60 days after the occurrence thereof.

(b) Prior to the time when the occurrence of an Event of Default becomes known to a Responsible Officer of the Trustee and after the curing or waiving of all such Events of Default with respect to a series of Securities that may have occurred:

(i) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall with respect to the Securities of any series be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture, and the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to the Securities except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture, and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(ii) in the absence of bad faith on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but in the case of any such certificates or opinions that by any provision hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform on their face to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of any mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein).

(c) If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Securities of any series of which a Responsible Officer of the Trustee has actual notice, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture with respect to the Securities of such series, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of such person's own affairs.

(d) The Trustee may not be relieved from liabilities for its own negligent action, its own negligent failure to act, or its own willful misconduct, except that: (i) this paragraph does not limit the effect of paragraph (b) of this Section 6.01; (ii) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer or Responsible Officers, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts; and (iii) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action it takes or omits to take in accordance with the direction of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Securities Outstanding relating to the time, method, and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, with respect to the Securities of any series under this Indenture.

(e) Whether or not therein expressly so provided, every provision of this Indenture that in any way relates to the Trustee is subject to paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this Section 6.01.

Section 6.02. Certain Rights of Trustee.

Subject to the provisions of TIA Section 315(a) through 315(d):

(i) The Trustee may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, coupon or other paper or document (whether in its original or facsimile form) believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties.

(ii) Any request or direction of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by a Company Request or Company Order (other than delivery of any Security to the Trustee for authentication and delivery pursuant to Section 3.03 which shall be sufficiently evidenced as provided therein) and any resolution of the Board of Directors may be sufficiently evidenced by a Board Resolution.

(iii) Whenever in the administration of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking, suffering or omitting any action hereunder, the Trustee (unless other evidence be herein specifically prescribed) may require and rely upon a Board Resolution, an Opinion of Counsel and/or an Officers' Certificate and the Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in reliance thereon.

(iv) The Trustee may consult with counsel concerning all matters hereunder, and may in all cases pay such reasonable compensation to any attorney, agent, receiver or employee retained or employed by it in connection herewith and the advice of such counsel or any Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken, suffered or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in reliance thereon.

(v) The Trustee shall be under no obligation to take any action or exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders of Securities of any series pursuant to this Indenture, unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities (including the reasonable fees and expenses of its agents and counsel) which might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

(vi) The Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, coupon or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled upon reasonable notice and at reasonable times during normal business hours to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney and shall incur no liability or additional liability of any kind by reason of such inquiry or investigation.

(vii) The Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent or attorney appointed with due care by it hereunder.

(viii) The Trustee shall not be deemed to have notice of any Default or Event of Default unless a Responsible Officer of the Trustee has actual knowledge thereof or unless written notice of any event which is in fact such a Default by the Company or by the Holders of at least 25% of the aggregate principal amount of the Securities of any series then outstanding is received by the Trustee at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and such notice references the Securities and this Indenture.

(ix) The rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be compensated, reimbursed and indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder and each Agent.

(x) The permissive rights of the Trustee enumerated herein shall not be construed as duties.

(xi) The Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith and believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture.

(xii) The Trustee may request that the Company deliver an Officers' Certificate setting forth the names of individuals and/or titles of officers authorized at such time to take specified actions pursuant to this Indenture, which Officers' Certificate may be signed by any person authorized to sign an Officers' Certificate, including any person specified as so authorized in any such certificate previously delivered and not superseded.

(xiii) Anything in this Indenture notwithstanding, in no event shall the Trustee be liable for special, indirect, punitive or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to loss of profit), even if the Trustee has been advised as to the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action.

(xiv) The Trustee shall not be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations under this Indenture arising out of or caused, directly or indirectly, by circumstances beyond its control, including acts of God; earthquakes; fire; flood; terrorism; wars and other military disturbances; sabotage; epidemics; riots; interruptions; loss or malfunctions of utilities, computer (hardware or software) or communication services; accidents; labor disputes; acts of civil or military authority and governmental action or other unavailability of the Federal Reserve Bank wire or facsimile or other wire or communication facility.

(xv) The Trustee shall not be required to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of any of its duties hereunder, or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers, if it shall have reasonable grounds for believing that repayment of such funds or adequate indemnity against such risk or liability is not reasonably assured to it.

(xvi) The Trustee shall not be required to give any bond or surety in respect of the performance of its powers or duties hereunder.

(xvii) For certain payments made pursuant to this Indenture, the Trustee may be required to make a "reportable payment" or "withholdable payment" and in such cases the Trustee shall have the duty to act as a payor or withholding agent, respectively, that is responsible for any tax withholding and reporting required under Chapters 3, 4, and 61 of the Code. The Trustee shall have the sole right to make the determination as to which payments are "reportable payments" or "withholdable payments." All parties to this Indenture shall provide an executed IRS Form W-9 or appropriate IRS Form W-8 (or, in each case, any successor form) to the Trustee prior to closing, and shall promptly update any such form to the extent such form becomes obsolete or inaccurate in any respect. The Trustee shall have the right to request from any party to this Indenture, or any other Person entitled to payment hereunder, any additional forms, documentation or other information as may be reasonably necessary for the Trustee to satisfy its reporting and withholding obligations under the Code. To the extent any such forms to be delivered under this Section 6.02 are not provided prior to or by the time the related payment is required to be made or are determined by the Trustee to be incomplete and/or inaccurate in any respect, the Trustee shall be entitled to any such payments hereunder to the extent withholding is required under Chapters 3, 4, or 61 of the Code, and shall have no obligation to gross up any such payment.

Section 6.03. Not Responsible for Recitals or Issuance of Securities.

The recitals contained herein and in the Securities, except the Trustee's certificate of authentication, shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and neither the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent assumes any responsibility for their correctness. The Trustee makes no representations as to and shall not be responsible for the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or of the Securities, except that the Trustee represents that it is duly authorized to execute and deliver this Indenture, authenticate the Securities and perform its obligations hereunder and that the statements made by it in a Statement of Eligibility on Form T-1 supplied to the Company are

true and accurate, subject to the qualifications set forth therein. Neither the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent shall be accountable for the use or application by the Company of Securities or the proceeds thereof or for funds received and disbursed in accordance with Indenture. The Trustee shall not be bound to ascertain or inquire as to the performance, observance, or breach of any covenants, conditions, representations, warranties or agreements on the part of the Company but the Trustee may require full information and advice as to the performance of the aforementioned covenants. Under no circumstances shall the Trustee be liable in its individual capacity for the obligations evidenced by the Securities. The Trustee shall have no obligation to pursue any action that is not in accordance with applicable law. The Trustee makes no representation as to and shall not be responsible for any statement or recital herein or any statement in any document in connection with the sale of any of the Securities. The Trustee shall have no obligation to independently determine or verify if any event has occurred or notify the Holders of any event dependent upon the rating of the Securities, or if the rating on the Securities has been changed, suspended or withdrawn by any rating agency.

Section 6.04. May Hold Securities.

The Trustee, any Paying Agent, Security Registrar, Authenticating Agent or any other agent of the Company, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Securities and, subject to TIA Sections 310(b) and 311, may otherwise deal with the Company with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee, Paying Agent, Security Registrar, Authenticating Agent or such other agent.

Section 6.05. Money Held in Trust.

Money held by the Trustee in trust hereunder need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. The Trustee shall be under no liability for interest on any money received by it hereunder except as otherwise agreed in writing with the Company.

Section 6.06. Compensation and Reimbursement and Indemnification of Trustee.

The Company agrees:

(i) To pay to the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee from time to time such compensation for all services rendered by it hereunder as has been agreed upon from time to time in writing (which compensation shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust).

(ii) To reimburse each of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee upon its request for all reasonable expenses, disbursements and advances incurred or made by the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee in accordance with any provision of this Indenture (including the reasonable compensation and the expenses and disbursements of its agents and counsel), except any such expense, disbursement or advance as may be attributable to its negligence or willful misconduct as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final and non-appealable decision.

(iii) To indemnify each of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee for, and to hold it harmless against, any loss, liability, claim, damage, fee, cost or expense incurred without negligence or willful misconduct on its own part as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final and non-appealable decision, arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the trust or trusts hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of its agents and counsel) of defending itself against any claim or liability in connection with the exercise or performance of any of its powers or duties hereunder (whether asserted by the Company, any Holder, or any other Person), and including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses and court costs incurred in connection with any action, claim or suit brought to enforce the Trustee's right to compensation, reimbursement or indemnification.

All indemnifications and releases from liability granted hereunder to the Trustee shall extend to its officers, directors, employees, agents, successors and assigns. As security for the performance of the obligations of the Company under this Section, the Trustee shall have a claim prior to the Securities upon all property and funds held or collected by the Trustee as such, except funds held in trust for the payment of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on particular Securities.

When the Trustee incurs expenses or renders services after an Event of Default specified in Section 5.01 occurs, the expenses and compensation for such services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under Title 11, U.S. Code, or any similar Federal, State or analogous foreign law for the relief of debtors.

The provisions of this Section 6.06 shall survive the resignation or removal of the Trustee and the satisfaction, termination or discharge of this Indenture. "Trustee" for the purposes of this Section 6.06 shall include any predecessor Trustee and the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder and each agent, custodian and other person employed to act hereunder; provided, however, that the negligence or willful misconduct of any Trustee hereunder (as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final and non-appealable decision) shall not affect the rights of any other Trustee hereunder.

Section 6.07. Corporate Trustee Required; Eligibility.

There shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder that shall be eligible to act as Trustee under TIA Section 310(a)(1) and shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000. If such corporation publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of Federal, State, Territorial or District of Columbia supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such corporation shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in this Article.

Section 6.08. Disqualification; Conflicting Interests.

If the Trustee has or shall acquire a conflicting interest within the meaning of the Trust Indenture Act, the Trustee shall either eliminate such interest, apply to the Commission for permission to continue as trustee or resign, to the extent and in the manner provided by, and subject to the provisions of, the Trust Indenture Act and this Indenture. To the extent permitted by such Act, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have a conflicting interest with respect to Securities of any series under this Indenture or any other indenture of the Company by virtue of being a trustee under this Indenture with respect to any particular series of Securities.

Section 6.09. Resignation and Removal; Appointment of Successor.

(a) No resignation or removal of the Trustee and no appointment of a successor Trustee pursuant to this Article shall become effective until the acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 6.10.

(b) The Trustee may resign at any time with respect to the Securities of one or more series by giving written notice thereof to the Company.

(c) The Trustee may be removed at any time with respect to the Securities of any series upon 30 days prior written notice by (i) the Company, by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee, provided that contemporaneously therewith (x) the Company immediately appoints a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series meeting the requirements of Section 6.07 hereof and (y) the terms of Section 6.10 hereof are complied with in respect of such appointment (the Trustee being removed hereby agreeing to execute the instrument contemplated by Section 6.10(b) hereof, if applicable, under such circumstances) and provided, further that no Default with respect to such Securities shall have occurred and then be continuing at such time, or (ii) Act of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series delivered to the Trustee and to the Company.

(d) If at any time:

(i) the Trustee shall fail to comply with the provisions of TIA Section 310(b) after written request therefor by the Company or by any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months (or, if it is a shorter period, the period since the issuance of the Securities of such series), or

(ii) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible under Section 6.07 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months (or, if it is a shorter period, the period since the initial issuance of the Securities of such series), or

(iii) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed or any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation, then, in any such case, (i) the Company by or pursuant to a Board Resolution may remove the Trustee and appoint a successor Trustee with respect to all Securities, or (ii) subject to TIA Section 315(e), any

Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security for at least six months (or, if it is a shorter period, the period since the initial issuance of the Securities of such series) may, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee with respect to all Securities and the appointment of a successor Trustee or Trustees.

(e) If an instrument of acceptance by a successor Trustee shall not have been delivered to the Trustee within 30 days after the giving of a notice of resignation or the delivery of an Act of removal, the Trustee resigning or being removed may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee.

(f) If the Trustee shall resign, be removed or become incapable of acting, or if a vacancy shall occur in the office of Trustee for any cause with respect to the Securities of one or more series, the Company, by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, shall promptly appoint a successor Trustee or Trustees with respect to the Securities of that or those series (it being understood that any such successor Trustee may be appointed with respect to the Securities of one or more or all of such series and that at any time there shall be only one Trustee with respect to the Securities of any particular series). If, within one year after such resignation, removal or incapability, or the occurrence of such vacancy, a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series shall be appointed by Act of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series delivered to the Company and the retiring Trustee, the successor Trustee so appointed shall, forthwith upon its acceptance of such appointment, become the successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series shall have been so appointed by the Company or the Holders of Securities and accepted appointment in the manner hereinafter provided, any Holder of a Security who has been a bona fide Holder of a Security of such series for at least six months may, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee with respect to Securities of such series.

(g) The Company shall give notice of each resignation and each removal of the Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series and each appointment of a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of any series in the manner provided for notices to the Holders of Securities in Section 1.06. Each notice shall include the name of the successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of such series and the address of its Corporate Trust Office.

Section 6.10. Acceptance of Appointment by Successor.

(a) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor Trustee with respect to all Securities, every such successor Trustee shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to the retiring Trustee an instrument accepting such appointment, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective and such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee; but, on request of the Company or the successor Trustee, such retiring Trustee shall, upon payment of its charges, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor Trustee all the rights, powers and trusts of the retiring Trustee, and shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor Trustee all property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder, subject nevertheless to its claim, if any, provided for in Section 6.06.

(b) In case of the appointment hereunder of a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more (but not all) series, the Company, the retiring Trustee and each successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more series shall execute and deliver an indenture supplemental hereto wherein each successor Trustee shall accept such appointment and that (i) shall contain such provisions as shall be necessary or desirable to transfer and confirm to, and to vest in, each successor Trustee all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates, (ii) shall contain such provisions as shall be deemed necessary or desirable to confirm that all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series as to which the retiring Trustee is not retiring shall continue to be vested in the retiring Trustee, and (iii) shall add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than one Trustee, it being understood that nothing herein or in such supplemental indenture shall constitute such Trustee's co-trustees of the same trust and that each such Trustee shall be trustee of a trust or trusts hereunder separate and apart from any trust or trusts hereunder administered by any other such Trustee; and upon the execution and delivery of such supplemental indenture the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective to the extent provided therein and each such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, trusts and duties of the retiring Trustee with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates; but, on request of the Company or any successor Trustee, such retiring Trustee shall duly assign, transfer and deliver to such successor Trustee all property and money held by such retiring Trustee hereunder with respect to the Securities of that or those series to which the appointment of such successor Trustee relates. Whenever there is a successor Trustee with respect to one or more (but less than all) series of securities issued pursuant to this Indenture, the terms "Indenture" and "Securities" shall have the meanings specified in the provisos to the respective definition of those terms in Section 1.01 which contemplate such situation.

(c) Upon request of any such successor Trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments reasonably necessary to more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor Trustee all such rights, powers and trusts referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section, as the case may be.

(d) No successor Trustee shall accept its appointment unless at the time of such acceptance such successor Trustee shall be qualified and eligible under this Article.

Section 6.11. Merger, Conversion, Consolidation or Succession to Business.

Any corporation into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee, shall be the successor of the Trustee hereunder, <u>provided</u> such corporation shall be otherwise qualified and eligible under this Article, without the

execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto. In case any Securities shall have been authenticated, but not delivered, by the Trustee then in office, any successor by merger, conversion or consolidation to such authenticating Trustee may adopt such authentication and deliver the Securities so authenticated with the same effect as if such successor Trustee had itself authenticated such Securities. In case any Securities shall not have been authenticated by such predecessor Trustee, any such successor Trustee may authenticate and deliver such Securities, in either its own name or that of its predecessor Trustee, with the full force and effect which this Indenture provides for the certificate of authentication of the Trustee; provided, however, that the right to adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor Trustee or to authenticate Securities in the name of any predecessor Trustee shall apply only to its successor or successors by merger, conversion or consolidation.

Section 6.12. Appointment of Authenticating Agent.

At any time when any of the Securities remain Outstanding, the Trustee may appoint an Authenticating Agent or Agents (which may be an Affiliate or Affiliates of the Company) with respect to one or more series of Securities that shall be authorized to act on behalf of the Trustee to authenticate Securities of such series issued upon original issue or upon exchange, registration of transfer or partial redemption thereof, and Securities so authenticated shall be entitled to the benefits of this Indenture and shall be valid and obligatory for all purposes as if authenticated by the Trustee hereunder. Any such appointment shall be evidenced by an instrument in writing signed by a Responsible Officer of the Trustee, a copy of which instrument shall be promptly furnished to the Company. Wherever reference is made in this Indenture to the authentication and delivery of Securities by the Trustee or the Trustee's certificate of authentication, such reference shall be deemed to include authenticating Agent. Each Authenticating Agent shall be acceptable to the Company and, except as may otherwise be provided pursuant to Section 3.01, shall at all times be a bank or trust company or corporation organized and doing business and in good standing under the laws of the United States of America or of any State or the District of Columbia, authorized under such laws to act as Authenticating Agent, having a combined capital and surplus of not less than \$1,500,000 and subject to supervision or examination by Federal or State authorities.

If such Authenticating Agent publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or the requirements of the aforesaid supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section, the combined capital and surplus of such Authenticating Agent shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. In case at any time an Authenticating Agent shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, such Authenticating Agent shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect specified in this Section.

Any corporation into which an Authenticating Agent may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which such Authenticating Agent shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to the corporate agency or corporate trust business of an Authenticating Agent, shall continue to be an Authenticating Agent, provided such corporation shall be otherwise eligible under this Section, without the execution or filing of any paper or further act on the part of the Trustee or the Authenticating Agent.

An Authenticating Agent for any series of Securities may at any time resign by giving written notice of resignation to the Trustee for such series and to the Company. The Trustee for any series of Securities may at any time terminate the agency of an Authenticating Agent by giving written notice of termination to such Authenticating Agent and to the Company. Upon receiving such a notice of resignation or upon such a termination, or in case at any time such Authenticating Agent shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section, the Trustee for such series may appoint a successor Authenticating Agent which shall be acceptable to the Company and shall promptly give written notice of such appointment to all Holders of Securities of the series with respect to which such Authenticating Agent will serve in the manner set forth in Section 1.06. Any successor Authenticating Agent upon acceptance of its appointment hereunder shall become vested with all the rights, powers and duties of its predecessor hereunder, with like effect as if originally named as an Authenticating Agent herein. No successor Authenticating Agent shall be appointed unless eligible under the provisions of this Section.

The Company agrees to pay to each Authenticating Agent from time to time reasonable compensation including reimbursement of its reasonable expenses for its services under this Section.

If an appointment with respect to one or more series is made pursuant to this Section, the Securities of such series may have endorsed thereon, in addition to or in lieu of the Trustee's certificate of authentication, an alternate certificate of authentication substantially in the following form:

This is one of the Securities of the series designated therein referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Authenticating Agent

By: ______Authorized Signatory

If all of the Securities of a series may not be originally issued at one time, and the Trustee does not have an office capable of authenticating Securities upon original issuance located in a Place of Payment where the Company wishes to have Securities of such series authenticated upon original issuance, the Trustee, if so requested by the Company in writing (which writing need not comply with Section 1.02 and need not be accompanied by an Opinion of Counsel), shall appoint in accordance with this Section an Authenticating Agent (which, if so requested by the Company, shall be an Affiliate of the Company) having an office in a Place of Payment designated by the Company with respect to such series of Securities, <u>provided</u> that the terms and conditions of such appointment are reasonably acceptable to the Trustee.

Section 6.13. Preferential Collection of Claims Against Company.

The Trustee is subject to TIA Section 311(a), excluding any creditor relationship listed in TIA Section 311(b). A Trustee who has resigned or been removed shall be subject to TIA Section 311(a) to the extent indicated therein.

ARTICLE SEVEN

HOLDERS' LISTS AND REPORTS BY TRUSTEE AND COMPANY

Section 7.01. Disclosure of Names and Addresses of Holders.

Every Holder of Securities, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any Authenticating Agent nor any Paying Agent nor any Security Registrar nor any agent of any of them shall be held accountable by reason of the disclosure of any information as to the names and addresses of the Holders of Securities in accordance with TIA Section 312, regardless of the source from which such information was derived, and that the Trustee shall not be held accountable by reason of mailing or sending any material pursuant to a request made under TIA Section 312(b).

Section 7.02. Preservation of Information; Communications to Holders.

(a) The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, the names and addresses of Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to the Trustee as provided in Section 7.01 and the names and addresses of Holders received by the Trustee in its capacity as Security Registrar. The Trustee may destroy any list furnished to it as provided in Section 7.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

(b) The rights of Holders to communicate with other Holders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or under the Securities, and the corresponding rights and duties of the Trustee, shall be as provided by the Trust Indenture Act.

(c) Every Holder of Securities, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any agent of either of them shall be held accountable by reason of any disclosure of information as to the names and addresses of Holders made pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act.

Section 7.03. Reports by Trustee.

Within 60 days after May 15 of each year commencing with the first May 15 after the first issuance of Securities pursuant to this Indenture, the Trustee shall transmit by mail or send to all Holders of Securities as provided in TIA Section 313(c) a brief report dated as of such May 15 which meets the requirements of TIA Section 313(a).

A copy of each such report shall, at the time of such transmission to Holders, be filed by the Trustee with each stock exchange, if any, upon which the Securities are listed, with the Commission and with the Company. The Company will promptly notify the Trustee of the listing

of the Securities on any stock exchange. In the event that, on any such reporting date, no events have occurred under the applicable sections of the TIA within the 12 months preceding such reporting date, the Trustee shall be under no duty or obligation to provide such reports.

Section 7.04. Reports by Company.

The Company will file with the Trustee and the Commission, and transmit to Holders, such information, documents and other reports, and such summaries thereof, as may be required pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act; <u>provided</u>, that any such information, documents or reports filed electronically with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act shall be deemed filed with and delivered to the Trustee and the Holders at the same time as filed with the Commission. The Trustee shall have no obligation whatsoever to determine whether or not such information, documents or reports have been filed pursuant to the EDGAR filing system (or its successor) or postings to any website have occurred.

Delivery of such reports, information, and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to conclusively rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates).

Section 7.05. Calculation of Original Issue Discount.

Upon request of the Trustee, the Company shall file with the Trustee promptly at the end of each calendar year a written notice specifying the amount of original issue discount (including daily rates and accrual periods), if any, accrued on Outstanding Securities as of the end of such year.

ARTICLE EIGHT

CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, CONVEYANCE OR TRANSFER

Section 8.01. Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets.

The Company shall not merge or consolidate with or into any other Person (other than a merger of a wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company into the Company) or sell, transfer, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its property (provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of the Company or its Subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition; and provided further that this Section 8.01 shall not apply to any sale, transfer, lease, conveyance, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's property to a wholly owned Subsidiary) in one transaction or series of related transactions unless:

(i) the Company shall be the surviving Person (the "Surviving Person") or the Surviving Person (if other than the Company) formed by such merger or consolidation or to which such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition is made shall be a corporation or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America or any state or territory thereof;

(ii) the Surviving Person (if other than the Company) expressly assumes, by supplemental indenture in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, executed and delivered to the Trustee by such Surviving Person, the due and punctual payment of the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, all the Securities Outstanding, and the due and punctual performance and observance of all the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Company;

(iii) immediately before and immediately after giving effect to such transaction or series of related transactions, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(iv) the Company shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Trustee, an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that such transaction and the supplemental indenture, if any, in respect thereto comply with this Section 8.01, that all conditions precedent in this Indenture relating to such transaction have been complied with.

For the purposes of this Section 8.01, the sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition of all the property of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company, which property, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all the property of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the transfer of all or substantially all the property of the Company.

Section 8.02. Successor Person Substituted.

Upon any consolidation or merger, or any conveyance or transfer of the properties and assets of the Company substantially as an entirety in accordance with Section 8.01, the successor Person formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or the successor Person to which such conveyance or transfer is made shall succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under this Indenture with the same effect as if such successor had been named as the Company herein; and in the event of any such conveyance or transfer, the Company shall be discharged from all obligations and covenants under this Indenture and the Securities and may be dissolved and liquidated.

ARTICLE NINE

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 9.01. Supplemental Indentures Without Consent of Holders.

Without the consent of any Holders of Securities, the Company, when authorized by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, and the Trustee, at any time and from time to time, may enter into one or more indentures supplemental hereto, in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, for any of the following purposes:

(i) to evidence the succession of another Person to the Company and the assumption by any such successor of the covenants of the Company herein and in the Securities contained; or

(ii) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Securities (and if such covenants are to be for the benefit of less than all series of Securities, stating that such covenants are expressly being included solely for the benefit of such series) or to surrender any right or power herein conferred upon the Company; or

(iii) to add any additional Events of Default for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Securities (and if such Events of Default are to be for the benefit of less than all series of Securities, stating that such Events of Default are expressly being included solely for the benefit of such series); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in respect of any such additional Events of Default such supplemental indenture may provide for a particular period of grace after default (which period may be shorter or longer than that allowed in the case of other defaults) or may provide for an immediate enforcement upon such default or may limit the remedies available to the Trustee upon such default or may limit the right of the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of that or those series of Securities to which such additional Events of Default apply to waive such default; or

(iv) to change or eliminate any of the provisions of this Indenture; <u>provided</u> that any such change or elimination shall become effective only when there is no Security Outstanding of any series created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture that is entitled to the benefit of such provision; or

(v) to secure any series of the Securities pursuant to the requirements of Section 8.01, or otherwise; or

(vi) to establish the form or terms of Securities of any series as permitted by Sections 2.01 and 3.01, including the provisions and procedures relating to Securities convertible into or exchangeable for any securities of any Person (including the Company), or to authorize the issuance of additional Securities of a series previously authorized or to add to the conditions, limitations or restrictions on the authorized amount, terms or purposes of issue, authentication or delivery of the Securities of any series, as herein set forth, or other conditions, limitations or restrictions thereafter to be observed; or

(vii) to evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment hereunder by a successor Trustee with respect to the Securities of one or more series and to add to or change any of the provisions of this Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts hereunder by more than one Trustee; or

(viii) to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision herein that may be inconsistent with any other provision herein, or to make any other provisions with respect to the matters or questions arising under this Indenture; provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of Securities of any series in any material respect, in each case as determined in good faith by the Company, as evidenced by an Officers' Certificate; or

(ix) to supplement any of the provisions of this Indenture to such extent as shall be necessary to permit or facilitate the defeasance and discharge of any series of Securities pursuant to Sections 4.01, 14.02 and 14.03; <u>provided</u> that any such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of Securities of such series or any other series of Securities in any material respect as determined in good faith by the Company, as evidenced in an Officers' Certificate; or

(x) to add guarantors or co-obligors with respect to any series of Securities or to release guarantors from their guarantees of Securities in accordance with the terms of the applicable series of Securities; or

(xi) to make any change in any series of Securities that does not adversely affect in any material respect the rights of the Holders of such Securities as determined in good faith by the Company, as evidenced in an Officers' Certificate.

Section 9.02. Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders.

With the consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of all Outstanding Securities affected by such supplemental indenture, by Act of said Holders delivered to the Company and the Trustee, the Company, when authorized by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, and the Trustee may enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture that affects such series of Securities or of modifying in any manner the rights of the Holders of such series of Securities under this Indenture; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no such supplemental indenture shall, without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security affected thereby:

(i) change the Stated Maturity of the principal of (or premium, if any) or any installment of principal of or interest on, any Security, subject to the provisions of Section 3.08; or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any Security; or reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest (or change the manner of calculating the rate of interest, thereon, or any premium payable upon the redemption thereof, or change any obligation of the Company to pay Additional Amounts pursuant to Section 10.04 (except as contemplated by Section 8.01(i) and permitted by Section 9.01(i)), or reduce the portion of the principal of an Original Issue Discount Security or Indexed Security that would be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to Section 5.02, or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in bankruptcy pursuant to Section 5.04, or adversely affect any right of repayment at the option of the Holder of any Security, or change any Place of Payment where, or the Currency in which, any Security or any premium or interest thereon is payable, or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the Stated Maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption or repayment at the option of the Holder, on or after the Redemption Date or the Repayment Date, as the case may be), or adversely affect any right to convert or exchange any Security as may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01 herein, or modify the subordination provisions set forth in Article Sixteen in a manner that is adverse to the Holder of any Security, or

(ii) reduce the percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series, the consent of whose Holders is required for any such supplemental indenture, or the consent of whose Holders is required for any waiver with respect to such series (of compliance with certain provisions of this Indenture or certain defaults hereunder and their consequences) provided for in this Indenture, or reduce the requirements of Section 15.04 for quorum or voting, or

(iii) modify any of the provisions of this Section, Section 5.13 or Section 10.06, except to increase any such percentage or to provide that certain other provisions of this Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Security affected thereby; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that this clause shall not be deemed to require the consent of any Holder of a Security with respect to changes in the references to "the Trustee" and concomitant changes in this Section, or the deletion of this proviso, in accordance with the requirements of Sections 6.10(b) and 9.01(viii).

It shall not be necessary for any Act of Holders under this Section to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture, but it shall be sufficient if such Act shall approve the substance thereof.

A supplemental indenture that changes or eliminates any covenant or other provision of this Indenture which has expressly been included solely for the benefit of one or more particular series of Securities, or that modifies the rights of the Holders of Securities of such series with respect to such covenant or other provision, shall be deemed not to affect the rights under this Indenture of the Holders of Securities of any other series.

The Company may, but shall not be obligated to, fix a record date for the purpose of determining the Persons entitled to consent to any indenture supplemental hereto. If a record date is fixed, the Holders on such record date, or their duly designated proxies, and only such Persons, shall be entitled to consent to such supplemental indenture, whether or not such Holders remain Holders after such record date; provided, that unless such consent shall have become effective by virtue of the requisite percentage having been obtained prior to the date that is eleven months after such record date, any such consent previously given shall automatically and without further action by any Holder be cancelled and of no further effect.

Section 9.03. Execution of Supplemental Indentures.

In executing, or accepting the additional trusts created by, any supplemental indenture permitted by this Article or the modification thereby of the trusts created by this Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive, and shall be fully protected in relying upon, in addition to the documents required by Section 1.02 of this Indenture, an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel stating that the execution of such supplemental indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture, constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms and that all conditions precedent to such supplemental indenture have been complied with, subject to customary assumptions and exceptions. The Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, enter into any such supplemental indenture that affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indentwise.

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Section 9.04. Effect of Supplemental Indentures.

Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture under this Article, this Indenture shall be modified in accordance therewith, and such supplemental indenture shall form a part of this Indenture for all purposes; and every Holder of Securities theretofore or thereafter authenticated and delivered hereunder shall be bound thereby.

Section 9.05. Conformity with Trust Indenture Act.

Every supplemental indenture executed pursuant to this Article shall conform to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act as then in effect.

Section 9.06. Reference in Securities to Supplemental Indentures.

Securities of any series authenticated and delivered after the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to this Article may, and shall, if required by the Trustee, bear a notation in form approved by the Trustee as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture. If the Company shall so determine, new Securities of any series so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Trustee and the Company, to any such supplemental indenture may be prepared and executed by the Company and authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in exchange for Outstanding Securities of such series.

ARTICLE TEN

COVENANTS

Section 10.01. Payment of Principal, Premium, if any, and Interest.

The Company covenants and agrees for the benefit of the Holders of each series of Securities that it will duly and punctually pay the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the Securities of that series in accordance with the terms of such series of Securities and this Indenture. Unless otherwise specified with respect to Securities of any series pursuant to Section 3.01, at the option of the Company, all payments of principal may be paid by check to the registered Holder of the Registered Security or other person entitled thereto against surrender of such Security.

Section 10.02. Maintenance of Office or Agency.

The Company shall maintain in each Place of Payment for any series of Securities an office or agency where Securities of that series may be presented or surrendered for payment, where Securities of that series may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, where Securities of that series that are convertible or exchangeable may be surrendered for conversion or exchange, as applicable, and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities of that series and this Indenture may be served.

The Company may also from time to time designate one or more other offices or agencies where the Securities of one or more series may be presented or surrendered for any or all of such purposes, and may from time to time rescind such designations; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no such designation or rescission shall in any manner relieve the Company of its obligation to maintain an office or agency in accordance with the requirements set forth above for Securities of any series for such purposes. The Company will give prompt written notice to the Trustee of any such designation or rescission and of any change in the location of any such other office or agency. Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to a series of Securities, the Company hereby designates as a Place of Payment for each series of Securities the Corporate Trust Office, and initially appoints the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office as Paying Agent, and as its agent to receive all such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands.

Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, if and so long as the Securities of any series (i) are denominated in a currency other than Dollars or (ii) may be payable in a currency other than Dollars, or so long as it is required under any other provision of the Indenture, then the Company will maintain with respect to each such series of Securities, or as so required, at least one Exchange Rate Agent. The Company will notify the Trustee of the name and address of any Exchange Rate Agent retained by it.

Section 10.03. Money for Securities Payments to Be Held in Trust.

If the Company shall at any time act as its own Paying Agent with respect to any series of any Securities, it will, on or before each due date of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any of the Securities of that series, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled thereto a sum in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay the principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on Securities of such series so becoming due until such sums shall be paid to such Persons or otherwise disposed of as herein provided, and will promptly notify the Trustee of its action or failure so to act.

Whenever the Company shall have one or more Paying Agents for any series of Securities, it will, on or before each due date of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Securities of that series, deposit with a Paying Agent a sum (in the Currency or Currencies described in the preceding paragraph), sufficient to pay the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, so becoming due, such sum of money to be held in trust for the benefit of the Persons entitled to such principal, premium or interest and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Company will promptly notify the Trustee of its action or failure so to act.

The Company may at any time, for the purpose of obtaining the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture or for any other purpose, pay, or by Company Order direct any Paying Agent to pay, to the Trustee all sums of money held in trust by the Company or such Paying Agent, such sums to be held by the Trustee upon the same trusts as those upon which such sums were held by the Company or such Paying Agent; and, upon such payment by any Paying Agent to the Trustee, such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such sums.

Except as otherwise provided in the Securities of any series, any money deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or then held by the Company, in trust for the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of any series, and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal, premium or interest has become due and payable shall be paid to the Company upon Company Request, or (if then held by the Company) shall be discharged from such trust; and the Holder of such Security shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Company for payment thereof, and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such money held in trust, and all liability of the Company as trustee thereof, shall thereupon cease; provided, however, that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such repayment, may at the expense of the Company cause to be published once, in an Authorized Newspaper, notice that such money remains unclaimed and that, after a date specified therein, which shall not be less than 30 days from the date of such publication, any unclaimed balance of such money then remaining will be repaid to the Company.

Section 10.04. Additional Amounts.

If the Securities of a series provide for the payment of Additional Amounts, the Company will pay to the Holder of any Security of such series such Additional Amounts as may be specified as contemplated by Section 3.01. Whenever in this Indenture there is mentioned, in any context, the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Security of any series or the net proceeds received on the sale or exchange of any Security of any series, such mention shall be deemed to include mention of the payment of Additional Amounts provided for by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01 to the extent that, in such context, Additional Amounts are, were or would be payable in respect thereof pursuant to such terms and express mention of the payment of Additional Amounts in those provisions hereof where such express mention is not made.

Except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, if the Securities of a series provide for the payment of Additional Amounts, at least 10 days prior to the first Interest Payment Date with respect to that series of Securities (or if the Securities of that series will not bear interest prior to Maturity, the first day on which a payment of principal premium is made), and at least 10 days prior to each date of payment of principal, premium or interest if there has been any change with respect to the matters set forth in the below-mentioned Officers' Certificate, the Company will furnish the Trustee and the Company's principal Paying Agent or Paying Agents, if other than the Trustee, with an Officers' Certificate instructing the Trustee and such Paying Agent or Paying Agent of principal, premium or interest on the Securities of that series shall be made to Holders of Securities of that series who are not United States persons without withholding for or on account of any tax, assessment or other governmental charge described in the Securities of that series. If any such withholding shall be required, then such Officers' Certificate shall specify by country the amount, if any, required to be withheld on such payments to such Holders of Securities of that series and the Company will pay to the Trustee or such Paying Agent to as paying Agent as the case may be, shall not so receive the above-mentioned certificate, then the Trustee or such Paying Agent as the case may be, shall not so receive the above-mentioned certificate, then the Trustee or such Paying Agent shall be entitled (i) to assume that no such withholding or deduction is required with respect to any payment of

principal or interest with respect to any Securities of a series until it shall have received a certificate advising otherwise and (ii) to make all payments of principal and interest with respect to the Securities of a series without withholding or deductions until otherwise advised. The Company covenants to indemnify the Trustee and any Paying Agent for, and to hold them harmless against, any loss, liability or expense reasonably incurred without negligence or willful misconduct on their part arising out of or in connection with actions taken or omitted by any of them in reliance on any Officers' Certificate furnished pursuant to this Section or in reliance on the Company's not furnishing such an Officers' Certificate.

Section 10.05. Statement as to Compliance.

The Company will deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year ending after the date hereof so long as any Security is Outstanding hereunder, an Officers' Certificate one signer of which shall be either the principal executive officer, the principal financial officer or the principal accounting officer of the Company, that need not comply with Section 1.02 stating to the knowledge of the signers thereof whether the Company is in default in the performance of any of the terms, provisions or conditions of this Indenture. For purposes of this Section 10.05, such default shall be determined without regard to any period of grace or requirement of notice under this Indenture.

Section 10.06. Waiver of Certain Covenants.

The Company may omit in any particular instance to comply with any covenant or condition of the Company set forth herein or added to Article Ten pursuant to Section 3.01(xiv) or Section 3.01(xv) in connection with the Securities of a series, if before or after the time for such compliance the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of all Outstanding Securities of such series, by Act of such Holders, either waive such compliance in such instance or generally waive compliance with such covenant or condition, but no such waiver shall extend to or affect such covenant or condition except to the extent so expressly waived, and, until such waiver shall become effective, the obligations of the Company and the duties of the Trustee in respect of any such covenant or condition shall remain in full force and effect.

ARTICLE ELEVEN

REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Section 11.01. Applicability of Article.

Securities of any series that are redeemable before their Stated Maturity shall be redeemable in accordance with their terms and (except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 for Securities of any series) in accordance with this Article.

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Section 11.02. Election to Redeem; Notice to Trustee.

The election of the Company to redeem any Securities shall be evidenced by or pursuant to a Board Resolution. In case of any redemption at the election of the Company of less than all of the Securities of any series, the Company shall, at least 60 days prior to the Redemption Date fixed by the Company (unless a shorter notice shall be satisfactory to the Trustee), notify the Trustee in writing of such Redemption Date and of the principal amount of Securities of such series to be redeemed, and, if applicable, of the tenor of the Securities to be redeemed, and shall deliver to the Trustee such documentation and records as shall enable the Trustee to select the Securities to be redeemed pursuant to Section 11.03. In the case of any redemption of Securities of any series prior to the expiration of any restriction on such redemption provided in the terms of such Securities or elsewhere in this Indenture, the Company shall furnish the Trustee with an Officers' Certificate evidencing compliance with such restriction.

Section 11.03. Selection by Trustee of Securities to Be Redeemed.

If less than all of the Securities are to be redeemed at any time, and the Securities are global Securities, the Securities to be redeemed will be selected by the Trustee in accordance with applicable Depositary procedures. If the Securities to be redeemed or repurchased are not global Securities then held by the Depositary, the Trustee shall select the Securities to be redeemed (i) if the Securities are listed on any national securities exchange, in compliance with the requirements of the principal national securities exchange on which the Securities are listed, (ii) on a <u>pro rata</u> basis to the extent practicable or (iii) to the extent that selection on a <u>pro rata</u> basis is not practicable by lot or such other similar method the Trustee deems to be fair and appropriate from the Outstanding Securities of such series issued on such date with the same terms not previously called for redemption, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date; <u>provided</u> that such method complies with the rules of any national securities exchange or quotation system on which the Securities are listed, and may provide for the selection for redemption of portions (equal to the minimum authorized denomination for Securities of that series; <u>provided</u>, however, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal amount of a Securities of such series.

The Trustee shall promptly notify the Company and the Security Registrar (if other than itself) in writing of the Securities selected for redemption and, in the case of any Securities selected for partial redemption, the principal amount thereof to be redeemed.

For all purposes of this Indenture, unless the context otherwise requires, all provisions relating to the redemption of Securities shall relate, in the case of any Security redeemed or to be redeemed only in part, to the portion of the principal amount of such Security which has been or is to be redeemed.

Section 11.04. Notice of Redemption.

Notice of redemption shall be given in the manner provided in Section 1.06, not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date, unless a shorter period is specified by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01, to each Holder of Securities to be redeemed, but failure to give such notice in the manner herein provided to the Holder of any Security designated for redemption as a whole or in part, or any defect in the notice to any such Holder, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other such Security or portion thereof.

Any notice that is mailed or sent to the Holders of Registered Securities in the manner herein provided shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Holder receives the notice.

All notices of redemption shall identify the Securities to be redeemed and shall state:

(i) the Redemption Date,

(ii) the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date payable as provided in Section 11.06,

(iii) if less than all Outstanding Securities of any series are to be redeemed, the identification (and, in the case of partial redemption, the principal amount) of the particular Security or Securities to be redeemed,

(iv) in case any Security is to be redeemed in part only, the notice that relates to such Security shall state that on and after the Redemption Date, upon surrender of such Security, the Holder will receive, without a charge, a new Security or Securities of authorized denominations for the principal amount thereof remaining unredeemed,

(v) that on the Redemption Date, the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date payable as provided in Section 11.06 will become due and payable upon each such Security, or the portion thereof, to be redeemed and, if applicable, that interest thereon shall cease to accrue on and after said date,

(vi) the Place or Places of Payment where such Securities, if any, maturing after the Redemption Date, are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any, and the name of any Paying Agent,

(vii) that the redemption is for a sinking fund, if such is the case, and

(viii) the CUSIP number of such Security, if any, and that no representation is made as to the correctness or accuracy of the CUSIP number, if any, listed in such notice or printed on the Security.

A notice of redemption published as contemplated by Section 1.06 need not identify particular Registered Securities to be redeemed. Notice of redemption of Securities to be redeemed shall be given by the Company or, at the Company's request, delivered to the Trustee at least 2 Business Days prior to the date the notice of redemption is to be sent (unless a shorter period shall be satisfactory to the Trustee), an Officers' Certificate requesting that the Trustee give such notice together with the notice to be given setting forth the information to be stated therein as provided in the preceding paragraph, by the Trustee in the name and at the expense of the Company.

Section 11.05. Deposit of Redemption Price.

On or prior to 10:00 am, New York City time, on the Business Day prior to any Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with the Trustee or with a Paying Agent (or, if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, in accordance with the terms of this Indenture, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 10.03) an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay on the Redemption Date the Redemption Price of, and (unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01) accrued interest on, all the Securities or portions thereof which are to be redeemed on that date.

Section 11.06. Securities Payable on Redemption Date.

Notice of redemption having been given as aforesaid, the Securities so to be redeemed shall, on the Redemption Date, become due and payable at the Redemption Price therein specified in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) (together with accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date), and from and after such date (unless the Company shall default in the payment of the Redemption Price and accrued interest, if any) such Securities shall if the same were interest-bearing cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of any such Security for redemption in accordance with said notice, such Security shall be paid by the Company at the Redemption Price, together with accrued interest, if any, to the Redemption Date specified as contemplated by Section 3.01, installments of interest on Registered Securities whose Stated Maturity is on or prior to the Redemption Date shall be payable to the Holders of such Securities, or one or more Predecessor Securities, registered as such at the close of business on the relevant Record Dates according to their terms and the provisions of Section 3.07.

If any Security called for redemption shall not be so paid upon surrender thereof for redemption, the Redemption Price shall, until paid, bear interest from the Redemption Date at the rate of interest set forth in such Security or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security, at the Yield to Maturity of such Security.

Section 11.07. Securities Redeemed in Part.

Any Registered Security that is to be redeemed only in part (pursuant to the provisions of this Article or of Article Twelve) shall be surrendered at a Place of Payment therefor (with, if the Company or the Trustee so requires, due endorsement by, or a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Trustee duly executed by, the Holder thereof or such Holder's attorney duly authorized in writing) and the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of such Security without service charge a new Security or Securities of the same series and of like tenor, of any authorized denomination as requested by such Holder in aggregate principal amount equal to and in exchange for the unredeemed portion of the principal of the Security so surrendered. If a temporary global Security or permanent global Security is so surrendered, such new Security so issued shall be a

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new temporary global Security or permanent global Security, respectively. However, if less than all the Securities of any series with differing issue dates, interest rates and stated maturities are to be redeemed, the Company in its sole discretion shall select the particular Securities to be redeemed and shall notify the Trustee in writing thereof at least 45 days prior to the relevant redemption date.

ARTICLE TWELVE

SINKING FUNDS

Section 12.01. Applicability of Article.

The provisions of this Article shall be applicable to any sinking fund for the retirement of Securities of a series except as otherwise specified as contemplated by Section 3.01 for Securities of such series.

The minimum amount of any sinking fund payment provided for by the terms of Securities of any series is herein referred to as a "mandatory sinking fund payment", and any payment in excess of such minimum amount provided for by the terms of such Securities of any series is herein referred to as an "optional sinking fund payment". If provided for by the terms of any Securities of any series, the cash amount of any mandatory sinking fund payment may be subject to reduction as provided in Section 12.02. Each sinking fund payment shall be applied to the redemption of Securities of any series as provided for by the terms of such series.

Section 12.02. Satisfaction of Sinking Fund Payments with Securities.

The Company may, in satisfaction of all or any part of any mandatory sinking fund payment with respect to the Securities of a series, (i) deliver Outstanding Securities of such series (other than any previously called for redemption) and (ii) apply as a credit Securities of such series which have been redeemed either at the election of the Company pursuant to the terms of such Securities or through the application of permitted optional sinking fund payments pursuant to the terms of such Securities, as provided for by the terms of such Securities; <u>provided</u> that such Securities so delivered or applied as a credit have not been previously so credited. Such Securities shall be received and credited for such purpose by the Trustee at the applicable Redemption Price specified in such Securities for redemption through operation of the sinking fund and the amount of such mandatory sinking fund payment shall be reduced accordingly.

Section 12.03. Redemption of Securities for Sinking Fund.

Not less than 60 days prior to each sinking fund payment date for Securities of any series, the Company will deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate specifying the amount of the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment for that series pursuant to the terms of that series, the portion thereof, if any, which is to be satisfied by payment of cash in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) and the portion thereof, if any, which is to be satisfied by delivering and crediting

Securities of that series pursuant to Section 12.02, and the optional amount, if any, to be added in cash to the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment, and will also deliver to the Trustee any Securities to be so delivered and credited. If such Officers' Certificate shall specify an optional amount to be added in cash to the next ensuing mandatory sinking fund payment, the Company shall thereupon be obligated to pay the amount therein specified. Not less than 30 days before each such sinking fund payment date the Trustee shall select the Securities to be redeemed upon such sinking fund payment date in the manner specified in Section 11.03 and cause notice of the redemption thereof to be given in the name of and at the expense of the Company in the manner provided in Section 11.04. Such notice having been duly given, the redemption of such Securities shall be made upon the terms and in the manner stated in Sections 11.06 and 11.07.

ARTICLE THIRTEEN

REPAYMENT AT THE OPTION OF HOLDERS

Section 13.01. Applicability of Article.

Repayment of Securities of any series before their Stated Maturity at the option of Holders thereof shall be made in accordance with the terms of such Securities and (except as otherwise specified by the terms of such series established pursuant to Section 3.01) in accordance with this Article.

Section 13.02. Repayment of Securities.

Securities of any series subject to repayment in whole or in part at the option of one or more Holders thereof will, unless otherwise provided in the terms of such Securities, be repaid at the Repayment Price thereof, together with interest, if any, thereon accrued to the Repayment Date specified in or pursuant to the terms of such Securities. The Company covenants that on or before 10:00 am, New York City time, on the Business Day preceding the Repayment Date it will deposit with the Trustee or with a Paying Agent (or, if the Company is acting as its own Paying Agent, segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 10.03 an amount of money in the Currency in which the Securities of such series are payable (except as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01 for the Securities of such series and except, if applicable, as provided in Sections 3.12(b), 3.12(d) and 3.12(e)) sufficient to pay the Repayment Price of, and (unless otherwise specified pursuant to Section 3.01) accrued interest on, all the Securities or portions thereof, as the case may be, to be repaid on such date.

Section 13.03. Exercise of Option.

Securities of any series subject to repayment at the option of one or more Holders thereof will contain an "Option to Elect Repayment" form on the reverse of such Securities. To be repaid at the option of the Holder, any Security so providing for such repayment, with the "Option to Elect Repayment" form on the reverse of such Security duly completed by the Holder (or by the Holder's attorney duly authorized in writing), must be received by the Company at the Place of Payment therefor specified in the terms of such Security (or at such other place or places of which the Company shall from time to time notify the Holders of such Securities) not earlier than

45 days nor later than 30 days prior to the Repayment Date. If less than the entire Repayment Price of such Security is to be repaid in accordance with the terms of such Security, the portion of the Repayment Price of such Security to be repaid, in increments of the minimum denomination for Securities of such series, and the denomination or denominations of the Security or Securities to be issued to the Holder for the portion of such Security surrendered that is not to be repaid, must be specified. Any Security providing for repayment at the option of the Holder thereof may not be repaid in part if, following such repayment, the unpaid principal amount of such Security would be less than the minimum authorized denomination of Securities of the series of which such Security to be repaid is a part. Except as otherwise may be provided by the terms of any Security providing for repayment at the option of the Holder thereof, exercise of the repayment option by the Holder shall be irrevocable unless waived by the Company. If the Security is in global form, the exercise of such option and payment thereof shall also be made in compliance with the applicable procedures of the Depositary.

Section 13.04. When Securities Presented for Repayment Become Due and Payable.

If Securities of any series providing for repayment at the option of the Holders thereof shall have been surrendered as provided in this Article and as provided by or pursuant to the terms of such Securities, such Securities or the portions thereof, as the case may be, to be repaid shall become due and payable and shall be paid by the Company on the Repayment Date therein specified, and on and after such Repayment Date (unless the Company shall default in the payment of such Securities on such Repayment Date) such Securities shall, if the same were interest-bearing, cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of any such Security for repayment in accordance with such provisions, the Repayment Price of such Security so to be repaid shall be paid by the Company, together with accrued interest, if any, to the Repayment Date; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that installments of interest on Registered Securities, whose Stated Maturity is prior to (or, if specified pursuant to Section 3.01, on) the Repayment Date shall be payable (but without interest thereon, unless the Company shall default in the payment thereof) to the Holders of such Securities, or one or more Predecessor Securities, registered as such at the close of business on the relevant Record Dates according to their terms and the provisions of Section 3.07.

If any Security surrendered for repayment shall not be so repaid upon surrender thereof, the Repayment Price shall, until paid, bear interest from the Repayment Date at the rate of interest set forth in such Security or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security, at the Yield to Maturity of such Security.

Section 13.05. Securities Repaid in Part.

Upon surrender of any Registered Security that is to be repaid in part only, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of such Security, without service charge and at the expense of the Company, a new Registered Security or Securities of the same series, and of like tenor, of any authorized denomination specified by the Holder, in an aggregate principal amount equal to and in exchange for the portion of the principal of such Security so surrendered that is not to be repaid. If a temporary global Security or permanent global Security is so surrendered, such new Security so issued shall be a new temporary global Security or a new permanent global Security.

ARTICLE FOURTEEN

DEFEASANCE AND COVENANT DEFEASANCE

Section 14.01. Applicability of Article; Company's Option to Effect Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance.

If pursuant to Section 3.01 provision is made for either or both of (a) defeasance of the Securities of or within a series under Section 14.02 or (b) covenant defeasance of the Securities of or within a series under Section 14.03, then the provisions of such Section or Sections, as the case may be, together with the other provisions of this Article (with such modifications thereto as may be specified pursuant to Section 3.01 with respect to any Securities), shall be applicable to such Securities, and the Company may at its option by Board Resolution, at any time, with respect to such Securities, elect to have either Section 14.02 (if applicable) or Section 14.03 (if applicable) be applied to such Outstanding Securities upon compliance with the conditions set forth below in this Article.

Section 14.02. Defeasance and Discharge.

Upon the Company's exercise of the above option applicable to this Section with respect to any Securities of or within a series, the Company shall be deemed to have been discharged from its obligations with respect to such Outstanding Securities on and after the date the conditions set forth in Section 14.04 are satisfied (hereinafter, "defeasance"). For this purpose, such defeasance means that the Company shall be deemed to have paid and discharged the entire indebtedness represented by such Outstanding Securities, which shall thereafter be deemed to be "Outstanding" only for the purposes of Section 14.05 and the other Sections of this Indenture referred to in clauses (A) and (B) of this Section, and to have satisfied all its other obligations under such Securities and this Indenture insofar as such Securities are concerned (and the Trustee, at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging the same), except for the following which shall survive until otherwise terminated or discharged hereunder: (A) the rights of Holders of such Outstanding Securities to receive, solely from the trust fund described in Section 14.04 and as more fully set forth in such Section, payments in respect to such Securities under Sections 3.05, 3.06, 10.02 and 10.03 and with respect to the payment of Additional Amounts, if any, on such Securities as contemplated by Section 10.04, (C) the rights, powers, trusts, duties and immunities of the Trustee hereunder and (D) this Article. Subject to compliance with this Article Fourteen, the Company may exercise its option under this Section notwithstanding the prior exercise of its option under Section 14.03 with respect to such Securities. Following a defeasance, payment of such Securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default.

Section 14.03. Covenant Defeasance.

Upon the Company's exercise of the above option applicable to this Section with respect to any Securities of or within a series, the Company shall be released from its obligations, if specified pursuant to Section 3.01, under any covenant with respect to such Outstanding

Securities on and after the date the conditions set forth in Section 14.04 are satisfied (hereinafter, "covenant defeasance"), and such Securities shall thereafter be deemed to be not "Outstanding" for the purposes of any direction, waiver, consent or declaration or Act of Holders (and the consequences of any thereof) in connection with such covenant, but shall continue to be deemed "Outstanding" for all other purposes hereunder. For this purpose, such covenant defeasance means that, with respect to such Outstanding Securities, the Company may omit to comply with and shall have no liability in respect of any term, condition or limitation set forth in any such Section or such other covenant, whether directly or indirectly, by reason of any reference elsewhere herein to any such Section or such other covenant or preference in any such Section or such other covenant to any other provision herein or in any other document and such omission to comply shall not constitute a Default or an Event of Default under Section 5.01(iv) or 5.01(vi) or otherwise, as the case may be, but, except as specified above, the remainder of this Indenture and such Securities shall be unaffected thereby. Following a covenant defeasance, payment of such Securities may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default solely by reference to such Sections specified above in this Section 14.03.

Section 14.04. Conditions to Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance.

The following shall be the conditions to application of either Section 14.02 or Section 14.03 to any Outstanding Securities of or within a series:

(i) The Company shall have irrevocably deposited or caused to be irrevocably deposited with the Trustee (or another trustee satisfying the requirements of Section 6.07 who shall agree to comply with the provisions of this Article Fourteen applicable to it) as trust funds in trust for the purpose of making the following payments, specifically pledged as security for the benefit of, and dedicated solely to, the Holders of such Securities, (A) an amount (in such Currency in which such Securities are then specified as payable at Stated Maturity), or (B) Government Obligations applicable to such Securities (determined on the basis of the Currency in which such Securities are then specified as payable at Stated Maturity) which through the scheduled payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms will provide, without reinvestment thereof, not later than one day before the due date of any payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such Securities, money in an amount, or (C) a combination thereof in an amount, sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm or firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to pay and discharge, and which shall be applied by the Trustee (or other qualifying trustee) to pay and discharge, (1) the principal or (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such Outstanding Securities on the Stated Maturity of such principal or installment of principal or interest and (2) any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments applicable to such Outstanding Securities on the day on which such payments are due and payable in accordance with the terms of this Indenture and of such Securities.

(ii) Such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, this Indenture or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound.

(iii) No Default or Event of Default with respect to such Securities shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such deposit or, insofar as Sections 5.01(v) and 5.01(vi) are concerned, at any time during the period ending on the 91st day after the date of such deposit (it being understood that this condition shall not be deemed satisfied until the expiration of such period).

(iv) In the case of an election under Section 14.02, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel stating that (i) the Company has received from, or there has been published by, the Internal Revenue Service a ruling, or (ii) since the date of execution of this Indenture, there has been a change in the applicable Federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and based thereon such opinion shall confirm that, the Holders of such Outstanding Securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance had not occurred.

(v) In the case of an election under Section 14.03, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that the Holders of such Outstanding Securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such covenant defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such covenant defeasance had not occurred.

(vi) The Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent to either the defeasance under Section 14.02 or the covenant defeasance under Section 14.03 (as the case may be) have been complied with.

(vii) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall be effected in compliance with any additional or substitute terms, conditions or limitations which may be imposed on the Company in connection therewith pursuant to Section 3.01.

Section 14.05. Deposited Money and Government Obligations to Be Held in Trust; Other Miscellaneous Provisions.

Subject to the provisions of the last paragraph of Section 10.03, all money and Government Obligations (or other property as may be provided pursuant to Section 3.01) (including the proceeds thereof) deposited with the Trustee (or other qualifying trustee, collectively for purposes of this Section 14.05, the "Trustee") pursuant to Section 14.04 in respect of any Outstanding Securities of any series shall be held in trust and applied by the Trustee, in accordance with the provisions of such Securities and this Indenture, to the payment, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company acting as its own Paying Agent) as the Trustee may determine, to the Holders of such Securities of all sums due and to become due thereon in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, but such money need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

Unless otherwise specified with respect to any Security pursuant to Section 3.01, if, after a deposit referred to in Section 14.04(a) has been made, (a) the Holder of a Security in respect of which such deposit was made is entitled to, and does, elect pursuant to Section 3.12(b) or the terms of such Security to receive payment in a Currency other than that in which the deposit pursuant to Section 14.04(a) has been made in respect of such Security, or (b) a Conversion Event occurs as contemplated in Section 3.12(d) or 3.12(e) or by the terms of any Security in respect of which the deposit pursuant to Section 14.04(a) has been made, the indebtedness represented by such Security shall be deemed to have been, and will be, fully discharged and satisfied through the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such Security as the same becomes due out of the proceeds yielded by converting (from time to time as specified below in the case of any such election) the amount or other property deposited in respect of Such Security into the Currency in which such Security becomes payable as a result of such election or Conversion Event based on the applicable Market Exchange Rate for such Currency in effect on the second Business Day prior to each payment date, except, with respect to a Conversion Event, for such Currency in effect (as nearly as feasible) at the time of the Conversion Event.

The Company shall pay and indemnify the Trustee against any tax, fee or other charge imposed on or assessed against the money or Government Obligations deposited pursuant to Section 14.04 or the principal and interest received in respect thereof other than any such tax, fee or other charge which by law is for the account of the Holders of such Outstanding Securities.

Anything in this Article to the contrary notwithstanding, the Trustee shall deliver or pay to the Company from time to time upon Company Request any money or Government Obligations (or other property and any proceeds therefrom) held by it as provided in Section 14.04 which, in the opinion of a nationally recognized investment bank, appraisal firm or firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, are in excess of the amount thereof which would then be required to be deposited to effect a defeasance or covenant defeasance, as applicable, in accordance with this Article.

If, after the Company has made a deposit with the Trustee pursuant to Section 14.04, the Trustee is unable to apply any money in accordance with Section 14.05 by reason of any legal proceeding or by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting such application, then the Company's obligations under this Indenture and the applicable Securities shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to Section 14.04 until such time as the Trustee is permitted to apply all such money in accordance with this Article Fourteen; *provided, however*, that if the Company has made any payment of the principal of or interest on any series of Securities because of the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the Holders of such Securities to receive any such payment from the money held by the Trustee.

Money deposited with the Trustee in trust pursuant to this Section 14.05 shall not be subject to the subordination provisions of Article Sixteen.

ARTICLE FIFTEEN

MEETINGS OF HOLDERS OF SECURITIES

Section 15.01. Purposes for Which Meetings may be Called.

A meeting of Holders of any series of Securities may be called at any time and from time to time pursuant to this Article to make, give or take any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be made, given or taken by Holders of Securities of such series.

Section 15.02. Call, Notice and Place of Meetings.

(a) The Trustee may at any time call a meeting of Holders of Securities of any series for any purpose specified in Section 15.01, to be held at such time and at such place in the Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York as the Trustee shall determine. Notice of every meeting of Holders of Securities of any series, setting forth the time and the place of such meeting and in general terms the action proposed to be taken at such meeting, shall be given, in the manner provided in Section 1.06, not less than 21 nor more than 180 days prior to the date fixed for the meeting.

(b) In case at any time the Company, pursuant to a Board Resolution, or the Holders of at least 10% in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of any series shall have requested the Trustee to call a meeting of the Holders of Securities of such series for any purpose specified in Section 15.01, by written request setting forth in reasonable detail the action proposed to be taken at the meeting, and the Trustee shall not have made the first publication or mailing or sending of the notice of such meeting within 21 days after receipt of such request or shall not thereafter proceed to cause the meeting to be held as provided herein, then the Company or the Holders of Securities of such series in the amount above specified, as the case may be, may determine the time and the place in the Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York for such meeting and may call such meeting for such purposes by giving notice thereof as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

Section 15.03. Persons Entitled to Vote at Meetings.

To be entitled to vote at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series, a Person shall be (i) a Holder of one or more Outstanding Securities of such series, or (ii) a Person appointed by an instrument in writing as proxy for a Holder or Holders of one or more Outstanding Securities of such series by such Holder or Holders. The only Persons who shall be entitled to be present or to speak at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series shall be the Persons entitled to vote at such meeting and their counsel, any representatives of the Trustee and its counsel and any representatives of the Company and its counsel.

Section 15.04. Quorum; Action.

The Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series shall constitute a quorum for a meeting of Holders of Securities of such series; provided, however, that if any action is to be taken at such meeting with respect to a consent,

waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action that this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of not less than a specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series, the Persons entitled to vote such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series shall constitute a quorum. In the absence of a quorum within 30 minutes of the time appointed for any such meeting, the meeting shall, if convened at the request of Holders of Securities of such series, be dissolved. In any other case the meeting may be adjourned for a period of not less than 10 days as determined by the chairman of the meeting prior to the adjournment of such meeting. In the absence of a quorum at any such adjourned meeting, such adjourned meeting may be further adjourned for a period of not less than 10 days as determined by the chairman of the reconvening of any adjourned meeting shall be given as provided in Section 15.02(a), except that such notice need be given only once not less than five days prior to the date on which the meeting is scheduled to be reconvened. Notice of the reconvening of any adjourned meeting shall state expressly the percentage, as provided above, of the principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series which shall constitute a quorum.

Except as limited by the proviso to Section 9.02, any resolution presented to a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present as aforesaid may be adopted by the affirmative vote of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series; provided, however, that, except as limited by the proviso to Section 9.02, any resolution with respect to any consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action which this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of a specified percentage, which is less than a majority, in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of a series may be adopted at a meeting or an adjourned meeting duly reconvened and at which a quorum is present as aforesaid by the affirmative vote of the Holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of that series.

Any resolution passed or decision taken at any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series duly held in accordance with this Section shall be binding on all the Holders of Securities of such series, whether or not present or represented at the meeting.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 15.04, if any action is to be taken at a meeting of Holders of Securities of any series with respect to any consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action that this Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the Holders of a specified percentage in principal amount of all Outstanding Securities affected thereby, or of the Holders of such series and one or more additional series:

(i) there shall be no minimum quorum requirement for such meeting; and

(ii) the principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series that vote in favor of such consent, waiver, request, demand, notice, authorization, direction or other action shall be taken into account in determining whether such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action has been made, given or taken under this Indenture.

Section 15.05. Determination of Voting Rights; Conduct and Adjournment of Meetings.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture, the Trustee may make such reasonable regulations as it may deem advisable for any meeting of Holders of Securities of a series in regard to proof of the holding of Securities of such series and of the appointment of proxies and in regard to the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes, the submission and examination of proxies, certificates and other evidence of the right to vote, and such other matters concerning the conduct of the meeting as it shall deem appropriate. Except as otherwise permitted or required by any such regulations, the holding of Securities shall be proved in the manner specified in Section 1.04 and the appointment of any proxy shall be proved in the manner specified in Section 1.04. Such regulations may provide that written instruments appointing proxies, regular on their face, may be presumed valid and genuine without the proof specified in Section 1.04 or other proof.

(b) The Trustee shall, by an instrument in writing appoint a temporary chairman of the meeting, unless the meeting shall have been called by the Company or by Holders of Securities as provided in Section 15.02(b), in which case the Company or the Holders of Securities of the series calling the meeting, as the case may be, shall in like manner appoint a temporary chairman. A permanent chairman and a permanent secretary of the meeting shall be elected by vote of the Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series represented at the meeting.

(c) At any meeting of Holders, each Holder of a Security of such series or proxy shall be entitled to one vote for each \$1,000 principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series held or represented by such Holder; provided, however, that no vote shall be cast or counted at any meeting in respect of any Security challenged as not Outstanding and ruled by the chairman of the meeting to be not Outstanding. The chairman of the meeting shall have no right to vote, except as a Holder of a Security of such series or proxy.

(d) Any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series duly called pursuant to Section 15.02 at which a quorum is present may be adjourned from time to time by Persons entitled to vote a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of such series represented at the meeting, and the meeting may be held as so adjourned without further notice.

Section 15.06. Counting Votes and Recording Action of Meetings.

The vote upon any resolution submitted to any meeting of Holders of Securities of any series shall be by written ballots on which shall be subscribed the signatures of the Holders of Securities of such series or of their representatives by proxy and the principal amounts and serial numbers of the Outstanding Securities of such series held or represented by them. The permanent chairman of the meeting shall appoint two inspectors of votes who shall count all votes cast at the meeting for or against any resolution and who shall make and file with the secretary of the meeting their verified written reports in duplicate of all votes cast at the meeting. A record, at least in duplicate, of the proceedings of each meeting of Holders of Securities of any Series shall be attached to said record the original reports of the inspectors of votes on any vote by ballot taken thereat and affidavits by one or more persons having knowledge of the fact, setting forth a copy of the meeting and

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showing that said notice was given as provided in Section 15.02 and, if applicable, Section 15.04. Each copy shall be signed and verified by the affidavits of the permanent chairman and secretary of the meeting and one such copy shall be delivered to the Company and another to the Trustee to be preserved by the Trustee, the latter to have attached thereto the ballots voted at the meeting. Any record so signed and verified shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein stated.

ARTICLE SIXTEEN

SUBORDINATION OF SECURITIES

Section 16.01. Agreement to Subordinate.

The Company, for itself, its successors and assigns, covenants and agrees, and each Holder of Senior Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof, whether upon original issue or upon transfer, assignment or exchange thereof, likewise covenants and agrees, that the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on each and all of the Senior Subordinated Securities is hereby expressly subordinated, to the extent and in the manner hereinafter set forth, in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness.

The Company, for itself, its successors and assigns, covenants and agrees, and each Holder of Junior Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof, likewise covenants and agrees, that the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on each and all of the Junior Subordinated Securities is hereby expressly subordinated, to the extent and in the manner hereinafter set forth, in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness and Senior Subordinated Indebtedness.

Section 16.02. Distribution on Dissolution, Liquidation and Reorganization; Subrogation of Subordinated Securities.

Upon any distribution of assets of the Company upon any dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization of the Company, whether in bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or receivership proceedings or upon an assignment for the benefit of creditors or any other marshalling of the assets and liabilities of the Company or otherwise (subject to the power of a court of competent jurisdiction to make other equitable provision reflecting the rights conferred in this Indenture upon the Senior Indebtedness and the Holders thereof with respect to the Securities and the holders thereof by a lawful plan of reorganization under applicable bankruptcy law):

(i) the Holders of all Senior Indebtedness shall be entitled to receive payment in full of the principal thereof (and premium, if any) and interest due thereon before the Holders of the Subordinated Securities (except that, anything in this Indenture to the contrary notwithstanding, Holders of Subordinated Securities may receive and retain Permitted Junior Securities) are entitled to receive any payment upon the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on indebtedness evidenced by the Subordinated Securities (except that, anything in this Indenture to the contrary notwithstanding, Holders of Subordinated Securities may receive and retain Permitted Junior Securities); and

(ii) the Holders of all Senior Subordinated Indebtedness shall be entitled to receive payment in full of the principal thereof (and premium, if any) and interest due thereon before the Holders of the Junior Subordinated Securities are entitled to receive any payment upon the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on indebtedness evidenced by the Junior Subordinated Securities; and

(iii) any payment or distribution of assets of the Company of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, to which the Holders of the Securities or the Trustee would be entitled except for the provisions of this Article Sixteen shall be paid by the liquidating trustee or agent or other person making such payment or distribution, whether a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver or liquidating trustee or otherwise, directly to the Holders of Senior Indebtedness or their representatives or representatives or to the trustee under any indenture under which any instruments evidencing any of such Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, ratably according to the aggregate amounts remaining unpaid on account of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on the Senior Indebtedness held or represented by each, to the extent necessary to make payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the Holders of such Senior Indebtedness; and

(iv) in the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment or distribution of assets of the Company of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, shall be received by the Trustee or the Holders of the Subordinated Securities before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, such payment or distribution shall be paid over, upon written notice to the Trustee, to the Holder of such Senior Indebtedness or their representative or representatives or to the trustee or trustees under any indenture under which any instrument evidencing any of such Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, ratably as aforesaid, for application to payment or distribution to the Holders of such Senior Indebtedness shall have been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the Holders of such Senior Indebtedness.

"Permitted Junior Securities" means:

(i) Equity Interests in the Company; or

(ii) debt securities that are subordinated to all Senior Indebtedness and any debt securities issued in exchange for Senior Indebtedness to substantially the same extent as, or to a greater extent than, the Subordinated Securities and the Junior Subordinated Securities are subordinated to Senior Indebtedness under this Indenture.

Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness, the Holders of the Subordinated Securities shall be subrogated in order of seniority to the rights of the Holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive payments or distributions of cash, property or securities of the Company applicable to Senior Indebtedness until the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities shall be paid in full and no such payments or distributions to the Holders of the Subordinated Securities of cash, property or securities otherwise distributable to the Holders of Senior Indebtedness shall, as between the Company, its creditors other than the

Holders of Senior Indebtedness, and the Holders of the Subordinated Securities be deemed to be a payment by the Company to or on account of the Subordinated Securities. It is understood that the provisions of this Article Sixteen are and are intended solely for the purpose of defining the relative rights of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities, on the one hand, and the Holders of the Senior Indebtedness, on the other hand. Nothing contained in this Article Sixteen or elsewhere in this Indenture or in the Subordinated Securities is intended to or shall impair, as between the Company, its creditors other than the Holders of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities are and are relative rights of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities are and when the same shall become due and payable in accordance with their terms, or to affect the relative rights of the Holders of the Subordinated Securities of Senior Indebtedness, nor shall anything herein or in the Subordinated Securities prevent the Trustee or the Holder of any Subordinated Security from exercising all remedies otherwise permitted by applicable law upon default under this Indenture, subject to the rights, if any, under this Article Sixteen of the Holders of Senior Indebtedness in respect of cash, property or securities of the Company received upon the exercise of any such remedy. Upon any payment or distribution of assets of the Company referred to in this Article Sixteen, the Prustee, subject to the provisions of Section 6.01, shall be entitled to rely upon a certificate of the liquidating trustee or agent or other person making any distribution to the Trustee for the purpose of ascertaining the Persons entitled to participate in such distribution, the Holders of Senior Indebtedness and other facts pertinent therefore the subordinate for the purpose of ascertaining t

If the Trustee or any Holder of Subordinated Securities does not file a proper claim or proof of debt in the form required in any proceeding referred to above prior to 30 days before the expiration of the time to file such claim in such proceeding, then the Holder of any Senior Indebtedness is hereby authorized, and has the right, to file an appropriate claim or claims for or on behalf of such Holder of Subordinated Securities.

With respect to the Holders of Senior Indebtedness, the Trustee undertakes to perform or to observe only such of its covenants or obligations as are specifically set forth in this Article and no implied covenants or obligations with respect to Holders of Senior Indebtedness shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee. The Trustee does not owe any fiduciary duties to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, including any holder of any instrument other than Securities issued under this Indenture.

Section 16.03. No Payment on Subordinated Securities in Event of Default on Senior Indebtedness.

No payment by the Company on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking funds or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities shall be made unless full payment of amounts then due for principal (premium, if any), sinking funds and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

Section 16.04. Payments on Subordinated Securities Permitted.

Nothing contained in this Indenture or in any of the Subordinated Securities shall (a) affect the obligation of the Company to make, or prevent the Company from making, at any time except as provided in Sections 16.02 and 16.03, payments of principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities or (b) prevent the application by the Trustee of any moneys deposited with it hereunder to the payment of or on account of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on the Subordinated Securities, unless the Trustee shall have received at its Corporate Trust Office written notice of any event prohibiting the making of such payment more than three Business Days prior to the date fixed for such payment.

Section 16.05. Authorization of Holders to Trustee to Effect Subordination.

Each Holder of Subordinated Securities by his acceptance thereof authorizes and directs the Trustee on his behalf to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the subordination as provided in this Article Sixteen and appoints the Trustee his attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes.

Section 16.06. Notices to Trustee.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article or any other provisions of this Indenture, neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent (other than the Company) shall be charged with knowledge of the existence of any Senior Indebtedness or of any event which would prohibit the making of any payment of moneys to or by the Trustee or such Paying Agent, unless and until the Trustee or such Paying Agent shall have received (in the case of the Trustee, at its Corporate Trust Office) written notice thereof from the Company or from the Holder of any Senior Indebtedness or from the trustee for any such Holder, together with proof reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee of such holding of Senior Indebtedness or of the authority of such trustee; provided, however, that if at least three Business Days prior to the date upon which by the terms hereof any such moneys may become payable for any purpose (including, without limitation, the payment of either the principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any, on any Subordinated Security) the Trustee shall not have received with respect to such moneys the notice provided for in this Section 16.06, then, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, the Trustee shall have full power and authority to receive such moneys and to apply the same to the purpose for which they were received, and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary, which may be received by it within three Business Days prior to such date. The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on the delivery to it of a written notice by a Person representing himself to be a Holder of Senior Indebtedness (or a trustee on behalf of such Holder) to establish that such a notice has been given by a holder of Senior Indebtedness or a trustee on behalf of any such Holder. In the event that the Trustee determines in good faith that further evidence is required with respect to the right of any Person as a Holder of Senior Indebtedness to participate in any payment or distribution pursuant to this Article Sixteen, the Trustee may request such Person to furnish evidence to the reasonable satisfaction of the Trustee as to the amount of Senior Indebtedness held by such Person, the extent to which such Person is entitled to participate in such payment or distribution and any other facts pertinent to the rights of such Person under this Article Sixteen and, if such evidence is not furnished, the Trustee may defer any payment to such Person pending judicial determination as to the right of such Person to receive such payment.

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Section 16.07. Trustee as Holder of Senior Indebtedness.

The Trustee in its individual capacity shall be entitled to all the rights set forth in this Article Sixteen in respect of any Senior Indebtedness at any time held by it to the same extent as any other Holder of Senior Indebtedness and nothing in this Indenture shall be construed to deprive the Trustee of any of its rights as such Holder.

Nothing in this Article Sixteen shall apply to claims of, or payments to, the Trustee under or pursuant to Section 6.06.

Section 16.08. Modifications of Terms of Senior Indebtedness.

Any renewal or extension of the time of payment of any Senior Indebtedness or the exercise by the Holders of Senior Indebtedness of any of their rights under any instrument creating or evidencing Senior Indebtedness, including, without limitation, the waiver of default thereunder, may be made or done all without notice to or assent from the Holders of the Subordinated Securities or the Trustee.

No compromise, alteration, amendment, modification, extension, renewal or other change of, or waiver, consent or other action in respect of, any liability or obligation under or in respect of, or of any of the terms, covenants or conditions of any indenture or other instrument under which any Senior Indebtedness is outstanding or of such Senior Indebtedness, whether or not such release is in accordance with the provisions of any applicable document, shall in any way alter or affect any of the provisions of this Article Sixteen or of the Subordinated Securities relating to the subordination thereof.

Section 16.09. Reliance on Judicial Order or Certificate of Liquidating Agent.

Upon any payment or distribution of assets of the Company referred to in this Article Sixteen, the Trustee and the Holders of the Securities shall be entitled to rely upon any order or decree entered by any court of competent jurisdiction in which such insolvency, bankruptcy, receivership, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution, winding up or similar case or proceeding is pending, or a certificate of the trustee in bankruptcy, liquidating trustee, custodian, receiver, assignee for the benefit of creditors, agent or other person making such payment or distribution, delivered to the Trustee or to the Holders of Subordinated Securities, for the purpose of ascertaining the persons entitled to participate in such payment or distribution, the Holders of Senior Indebtedness and other indebtedness of the Company, the amount thereof or payable thereon, the amount or amounts paid or distributed thereon and all other facts pertinent thereto or to this Article Sixteen.

* * * * *

This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which so executed shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same Indenture. The exchange of copies of this Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile, .pdf transmission or electronic mail shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile, .pdf transmission or electronic mail shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed, as of the date first written above.

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

By: Name: Title:

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By:

Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Indenture]

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM T-1

STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY UNDER THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939 OF A CORPORATION DESIGNATED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE

□ CHECK IF AN APPLICATION TO DETERMINE ELIGIBILITY OF A TRUSTEE PURSUANT TO SECTION 305(b) (2)

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Exact name of trustee as specified in its charter)

A National Banking Association (Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization if not a U.S. national bank)

101 North Phillips Avenue Sioux Falls, South Dakota (Address of principal executive offices)

> Wells Fargo & Company Law Department, Trust Section MAC N9305-175 Sixth Street and Marquette Avenue, 17th Floor Minneapolis, Minnesota 55479 (612) 667-4608 (Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Owl Rock Capital Corporation (Exact name of obligor as specified in its charter)

399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor New York, New York (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(212) 419-3000 (Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

> **Debt Securities** (Title of the indenture securities)

94-1347393 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 57104 (Zip code)

Item 1. General Information. Furnish the following information as to the trustee:

(a) Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.

Comptroller of the Currency Treasury Department Washington, D.C.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Washington, D.C.

Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco San Francisco, California 94120

(b) Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.

The trustee is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.

Item 2. <u>Affiliations with Obligor.</u> If the obligor is an affiliate of the trustee, describe each such affiliation.

None with respect to the trustee.

No responses are included for Items 3-14 of this Form T-1 because the obligor is not in default as provided under Item 13.

Item 15. Foreign Trustee. Not applicable.

Item 16. List of Exhibits. List below all exhibits filed as a part of this Statement of Eligibility.

Exhibit 1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the trustee now in effect.*

Exhibit 2. A copy of the Comptroller of the Currency Certificate of Corporate Existence for Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated January 14, 2015.*

Exhibit 3. A copy of the Comptroller of the Currency Certification of Fiduciary Powers for Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated January 6, 2014.*

Exhibit 4. Copy of By-laws of the trustee as now in effect.*

Exhibit 5. Not applicable.

Exhibit 6. The consent of the trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Act.

Exhibit 7. A copy of the latest report of condition of the trustee published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority.

Exhibit 8. Not applicable.

Exhibit 9. Not applicable.

* Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same number to the trustee's FormT-1 filed as exhibit to the Filing 305B2 dated March 13, 2015 of file number 333-190926.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the trustee, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of New York and State of New York on the 25th day of March, 2019.

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

/s/ Stefan Victory

Stefan Victory Vice President March 25, 2019

Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

Gentlemen:

In accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the undersigned hereby consents that reports of examination of the undersigned made by Federal, State, Territorial, or District authorities authorized to make such examination may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request therefor.

Very truly yours,

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

/s/ Stefan Victory Stefan Victory Vice President

Exhibit 7

Consolidated Report of Condition of

Wells Fargo Bank National Association of 101 North Phillips Avenue, Sioux Falls, SD 57104 And Foreign and Domestic Subsidiaries, at the close of business December 31, 2018, filed in accordance with 12 U.S.C. §161 for National Banks.

		Dollar Amour In Millions	
ASSETS			
Cash and balances due from depository institutions:			
Noninterest-bearing balances and currency and coin		\$ 22,42	27
Interest-bearing balances		149,48	83
Securities:			
Held-to-maturity securities		144,67	79
Available-for-sale securities		255,03	37
Equity Securities with readily determinable fair value not held for trading		-	79
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell:			
Federal funds sold in domestic offices		11	14
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		41,90	06
Loans and lease financing receivables:			
Loans and leases held for sale		7,83	33
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	923,885		
LESS: Allowance for loan and lease losses	9,504		
Loans and leases, net of unearned income and allowance		914,38	81
Trading Assets		40,72	22
Premises and fixed assets (including capitalized leases)		7,98	82
Other real estate owned		4;	57
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies		12,86	63
Direct and indirect investments in real estate ventures		22	29
Intangible assets		39,28	80
Other assets		51,87	79
Total assets		\$ 1,689,35	51
LIABILITIES			
Deposits:			
In domestic offices		\$ 1,282,40	04
Noninterest-bearing	399,731		
Interest-bearing	882,673		
In foreign offices, Edge and Agreement subsidiaries, and IBFs		59,56	67
Noninterest-bearing	1,084		
Interest-bearing	58,483		
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase:			
Federal funds purchased in domestic offices		6,51	16
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		5,95	59

	Dollar Amounts In Millions
Trading liabilities	11,537
Other borrowed money (includes mortgage indebtedness and obligations under capitalized leases)	115,522
Subordinated notes and debentures	11,751
Other liabilities	30,852
Total liabilities	\$ 1,524,108
EQUITY CAPITAL	
Perpetual preferred stock and related surplus	0
Common stock	519
Surplus (exclude all surplus related to preferred stock)	114,541
Retained earnings	53,527
Accumulated other comprehensive income	-3,686
Other equity capital components	0
Total bank equity capital	164,901
Noncontrolling (minority) interests in consolidated subsidiaries	342
Total equity capital	165,243
Total liabilities, and equity capital	\$ 1,689,351

I, John R. Shrewsberry, Sr. EVP & CFO of the above-named bank do hereby declare that this Report of Condition has been prepared in conformance with the instructions issued by the appropriate Federal regulatory authority and is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

John R. Shrewsberry Sr. EVP & CFO

We, the undersigned directors, attest to the correctness of this Report of Condition and declare that it has been examined by us and to the best of our knowledge and belief has been prepared in conformance with the instructions issued by the appropriate Federal regulatory authority and is true and correct.

Directors James Quigley Theodore F. Craver, Jr. Karen B. Peetz

FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

between

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

and

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

as Trustee

Dated as of [•], 2019

FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE

THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE (this "First Supplemental Indenture"), dated as of $[\bullet]$, 2019, is between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"). All capitalized terms used herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Base Indenture (as defined below) unless otherwise defined herein.

RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

The Company and the Trustee executed and delivered an Indenture, dated as of $[\bullet]$, 2019 (the "Base Indenture" and, as supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, collectively, the "Indenture"), to provide for the issuance by the Company from time to time of the Company's unsecured debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness (the "Securities"), to be issued in one or more series as provided in the Indenture.

The Company desires to issue and sell $[\bullet]$ aggregate principal amount of the Company's $[\bullet]$ % Notes due 20 (the "Notes").

Sections 9.01(iv) and 9.01(vi) of the Base Indenture provide that without the consent of Holders of the Securities of any series issued under the Indenture, the Company, when authorized by or pursuant to a Board Resolution, and the Trustee, at any time and from time to time, may enter into one or more indentures supplemental to the Base Indenture to (i) change or eliminate any of the provisions of the Indenture when there is no Security Outstanding of any series created prior to the execution of a supplemental indenture that is entitled to the benefit of such provision and (ii) establish the form or terms of Securities of any series as permitted by Section 2.01 and Section 3.01 of the Base Indenture.

The Company desires to establish the form and terms of the Notes and to modify, alter, supplement and change certain provisions of the Base Indenture for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes (except as may be provided in a future supplemental indenture to the Indenture ("Future Supplemental Indenture")).

The Company has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this First Supplemental Indenture to provide for the issuance of the Notes and all acts and things necessary to make this First Supplemental Indenture a valid, binding, and legal obligation of the Company and to constitute a valid agreement of the Company, in accordance with its terms, have been done and performed.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH:

For and in consideration of the premises and the purchase of the Notes by the Holders thereof, it is mutually agreed, for the equal and proportionate benefit of all Holders of the Notes, as follows:

ARTICLE I TERMS OF THE NOTES

Section 1.01 Terms of the Notes. The following terms relating to the Notes are hereby established:

(a) The Notes shall constitute a series of Securities having the title " $[\bullet]$ % Notes due 20 " and shall be designated as Senior Securities under the Indenture. The Notes shall be a a CUSIP number of $[\bullet]$ and an ISIN number of $[\bullet]$.

(b) The aggregate principal amount of the Notes that may be initially authenticated and delivered under the Indenture (except for Notes authenticated and delivered upon registration of, transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of, other Notes pursuant to Sections 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 9.06 or 11.07 of the Base Indenture) shall be $[\$\bullet]$. Under a Board Resolution, Officers' Certificate pursuant to Board Resolutions or an indenture supplement, the Company may from time to time, without the consent of the Holders of Notes, issue additional Notes (in any such case "Additional Notes") having the same ranking and the same interest rate, maturity, CUSIP number and other terms as the Notes; *provided* that such Additional Notes must either (i) be issued in a "qualified reopening" for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, Any Additional Notes and the existing Notes will constitute a single series under the Indenture and all references to the relevant Notes herein shall include the Additional Notes unless the context otherwise requires.

(c) The entire Outstanding principal amount of the Notes shall be payable on $[\bullet]$, 20 , unless earlier redeemed or repurchased in accordance with the provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture.

(d) The rate at which the Notes shall bear interest shall be $[\bullet]$ % per annum (the "Applicable Interest Rate"). The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes shall be $[\bullet]$, 2019, or the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or provided for; the Interest Payment Dates for the Notes shall be $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$ of each year, commencing $[\bullet]$, 20 (if an Interest Payment Date falls on a day that is not a Business Day, then the applicable interest payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the scheduled Interest Payment Date and no additional interest will accrue as a result of such delayed payment); the initial interest period will be the period from and including $[\bullet]$, 2019 (or the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or provided for), to, but excluding, the initial Interest Payment Date, and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including an Interest Payment Date to, but excluding, the next Interest Payment Date or the Stated Maturity, as the case may be; the interest so payable, and punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Note (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, which shall be $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$ (whether or not a Business Day), as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date. Payment Date. Payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and any such interest on the Notes will be made at the Corporate Trust Office of the Paying Agent, which shall initially be the Trustee, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts; provided, however, that

in the case of Notes that are not in global form, at the option of the Company, payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the Person entitled thereto as such address shall appear in the Security Register. Interest on the Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

(e) The Notes shall be initially issuable in global form (each such Note, a "Global Note"). The Global Notes and the Trustee's certificate of authentication thereon shall be substantially in the form of <u>Exhibit A</u> to this First Supplemental Indenture. Each Global Note shall represent the Outstanding Notes as shall be specified therein and each shall provide that it shall represent the aggregate amount of Outstanding Notes from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate amount of Outstanding Notes represented thereby may from time to time be reduced or increased, as appropriate, to reflect exchanges and redemptions. Any endorsement of a Global Note to reflect the amount of any increase or decrease in the amount of Outstanding Notes represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee or the Security Registrar, in accordance with Sections 2.03 and 3.05 of the Base Indenture.

(f) The depositary for such Global Notes shall be the Depositary Custodian. The Security Registrar with respect to the Global Notes shall be the Trustee.

(g) The Notes shall be defeasible pursuant to Section 14.02 or Section 14.03 of the Base Indenture. Covenant defeasance contained in Section 14.03 of the Base Indenture shall apply to the covenants contained in Sections 10.07 and 10.08 of the Indenture.

(h) The Notes shall be redeemable pursuant to Section 11.01 of the Base Indenture and as follows:

(i) The Notes will be redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time, or from time to time, at the option of the Company, at a Redemption Price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Redemption Date:

A. 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, or

B. the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the Redemption Date) on the Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the Redemption Date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus [•] basis points;

provided, however, that if the Company redeems any Notes on or after $[\bullet]$, 20 , the Redemption Price for the Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Redemption Date.

For purposes of calculating the Redemption Price in connection with the redemption of the Notes, on any Redemption Date, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

"<u>Treasury Rate</u>" means, with respect to any Redemption Date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalentyield-to-maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (computed as of the third Business Day immediately preceding the redemption), assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such Redemption Date. The Redemption Price and the Treasury Rate will be determined by the Company.

"<u>Comparable Treasury Issue</u>" means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financing practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the Notes being redeemed.

"<u>Comparable Treasury Price</u>" means (1) the average of the remaining Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the Redemption Date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the Quotation Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"Quotation Agent" means a Reference Treasury Dealer selected by the Company.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means each of (1) $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$, or their respective affiliates which are primary U.S. government securities dealers in the United States (a "Primary Treasury Dealer") and their respective successors; *provided, however*, that if any of the foregoing or their affiliates shall cease to be a Primary Treasury Dealer, the Company shall select another Primary Treasury Dealer and (2) two other Primary Treasury Dealers selected by the Company.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any Redemption Date, the average, as determined by the Quotation Agent, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Quotation Agent by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 3:30 p.m. New York time on the third Business Day preceding such Redemption Date.

All determinations made by any Reference Treasury Dealer, including the Quotation Agent, with respect to determining the Redemption Price will be final and binding absent manifest error.

(ii) Notice of redemption shall be given in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid or by overnight courier guaranteeingnext-day delivery, or sent electronically in accordance with Applicable Procedures with respect to Notes in global form, to each Holder of the Notes to be redeemed, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date, at the Holder's address appearing in the Security Register.

All notices of redemption shall contain the information set forth in Section 11.04 of the Base Indenture. If the Redemption Price is not known at the time such notice is to be given, the actual Redemption Price, calculated as described in the terms of the Notes, will be set forth in an Officers' Certificate of the Company delivered to the Trustee no later than two Business Days prior to the Redemption Date.

(iii) Any exercise of the Company's option to redeem the Notes will be done in compliance with the Investment Company Act, to the extent applicable.

(iv) If the Company elects to redeem only a portion of the Notes, the particular Notes to be redeemed will be selected by the Trustee on *apro rata* basis to the extent practicable, or, if *apro rata* basis is not practicable for any reason, by lot or in such other manner as the Trustee shall deem fair and appropriate, and in any case in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depositary and in accordance with the Investment Company Act as directed by the Company; *provided*, *however*, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal amount of a Note not redeemed to less than \$2,000.

(v) Unless the Company defaults in payment of the Redemption Price, on and after the Redemption Date, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes called for redemption hereunder.

- (i) The Notes shall not be subject to any sinking fund pursuant to Section 12.01 of the Base Indenture.
- (j) The Notes shall be issuable in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

(k) Holders of the Notes will not have the option to have the Notes repaid prior to the Stated Maturity other than in accordance with Article Thirteen of the Indenture.

ARTICLE II DEFINITIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

Section 2.01 Except as may be provided in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Article One of the Base Indenture shall be amended by adding the following defined terms to Section 1.01 of the Base Indenture in appropriate alphabetical sequence, as follows:

"Below Investment Grade Rating Event" means the Notes are downgraded below Investment Grade by all three Rating Agencies on any date from the date of the public notice of an arrangement that results in a Change of Control until the end of the 60-day period following public notice of the occurrence of a Change of Control (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of the Notes is under publicly announced consideration for possible downgrade by any of the Rating Agencies); *provided* that a Below Investment Grade Rating Event otherwise arising by virtue of a particular reduction in rating shall not be deemed to have occurred in respect of a particular Change of Control (and thus shall not be deemed a Below Investment Grade Rating

Event for purposes of the definition of Change of Control Repurchase Event hereunder) if the Rating Agencies making the reduction in rating to which this definition would otherwise apply do not announce or publicly confirm or inform the Company in writing that the reduction was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised of or arising as a result of, or in respect of, the applicable Change of Control (whether or not the applicable Change of Control shall have occurred at the time of the Below Investment Grade Rating Event).

"Change of Control" means the occurrence of any of the following:

(1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation) in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Controlled Subsidiaries taken as a whole to any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than to any Permitted Holders; *provided* that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of the Company or its Controlled Subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or disposition;

(2) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than any Permitted Holders) becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding Voting Stock of the Company, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; or

(3) the approval by the Company's stockholders of any plan or proposal relating to the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

"Change of Control Repurchase Event" means the occurrence of a Change of Control and a Below Investment Grade Rating Event.

"<u>Controlled Subsidiary</u>" means any Subsidiary of the Company, 50% or more of the outstanding equity interests of which are owned by the Company and its direct or indirect Subsidiaries and of which the Company possesses, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies, whether through the ownership of voting equity interests, by agreement or otherwise.

"Depositary" means, with respect to each Note in global form, The Depository Trust Company, until a successor shall have been appointed and becomes such person, and thereafter, Depositary shall mean or include such successor.

"Fitch" means Fitch, Inc., also known as Fitch Ratings, or any successor thereto.

"Investment Grade" means a rating of BBB- or better by Fitch (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of Fitch), BBB- or better by S&P (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of S&P) and Baa3 by Moody's (or its equivalent under any successor ratings categories of Moody's) (or, in each case, if such Rating Agency ceases to rate the Notes for reasons outside of the Company's control, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any Rating Agency selected by the Company as a replacement Rating Agency).

"Moody's" means Moody's Investor Service, or any successor thereto.

"Permitted Holders" means (i) the Company, (ii) one or more of the Company's Controlled Subsidiaries and (iii) Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC or any Affiliate of Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC that is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction located in the United States of America and in the business of managing or advising clients.

"<u>Rating Agency</u>" means (1) each of Fitch, S&P and Moody's; and (2) if any of Fitch, S&P or Moody's cease to rate the Notes or fails to make a rating of the Notes publicly available for reasons outside of the Company's control, a "nationally recognized statistical rating organization" as defined in Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act selected by the Company as a replacement agency for Fitch, S&P and/or Moody's, as the case may be.

"S&P" means S&P Global Ratings, or any successor thereto.

"Significant Subsidiary" means any Subsidiary that would be a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Article 1, Rule1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act, as such regulation is in effect on the original date of this Indenture (but excluding any Subsidiary which is (a) a non-recourse or limited recourse Subsidiary, (b) a bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicle or (c) is not consolidated with the Company for purposes of GAAP).

"<u>Voting Stock</u>" as applied to stock of any Person, means shares, interests, participations or other equivalents in the equity interest (however designated) in such Person having ordinary voting power for the election of a majority of the directors (or the equivalent) of such Person, other than shares, interests, participations or other equivalents having such power only by reason of the occurrence of a contingency.

ARTICLE III REMEDIES

Section 3.01 Except as may be provided in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Section 5.01 of the Base Indenture shall be amended by replacing clause (ii) thereof with the following:

"(ii) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Note when it becomes due and payable at its Maturity, including upon any Redemption Date or required repurchase date; or"

Section 3.02 Except as may be provided in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Section 5.01 of the Base Indenture shall be amended by adding the following language as clause (ix):

"(ix): default by the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries, with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of \$100 million in the aggregate of the Company and/or any such Significant Subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (i) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and

payable or (ii) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise, unless, in either case, such indebtedness is discharged, or such acceleration is rescinded, stayed or annulled, within a period of 30 calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then Outstanding."

Section 3.03 Except as may be provided in in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Section 5.02 of the Base Indenture shall be amended by replacing the first paragraph of Section 5.02 with the following:

"If an Event of Default with respect to the Notes occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case (other than an Event of Default specified in Section 5.01(v) or 5.01(vi)), the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Notes may declare the principal of all the Outstanding Notes to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the Holders), and upon any such declaration such principal shall become immediately due and payable; *provided* that 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest on, the Notes will automatically become due and payable in the case of an Event of Default specified in Section 5.01(v) or 5.01(v) hereof."

ARTICLE IV COVENANTS

Section 4.01 Except as may be provided in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Article Ten of the Base Indenture shall be amended by adding the following new Sections 10.07 and 10.08 thereto, each as set forth below:

"Section 10.07 Section 18(a)(1)(A) of the Investment Company Act.

The Company hereby agrees that for the period of time during which Notes are Outstanding, the Company will not violate, whether or not it is subject to, Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a) of the Investment Company Act or any successor provisions thereto of the Investment Company Act, giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to the Company by the Commission."

"Section 10.08 Commission Reports and Reports to Holders.

If, at any time, the Company is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act to file any periodic reports with the Commission, the Company agrees to furnish to the Holders of Notes and the Trustee for the period of time during which the Notes are Outstanding: (i) within 90 days after the end of the each fiscal year of the Company, audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company and (ii) within 45 days after the end of

each fiscal quarter of the Company (other than the Company's fourth fiscal quarter), unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company. All such financial statements shall be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP, as applicable.

Delivery of such reports, information, and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to conclusively rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates)."

ARTICLE V THE TRUSTEE

Section 5.01 Neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be responsible for determining whether any Change of Control or Below Investment Grade Rating Event has occurred and whether any Change of Control offer with respect to the Notes is required.

ARTICLE VI OFFER TO REPURCHASE UPON A CHANGE OF CONTROL REPURCHASE EVENT

Section 6.01 Except as may be provided in a Future Supplemental Indenture, for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes but no other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding, Article Thirteen of the Base Indenture shall be amended by replacing Sections 13.01 to 13.05 thereto with the following:

"Section 13.01 Change of Control.

If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs, unless the Company shall have exercised its right to redeem the Notes in full, the Company shall make an offer to each Holder of the Notes to repurchase all or any part (in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 principal amount thereabove) of that Holder's Notes at a repurchase price in cash equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes repurchased to the date of purchase. Within 30 days following any Change of Control Repurchase Event or, at the Company's option, prior to any Change of Control, but after the public announcement of the Change of Control, the Company will send a notice to each Holder and the Trustee describing the transaction or transactions that constitute or may constitute the Change of Control Repurchase Event and offering to repurchases notes on the payment date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is sent. The notice shall, if sent prior to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, state that the offer to purchase Event occurring on or prior to the payment date specified in the notice. The Company shall comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the Notes as a result of a Change of Control Repurchase Event.

To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with this Section 13.01, the Company shall comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and shall not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this Section 13.01 by virtue of such conflict.

On the Change of Control Repurchase Event payment date, subject to extension if necessary to comply with the provisions of the Investment Company Act, the Company shall, to the extent lawful:

(1) accept for payment all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered pursuant to its offer;

(2) deposit with the Paying Agent an amount equal to the aggregate purchase price in respect of all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered; and

(3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the Trustee the Notes properly accepted, together with an Officers' Certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes being purchased by the Company.

The Paying Agent will promptly remit to each Holder of Notes properly tendered the purchase price for the Notes, and the Trustee will promptly authenticate upon receipt of a Company Order and mail (or cause to be transferred by book-entry) to each Holder a new Note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of any Notes surrendered; *provided* that each new Note will be in a minimum principal amount of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

If any Repayment Date upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event falls on a day that is not a Business Day, then the required payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day and no additional interest will accrue as a result of such delayed payment.

The Company will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event if a third party makes an offer in respect of the Notes in the manner, at the time and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for an offer made by the Company and such third party purchases all Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer."

ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS

Section 7.01 This First Supplemental Indenture and the Notes shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would cause the application of laws of another jurisdiction. This First Supplemental Indenture is subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act that are required to be part of the Indenture and shall, to the extent applicable, be governed by such provisions. If any provision of the Indenture limits, qualifies or conflicts with the duties imposed by Section 318(c) of the Trust Indenture Act, the imposed duties will control.

Section 7.02 In case any provision in this First Supplemental Indenture or in the Notes shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 7.03 This First Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which will be an original, but such counterparts will together constitute but one and the same First Supplemental Indenture. The exchange of copies of this First Supplemental Indenture and of signature pages by facsimile, .pdf transmission, email or other electronic means shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this First Supplemental Indenture for all purposes. Signatures of the parties hereto transmitted by facsimile, .pdf transmission, email or other electronic means shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.

Section 7.04 The Base Indenture, as supplemented and amended by this First Supplemental Indenture, is in all respects ratified and confirmed, and the Base Indenture and this First Supplemental Indenture shall be read, taken and construed as one and the same instrument with respect to the Notes. All provisions included in this First Supplemental Indenture supersede any conflicting provisions included in the Base Indenture with respect to the Notes, unless not permitted by law. The Trustee accepts the trusts created by the Indenture, as supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, and agrees to perform the same upon the terms and conditions of the Indenture, as supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture. All of the provisions contained in the Base Indenture in respect of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties of the Trustee shall be applicable in respect of this First Supplemental Indenture as fully and with like force and effect as though fully set forth in full herein.

Section 7.05 The provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture shall become effective as of the date hereof.

Section 7.06 Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary herein, the terms and provisions of this First Supplemental Indenture shall apply only to the Notes and shall not apply to any other series of Securities under the Indenture and this First Supplemental Indenture shall not and does not otherwise affect, modify, alter, supplement or change the terms and provisions of any other series of Securities under the Indenture, whether now or hereafter issued and Outstanding.

Section 7.07 The recitals contained herein and in the Notes shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for their correctness. The Trustee makes no representations as to and shall not be responsible for the validity or sufficiency of this First Supplemental Indenture, the Notes or any Additional Notes, except that the Trustee represents that it is duly authorized to execute and deliver this First Supplemental Indenture, authenticate the Notes and any Additional Notes and perform its obligations hereunder. The Trustee shall not be accountable for the use or application by the Company of the Notes or any Additional Notes or the proceeds thereof.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this First Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

Name: Title:

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

Name: Title:

[Signature Page to First Supplemental Indenture]

Exhibit A - Form of Global Note

THIS SECURITY IS A GLOBAL NOTE WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE INDENTURE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AND IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF. THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR A SECURITY REGISTERED, AND NO TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IN WHOLE OR IN PART MAY BE REGISTERED, IN THE NAME OF ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF, EXCEPT IN THE LIMITED CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN THE INDENTURE.

Unless this certificate is presented by an authorized representative of The Depository Trust Company to the issuer or its agent for registration of transfer, exchange or payment and such certificate issued in exchange for this certificate is registered in the name of Cede & Co., or such other name as requested by an authorized representative of The Depository Trust Company, any transfer, pledge or other use hereof for value or otherwise by or to any person is wrongful, as the registered owner hereof, Cede & Co., has an interest herein.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation

No.

Initially \$ CUSIP No. [•] ISIN No. [•]

[•]% Notes due 20

Owl Rock Capital Corporation, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of Maryland (herein called the "Company", which term includes any successor Person under the Indenture hereinafter referred to), for value received, hereby promises to pay to Cede & Co., or registered assigns, the principal sum of (U.S. S), or such other principal sum as shall be set forth in the Schedule of Increases or Decreases attached hereto, on $[\bullet], 20$, and to pay interest thereon from $[\bullet], 2019$ or from the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, semi-annually on $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$ in each year, commencing $[\bullet], 20$, at the rate of $[\bullet]$ % per annum, until the principal hereof is paid or made available for payment. The interest so payable, and punctually paid or duly provided for, on any Interest Payment Date will, as provided in such Indenture, be paid to the Person in whose name this Security is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date for such interest, which shall be $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$ (whether or not a Business Day), as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date. Any such interest not so punctually paid or duly provided for will forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on such Regular Record Date and may either be paid to the Person in whose name this Security is registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment Date. Any such interest not so punctually paid or duly provided for will forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on such Regular Record Date and may either be paid to the Person in whose name this Security is registered at the close of business on a Special Record Date for the payment of such Defaulted Interest to be fixed by the Company, notice whereof shall be given to Holders of Securities of this series not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date, or be paid at any time in any other lawful manner not inconsistent with the requirements of any securities exchange on which the

Payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and any such interest on this Security will be made at the Corporate Trust Office of the Paying Agent, which shall initially be the Trustee, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts; *provided*, *however*, that at the option of the Company payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the Person entitled thereto as such address shall appear in the Security Register; *provided*, *further*, *however*, that so long as this Security is registered to Cede & Co., such payment will be made by wire transfer in accordance with the procedures established by the Depository Trust Company and the Trustee.

Reference is hereby made to the further provisions of this Security set forth on the reverse hereof, which further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as if set forth at this place.

Unless the certificate of authentication hereon has been executed by the Trustee referred to on the reverse hereof by manual signature, this Security shall not be entitled to any benefit under the Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose.

Dated:

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

By: Name:

Title:

Attest: Name: Title: Secretary

Dated:

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

By:

Authorized Signatory

[BACK OF NOTE]

Owl Rock Capital Corporation [•]% Notes due 20

This Security is one of a duly authorized issue of securities of the Company (herein called the "Securities"), issued and to be issued in one or more series under an Indenture, dated as of $[\bullet]$, 2019 (herein called the "Base Indenture", which term shall have the meaning assigned to it in such instrument), between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee (herein called the "Trustee", which term includes any successor trustee under the Base Indenture), and reference is hereby made to the Base Indenture for a statement of the respective rights, limitations of rights, duties and immunities thereunder of the Company, the Trustee, and the Holders of the Securities and of the terms upon which the Securities are, and are to be, authenticated and delivered, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, relating to the Base Indenture, the "Indenture". In the event of any conflict between the Base Indenture and the First Supplemental Indenture, the First Supplemental Indenture shall govern and control.

This Security is one of the series designated on the face hereof, initially limited in aggregate principal amount to \$. Under a Board Resolution, Officers' Certificate pursuant to Board Resolutions or an indenture supplement, the Company may from time to time, without the consent of the Holders of Securities, issue additional Securities of this series (in any such case "Additional Securities") having the same ranking and the same interest rate, maturity, CUSIP number and other terms as the Securities, *provided* that such Additional Securities must either (i) be issued in a "qualified reopening" for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, with no more than a de minimis amount of original issue discount, or otherwise (ii) be part of the same issue as the Securities for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Any Additional Securities and the existing Securities will constitute a single series under the amount of Outstanding Securities requires. The aggregate amount of Outstanding Securities requires, the redevant from time to time be reduced or increased, as appropriate, to reflect exchanges and redemptions.

The Securities of this series are subject to redemption in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of the Company, at a Redemption Price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Redemption Date:

- (a) 100% of the principal amount of the Securities to be redeemed, or
- (b) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the Redemption Date) on the Securities to be redeemed, discounted to the Redemption Date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus [•] basis points;

provided, however, that if the Company redeems any Securities on or after $[\bullet]$, 20 , the Redemption Price for the Securities will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Securities to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Redemption Date.

For purposes of calculating the Redemption Price in connection with the redemption of the Securities, on any Redemption Date, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to any Redemption Date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalentyield-to-maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (computed as of the third Business Day immediately preceding the redemption), assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such Redemption Date. The Redemption Price and the Treasury Rate will be determined by the Company.

"Comparable Treasury Issue" means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Securities to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financing practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the Securities being redeemed.

"Comparable Treasury Price" means (1) the average of the remaining Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the Redemption Date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the Quotation Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"Quotation Agent" means a Reference Treasury Dealer selected by the Company.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means each of (1) $[\bullet]$ and $[\bullet]$, or their respective affiliates which are primary U.S. government securities dealers in the United States (a "Primary Treasury Dealer") and their respective successors; *provided*, *however*, that if any of the foregoing or their affiliates shall cease to be a Primary Treasury Dealer, the Company shall select another Primary Treasury Dealer and (2) two other Primary Treasury Dealers selected by the Company.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any Redemption Date, the average, as determined by the Quotation Agent, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Quotation Agent by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 3:30 p.m. New York time on the third Business Day preceding such Redemption Date.

All determinations made by any Reference Treasury Dealer, including the Quotation Agent, with respect to determining the Redemption Price will be final and binding absent manifest error.

Notice of redemption shall be given in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid or by overnight courier guaranteeingnext-day delivery, or sent electronically in accordance with Applicable Procedures with respect to Notes in global form, to each Holder of the Securities to be redeemed, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date, at the Holder's address appearing in the Security Register. All notices of redemption shall contain the information set forth in Section 11.04 of the Base Indenture.

Any exercise of the Company's option to redeem the Securities will be done in compliance with the Investment Company Act, to the extent applicable.

If the Company elects to redeem only a portion of the Securities, the particular Securities to be redeemed will be selected by the Trustee in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depositary and in accordance with the Investment Company Act. In the event of redemption of this Security in part only, a new Security or Securities of this series and of like tenor for the unredeemed portion hereof will be issued in the name of the Holder hereof upon the cancellation hereof; *provided, however*, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal amount of a Security not redeemed to less than \$2,000.

Unless the Company defaults in payment of the Redemption Price, on and after the Redemption Date, interest will cease to accrue on the Securities called for redemption.

Holders will have the right to require the Company to repurchase their Securities upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event as set forth in the Indenture.

The Indenture contains provisions for defeasance at any time of the entire indebtedness of this Security or certain restrictive covenants and Events of Default with respect to this Security, in each case upon compliance with certain conditions set forth in the Indenture.

If an Event of Default with respect to Securities of this series shall occur and be continuing (other than Events of Default related to certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization as set forth in the Indenture), the principal of the Securities of this series may be declared due and payable in the manner and with the effect provided in the Indenture. In the case of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization described in the Indenture, 100% of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Securities will automatically become due and payable.

The Indenture permits, with certain exceptions as therein provided, the amendment thereof and the modification of the rights and obligations of the Company and the rights of the Holders of the Securities of each series to be affected under the Indenture at any time by the Company and the Trustee with the consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Securities at the time Outstanding of each series to be affected. The Indenture also contains provisions permitting the Holders of specified percentages in principal amount of the Securities of each series at the time Outstanding, on behalf of the Holders of all Securities of such series, to waive compliance by the Company with certain provisions of the Indenture and certain past defaults under the Indenture and their consequences. Any such consent or waiver by the Holder of this Security shall be conclusive and binding upon such Holder and upon all future Holders of this Security and of any Security issued upon the registration of transfer hereof or in exchange herefor or in lieu hereof, whether or not notation of such consent or waiver is made upon this Security.

As provided in and subject to the provisions of the Indenture, the Holder of this Security shall not have the right to institute any proceeding with respect to the Indenture or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee or for any other remedy thereunder, unless such Holder shall

have previously given the Trustee written notice of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the Securities of this series, the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Securities of this series at the time Outstanding shall have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default as Trustee and offered the Trustee indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request, and the Trustee shall not have received from the Holders of a majority in principal amount of Securities of this series at the time Outstanding a direction inconsistent with such request, and shall have failed to institute any such proceeding, for 90 days after receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity. The foregoing shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Holder of this Security for the enforcement of any payment of principal hereof or any premium or interest hereon on or after the respective due dates expressed herein.

No reference herein to the Indenture and no provision of this Security or of the Indenture shall alter or impair the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay the principal of and any premium and interest on this Security at the times, place and rate, and in the coin or currency, herein prescribed.

As provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth, the transfer of this Security is registrable in the Security Register, upon surrender of this Security for registration of transfer at the office or agency of the Company in any place where the principal of and any premium and interest on this Security are payable, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Security Registrar duly executed by, the Holder hereof or his attorney duly authorized in writing, and thereupon one or more new Securities of this series and of like tenor, of authorized denominations and for the same aggregate principal amount, will be issued to the designated transferee or transferees.

The Securities of this series are issuable only in registered form without coupons in denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. As provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth, Securities of this series are exchangeable for a like aggregate principal amount of Securities of this series and of like tenor of a different authorized denomination, as requested by the Holder surrendering the same.

No service charge shall be made for any such registration of transfer or exchange, but the Company or Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Prior to due presentment of this Security for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the Person in whose name this Security is registered as the owner hereof for all purposes, whether or not this Security be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee nor any such agent shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

All terms used in this Security which are defined in the Indenture shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

To the extent any provision of this Security conflicts with the express provisions of the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture shall govern and be controlling.

The Indenture and this Security shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws.

ASSIGNMENT FORM					
To assign this Note, fill in the form below:					
(I) or (we) assign and transfer this Note to:					
– (INSERT ASSIGNEE'S LEGAL NAME)					
(Insert assignee's soc. sec. or tax I.D. no.)					
(Print or type assignee's name, address and zip code)					
and irrevocably appoint					
to transfer this Note on the books of the Company. The agent may substitute another to act for him.					
Date:					
Your Signature:(Sign exactly as your name appears on the face of this Note)					
Signature Guarantee*:					
* Participant in a recognized Signature Guarantee Medallion Program (or other signature guarantor acceptable to the Trustee).					
A-10					

OPTION OF HOLDER TO ELECT PURCHASE

If you want to elect to have this Note purchased by the Company pursuant to Section 13.01 of the Indenture, check the box below:

□ Section 13.01

If you want to elect to have only part of the Note purchased by the Company pursuant to Section 13.01 of the Indenture, state the amount you elect to have purchased:

\$_____

Date:

Your Signature:

(Sign exactly as your name appears on the face of this Note)

_

Tax Identification No .:____

Signature Guarantee*:

* Participant in a recognized Signature Guarantee Medallion Program (or other signature guarantor acceptable to the Trustee).

SCHEDULE OF INCREASES AND DECREASES OF GLOBAL NOTE

The initial principal amount of this Global Note is \$

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. The following increases and decreases to this Global Note have been made:

			Principal Amount at	
	Amount of Decrease in	Amount of Increase in	Maturity	Signature of
	Principal Amount at	Principal Amount at	of this Global Note	Authorized Signatory
Date of Increase or	Maturity	Maturity	Following such	of Trustee or DTC
Decrease	of this Global Note	of this Global Note	decrease (or increase)	Custodian

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Owl Rock Capital Corporation:

We consent to the use of our reports with respect to the consolidated financial statements and the senior securities table included herein and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in the Form N-2.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York April 2, 2019

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Supplemental Information

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors Owl Rock Capital Corporation:

We have audited and reported separately herein on the consolidated financial statements of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2018.

The senior securities table included in the prospectus under the caption "Senior Securities" (Senior Securities Table) has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Senior Securities Table is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the Senior Securities Table reconciles to the consolidated financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the Senior Securities Table. In forming our opinion on the Senior Securities Table, we evaluated whether the Senior Securities Table, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with instructions to Form N-2. In our opinion, the Senior Securities Table is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York February 27, 2019